L

Lead azide. Lead mannite. Lead mononitroresorcinate. Lead picrate. Lead salts, explosive. Lead styphnate [styphnate of lead, lead trinitroresorcinate]. Liquid nitrated polyol and trimethylolethane. Liquid oxygen explosives.

M

Magnesium ophorite explosives. Mannitol hexanitrate. MDNP [methyl 4,4-dinitropentanoate]. MEAN [monoethanolamine nitrate]. Mercuric fulminate. Mercury oxalate. Mercury tartrate. Metriol trinitrate. Minol-2 [40% TNT, 40% ammonium nitrate, 20% aluminum]. MMAN [monomethylamine nitrate]; methylamine nitrate. Mononitrotoluene-nitroglycerin mixture. Monopropellants.

Ν

NIBTN [nitroisobutametriol trinitrate]. Nitrate explosive mixtures. Nitrate sensitized with gelled nitroparaffin. Nitrated carbohydrate explosive. Nitrated glucoside explosive. Nitrated polyhydric alcohol explosives. Nitric acid and a nitro aromatic compound explosive. Nitric acid and carboxylic fuel explosive. Nitric acid explosive mixtures. Nitro aromatic explosive mixtures. Nitro compounds of furane explosive mixtures. Nitrocellulose explosive. Nitroderivative of urea explosive mixture. Nitrogelatin explosive. Nitrogen trichloride. Nitrogen tri-iodide. Nitroglycerine [NG, RNG, nitro, glyceryl trinitrate, trinitroglycerine]. Nitroglycide. Nitroglycol [ethylene glycol dinitrate, EGDN]. Nitroguanidine explosives. Nitronium perchlorate propellant mixtures. Nitroparaffins Explosive Grade and ammonium nitrate mixtures. Nitrostarch. Nitro-substituted carboxylic acids. Nitrourea. Octogen [HMX].

Octol [75 percent HMX, 25 percent TNT]. Organic amine nitrates. Organic nitramines.

PBX [plastic bonded explosives]. Pellet powder. Penthrinite composition. Pentolite. Perchlorate explosive mixtures. Peroxide based explosive mixtures. PETN [nitropentaerythrite, pentaerythrite tetranitrate, pentaerythritol tetranitrate]. Picramic acid and its salts. Picramide. Picrate explosives.

Picrate of potassium explosive mixtures. Picratol. Picric acid (manufactured as an explosive). Picryl chloride. Picryl fluoride. PLX [95% nitromethane, 5% ethylenediamine]. Polynitro aliphatic compounds. Polyolpolynitrate-nitrocellulose explosive gels. Potassium chlorate and lead sulfocyanate explosive. Potassium nitrate explosive mixtures. Potassium nitroaminotetrazole. Pyrotechnic compositions. PYX [2,6-bis(picrylamino)] 3,5-

R

RDX [cyclonite, hexogen, T4, cyclo-1,3,5,trimethylene-2,4,6,-trinitramine; hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-S-triazine].

S

- Safety fuse.
- Salts of organic amino sulfonic acid
- explosive mixture.

dinitropyridine.

- Salutes (bulk).
- Silver acetylide.
- Silver azide.
- Silver fulminate.
- Silver oxalate explosive mixtures.
- Silver styphnate.
- Silver tartrate explosive mixtures.
- Silver tetrazene.
- Slurried explosive mixtures of water, inorganic oxidizing salt, gelling agent, fuel, and sensitizer (cap sensitive).
- Smokeless powder.
- Sodatol.
- Sodium amatol.
- Sodium azide explosive mixture.
- Sodium dinitro-ortho-cresolate.
- Sodium nitrate explosive mixtures.
- Sodium nitrate-potassium nitrate explosive
- mixture.
- Sodium picramate. Special fireworks.
- Squibs.
- Styphnic acid explosives.

- Tacot [tetranitro-2,3,5,6-dibenzo-1,3a,4,6a tetrazapentalenel. TATB [triaminotrinitrobenzene]. TATP [triacetonetriperoxide]. TEGDN [triethylene glycol dinitrate]. Tetranitrocarbazole. Tetrazene [tetracene, tetrazine, 1(5tetrazolyl)-4-guanyl tetrazene hydrate]. Tetrazole explosives. Tetryl [2,4,6 tetranitro-N-methylaniline]. Tetrytol. Thickened inorganic oxidizer salt slurried explosive mixture. TMETN [trimethylolethane trinitrate]. TNEF [trinitroethyl formal]. TNEOC [trinitroethylorthocarbonate]. TNEOF [trinitroethylorthoformate] TNT [trinitrotoluene, trotyl, trilite, triton]. Torpex. Tridite.
- Trimethylol ethyl methane trinitrate composition.
- Trimetĥylolthane trinitrate-nitrocellulose. Trimonite.
- Trinitroanisole.

Trinitrobenzene. Trinitrobenzoic acid. Trinitrocresol. Trinitro-meta-cresol. Trinitronaphthalene. Trinitrophenetol. Trinitrophloroglucinol. Trinitroresorcinol. Tritonal.

U

Urea nitrate.

W

- Water-bearing explosives having salts of oxidizing acids and nitrogen bases, sulfates, or sulfamates (cap sensitive). Water-in-oil emulsion explosive
- compositions.

Χ

Xanthamonas hydrophilic colloid explosive mixture

Approved: October 6, 2011.

B. Todd Jones,

Acting Director.

[FR Doc. 2011–26963 Filed 10–18–11; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410-FY-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Bureau of Labor Statistics

Proposed Collection: Comment Request

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, conducts a pre-clearance consultation program to provide the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing collections of information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA95) [44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)]. This program helps to ensure that requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burden (time and financial resources) is minimized, collection instruments are clearly understood, and the impact of collection requirements on respondents can be properly assessed. The Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) is soliciting comments concerning the proposed new collection of the "Current Population Survey (CPS) Disability Supplement." A copy of the proposed information collection request (ICR) can be obtained by contacting the individual listed below in the addresses section of this notice.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted to the office listed in the addresses section of this notice on or before December 19, 2011.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to Carol Rowan, BLS Clearance Officer, Division of Management Systems, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Room 4080, 2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE., Washington, DC 20212. 202–691–7628. Written comments also may be transmitted by fax to 202–691–5111 (this is not a toll free number).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Carol Rowan, BLS Clearance Officer, 202–691–7628 (this is not a toll free number). (See ADDRESSES section.) SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The May 2012 CPS Disability Supplement will be conducted at the request of the Department of Labor's Office of Disability Employment Policy. The Disability Supplement will provide information on the low labor force participation rates for people with disabilities; the use of and satisfaction with programs that prepare people with disabilities for employment; the work history, barriers to employment, and workplace accommodations reported by persons with a disability; and the effect of financial assistance programs on the likelihood of working.

Because the Disability Supplement is part of the CPS, the same detailed demographic information collected in the CPS will be available about respondents to the supplement. Thus, comparisons will be possible across respondent characteristics, including sex, race, age, and educational attainment. It will also be possible to create estimates for those who are employed, unemployed, and not in the labor force. Because the CPS is such a rich source of information on the employment status of the population, it will be possible to examine in detail the nature of various employment and unemployment situations.

II. Current Action

Office of Management and Budget clearance is being sought for the CPS Disability Supplement. These data are necessary to provide information about the labor market challenges facing persons with a disability and will contribute to improvements in policies and programs designed to assist these individuals.

III. Desired Focus of Comments

The Bureau of Labor Statistics is particularly interested in comments that:

• Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including

whether the information will have practical utility.

• Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used.

• Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected.

• Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

Type of Review: New Collection. Agency: Bureau of Labor Statistics. Title: CPS Disability Supplement. OMB Number: 1220–NEW. Affected Public: Individuals or households.

Total Respondents: 63,000. Frequency: Once. Total Responses: 106,000. Average Time per Response: 5

minutes.

Estimated Total Burden Hours: 8,833. Total Burden Cost (capital/startup): \$0.

Total Burden Cost (operating/ maintenance): \$0.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for Office of Management and Budget approval of the information collection request; they also will become a matter of public record.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 13th day of October 2011.

Kimberley Hill,

Chief, Division of Management Systems, Bureau of Labor Statistics. [FR Doc. 2011–26966 Filed 10–18–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-24-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of Workers' Compensation Programs

Division of Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Proposed Renewal of Existing Collection; Comment Request

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, conducts a preclearance consultation program to provide the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed

and/or continuing collections of information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA95) [44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)]. This program helps to ensure that requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burden (time and financial resources) is minimized, collection instruments are clearly understood, and the impact of collection requirements on respondents can be properly assessed. Currently, the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs (OWCP) is soliciting comments concerning the proposed collection: Notice of Controversion of Right to Compensation (LS-207). A copy of the proposed information collection request can be obtained by contacting the office listed below in the ADDRESSES section of this Notice.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted to the office listed in the **ADDRESSES** section below on or before December 19, 2011.

ADDRESSES: Mr. Vincent Alvarez, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Ave., NW., Room S–3201, Washington, DC 20210, telephone (202) 693–0372, fax (202) 693–2447, Email *Alvarez.Vincent@dol.gov.* Please use only one method of transmission for comments (mail, fax, or Email).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

OWCP administers the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (LHWCA). The Act provides benefits to workers injured in maritime employment on the navigable waters of the United States or in an adjoining area customarily used by an employer in loading, unloading, repairing, or building a vessel. In addition, several acts extend the Longshore Act's coverage to certain other employees. Pursuant to section 914(d) of the Longshore Act, and 20 CFR 702.251, if an employer controverts the right to compensation, he/she shall file with the district director in the affected compensation district on or before the fourteenth day after he/she has knowledge of the alleged injury or death, a notice, in accordance with a form prescribed by the Secretary, stating that the right to compensation is controverted. Form LS-207 has been designated for this purpose. Form LS-207 is used by insurance carriers and self-insured employers to controvert claims under the Longshore Act and extensions. The information is used by OWCP district offices to determine the basis for not paying benefits in a case. This information collection is currently