

policies of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the National Park Service.

Under the proposed plan, assuming the WGFD's herd objective of 11,000 has been met, and that higher numbers of elk would use the winter range, about 5,000 elk and 500 bison will winter on the National Elk Refuge at the end of the first phase of implementation. The elk hunt on the National Elk Refuge, and elk herd reductions as needed in Grand Teton National Park, will continue. A public bison hunt will be instituted on the National Elk Refuge and managed in accordance with the State of Wyoming licensing requirements and an approved refuge hunting plan. As herd sizes and objectives are achieved, further reductions in feeding or elk numbers will occur based on established criteria developed in collaboration with WGFD. The proposed plan includes an adaptive management framework that incorporates population management, habitat restoration, public education, and monitoring into an adaptive, progressive, and collaborative approach to address habitat conservation and wildlife population management.

Public comments were requested, considered, and incorporated throughout the planning process in numerous ways. Public outreach has included public open houses, public hearings, individual outreach activities, planning update mailings, and **Federal Register** notices. Three previous notices were published in the **Federal Register** concerning this Plan/EIS (66 FR 37489–37490, July 18, 2001; 70 FR 42089–42090, July 21, 2005; and 72 FR 5078–5080, February 2, 2007).

Dated: May 14, 2007.

James J. Slack,

Deputy Regional Director, Region 6, Denver, Colorado.

[FR Doc. 07–2773 Filed 6–5–07; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[MT–020–07–1310–DT]

Notice of Intent To Prepare Supplemental Air Quality Analysis Information for the Draft Supplement to the Montana Statewide Final Oil and Gas Environmental Impact Statement (Draft SEIS) and Amendment of the Powder River and Billings Resource Management Plans (RMP), Miles City, MT

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of intent.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969, as amended, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), Miles City Field Office, Montana, announces its intent to prepare supplemental air quality analysis information. On February 2, 2007, the BLM published a Notice of Availability in the **Federal Register** announcing the release of the Draft SEIS for public review and comment. The 90-day comment period closed May 2, 2007. The BLM was notified by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) of air quality analysis deficiencies in the Draft SEIS. As a result, the BLM is preparing an additional air quality analysis. When the additional air quality analysis has been completed, the BLM will only accept comments from the public on the new information presented.

DATES: The BLM anticipates making the additional air quality analysis information available to the public for a 90-day comment period around September 2007. The BLM will publish a Notice of Availability in the **Federal Register** when the supplemental air quality analysis is ready for release for public comment. Additional announcements will be made through local media by news releases and posted information on the Draft SEIS Web site: http://www.blm.gov/eis/mt/milescity_seis/.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mary Bloom, Project Manager, Miles City Field Office, P.O. Box 219, Miles City, Montana 59301, or by telephone at (406) 233–2852.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Public comments submitted on the supplemental air quality analysis on the Draft SEIS, including names, e-mail addresses, and street addresses of the respondents, will be available for public review and disclosure at the above address during regular office business hours (7:45 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.), Monday through Friday, except holidays. Individual respondents may request confidentiality.

Before including your address, phone number, e-mail address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we

cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Sandra C. Berain,

Acting State Director.

[FR Doc. E7–10891 Filed 6–5–07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–55–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[AZ–420–1430–ES; AZA 32985]

Notice of Realty Action; Recreation and Public Purposes (R&PP) Act Classifications; Arizona

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) has examined and found suitable for classification approximately 16 acres of public land in Pima County, Arizona, for lease or conveyance to the Drexel Heights Fire District under the provisions of the Recreation and Public Purposes Act, as amended, and in keeping with section 7 of the Taylor Grazing Act, as amended. The Fire District proposes to use the land for the expansion of an existing fire station facility, operated by the Drexel Heights Fire District.

DATES: Submit comments on or before July 23, 2007.

ADDRESSES: Detailed information concerning this action, including but not limited to, a development plan and documentation relating to compliance with applicable environmental and cultural resources laws, is available for review at the Bureau of Land Management, Tucson Field Office, 12661 East Broadway Boulevard, Tucson, Arizona 85748–7208.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Susan Bernal, Realty Specialist, at (520) 258–7206; e-mail address susan_bernal@blm.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following described public land in Pima County, Arizona, has been examined and found suitable for lease or conveyance for use as an expanded fire station facility under the provisions of the Recreation and Public Purposes (R&PP) Act, as amended, 43 U.S.C. 869 et seq., and is hereby classified accordingly pursuant to section 7 of the Taylor Grazing Act, as amended, 43 U.S.C. 315f:

Gila and Salt River Meridian, Arizona

T. 15 S., R. 12 E., sec. 3, lots 1 and 2 (within).

The area described contains 16 acres in Pima County.

When eligible for conveyance, BLM will resurvey the lots and relot them.

The Drexel Heights Fire District is a political subdivision of the State of Arizona that has the authority per Arizona Revised Statute Title 48 to acquire federal land (See 43 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 2741.2) and that operates an existing fire station serving the Drexel Heights Fire District. The Fire District proposes to expand the existing fire station by using all of the above-described land for a fire fighter training facility, including a new classroom, a driver training course and a parking area to be operated by the Fire District. The Fire District, as an agent of the State of Arizona, has advised BLM that it has the authority, as a duly authorized fire district, to operate the fire fighter training facility, both as to training instruction and, also, the functions of the physical site. Devoting the subject acreage to these uses would be of great benefit to the Tucson community.

As to the foregoing, the statement required by 43 CFR 2741.4(b) to accompany a Recreation and Public Purposes Act application has been filed in the BLM Tucson Field Office. The land is not needed for any Federal purpose. The lease or conveyance of the lands for recreational or public purposes use is consistent with the Phoenix District Resource Management Plan, dated September 1989, would be in the public interest and, as allowed, would involve no more acreage than is reasonably necessary for the new uses proposed by the Fire District.

Detailed information concerning the foregoing is available for review at the BLM, Tucson Field Office, at the address stated above, during normal business hours Monday through Friday (except Federal holidays). A public meeting may be held if the authorized officer determines that public interest in the proposal warrants holding such a meeting.

Upon publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, the lands will be segregated from all other forms of appropriation under the public land laws, including the general mining laws, except for lease or conveyance under the Recreation and Public Purposes Act and leasing under the mineral leasing laws.

The lease or conveyance of the lands, when issued, would be subject to the following terms, conditions, and reservations:

1. A right-of-way thereon for ditches and canals constructed by the authority of the United States. Act of August 30, 1890, 26 Stat. 391 (43 U.S.C. 945).

2. Provisions of the Recreation and Public Purposes Act and to all applicable regulations of the Secretary of the Interior.

3. All minerals shall be reserved to the United States, together with the right to prospect for, mine and remove the minerals, under applicable laws and regulations established by the Secretary of the Interior, including all necessary access and exit rights.

4. All valid existing rights.

5. A right-of-way authorized under Sec. 17 of the Act of November 9, 1921 (42 Stat. 216) for road purposes to the Arizona State Highway Department (AZA 6032) affecting public lands within sec. 3, T. 15 S., R. 12 E.

6. A right-of-way authorized under the Act of October 21, 1976 (90 Stat. 2776; 43 U.S.C. 1761) for sewer line purposes to the Pima County Board of Supervisors (AZA 10867) affecting public lands within sec. 3, T. 15 S., R. 12 E.

7. Rights-of-way authorized under the Act of October 21, 1976 (90 Stat. 2776; 43 U.S.C. 1760) for road purposes to Pima County Transportation and Flood Control (AZA 17485 and AZA 22310) affecting public lands within sec. 3, T. 15 S., R. 12 E.

8. A right-of-way authorized under the Act of October 21, 1976 (90 Stat. 2776; 43 U.S.C. 1760) for Central Arizona Project purposes to the Bureau of Reclamation, Arizona Project Office (AZA 22075) affecting public lands within sec. 3, T., 15 S., R. 12 E.

9. Rights-of-way authorized under the Act of October 21, 1976 (90 Stat. 2776; 43 U.S.C. 1760) for transmission line purposes to the Tucson Electric Power Company (AZA 3048301 and AZA 30088) affecting public lands within sec. 3, T. 15 S., R. 12 E.

10. A right-of-way authorized under the Act of October 21, 1976 (90 Stat. 2776; 43 U.S.C. 1761) for a potable water pipeline for municipal water supply purposes to the Tucson Water Department, (AZA 30969) affecting public lands within sec. 3, T. 15 S., R. 12 E.

11. A mineral material contract authorized under the Act of July 31, 1947 (61 Stat. 681; 30 U.S.C. 601,602) for mineral extraction to Clay Mine Adobe, (AZA 33755) affecting public lands within sec. 3, T. 15 S., R. 12 E. The mineral material permittee will reclaim the area of his operation including removal of all unpermitted surface and subsurface structures upon the termination of the mineral material contract. Said contract expires October 16, 2009.

12. CERCLA Term: "Pursuant to the requirements established by section

120(h) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, (42 U.S.C. 9620(h)) (CERCLA), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1988, (100 Stat. 1670) notice is hereby given that the above-described lands have been examined and no evidence was found to indicate that any hazardous substances had been stored for one year or more, nor had any hazardous substances been disposed of or released on the subject property."

13. Indemnification Term: "All lessees or Purchasers/patentees, by accepting a lease patent, covenant and agree to indemnify, defend, and hold the United States harmless of any costs, damages, claims, causes of action, penalties, fines, liabilities, and judgments of any kind or nature arising from the past, present, and future acts or omissions of the lessees patentees or their employees, agents, contractors, lessees, or any third-party, arising out of or in connection with the lessee's patentee's use, occupancy, or operations on the patented real property. This indemnification and hold harmless agreement includes, but is not limited to, acts and omissions of the lessee's patentees and their employees, agents, contractors, or lessees, or any third party, arising out of or in connection with the use and/or occupancy of the leased patented real property which has already resulted or does hereafter result in: (1) Violations of Federal, state and local laws and regulations that are now or may in the future become, applicable to the real property; (2) Judgments, claims or demands of any kind assessed against the United States; (3) Costs, expenses, or damages of any kind incurred by the United States; (4) Releases or threatened releases of solid or hazardous waste(s), and/or hazardous substance(s), as defined by Federal or state environmental laws, off, on, into or under land, property and other interests of the United States; (5) Activities by which solid waste or hazardous substance(s) or waste, as defined by Federal and state environmental laws are generated, released, stored, used or otherwise disposed of on the leased patented real property, and any cleanup response, remedial action or other actions related in any manner to said solid or hazardous substances(s) or waste(s); or (6) Natural resource damages as defined by Federal and state law. This covenant shall be construed as running with the parcels of land patented or otherwise conveyed by the United States, and may be enforced by

the United States in a court of competent jurisdiction.

Classification Comments: Interested persons may submit comments involving the suitability of the land for a fire fighter training facility, including a new classroom, a driver training course and a parking area. Comments on the classification are restricted to whether the land is physically suited for the proposals, whether the use will maximize the future use or uses of the land, whether the use is consistent with local planning and zoning, or if the use is consistent with state and federal programs.

Application Comments: Interested persons may submit comments regarding the specific use applied for as well as the proposed plan of development, whether the BLM followed proper administrative procedures in reaching the decision, or any other factor not directly related to the suitability of the lands for a fire fighter training facility, including a new classroom, a driver training course and a parking area. Any adverse comments will be reviewed by the State Director. In the absence of any adverse comments, the classification will become effective on August 6, 2007. The lands will not be offered for lease or conveyance until after the classification becomes effective.

Before including your address, phone number, e-mail address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, be advised that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold from public review your personal identifying information, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

(Authority: 43 CFR 2741.5(h)).

Patrick Madigan,

Field Office Manager.

[FR Doc. E7-10890 Filed 6-5-07; 8:45 am]

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INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 731-TA-1105-1106 (Final)]

Lemon Juice From Argentina and Mexico

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Scheduling of final phase antidumping investigations.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice of the scheduling of the final phase of antidumping investigation Nos. 731-TA-1105-1106 (Final) under section 735(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1673d(b)) (the Act) to determine whether an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury, or the establishment of an industry in the United States is materially retarded, by reason of less-than-fair-value imports from Argentina and Mexico of lemon juice, provided for in subheadings 2009.31.40, 2009.31.60, and 2009.39.60 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States.¹

For further information concerning the conduct of this phase of the investigations, hearing procedures, and rules of general application, consult the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, part 201, subparts A through E (19 CFR part 201), and part 207, subparts A and C (19 CFR part 207).

DATES: *Effective Date:* April 26, 2007.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jim McClure (202-205-3191), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205-1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server (<http://www.usitc.gov>). The public record for these investigations may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <http://edis.usitc.gov>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background.—The final phase of these investigations is being scheduled as a result of affirmative preliminary determinations by the Department of Commerce that imports of lemon juice

from Argentina and Mexico are being sold in the United States at less than fair value within the meaning of section 733 of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1673b). The investigations were requested in a petition filed on September 21, 2006, by Sunkist Growers, Inc., Sherman Oaks, CA.

Participation in the investigations and public service list.—Persons, including industrial users of the subject merchandise and, if the merchandise is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations, wishing to participate in the final phase of these investigations as parties must file an entry of appearance with the Secretary to the Commission, as provided in section 201.11 of the Commission's rules, no later than 21 days prior to the hearing date specified in this notice. A party that filed a notice of appearance during the preliminary phase of the investigations need not file an additional notice of appearance during this final phase. The Secretary will maintain a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the investigations.

Limited disclosure of business proprietary information (BPI) under an administrative protective order (APO) and BPI service list.—Pursuant to section 207.7(a) of the Commission's rules, the Secretary will make BPI gathered in the final phase of these investigations available to authorized applicants under the APO issued in the investigations, provided that the application is made no later than 21 days prior to the hearing date specified in this notice. Authorized applicants must represent interested parties, as defined by 19 U.S.C. 1677(9), who are parties to the investigations. A party granted access to BPI in the preliminary phase of the investigations need not reapply for such access. A separate service list will be maintained by the Secretary for those parties authorized to receive BPI under the APO.

Staff report.—The prehearing staff report in the final phase of these investigations will be placed in the nonpublic record on August 28, 2007, and a public version will be issued thereafter, pursuant to section 207.22 of the Commission's rules.

Hearing.—The Commission will hold a hearing in connection with the final phase of these investigations beginning at 9:30 a.m. on September 11, 2007, at the U.S. International Trade Commission Building. Requests to appear at the hearing should be filed in writing with the Secretary to the Commission on or before August 31, 2007. A nonparty who has testimony

¹For purposes of these investigations, the Department of Commerce has defined the subject merchandise as:

“* * * includes certain lemon juice for further manufacture, with or without addition of preservatives, sugar, or other sweeteners, regardless of the GPL (grams per liter of citric acid) level of concentration, brix level, brix/acid ratio, pulp content, clarity, grade, horticulture method (e.g., organic or not), processed form (e.g., frozen or not-from-concentrate), FDA standard of identity, the size of the container in which packed, or the method of packing.

Excluded from the scope are: (1) Lemon juice at any level of concentration packed in retail-sized containers ready for sale to consumers, typically at a level of concentration of 48 GPL; and (2) beverage products such as lemonade that typically contain 20 percent or less lemon juice as an ingredient.”