

**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION****14 CFR Part 97****[Docket No. 30657; Amdt. No. 3313]****Standard Instrument Approach Procedures, and Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle Departure Procedures; Miscellaneous Amendments****AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This rule establishes, amends, suspends, or revokes Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPs) and associated Takeoff Minimums and Obstacle Departure Procedures for operations at certain airports. These regulatory actions are needed because of the adoption of new or revised criteria, or because of changes occurring in the National Airspace System, such as the commissioning of new navigational facilities, adding new obstacles, or changing air traffic requirements. These changes are designed to provide safe and efficient use of the navigable airspace and to promote safe flight operations under instrument flight rules at the affected airports.

**DATES:** This rule is effective March 17, 2009. The compliance date for each SIAP, associated Takeoff Minimums, and ODP is specified in the amendatory provisions.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of March 17, 2009.

**ADDRESSES:** Availability of matter incorporated by reference in the amendment is as follows:

*For Examination—*

1. FAA Rules Docket, FAA Headquarters Building, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591;
2. The FAA Regional Office of the region in which the affected airport is located;
3. The National Flight Procedures Office, 6500 South MacArthur Blvd., Oklahoma City, OK 73169 or
4. The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: [http://www.archives.gov/federal\\_register/code\\_of\\_federal\\_regulations/ibr\\_locations.html](http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html).

*Availability—*All SIAPs are available online free of charge. Visit [nfdc.faa.gov](http://nfdc.faa.gov) to register. Additionally, individual

SIAP and Takeoff Minimums and ODP copies may be obtained from:

1. FAA Public Inquiry Center (APA-200), FAA Headquarters Building, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; or
2. The FAA Regional Office of the region in which the affected airport is located.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Harry J. Hodges, Flight Procedure Standards Branch (AFS-420) Flight Technologies and Programs Division, Flight Standards Service, Federal Aviation Administration, Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center, 6500 South MacArthur Blvd., Oklahoma City, OK 73169 (Mail Address: P.O. Box 25082 Oklahoma City, OK 73125) telephone: (405) 954-4164.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This rule amends Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 97 (14 CFR part 97) by amending the referenced SIAPs. The complete regulatory description of each SIAP is listed on the appropriate FAA Form 8260, as modified by the National Flight Data Center (FDC)/Permanent Notice to Airmen (P-NOTAM), and is incorporated by reference in the amendment under 5 U.S.C. 552(a), 1 CFR part 51, and § 97.20 of Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

The large number of SIAPs, their complex nature, and the need for a special format make their verbatim publication in the **Federal Register** expensive and impractical. Further, airmen do not use the regulatory text of the SIAPs, but refer to their graphic depiction on charts printed by publishers of aeronautical materials. Thus, the advantages of incorporation by reference are realized and publication of the complete description of each SIAP contained in FAA form documents is unnecessary. This amendment provides the affected CFR sections and specifies the types of SIAP and the corresponding effective dates. This amendment also identifies the airport and its location, the procedure and the amendment number.

**The Rule**

This amendment to 14 CFR part 97 is effective upon publication of each separate SIAP as amended in the transmittal. For safety and timeliness of change considerations, this amendment incorporates only specific changes contained for each SIAP as modified by FDC/P-NOTAMs.

The SIAPs, as modified by FDC P-NOTAM, and contained in this amendment are based on the criteria contained in the U.S. Standard for Terminal Instrument Procedures

(TERPS). In developing these changes to SIAPs, the TERPS criteria were applied only to specific conditions existing at the affected airports. All SIAP amendments in this rule have been previously issued by the FAA in a FDC NOTAM as an emergency action of immediate flight safety relating directly to published aeronautical charts. The circumstances which created the need for all these SIAP amendments requires making them effective in less than 30 days.

Because of the close and immediate relationship between these SIAPs and safety in air commerce, I find that notice and public procedure before adopting these SIAPs are impracticable and contrary to the public interest and, where applicable, that good cause exists for making these SIAPs effective in less than 30 days.

**Conclusion**

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore—(1) is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a “significant rule” under DOT regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. For the same reason, the FAA certifies that this amendment will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

**List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 97**

Air Traffic Control, Airports, Incorporation by reference, and Navigation (Air).

Issued in Washington, DC, on March 6, 2009.

**John M. Allen,**

*Director, Flight Standards Service.*

**Adoption of the Amendment**

■ Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 97, 14 CFR part 97, is amended by amending Standard Instrument Approach Procedures, effective at 0901 UTC on the dates specified, as follows:

**PART 97—STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES**

■ 1. The authority citation for part 97 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40106, 40113, 40114, 40120, 44502, 44514, 44701, 44719, 44721–44722.

■ 2. Part 97 is amended to read as follows:

**§§ 97.23, 97.25, 97.27, 97.29, 97.31, 97.33, and 97.35 [Amended]**

By amending: § 97.23 VOR, VOR/DME, VOR or TACAN, and VOR/DME or TACAN; § 97.25 LOC, LOC/DME, LDA, LDA/DME, SDF, SDF/DME;

§ 97.27 NDB, NDB/DME; § 97.29 ILS, ILS/DME, ISMLS, MLS/DME, MLS/RNAV; § 97.31 RADAR SIAPs; § 97.33 RNAV SIAPs; and § 97.35 COPTER SIAPs.

FDC date	State	City	Airport	FDC No.	Subject
02/20/09 .....	SC	NEWBERRY .....	NEWBERRY COUNTY .....	9/6480	NDB RWY 22, AMDT 6.
02/23/09 .....	MD	FREDERICK .....	FREDERICK MUNI .....	9/6582	ILS OR LOC RWY 23, AMDT 5B.
02/27/09 .....	NY	BATAVIA .....	GENESEE COUNTY .....	9/7308	ILS OR LOC RWY 28, AMDT 6.
03/03/09 .....	ID	CALDWELL .....	CALDWELL INDUSTRIAL .....	9/7641	NDB RWY 30, AMDT 1.
03/03/09 .....	ID	CALDWELL .....	CALDWELL INDUSTRIAL .....	9/7642	RNAV (GPS) RWY 30, AMDT 1.
03/03/09 .....	ID	CALDWELL .....	CALDWELL INDUSTRIAL .....	9/7643	RNAV (GPS) RWY 12, AMDT 1.
03/03/09 .....	CA	MODESTO .....	MODESTO CITY-CO-HARRY SHAM FLD.	9/7694	ILS OR LOC/DME RWY 28R, AMDT 14.
03/03/09 .....	KS	WICHITA .....	BEECH FACTORY .....	9/7696	VOR/DME RNAV RWY 36, ORIG.
03/03/09 .....	KS	WICHITA .....	BEECH FACTORY .....	9/7697	VOR/DME RNAV RWY 18, ORIG.

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## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

### Office of the Secretary

#### 32 CFR Part 199

[DoD–2008–HA–0029; 0720–AB22]

#### Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS)/TRICARE: Inclusion of TRICARE Retail Pharmacy Program in Federal Procurement of Pharmaceuticals

**AGENCY:** Office of the Secretary, Department of Defense (DoD).

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** Section 703 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (NDAA–08) states with respect to any prescription filled on or after the date of enactment of the NDAA, the TRICARE Retail Pharmacy Program shall be treated as an element of the DoD for purposes of procurement of drugs by Federal agencies under section 8126 of title 38, United States Code (U.S.C.), to the extent necessary to ensure pharmaceuticals paid for by the DoD that are provided by network retail pharmacies under the program to eligible covered beneficiaries are subject to the pricing standards in such section 8126. NDAA–08 was enacted on January 28, 2008. The statute requires implementing regulations. This final rule is to implement section 703 of the NDAA–08.

**DATES:** *Effective Date:* This final rule is effective May 26, 2009.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Rear Admiral Thomas McGinnis, Chief,

Pharmacy Operations Directorate, TRICARE Management Activity, telephone 703–681–2890.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### A. Background

Section 703 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (NDAA–08) (Pub. L. 110–181) enacted 10 U.S.C. 1074g(f). It provides that with respect to any prescription filled on or after the date of enactment of the NDAA, the TRICARE Retail Pharmacy Program shall be treated as an element of the DoD for purposes of procurement of drugs by Federal agencies under section 8126 of title 38, United States Code (U.S.C.), to the extent necessary to ensure pharmaceuticals paid for by the DoD that are provided by network retail pharmacies under the program to eligible covered beneficiaries are subject to the pricing standards in such section 8126. NDAA–08 was enacted on January 28, 2008. The statute requires implementing regulations.

The Veterans Health Care Act (VHCA) of 1992, codified at 38 U.S.C. 8126, established Federal Ceiling Prices (FCPs) of covered pharmaceuticals (requiring a minimum 24% discount off non-Federal average manufacturing prices—“non-FAMP”) procured by the four designated agencies covered in the Act: Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), DoD, Coast Guard, and the Public Health Service/Indian Health Service. The non-FAMP is the average price paid to the manufacturer by wholesalers (or, if there are insufficient wholesale sales, others who purchase directly from the manufacturer) for drugs distributed to non-federal purchasers, taking into account any cash discounts or similar reductions given to those purchasers. The VA administers the VHCA discount

program on behalf of the four specified agencies. The DoD consulted closely with the VA in the development of this final rule and also, consistent with 10 U.S.C. 1073, consulted with the Departments of Health and Human Services and Homeland Security.

The TRICARE Pharmacy Benefits Program operates under the authority of 10 U.S.C. 1074g. It provides outpatient drugs to TRICARE beneficiaries through Military Treatment Facility (MTF) pharmacies, the TRICARE mail order pharmacy program (TMOP), and a TRICARE Retail Pharmacy program consisting of TRICARE Retail Pharmacy Network and retail non-network pharmacies. As implemented, the new statutory requirement will only apply to pharmaceuticals paid for by DoD and provided to eligible beneficiaries through the TRICARE Retail Pharmacy Network. There are approximately 60,000 retail pharmacies in the Retail Pharmacy Network. Section 1074g requires DoD to establish a Uniform Formulary of pharmaceutical agents, selected based on clinical and cost effectiveness, as evaluated by the DoD Pharmacy and Therapeutics (P&T) Committee, reviewed by the Beneficiary Advisory Panel, and decided by the Director, TRICARE Management Activity (TMA). The Uniform Formulary has three tiers: Tier 1 contains generic drugs; Tier 2 brand name Uniform Formulary drugs; and Tier 3 non-Formulary drugs. Drugs in all three tiers are covered by the TRICARE Pharmacy Benefits Program, but cost sharing and other program differences encourage the use of generic drugs and Uniform Formulary brand name drugs.

The TRICARE Retail Pharmacy Network is managed under a single Pharmacy Benefits Manager contract,