(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 83.100, "Flood Insurance.")

Dated: January 4, 2006.

David I. Maurstad,

Acting Director, Mitigation Division, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Homeland Security.

[FR Doc. E6–2417 Filed 2–17–06; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 9110–12–P**

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

44 CFR Part 67

[Docket No. FEMA-P-7911]

Proposed Flood Elevation Determinations

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: Technical information or comments are requested on the proposed Base (1% annual-chance) Flood Elevations (BFEs) and proposed BFE modifications for the communities listed below. The BFEs and modified BFEs are the basis for the floodplain management measures that the community is required either to adopt or to show evidence of being already in effect in order to qualify or remain qualified for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

DATES: The comment period is ninety (90) days following the second publication of this proposed rule in a newspaper of local circulation in each community.

ADDRESSES: The proposed BFEs for each community are available for inspection at the office of the Chief Executive Officer of each community. The respective addresses are listed in the table below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Doug Bellomo, P.E., Hazard Identification Section, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street, SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2903.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Federal Emergency Management Agency makes the final determinations listed below for the modified BFEs for each community listed. These modified elevations have been published in newspapers of local circulation and ninety (90) days have elapsed since that publication. The Mitigation Division Director has resolved any appeals resulting from this notification.

These proposed BFEs and modified BFEs, together with the floodplain management criteria required by 44 CFR 60.3, are the minimum that are required. They should not be construed to mean that the community must change any existing ordinances that are more stringent in their floodplain management requirements. The community may at any time enact stricter requirements of its own, or pursuant to policies established by other Federal, State, or regional entities. These proposed elevations are used to meet the floodplain management requirements of the NFIP and are also used to calculate the appropriate flood insurance premium rates for new buildings built after these elevations are made final, and for the contents in these buildings.

National Environmental Policy Act. This proposed rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR part 10, Environmental Consideration. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

Regulatory Flexibility Act. The Mitigation Division Director certifies that this rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because modified base flood elevations are required by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4105, and are required to maintain community eligibility in the NFIP. No regulatory flexibility analysis has been prepared.

Regulatory Classification. This proposed rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

Executive Order 13132, Federalism. This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. This rule meets the applicable standards of Executive Order 12988.

List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 67

Administrative practice and procedure, flood insurance, reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 67 is proposed to be amended as follows:

PART 67—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 67 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376.

§ 67.4

2. The tables published under the authority of § 67.4 are proposed to be amended as follows:

Source of flooding and location of referenced elevation	◆Elevation in feet (NAVD)		Communities affected
	Existing	Modified	
Armour Branch Gypsum Creek:			
At confluence with Gypsum Creek	♦ 1,321	♦1,322	City of Eastborough, City of Wichita.
Approximately 1,120 feet upstream of Rockwood Road	None	♦1,368	
Big Slough South:			
Approximately 500 feet upstream of confluence with Arkansas River.	♦1,257	♦1,258	City of Wichita, Sedgwick County, (Unincorporated Areas).
Approximately 2,830 feet upstream of South Meridian Avenue.	♦1,288	♦1,286	
Calfskin Creek:			
At confluence with Cowskin Creek	♦1,314	♦1,316	
Approximately 5,070 feet upstream of South 119th Street West.	♦1,322	♦1,324	
Cowskin Creek:			
At confluence with Wichita Valley Center Floodway	None	♦1,279	City of Colwich, City of Maize, City of Wichita, Sedgwick County, (Unincorporated Areas).
Approximately 4,000 feet downstream of State Highway 296.	♦1,369	♦1,368	

Source of flooding and location of referenced elevation	◆Elevation in feet (NAVD)		Communities affected
	Existing	Modified	33,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Dry Creek of Gypsum Creek: At confluence with Gypsum Creek Approximately 150 feet upstream of the confluence with Gypsum Creek.	♦1,291 ♦1,291	♦1,290 ♦1,290	City of Wichita.
Dry Creek North of Cowskin Creek: At confluence with Cowskin Creek At West 167th Street North	None None	♦1,347 ♦1,386	Sedgwick County, (Unincorporated Areas).
Dry Creek South of Cowskin Creek: At confluence with Cowskin Creek At South Maize Road	None None	♦1,292 ♦1,317	Sedgwick County, (Unincorporated Areas).
Dry Creek of Spring Creek: Just downstream of East Madison Avenue Approximately 50 feet upstream of East 55th Street	♦1,267 None	♦1,266 ♦1,331	City of Derby, Sedgwick County, (Unincorporated Areas).
South. East Branch Gypsum Creek: At confluence with Gypsum Creek	♦1,336 None	♦1,334 ♦1,343	City of Wichita.
East Branch Gypsum Creek (Splitflow): At convergence with East Branch Gypsum Creek At divergence from East Branch Gypsum Creek	♦1,341 ♦1,343	♦1,340 ♦1,342	
East Fork Chisholm Creek: At confluence with Wichita Drainage Canal	♦1,305 ♦1,305	♦1,306 ♦1,306	
Fabrique Branch Gypsum Creek: At confluence with Gypsum Creek Approximately 150 feet upstream of Pedestrian Bridge/ East Zimmerly Avenue.	♦1,315 None	♦1,317 ♦1,325	
Frisco Ditch: Approximately 140 feet upstream of Interstate Highway 135.	♦1,299	♦1,300	
Approximately 600 feet upstream of Northeast Cemetery Road. Gypsum Creek:	None	♦1,366	
At confluence with Wichita Drainage Canal At confluence of Middle and West Branches of Gypsum Creek.	♦1,279 ♦1,340	♦1,278 ♦1,338	City of Wichita, Sedgwick County, (Unincorporated Areas).
Little Arkansas River (Upper Reach): Approximately 2,400 feet downstream of Wichita Valley Center Floodway Control Structure.	None	♦ 1,340	Sedgwick County, (Unincorporated Areas).
At County Boundary	1,3751,340	◆1,372◆1,339	City of Wichita.
Approximately 2,400 feet upstream of East Tipperary Street. Middle Fork Calfskin Creek:	♦ 1,351	♦ 1,352	
Approximately 70 feet upstream of the confluence with North Fork Calfskin Creek.	♦1,324	♦1,325	
Approximately 3,375 feet upstream of confluence with North Fork Calfskin Creek. North Fork Calfskin Creek:	None	♦ 1,340	
At confluence with Calfskin CreekApproximately 4,350 feet upstream of North 135th Street West.	♦1,320 None	♦1,322 ♦1,370	City of Wichita, Sedgwick County, (Unincorporated Areas).
Rock Road South Tributary Gypsum Creek: Approximately 650 feet upstream of South Rock Road Approximately 3,730 feet upstream of East Harry Street.	♦1,325 ♦1,344	♦1,326 ♦1,347	City of Wichita.
Spring Creek: Approximately 1,700 feet upstream of the confluence with Arkansas River.	♦1,236	♦ 1,237	City of Derby, Sedgwick County, (Unincorporated Areas).
Approximately 50 feet upstream of East 63rd Street South/South Greenwich Road. Tributary to North Fork Calfskin Creek:	None	♦ 1,309	
At confluence with North Fork Calfskin Creek	None None	♦1,346 ♦1,381	
At confluence with Gypsum CreekApproximately 175 feet upstream of East Farmview Lane.	♦1,340 None	♦1,338 ♦1,382	City of Wichita.

Source of flooding and location of referenced elevation	◆Elevation in feet (NAVD)		Communities affected
	Existing	Modified	

ADDRESSES:

City of Colwich, Sedgwick County, Kansas.

Maps are available for inspection at Community Map Repository, City Hall, 310 South Second Street, Colwich, Kansas. Send comments to The Honorable Terrance Spexarth, Mayor, City of Colwich, 310 South Second Street, Colwich, Kansas 67030.

City of Derby, Sedgwick County, Kansas.

Maps are available for inspection at Community Map Repository, City Hall, 611 Mulberry Street, Derby, Kansas. Send comments to The Honorable Dion Avello, Mayor, City of Derby, 611 Mulberry Street, Derby, Kansas 67037.

City of Eastborough, Sedgwick County, Kansas.

Maps are available for inspection at Community Map Repository, City Hall, 1 Douglas Street, Wichita, Kansas. Send comments to The Honorable Gary Poore, Mayor, City of Eastborough, 1 Douglas Street, Wichita, Kansas 67207.

City of Maize, Sedgwick County, Kansas.

Maps are available for inspection at Community Map Repository, City Hall, 123 Khedive, Maize, Kansas. Send comments to The Honorable Claire Donnelly, Mayor, City of Maize, 123 Khedive, Maize, Kansas 67101.

Unincorporated Areas of Sedgwick County, Kansas.

Maps are available for inspection at Community Map Repository, Office of Stormwater Management, 455 North Main Street, 8th Floor, Wichita, Kansas.

Send comments to The Honorable William P. Buchanan, County Manager, Sedgwick County, 525 North Main Street, Suite 343, Wichita, Kansas 67203.

City of Wichita, Sedgwick County, Kansas.

Maps are available for inspection at Community Map Repository, Office of Stormwater Management, 455 North Main Street, 8th Floor, Wichita, Kansas.

Send comments to The Honorable Carlos Wayans, Mayor, City of Wichita, 455 North Main Street, 8th Floor, Wichita, Kansas 67202.

♦919	♦918	City of Greenwood, City of Lee's Summit.
♦983	♦984	
♦779	♦778	City of Grain Valley, Jackson County, (Unincorporated Areas).
♦801	♦802	,
None	♦774	City of Independence.
None	♦ 798	
None	♦798	
None	♦803	
♦806	♦807	City of Lee's Summit.
♦991	♦996	
None	♦887	
None	♦978	
♦ 784	♦ 782	City of Oak Grove.
None	♦842	
♦897	♦908	City of Grandview.
♦907	♦908	
♦777	♦776	City of Lee's Summit.
♦788	♦792	
♦891	♦908	
♦907	♦908	
	◆779 ◆801 None None None None ◆806 ◆991 None None ◆784 None ◆897 ◆907 ◆777 ◆788	◆983

Source of flooding and location of referenced elevation *Elevation in feet (NAVD)		Communities affected	
	Existing	Modified	Communices anected
SB-1 Tributary to Sni-A-Bar Creek: Approximately 2,950 feet upstream of the confluence with Sni-A-Bar-Creek.	None	♦ 792	Jackson County, (Unincorporated Areas).
Approximately 680 feet upstream of South Hillside School Road.	None	♦841	
SB-2 Tributary to Sni-A-Bar Creek: Approximately 50 feet downstream of South Stillhouse Road.	None	♦ 797	
Approximately 2,620 feet upstream of East Cummings Road.	None	♦862	
SB–3 Tributary to Sni-A-Bar Creek: Approximately 430 feet downstream of South Stillhouse Road.	♦802	♦803	
Approximately 6,400 feet upstream of South Broadway Street/State Highway F. SB–4 Tributary to Sni-A-Bar Creek:	None	♦870	
At the confluence with Sni-A-Bar Creek	♦830 None	♦832 ♦882	
Approximately 900 feet upstream of Seymour Road	♦774	♦773	City of Grain Valley, Jackson County, (Unincorporated Areas).
Approximately 275 feet downstream of East Duncan Road.	♦805	♦804	
Tributary A1 to East Fork Little Blue River: At confluence with East Fork Little Blue River Approximately 570 feet upstream of Windsboro Drive Tributary A2 to East Fork Little Blue River:	♦901 ♦953	♦902 ♦960	City of Lee's Summit.
At confluence with Tributary A1 to East Fork Little Blue River.	♦920	♦919	
Approximately 950 feet upstream of Southeast Battery Point. Tributary B1 to Big Creek:	None	♦953	
At confluence with Big Creek	♦975 ♦989	◆981 ◆986	
Tributary B2 to Big Creek: At confluence with Big Creek Approximately 1,930 feet upstream of State Highway 291.	♦925 None	♦928 ♦985	City of Greenwood, City of Lee's Summit.
Tributary C1 to Cedar Creek: At confluence with Cedar Creek Approximately 400 feet upstream of Southwest 3rd Street.	♦833 ♦865	♦839 ♦888	City of Lee's Summit.
Tributary C2 to Cedar Creek: At confluence with Cedar Creek	♦905	♦ 906	
Approximately 820 feet upstream of U.S. Highway 50 Tributary C3 to Cedar Creek: At confluence with Cedar Creek	None ◆931	♦956 ♦932	
Approximately 1,030 feet upstream of Southwest Persels Road.	None	♦970	
Tributary C4 to Cedar Creek: At confluence with Cedar Creek	♦968	♦ 966	
Approximately 280 feet upstream of Southwest Lakeview Boulevard. Tributary C5 to Cedar Creek:	None	♦992	
At confluence with Cedar Creek	♦850 None	♦851 ♦915	
Tributary C6 to Cedar Creek: At the confluence with Cedar Creek	♦921	♦920	
Approximately 1,920 feet upstream of Southwest Pacific Drive. Tributary G1 to Lake Winnebago:	None	♦946	
At County Line Road	♦921 ♦974	♦938 ♦970	
Tributary G2 to Raintree Lake: Approximately 75 feet upstream of the confluence with	♦ 962	♦ 961	
Raintree Lake. Approximately 3,660 feet upstream of the confluence with Raintree Lake.	None	♦981	

Source of flooding and location of referenced elevation	◆Elevation in feet (NAVD)		Communities affected
Q	Existing	Modified	
Tributary L1 to Lakewood Lakes:			
At confluence with Lakewood Lakes	♦863	♦864	
Approximately 2,480 feet upstream of Gregory Boulevard.	None	♦906	
Tributary P1 to Prairie Lee Lake:			
At confluence with Prairie Lee Lake	♦886	♦881	
Approximately 1,770 feet upstream of State Highway 291.	♦952	♦953	
Tributary P2 to Prairie Lee Lake:			
Approximately 30 feet upstream of the confluence with Prairie Lee Lake.	♦887	♦886	
Approximately 950 feet upstream of the confluence of Tributary P4 to Prairie Lee Lake.	♦958	♦961	
Tributary P3 to Prairie Lee Lake:			
At confluence with Tributary P2 to Prairie Lee Lake	♦922	♦923	
Approximately 1,550 feet upstream of State Highway 291.	♦978	♦980	
Tributary P4 to Prairie Lee Lake:			
At confluence with Tributary P2 to Prairie Lee Lake	♦951	♦957	
Just downstream of State Highway 291	♦957	♦969	
Tributary P5 to Prairie Lee Lake:			
Approximately 1,460 feet downstream of Northeast Scruggs Road.	None	♦886	City of Lee's Summit, Jackson County, (Unincorporated Areas
Approximately 8,450 feet upstream of Northeast Blackwell Road.	None	♦949	
Tributary to Tributary B2 to Big Creek:			
At confluence with Tributary B2 to Big Creek	♦968	♦969	City of Lee's Summit.
Approximately 1,560 feet upstream of confluence with Tributary B2 to Big Creek.	None	♦976	
Tributary to West Fork Sni-A-Bar Creek:			
Approximately 1,550 feet upstream of the confluence with West Fork Sni-A-Bar Creek.	None	♦806	Jackson County, (Unincorporated Areas).
Approximately 7,990 feet upstream of East Major Road	None	♦875	
Yennie Avenue Drain:			
At confluence with Sni-A-Bar Creek	♦775	♦774	City of Grain Valley, Jackson County, (Unincorporated Areas).
Approximately 1,510 feet upstream of Yennie Avenue	None	♦805	, '

ADDRESSES:

City of Grain Valley, Jackson County, Missouri.

Maps are available for inspection at City Hall, 711 Main Street, Grain Valley, Missouri.

Send comments to The Honorable Brad Knight, Mayor, City of Grain Valley, City Hall, 711 Main Street, Grain Valley, Missouri 64029.

City of Grandview, Jackson County, Missouri.

Maps are available for inspection at City Hall, 1200 Main Street, Grandview, Missouri.

Send comments to The Honorable Robert M. Beckers, Mayor, City of Grandview, City Hall, 1200 Main Street, Grandview, Missouri 64030.

City of Greenwood, Jackson County, Missouri.

Maps are available for inspection at City Hall, 709 West Main Street, Greenwood, Missouri.

Send comments to The Honorable Kevin Adey, Mayor, City of Greenwood, City Hall, 709 West Main Street, Greenwood, Missouri 64034.

City of Independence, Jackson County, Missouri.

Maps are available for inspection at City Hall, 111 East Maple Avenue, Independence, Missouri.

Send comments to The Honorable Ron Stewart, Mayor, City of Independence, City Hall, 111 East Maple Avenue, Independence, Missouri

City of Lee's Summit, Jackson County, Missouri.

Maps are available for inspection at City Hall, 207 Southwest Market Street, Lee's Summit, Missouri.

Send comments to The Honorable Karen R. Messerli, Mayor, City of Lee's Summit, City Hall, 207 Southwest Market Street, Lee's Summit, Missouri 64063

City of Oak Grove, Jackson County, Missouri.

Maps are available for inspection at City Hall, 1300 South Broadway Street, Oak Grove, Missouri 64075.

Send comments to The Honorable Mark Fulks, Mayor, City of Oak Grove, City Hall, 1300 South Broadway Street, Oak Grove, Missouri 64075.

Unincorporated Areas of Jackson County, Missouri.

Maps are available for inspection at 303 West Walnut, Independence, Missouri.

Send comments to Ms. Katheryn J. Shields, County Executive, Jackson County, Jackson County Courthouse, 415 East 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

[♦] North American Vertical Datum of 1988.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 83.100, "Flood Insurance.")

Dated: December 22, 2005.

David I. Maurstad,

Acting Director, Mitigation Division, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Homeland Security.

[FR Doc. E6-2415 Filed 2-17-06; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-12-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 17

Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; 12-Month Finding for a Petition To List the Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout as Threatened

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service,

Interior.

ACTION: Notice of a 12-month petition

finding.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), announce our 12-month finding for a petition to list the Yellowstone cutthroat trout (YCT) (Oncorhynchus clarkii bouvieri) as a threatened species throughout its range in the United States, pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended. After a thorough review of all available scientific and commercial information, we find that listing the YCT as either threatened or endangered is not warranted at this time. We ask the public to continue to submit to us any new information that becomes available concerning the status of or threats to the subspecies. This information will help us to monitor and encourage the ongoing conservation of this subspecies. **DATES:** The finding in this document was made on February 14, 2006.

ADDRESSES: Data, information, comments, or questions regarding this notice should be sent to U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 780 Creston Hatchery Road, Kalispell, Montana 59901. The complete administrative file for this finding is available for inspection, by appointment and during normal business hours, at the above address. The petition finding, the status review for YCT, related Federal Register notices, the Court Order, and other pertinent information, may be obtained on line at http://mountain-prairie.fws.gov/endspp/fish/YCT/.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The Montana Ecological Services Field Office (see **ADDRESSES**), by telephone at (406) 758–6872, by facsimile at (406) 758–6877, or by electronic mail at *fw6_yellowstonecut@fws.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Section 4(b)(3)(B) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (ESA) (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), requires that, for any petition to revise the List of **Endangered and Threatened Species** that contains substantial scientific and commercial information that listing may be warranted, we make a finding within 12 months of the date of receipt of the petition on whether the petitioned action is (a) not warranted, (b) warranted, or (c) warranted but the immediate proposal of a regulation implementing the petitioned action is precluded by other pending proposals to determine whether any species is threatened or endangered, and expeditious progress is being made to add or remove qualified species from the List of Endangered and Threatened Species. Section 4(b)(3)(C) of the ESA requires that a petition for which the requested action is found to be warranted but precluded be treated as though resubmitted on the date of such finding, i.e., requiring a subsequent finding to be made within 12 months. Such 12-month findings must be published in the Federal Register.

On August 18, 1998, we received a petition dated August 14, 1998, to list the YCT as threatened, under the ESA, where it presently occurs throughout its historic range. Petitioners were Biodiversity Legal Foundation, the Alliance for the Wild Rockies, the Montana Ecosystems Defense Council, and George Wuerthner.

Biology and Distribution

The YCT is 1 of about 13 named subspecies of cutthroat trout native to interior regions of western North America (Behnke 1992, 2002). Cutthroat trout owe their common name to the distinctive red or orange slash mark that occurs just below both sides of the lower jaw. Aside from distribution, morphological differences, particularly external spotting patterns, may distinguish the various subspecies of cutthroat trout (Behnke 1992). Adult YCT typically exhibit bright yellow, orange, and red colors on their flanks and opercles, especially among males during the spawning season. Characteristics of YCT that may be useful in distinguishing this fish from the other subspecies of cutthroat trout include a pattern of irregularly shaped spots on the body, with few spots below the lateral line except near the tail; a unique number of chromosomes; and other genetic and morphological traits that appear to reflect a distinct evolutionary lineage (Behnke 1992).

Also among those 13 cutthroat trout subspecies is the fine-spotted Snake River cutthroat trout (which Behnke [1992] referred to as Oncorhynchus clarkii spp., but more recently referred to as Oncorhynchus clarkii behnkei [Behnke 2002]). The natural range of the fine-spotted Snake River cutthroat trout is principally in the western portion of Wyoming and southeastern Idaho, almost entirely surrounded by that of O. c. bouvieri (Behnke 1992). In their petition, the petitioners considered the fine-spotted Snake River cutthroat trout a morphological form (or morphotype) of YCT. Biochemical-genetic studies have revealed very little genetic difference between the large-spotted form of YCT and the fine-spotted cutthroat trout of the Snake River basin (most recently, Mitton et al. 2006 in review, Novak et al. 2005). As the common names indicate, the largespotted YCT and fine-spotted cutthroat trout are typically separable based primarily on the basis of the sizes and patterns of spots on the sides of the body. The large-spotted YCT has pronounced, medium to large spots that are round in outline and moderate in number, whereas the spots of the finespotted cutthroat trout are the smallest of any native trout in western North America and so profuse they resemble "a heavy sprinkling of ground pepper" (Behnke 1992). However, in areas of natural geographic overlap, intergrades of the two forms with intermediate spotting patterns are common (Novak et al. 2005).

For purposes of this review, we use the name YCT to represent both of the closely related putative subspecies (Oncorhynchus clarkii bouvieri and Oncorhynchus clarkii behnkei) and they are considered a single entity (as petitioned) in our status review (USFWS 2006). We refer to them collectively as YCT throughout this document.

Although not specifically documented with historical data, the recent historic range of YCT is thought to have included waters of the Snake River drainage (Columbia River basin) upstream from Shoshone Falls, Idaho (River Mile 614.7), and those of the Yellowstone River drainage (Missouri River basin) upstream from and including the Tongue River, in eastern Montana (Behnke 1992). Historic range of YCT in the Yellowstone River drainage thus includes large regions of northwest Wyoming and southcentral Montana. Historic range in the Snake River drainage includes large regions of the western portion of Wyoming, southeast Idaho, and small parts of the northwest corner of Utah and northeast corner of Nevada (Behnke 1992, Novak