

the FTZ Act and the FTZ Board's regulations, including Section 400.14.

Dated: November 26, 2019.

Andrew McGilvray,
Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019-26149 Filed 12-2-19; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-122-867, A-560-833, A-580-902, A-552-825]

Utility Scale Wind Towers From Canada, Indonesia, the Republic of Korea, and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Postponement of Preliminary Determinations in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigations

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

DATES: Applicable December 3, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Michael J. Heaney at (202) 482-4475 (Canada); Brittany Bauer at (202) 482-3860 (Indonesia); Rebecca Janz at (202) 482-2972 (Republic of Korea (Korea)); and Joshua DeMoss at (202) 482-3362 (Socialist Republic of Vietnam (Vietnam)); AD/CVD Operations, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On July 29, 2019, the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) initiated less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigations of imports of utility scale wind towers from Canada, Indonesia, Korea, and Vietnam.¹ Currently, the preliminary determinations are due no later than December 16, 2019.

Postponement of Preliminary Determinations

Section 733(b)(1)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), requires Commerce to issue the preliminary determination in an LTFV investigation within 140 days after the date on which Commerce initiated the investigation. However, section 733(c)(1) of the Act permits Commerce to postpone the preliminary determination until no later than 190 days after the date on which Commerce initiated the investigation if:

(A) The petitioner makes a timely request for a postponement; or (B) Commerce concludes that the parties concerned are cooperating, that the investigation is extraordinarily complicated, and that additional time is necessary to make a preliminary determination. Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.205(e), the petitioner must submit a request to postpone 25 days or more before the scheduled date of the preliminary determination and must state the reasons for postponement. Commerce will grant the request unless it finds compelling reasons to deny the request. See 19 CFR 351.205(e).

On November 19, 2019, the petitioner² submitted timely requests that Commerce postpone the preliminary determinations in these LTFV investigations.³ The petitioner stated that the purpose of its requests is to provide Commerce with adequate time to solicit information from the respondents and to allow Commerce sufficient time to analyze the respondents' questionnaire responses.⁴ In accordance with 19 CFR 351.205(e), there are no compelling reasons to deny the request. Therefore, in accordance with section 733(c)(1)(A) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.205(e), we are postponing the preliminary determinations in these LTFV investigations by 50 days (*i.e.*, 190 days after the date on which these investigations were initiated). Accordingly, Commerce is postponing the deadline for the preliminary determinations to February 4, 2020. Pursuant to section 735(a)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(b)(1), the deadline for the final determinations of these investigations will continue to be 75 days after the date of the preliminary determinations, unless postponed.

This notice is issued and published pursuant to section 733(c)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.205(f)(1).

Dated: November 26, 2019.

Jeffrey I. Kessler,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

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² The petitioner in these LTFV investigations is the Wind Tower Trade Coalition.

³ See Petitioner's Letters, "Utility Scale Wind Towers from Canada: Request to Postpone Preliminary Determination," "Utility Scale Wind Towers from Indonesia: Request to Postpone Preliminary Determination," "Utility Scale Wind Towers from the Republic of Korea: Request to Postpone Preliminary Determination," and "Utility Scale Wind Towers from the Socialist Republic Vietnam: Request to Postpone Preliminary Determination," dated November 19, 2019.

⁴ *Id.*

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-909]

Certain Steel Nails From the People's Republic of China: Continuation of Antidumping Duty Order

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: As a result of the determinations by the Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the International Trade Commission (ITC) that revocation of the antidumping duty order on certain steel nails (nails) from the People's Republic of China (China) would likely lead to a continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, Commerce is publishing a notice of continuation of the antidumping duty order.

DATES: Applicable December 3, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Benito Ballesteros, AD/CVD Operations, Office V, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-7425.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On August 1, 2008, Commerce published the notice of the antidumping duty order on nails from China.¹ On December 3, 2018, the ITC instituted its review of the *Order*.² On December 3, 2018, Commerce published the notice of initiation of the second sunset review of the antidumping duty order on nails from China, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).³ On December 4, 2018, Commerce received a timely notice of intent to participate in this review from Mid Continent Steel & Wire, Inc. (the petitioner) as a domestic producer of nails within the deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i).⁴ On January 2, 2019, Commerce received a complete substantive response for the review from the petitioner within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR

¹ See *Notice of Antidumping Duty Order: Certain Steel Nails from the People's Republic of China*, 73 FR 44961 (August 1, 2008) (*Order*).

² See *Steel Nails from China; Institution of a Five-Year Review*, 83 FR 62342 (December 3, 2018).

³ See *Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews*, 83 FR 62296 (December 3, 2018).

⁴ See Petitioner's Letter, "Entry of Appearance, Notice of Intent to Participate in Review, and APO Application," dated January 2, 2019.

¹ See *Utility Scale Wind Towers from Canada, Indonesia, the Republic of Korea, and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Initiation of Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigations*, 84 FR 37992 (August 5, 2019).

351.218(d)(3)(i).⁵ Commerce received no substantive responses from respondent interested parties. Pursuant to section 751(c)(3)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2), Commerce conducted an expedited (120-day) sunset review of this order.⁶

As a result of its review, Commerce determined that revocation of the antidumping duty order would likely lead to a continuation or recurrence of dumping. Commerce, therefore, notified the ITC of the magnitude of the margins likely to prevail should the antidumping duty order be revoked.⁷

On June 6, 2019, the ITC published its notice to conduct an expedited five-year review of the *Order*.⁸ On July 18, 2019, the ITC published its determination that revocation of the *Order* would likely lead to a continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act.⁹

Scope of the Order¹⁰

The merchandise covered by this order includes certain steel nails having a shaft length up to 12 inches. Certain steel nails include, but are not limited to, nails made of round wire and nails that are cut. Certain steel nails may be of one piece construction or constructed of two or more pieces. Certain steel nails may be produced from any type of steel, and have a variety of finishes, heads, shanks, point types, shaft lengths and shaft diameters. Finishes include, but are not limited to, coating in vinyl, zinc (galvanized, whether by electroplating or hot dipping one or more times), phosphate cement, and paint. Head styles include, but are not limited to, flat, projection, cupped, oval, brad, headless, double, countersunk, and sinker. Shank styles include, but are not limited to, smooth, barbed, screw threaded, ring shank and fluted shank

⁵ See Petitioner's Letter, "Certain Steel Nails from the People's Republic of China: Substantive Response to Notice of Initiation," dated January 2, 2019.

⁶ See *Certain Steel Nails from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of the Expedited Sunset Review of the Antidumping Duty Order*, 84 FR 22449 (May 17, 2019) and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum.

⁷ See *Certain Steel Nails from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of the Expedited Sunset Review of the Antidumping Duty Order*, 84 FR 22449 (May 17, 2019) and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum.

⁸ See *Steel Nails from China; Scheduling of an Expedited Five-Year Review*, 84 FR 26445 (June 6, 2019).

⁹ See *Steel Nails from China*, 84 FR 34409 (July 18, 2019).

¹⁰ See *Certain Steel Nails from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Changed Circumstances Review*, 84 FR 49508 (September 20, 2019).

styles. Screw-threaded nails subject to this order are driven using direct force and not by turning the fastener using a tool that engages with the head. Point styles include, but are not limited to, diamond, blunt, needle, chisel and no point. Finished nails may be sold in bulk, or they may be collated into strips or coils using materials such as plastic, paper, or wire. Certain steel nails subject to this order are currently classified under the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings 7317.00.55, 7317.00.65, 7317.00.75, and 7907.00.6000.¹¹

Excluded from the scope are steel roofing nails of all lengths and diameter, whether collated or in bulk, and whether or not galvanized. Steel roofing nails are specifically enumerated and identified in ASTM Standard F 1667 (2005 revision) as Type I, Style 20 nails, inclusive of the following modifications: (1) Non-collated (*i.e.*, hand-driven or bulk), steel nails as described in ASTM Standard F 1667 (2005 revision) as Type I, Style 20 nails, as modified by the following description: Having a bright or galvanized finish, a smooth, barbed or ringed shank, an actual length of 0.500" to 4", inclusive; an actual shank diameter of 0.1015" to 0.166", inclusive; and an actual head diameter of 0.3375" to 0.500", inclusive; (2) Wire collated steel nails, in coils, as described in ASTM Standard F 1667 (2005 revision) as Type I, Style 20 nails, as modified by the following description: Having a galvanized finish, a smooth, barbed or ringed shank, an actual length of 0.500" to 1.75", inclusive, an actual shank diameter of 0.116" to 0.166", inclusive; and an actual head diameter of 0.3375" to 0.500", inclusive; and (3) Non-collated (*i.e.*, hand-driven or bulk), as described in ASTM Standard F 1667 (2005 revision) as Type I, Style 20 nails, as modified by the following description: Steel nails having a convex head (commonly known as an umbrella head), a smooth or spiral shank, a galvanized finish, an actual length of 1.75" to 3", inclusive; an actual shank diameter of 0.131" to 0.152", inclusive; and an actual head diameter of 0.450" to 0.813", inclusive.

Also excluded from the scope are the following steel nails: Non-collated (*i.e.*, hand-driven or bulk), two-piece steel nails having plastic or steel washers (caps) already assembled to the nail, having a bright or galvanized finish, a

ring, fluted or spiral shank, an actual length of 0.500" to 8", inclusive; and an actual shank diameter of 0.1015" to 0.166", inclusive; and an actual washer or cap diameter of 0.900" to 1.10", inclusive.

Also excluded from the scope of this order are corrugated nails. A corrugated nail is made of a small strip of corrugated steel with sharp points on one side. Also excluded from the scope of this order are fasteners suitable for use in powder-actuated hand tools, not threaded and threaded, which are currently classified under HTSUS 7317.00.20 and 7317.00.30. Also excluded from the scope of this order are thumb tacks, which are currently classified under HTSUS 7317.00.10.00.

Also excluded from the scope of this order are certain brads and finish nails that are equal to or less than 0.0720 inches in shank diameter, round or rectangular in cross section, between 0.375 inches and 2.5 inches in length, and that are collated with adhesive or polyester film tape backed with a heat seal adhesive. Also excluded from the scope of this order are fasteners having a case hardness greater than or equal to 50 HRC, a carbon content greater than or equal to 0.5 percent, a round head, a secondary reduced-diameter raised head section, a centered shank, and a smooth symmetrical point, suitable for use in gas-actuated hand tools. While the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of this order is dispositive.

Continuation of the Order

As a result of the determinations by Commerce and the ITC that revocation of the *Order* would likely lead to a continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, pursuant to section 751(d)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(a), Commerce hereby orders the continuation of the *Order* on nails from China. U.S. Customs and Border Protection will continue to collect antidumping duty cash deposits at the rates in effect at the time of entry for all imports of subject merchandise.

The effective date of the continuation of the order will be the date of publication in the **Federal Register** of this notice of continuation. Pursuant to section 751(c)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(a), Commerce intends to initiate the next sunset review of the order not later than 30 days prior to the fifth anniversary of the effective date of continuation.

¹¹ Commerce added the Harmonized Tariff Schedule category 7907.00.6000, "Other articles of zinc: Other," to the language of the AD order on Nails from China. See *Certain Steel Nails from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2012–2013*, 80 FR 18816, 18816 n.5 (April 5, 2018).

Notification to Interested Parties

This five-year sunset review and this notice are in accordance with section 751(c) of the Act and published pursuant to section 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(f)(4).

Dated: November 25, 2019.

Christian Marsh,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2019–26140 Filed 12–2–19; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**International Trade Administration**

[A–357–820]

Biodiesel From Argentina: Rescission of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2017–2019

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) is rescinding the administrative review of the antidumping duty (AD) order on biodiesel from Argentina for the period October 31, 2017, through March 31, 2019.

DATES: Applicable December 3, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mark Hoadley, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4880.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On April 1, 2019, Commerce published a notice of opportunity to request an administrative review of the AD order on biodiesel from Argentina for the period October 31, 2017, through March 31, 2019.¹ On April 26, 2019, the petitioner² filed a timely request for

¹ See *Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; Opportunity to Request Administrative Review*, 84 FR 12207 (April 1, 2019).

² The petitioner is the National Biodiesel Board Fair Trade Coalition, which includes the National Biodiesel Board; American GreenFuels, LLC; Archer Daniels Midland Company; Ag Processing Inc a cooperative; Crimson Renewable Energy LP; High Plains Bioenergy; Integrity Biofuels, LLC; Iowa Renewable Energy, LLC; Lake Erie Biofuels dba HERO BX; Minnesota Soybean Processors; New Leaf Biofuel, LLC; Newport Biodiesel, LLC; Renewable Biofuels, LLC; Renewable Energy Group, Inc.; Western Dubuque Biodiesel, LLC; Western Iowa Energy, LLC; and World Management Group LLC dba World Energy.

review of 18 exporters and importers, in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.213(b).³ Pursuant to this request, and in accordance with section 751(a) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i), we initiated an administrative review of the order.⁴ On July 18, 2019, Commerce placed entry data on the record for purposes of respondent selection.⁵ On July 25, 2019, the petitioner, LDC Argentina S.A. (LDC), and Vicentin S.A.I.C. (Vicentin), submitted comments on the respondent selection data.⁶ On July 30, 2019, the petitioner, LDC, and Vicentin submitted rebuttal comments regarding the respondent selection data.⁷ On September 10, 2019, the petitioner filed a timely withdrawal of request for the administrative review with respect to all entities for which it had requested a review.⁸

Rescission of Review

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1), the Secretary will rescind an administrative review, in whole or in part, if the party that requested the review withdraws the request within 90 days of the date of publication of the notice of initiation of the requested review. As noted above, the petitioner, who was the only party to file a request for review, withdrew its request by the 90-day deadline. Accordingly, we are rescinding the administrative review of the AD order on biodiesel from Argentina for the period August 28, 2017, through December 31, 2018, in its entirety.

Assessment

Commerce will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to assess AD duties on all appropriate entries of

³ See Petitioner's Letter, "Biodiesel from Argentina: Request for Administrative Review of Antidumping Duty Order," dated April 26, 2019.

⁴ See *Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews*, 84 FR 27587 (June 13, 2019).

⁵ See Memorandum, "Administrative Review of the Antidumping Duty Order on Biodiesel from Argentina; 2017–2019; Customs Entry Data for Respondent Selection," dated July 18, 2019.

⁶ See Petitioner's Letter, "Biodiesel from Argentina: Comments on CBP Data and Respondent Selection," dated July 25, 2019; see also LDC's and Vicentin's Letter, "Biodiesel from Argentina: Certification of No Shipments and Comments on U.S. Customs Entry Data for Respondent Selection," dated July 25, 2019.

⁷ See Petitioner's Letter, "Biodiesel from Argentina: Coalition Rebuttal Comments on CBP Data and Respondent Selection," dated July 30, 2019; see also LDC's and Vicentin's Letter, "Biodiesel from Argentina: Rebuttal Comments on U.S. Customs Entry Data for Respondent Selection," dated July 30, 2019.

⁸ See Petitioner's Letter, "Biodiesel from Argentina: Withdrawal of Request for Administrative Review of Antidumping Duty Order," dated September 10, 2019.

biodiesel from Argentina. AD duties shall be assessed at rates equal to the cash deposit of estimated AD duties required at the time of entry, or withdrawal from warehouse, for consumption, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(c)(1)(i). Commerce intends to issue appropriate assessment instructions to CBP 15 days after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**.

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of AD or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of doubled duties.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Orders

This notice also serves as a reminder to all parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

This notice is issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.213(d)(4).

Dated: November 26, 2019.

James Maeder,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.

[FR Doc. 2019–26141 Filed 12–2–19; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**International Trade Administration****Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Review; Correction**

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: On November 1, 2019, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) published a notice of initiation of five-year reviews (sunset reviews). This document serves to correct that notice.

DATES: Applicable November 29, 2019.