

Signed at Washington, DC, this 9th day of February, 2007.

Linda G. Poole,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7-2865 Filed 2-20-07; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-60,267]

Guide Louisiana, LLC, Including Onsite Leased Workers of Securitex, Ouachita Parish School Board, Continental Design & Engineering, Prestige Technical Services, and GE Manufacturing, Monroe, LA; Amended Determinations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273), and Section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974 (26 U.S.C. 2813), as amended, the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance on November 17, 2006, applicable to workers of Guide Louisiana LLC, Monroe, Louisiana.

At the request of the State agency representative, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New information shows that leased workers of Securitex, Ouachita Parish School Board, Continental Design & Engineering, Prestige Technical Services, and GE Manufacturing were employed on-site at the Monroe, Louisiana location of Guide Corporation.

Based on these findings, the Department is amending this certification to include leased workers of Securitex, Ouachita Parish School Board, Continental Design & Engineering, Prestige Technical Services and GE Manufacturing working on-site at Guide Louisiana LLC, Monroe, Louisiana.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers employed at Guide Louisiana LLC, Monroe, Louisiana, who were involved in production and were adversely affected by increased customer imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-60,267 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Guide Louisiana LLC, including on-site leased workers of Securitex, Ouachita Parish School Board, Continental

Design & Engineering, Prestige Technical Services and GE Manufacturing, Monroe, Louisiana, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after November 19, 2006, through November 17, 2008, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, and are also eligible to apply for alternative trade adjustment assistance under Section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 9th day of February 2007.

Richard Church,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7-2864 Filed 2-20-07; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-60,931]

Renfro Charleston, LLC, a/k/a Charleston Hosiery, Inc., Fort Payne, AL; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on February 9, 2007 in response to a worker petition filed by a company official on behalf of workers at Renfro Charleston, LLC, a/k/a Charleston Hosiery, Inc., Fort Payne, Alabama.

The petitioning group of workers is covered by an active certification (TA-W-56,770), which expires on April 7, 2007. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC this 9th day of February, 2007.

Richard Church,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7-2862 Filed 2-20-07; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for

workers (TA-W) number and alternative trade adjustment assistance (ATAA) by (TA-W) number issued during the period of February 5 through February 9, 2007.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made for workers of a primary firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222(a) of the Act must be met.

I. Section (a)(2)(A) all of the following must be satisfied:

A. A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision of the firm, have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

B. The sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely; and

C. Increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such firm or subdivision have contributed importantly to such workers' separation or threat of separation and to the decline in sales or production of such firm or subdivision; or

II. Section (a)(2)(B) both of the following must be satisfied:

A. A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision of the firm, have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

B. There has been a shift in production by such workers' firm or subdivision to a foreign country of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced by such firm or subdivision; and

C. One of the following must be satisfied:

1. The country to which the workers' firm has shifted production of the articles is a party to a free trade agreement with the United States;

2. The country to which the workers' firm has shifted production of the articles to a beneficiary country under the Andean Trade Preference Act, African Growth and Opportunity Act, or the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act; or

3. There has been or is likely to be an increase in imports of articles that are like or directly competitive with articles which are or were produced by such firm or subdivision.

Also, in order for an affirmative determination to be made for secondarily affected workers of a firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group

eligibility requirements of Section 222(b) of the Act must be met.

(1) Significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm or an appropriate subdivision of the firm have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

(2) The workers' firm (or subdivision) is a supplier or downstream producer to a firm (or subdivision) that employed a group of workers who received a certification of eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance benefits and such supply or production is related to the article that was the basis for such certification; and

(3) Either—

(A) The workers' firm is a supplier and the component parts it supplied for the firm (or subdivision) described in paragraph (2) accounted for at least 20 percent of the production or sales of the workers' firm; or

(B) A loss or business by the workers' firm with the firm (or subdivision) described in paragraph (2) contributed importantly to the workers' separation or threat of separation.

In order for the Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance to issue a certification of eligibility to apply for Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance (ATAA) for older workers, the group eligibility requirements of Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act must be met.

1. Whether a significant number of workers in the workers' firm are 50 years of age or older.

2. Whether the workers in the workers' firm possess skills that are not easily transferable.

3. The competitive conditions within the workers' industry (i.e., conditions within the industry are adverse).

Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued. The date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(a)(2)(A) (increased imports) of the Trade Act have been met.

TA-W-60,791; *Vintage Verandah, Inc., Lamp Division, Marion, AR*: January 18, 2006.

TA-W-60,881; *Schnadig Corporation, Des Plaines, IL*: January 31, 2006.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(a)(2)(B) (shift in production) of the Trade Act have been met.

TA-W-60,639; *Hospira Worldwide, Inc., Hospira Sedation Division, North Billerica, MA*: December 15, 2005.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(b) (supplier to a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA) of the Trade Act have been met.

None.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(b) (downstream producer for a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA based on increased imports from or a shift in production to Mexico or Canada) of the Trade Act have been met.

None.

Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued. The date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(a)(2)(A) (increased imports) and Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

TA-W-60,710; *Crane Plumbing LLC, Vitreous China Division, Hearne, TX*: January 4, 2006.

TA-W-60,771; *Burlington House Weaving Plant, Burlington House Division, A Subsidiary of International Textile Group, Reidsville, NC*: January 25, 2007.

TA-W-60,771A; *Burlington House Pioneer Plant, Burlington House Division, A Subsidiary of International Textile Group, Burlington, NC*: December 23, 2006.

TA-W-60,782; *EMSIG Manufacturing Corp., Long Island City, NY*: January 3, 2006.

TA-W-60,790; *Model Crafts, LLC, Bogalusa, LA*: January 18, 2006.

TA-W-60,804; *Fedders North America, Inc., Effingham, IL*: December 28, 2006.

TA-W-60,668; *ZF Lemforder, Inc., F Division, Brewer, ME*: December 15, 2005.

TA-W-60,676; *Staver Foundry, Inc., Virginia, MN*: December 27, 2005.

TA-W-60,697; *St. Croix Manufacturing, LLC, Leased Workers of Mastersons, Grantsburg, WI*: December 12, 2005.

TA-W-60,702; *Knitech LLC, Fort Payne, AL*: December 7, 2005.

TA-W-60,779; *Kitty Sportswear, Inc., Freeport, NY*: January 16, 2006.

TA-W-60,868; *Pine Hosiery Mills, Inc., Star, NC*: January 30, 2006.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(a)(2)(B) (shift in production) and Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

TA-W-60,573; *Teva Pharmaceuticals, Leased Workers of Kelly Services and DM Leasing, Cidra, PR*: November 22, 2005.

TA-W-60,707; *Dyno Nobel, Inc., Simsbury, CT*: January 5, 2006.

TA-W-60,724; *General Electric Lighting, Inc., Conneaut Base Plant, Conneaut, OH*: January 9, 2006.

TA-W-60,750; *White Rodgers, Batesville, AR*: January 11, 2006.

TA-W-60,810; *Interstate Steel Company, Division of National Material L.P., Des Plaines, IL*: January 12, 2006.

TA-W-60,817; *Fleetwood Folding Trailers, Inc., Somerset, PA*: January 23, 2006.

TA-W-60,839; *Johnco Hosiery, A Subsidiary of VI Prewett and Son, Fort Payne, AL*: January 22, 2006.

TA-W-60,846; *M and B Metal Products Company, Inc., Leeds Division, Leeds, AL*: January 26, 2006.

TA-W-60,492; *Anderson Global, Inc., A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Shape Dynamics, Inc., Muskegon Heights, MI*: November 27, 2005.

TA-W-60,836; *Velsicol Chemical Corp., Chattanooga, TN*: January 24, 2006.

TA-W-60,874; *Superior Furniture Company, Lowell, MI*: January 26, 2006.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(b) (supplier to a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA) and Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

None.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(b) (downstream producer for a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA based on increased imports from or a shift in production to Mexico or Canada) and Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

None.

Negative Determinations for Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In the following cases, it has been determined that the requirements of 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) have not been met for the reasons specified.

The Department has determined that criterion (1) of Section 246 has not been met. Workers at the firm are 50 years of age or older.

None.

The Department has determined that criterion (2) of Section 246 has not been met. Workers at the firm possess skills that are easily transferable.

TA-W-60,639; *Hospira Worldwide, Inc., Hospira Sedation Division, North Billerica, MA: December 15, 2005.*

TA-W-60,791; *Vintage Verandah, Inc., Lamp Division, Marion, AR: January 18, 2006.*

TA-W-60,881; *Schnadig Corporation, Des Plaines, IL: January 31, 2006.*

The Department has determined that criterion (3) of Section 246 has not been met. Competition conditions within the workers' industry are not adverse.

None.

Negative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the eligibility criteria for worker adjustment assistance have not been met for the reasons specified.

Because the workers of the firm are not eligible to apply for TAA, the workers cannot be certified eligible for ATAA.

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.A.) and (a)(2)(B)(II.A.) (employment decline) have not been met.

None.

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.B.) (Sales or production, or both, did not decline) and (a)(2)(B)(II.B.) (shift in production to a foreign country) have not been met.

TA-W-60,653; *Progress Casting Group, Inc., Twin Cities Division, Plymouth, MN.*

TA-W-60,694; *Stover Industries, Inc., Pt. Pleasant, WV.*

TA-W-60,758; *Bosch Security System, Inc., Lancaster, PA.*

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.C.) (increased imports) and (a)(2)(B)(II.B.) (shift in production to a foreign country) have not been met.

TA-W-60,398; *Chilton Products, Plastic Products Group, A Subsidiary of Western Industries, Chilton, WI.*

TA-W-60,536; *Accotex, Inc., Formerly Known as Day International, Mauldin, SC.*

TA-W-60,562; *Seagate Technology LLC, Recording Heads Division, Bloomington, MN.*

TA-W-60,565; *Briggs and Stratton Power Products Group, LLC, Home Power Products Division, Jefferson, WI.*

TA-W-60,777; *J and M Plating, Inc., Leased Workers of Albion Personnel Services, Albion, MI.*

The investigation revealed that the predominate cause of worker separations is unrelated to criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.C.) (increased imports) and (a)(2)(B)(II.C.) (shift in production to a foreign country under a free trade agreement or a beneficiary country under a preferential trade agreement, or there has been or is likely to be an increase in imports).

None.

The workers' firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

TA-W-60,759; *Charter Communications, Inc., Irwindale, CA.*

TA-W-60,769; *Airfoil Technologies International, Compton, CA.*

TA-W-60,808; *Invista S.A.R.L., Nylon Apparel Filament Fibers Group, A Subsidiary of Koch Industries, Inc., Chattanooga, TN.*

The investigation revealed that criteria of Section 222(b)(2) has not been met. The workers' firm (or subdivision) is not a supplier to or a downstream producer for a firm whose workers were certified eligible to apply for TAA.

None.

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the period of February 5 through February 9, 2007. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C-5311, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons who write to the above address.

Ralph Dibattista,

Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Labor Certification Process for the Temporary Employment of Aliens in Agriculture and Logging in the United States: 2007 Adverse Effect Wage Rates, Allowable Charges for Agricultural and Logging Workers' Meals, and Maximum Travel Subsistence Reimbursement

AGENCY: Employment and Training Administration, Department of Labor.

ACTION: Notice of Adverse Effect Wage Rates (AEWRs), allowable charges for

meals, and maximum travel subsistence reimbursement for 2007.

SUMMARY: The Employment and Training Administration (ETA) of the U.S. Department of Labor (Department or DOL) is issuing this Notice to announce the 2007 AEWRs for employers seeking to employ temporary or seasonal nonimmigrant foreign workers to perform agricultural labor or services (H-2A workers) or logging (H-2 logging workers); the allowable charges for 2007 that employers seeking H-2A workers and H-2 logging workers may levy upon their workers when three meals a day are provided by the employer; and the maximum travel subsistence reimbursement which a worker with receipts may claim in 2007.

AEWRs are the minimum wage rates the Department has determined must be offered and paid by employers of H-2A workers or H-2 logging workers to U.S. and foreign workers. AEWRs are established in order to prevent the employment of these foreign workers from adversely affecting wages of similarly employed U.S. workers. The Department also announces the minimum and maximum charge of travel subsistence expenses a worker may claim in 2007.

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 21, 2007.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William L. Carlson, Administrator, Office of Foreign Labor Certification, U.S. Department of Labor, Room C-4312, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210. *Telephone:* 202-693-3010 (this is not a toll-free number).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services may not approve an employer's petition for admission of H-2A workers or H-2 logging workers in the United States unless the petitioner has received from DOL an H-2A or H-2 labor certification, as appropriate. Approved labor certifications attest: (1) There are not sufficient U.S. workers who are able, willing, and qualified and who will be available at the time and place needed to perform the labor or services involved in the petition; and (2) the employment of the foreign worker in such labor or services will not adversely affect the wages and working conditions of workers in the U.S. similarly employed. 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a), 1184(c), and 1188.

DOL's regulations for the H-2A and H-2 program require employers to offer and pay their U.S., H-2A, and H-2 workers no less than the appropriate hourly AEWR in effect at the time the work is performed. 20 CFR 655.102(b)(9)