The Captain must be the pilot flying and the pre-takeoff briefing must include the following takeoff procedure (refer to point 5).

4. Emergency Procedures

The emergency procedures in Section 4 are applicable.

5. Procedures Following Failures

The procedures following failures in Section 5 are applicable with the addition of the following:

#### Takeoff Sequence

In case of difficulties to rotate, the Captain (CPT) should request the non-flying pilot's (NFP's) assistance. In that case, on CPT order, NFP pulls the control column until 5° pitch attitude is reached, then NFP releases the controls.

#### Performances

The performances in Section 6 for dry runways and in Section 7.03 for non-dry runways (advisory materials) are applicable with the addition of the following for takeoff computations:

Increase TOD by 70 m.

6. Appendices and Supplements

Data of Section 7 are applicable with the addition of the following: For the dispatch cases:

- Apply takeoff penalties due to the system failure,
- Then apply takeoff penalties due to the use of fluid Type II or IV.

Dispatch is not authorized in the following cases:

- Ferry flight with pitch elevators disconnected,
- Take-off with flaps retracted.

#### **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(d)(1) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Operations Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116.

(2) Alternative methods of compliance, approved previously per AD 2001–16–10, amendment 39–12379, are approved as alternative methods of compliance with this AD.

**Note 1:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the International Branch, ANM-116.

#### **Special Flight Permits**

(e) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

**Note 2:** The subject of this AD is addressed in French airworthiness directives 2000– 448–053(B) R2 and 2000–449–082(B) R2, both dated September 19, 2001.

# Effective Date

(f) This amendment becomes effective on October 15, 2003.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 29, 2003.

#### Vi L. Lipski,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 03–22703 Filed 9–9–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### Federal Aviation Administration

### 14 CFR Part 97

[Docket No. 30386; Amdt. No. 3074]

# Standard Instrument Approach Procedures; Miscellaneous Amendments

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This amendment establishes, amends, suspends, or revokes Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPs) for operations at certain airports. These regulatory actions are needed because of changes occurring in the National Airspace System, such as the commissioning of new navigational facilities, addition of new obstacles, or changes in air traffic requirements. These changes are designed to provide safe and efficient use of the navigable airspace and to promote safe flight operations under instrument flight rules at the affected airports.

**DATES:** This rule is effective September 10, 2003. The compliance date for each SIAP is specified in the amendatory provisions.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of September 10, 2003.

**ADDRESSES:** Availability of matter incorporated by reference in the amendment is as follows:

For Examination—

1. FAA Rules Docket, FAA Headquarters Building, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591;

2. The FAA Regional Office of the region in which affected airport is located; or

3. The Flight Inspection Area Office which originated the SIAP.

4. The Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., Suite 700, Washington, DC.

#### For Purchase-

Individual SIAP copies may be obtained from:

1. FAA Public Inquiry Center (APA– 200), FAA Headquarters Building, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; or

2. The FAA Regional Office of the region in which the affected airport is located.

# By Subscription—

Copies of all SIAPs, mailed once every 2 weeks, are for sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Donald P. Pate, Flight Procedure Standards Branch (AMCAFS–420), Flight Technologies and Programs Division, Flight Standards Service, Federal Aviation Administration, Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center, 6500 South MacArthur Blvd. Oklahoma City, OK 73169 (Mail Address: P.O. Box 25082 Oklahoma City, OK 73125) telephone: (405) 954–4164.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This amendment to part 97 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 97) establishes, amends, suspends, or revokes Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPs). The complete regulatory description on each SIAP is contained in the appropriate FAA Form 8260 and the National Flight Data Center (FDC)/Permanent (P) Notices to Airmen (NOTAM) which are incorporated by reference in the amendment under 5 U.S.C. 552(a), 1 CFR part 51, and § 97.20 of the Federal Aviation's Regulations (FAR). Materials incorporated by reference are available for examination or purchase as stated above.

The large number of SIAPs, their complex nature, and the need for a special format make their verbatim publication in the Federal Register expensive and impractical. Further, airmen do not use the regulatory text of the SIAPs, but refer to their graphic depiction of charts printed by publishers of aeronautical materials. Thus, the advantages of incorporation by reference are realized and publication of the complete description of each SIAP contained in FAA form documents is unnecessary. The provisions of this amendment state the affected CFR (and FAR) sections, with the types and effective dates of the SIAPs. This amendment also identifies the airport, its location, the procedure identification and the amendment number.

# The Rule

This amendment to part 97 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 97) establishes, amends, suspends, or revokes SIAPs. For safety and timeliness of change considerations, this amendment incorporates only specific changes contained in the content of the following FDC/P NOTAMs for each SIAP. The SIAP information in some previously designated FDC/Temporary (FDC/T) NOTAMs is of such duration as to be permanent. With conversion to FDC/P NOTAMs, the respective FDC/T NOTAMs have been canceled.

The FDC/P NOTAMs for the SIAPs contained in this amendment are based on the criteria contained in the U.S. Standard for Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS). In developing these chart changes to SIAPs by FDC/P NOTAMs, the TERPS criteria were applied to only these specific conditions existing at the affected airports. All SIAP amendments in this rule have been previously issued by the FAA in a National Flight Data Center (FDC) Notice to Airmen (NOTAM) as an emergency action of immediate flight safety relating directly to published aeronautical charts. The circumstances which created the need for all these SIAP amendments requires making them effective in less than 30 days.

Further, the SIAPs contained in this amendment are based on the criteria contained in the TERPS. Because of the close and immediate relationship between these SIAPs and safety in air commerce, I find that notice and public procedure before adopting these SIAPs are impracticable and contrary to the public interest and, where applicable, that good cause exists for making these SIAPs effective in less than 30 days.

# Conclusion

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore—(1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. For the same reason, the FAA certifies that this amendment will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 97

Air Traffic Control, Airports, Incorporation by reference, and Navigation (Air). Issued in Washington, DC on August 29, 2003.

# James J. Ballough,

Director, Flight Standards Service.

# Adoption of the Amendment

■ Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, part 97 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 97) is amended by establishing, amending, suspending, or revoking Standard Instrument Approach Procedures, effective at 0901 UTC on the dates specified, as follows:

# PART 97—STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 97 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40106, 40113, 40114, 40120, 44502, 44514, 44701, 44719, 44721–44722.

■ 2. Part 97 is amended to read as follows:

# §§ 97.23, 97.25, 97.27, 97.29, 97.31, 97.33, 97.35 [Amended]

By amending: § 97.23 VOR, VOR/ DME, VOR or TACAN, and VOR/DME or TACAN; § 97.25 LOC, LOC/DME, LDA, LDA/DME, SDF, SDF/DME; § 97.27 NDB, NDB/DME; § 97.29 ILS, ILS/DME, ISMLS, MLS/DME, MLS/ RNAV; § 97.31 RADAR SIAPs; § 97.33 RNAV SIAPs; and § 97.35 COPTER SIAPs, Identified as follows:

<sup>\* \* \*</sup> Effective Upon Publication

FDC date	State	City	Airport	FDC number	Subject
08/15/03	NM	Taos	Taos Regional	3/7388	NDB Rwy 4, Amdt 1
08/15/03	NM	Hobbs	Lea County Regional	3/7444	LOC/DME BC Rwy 21, Amdt 5B
08/15/03	NM	Hobbs	Lea County Regional	3/7445	ILS Rwy 3, Amdt 5A
08/15/03	NM	Hobbs	Lea County Regional	3/7446	VOR/DME or TACAN Rwy 21, Amdt 8A
08/15/03	NM	Hobbs	Lea County Regional	3/7447	GPS Rwy 3, Orig-A
08/15/03	NM	Hobbs	Lea County Regional	3/7448	GPS Rwy 21, Orig-A
08/15/03	NM	Hobbs	Lea County Regional	3/7449	GPS Rwy 30, Orig-A
08/15/03	NM	Hobbs	Lea County Regional	3/7450	VOR or TACAN Rwy 3, Amdt 20A
08/18/03	ТΧ	Lubbock	Lubbock Intl	3/7616	ILS Rwy 26, Amdt 2
08/18/03	ТΧ	Plainview	Hale County	3/7631	VOR Rwy 4, Amdt 9A
08/19/03	NY	Albany	Albany Intl	3/7320	Copter ILS Rwy 1, Orig-B
08/19/03	TN	Smyrna	Smyrna Intl	3/7503	ILS Rwy 32, Amdt 5A
08/19/03	CA	Chico	Chico Muni	3/7641	GPS Rwy 13L, Orig
08/19/03	AK	Ambler	Ambler	3/7644	NDB Rwy 36, Amdt 2
08/20/03	ТΧ	Dallas-Fort Worth	Dallas-Fort Worth Intl	3/7671	NDB Rwy 35C, Amdt 10A
08/20/03	ТΧ	San Angelo	San Angelo Regional/Mathis Field	3/7690	RNAV (GPS) Rwy 3, Orig
08/20/03	ТΧ	Lubbock	Lubbock Intl	3/7691	NDB Rwy 26, Amdt 2A
08/21/03	LA	Slidell	Slidell	3/7731	NDB Rwy 36, Orig-B
08/21/03	LA	Slidell	Slidell	3/7735	NDB Rwy 18, Amdt 1B
08/26/03	VT	Rutland	Rutland State	3/7869	VOR/DME Rwy 19, Orig
08/25/03	ТΧ	Midland	Midland Intl	3/7868	RNAV (GPS) Rwy 10, Orig
08/26/03	SD	Sioux Falls	Joe Foss Field	3/7879	Radar Minimums, Amdt 10
08/26/03	SD	Sioux Falls	Joe Foss Field	3/7877	VOR/DME or TACAN Rwy 33, Amdt 12
08/26/03	SD	Sioux Falls	Joe Foss Field	3/7876	ILS Rwy 21, Amdt 9A
08/26/03	SD	Sioux Falls	Joe Foss Field	3/7874	ILS Rwy 3, Amdt 27A
08/27/03	ОН	Athens (Albany)	Ohio University Snyder Field	3/7924	NDB Rwy 25, Amdt 8A

[FR Doc. 03–22795 Filed 9–9–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

# 17 CFR Part 232

[Release Nos. 33–8255A; 34–48204A; 35– 27700A; 39–2409A; IC–26103A]

## RIN 3235-AG96

# Adoption of Updated EDGAR Filer Manual

**AGENCY:** Securities and Exchange Commission. **ACTION:** Final rule; correction.

**SUMMARY:** This document corrects the IC Release number to a final rule published in the **Federal Register** of July 31, 2003, regarding the Adoption of Updated EDGAR Filer Manual.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Inthe Office of Information Technology, Rick Heroux at (202) 942-8800; for questions concerning Investment Management company filings, Ruth Armfield Sanders, Senior Special Counsel, or Shaswat K. Das, Senior Counsel, Division of Investment Management, at (202) 942-0978; and for questions concerning Corporation Finance company filings, Herbert Scholl, Office Chief, EDGAR and Information Analysis, Division of Corporation Finance, at (202) 942–2940. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In FR Document No. 03–19087 beginning on page 44876 for Thursday, July 31, 2003, the IC Release number was incorrectly stated. The correct number is IC-26103.

Dated: September 4, 2003. **Margaret H. McFarland,**  *Deputy Secretary.* [FR Doc. 03–22980 Filed 9–9–03; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 8010-01–P** 

# DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

# **Drug Enforcement Administration**

## 21 CFR Part 1308

[Docket No. DEA-246F]

Schedules of Controlled Substances: Extension of Temporary Placement of N-Benzylpiperazine (BZP), 1-(3-Trifluoromethylphenyl)piperazine (TFMPP) and 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)propylthiophenethylamine (2C-T-7) in Schedule I of the Controlled Substances Act

**AGENCY:** Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), Justice. ACTION: Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This final rule is issued by the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) to extend the temporary scheduling of Nbenzylpiperazine (BZP), 1-(3trifluoromethylphenyl) piperazine (TFMPP) and 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)propylthiophenethylamine (2C-T-7) in Schedule I of the Controlled Substances Act (CSA). The temporary scheduling of BZP, TFMPP and 2C-T-7 is due to expire on September 19, 2003. This document will extend the temporary scheduling of BZP, TFMPP and 2C-T-7 to March 19, 2004 or until rulemaking proceedings are completed, whichever occurs first.

EFFECTIVE DATES: September 10, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Frank Sapienza, Drug and Chemical Evaluation Section, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration, Washington, DC 20537, Telephone: (202) 307–7183.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On September 20, 2002, the Deputy Administrator of the DEA published two separate final rules in the Federal Register (67 FR 59161 and 67 FR 59163) amending §1308.11(g) of title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations to temporarily place BZP, TFMPP and 2C-T-7 into Schedule I of the CSA pursuant to the temporary scheduling provisions of 21 U.S.C. 811(h). These final rules, which became effective on the date of publication, were based on findings by the Deputy Administrator that the temporary scheduling of BZP, TFMPP and 2C-T-7 was necessary to avoid an imminent hazard to the public safety. Section 201(h)(2) of the CSA (21 U.S.C. 811(h)(2)) requires that the temporary scheduling of a substance expire at the end of one year from the date of issuance of the order. However, during the pendency of proceedings under 21 U.S.C. 811(a)(1) with respect to the substance, temporary scheduling of that substance may be extended for up to six months. Proceedings for the scheduling of a substance under 21 U.S.C. 811(a) may be initiated by the Attorney General (delegated to the Administrator of the DEA pursuant to 28 CFR 0.100) on his own motion, at the request of the Secretary of Health and Human Services, or on the petition of any interested party. Such proceedings regarding BZP, TFMPP and 2C-T-7 have been initiated by the Administrator of the DEA.

The DEA has gathered and reviewed the available information regarding the pharmacology, chemistry, trafficking, actual abuse, pattern of abuse and the

relative potential for abuse for BZP, TFMPP and 2C-T-7. The Administrator has submitted these data to the Assistant Secretary for Health, Department of Health and Human Services. In accordance with 21 U.S.C. 811(b), the Administrator has also requested a scientific and medical evaluation and a scheduling recommendation for BZP, TFMPP and 2C-T-7 from the Assistant Secretary for Health. Therefore, the temporary scheduling of BZP, TFMPP and 2C-T-7 which is due to expire on September 19, 2003, may be extended until March 19, 2004, or until proceedings initiated in accordance with 21 U.S.C. 811(a) are completed, whichever occurs first.

Pursuant to U.S.C. 811(h)(2) the Administrator hereby orders that the temporary scheduling of BZP, TFMPP and 2C-T-7 be extended until March 19, 2004, or until the proceedings initiated in accordance with 21 U.S.C. 811(a) are completed, whichever occurs first.

The Administrator of the DEA hereby certifies that extension of the temporary placement of BZP, TFMPP and 2C-T-7 in Schedule I of the CSA will have no significant impact upon entities whose interests must be considered under the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.* This action involves the extension of temporary control of substances with no currently accepted medical use in the United States.

The six-month extension of BZP, TFMPP, and 2C-T-7 in Schedule I of the CSA is not a significant regulatory action for the purposes of Executive Order (E.O.) 12866 of September 30, 1993. Drug scheduling matters are not subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) pursuant to the provisions of E.O. 12866, section 3(d)(1). This action responds to an emergency situation posing an imminent hazard to the public safety and is essential to the criminal law enforcement function of the United States.

This action has been analyzed in accordance with the principles and criteria in Executive Order 13132, and it has been determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

Dated: September 2, 2003.

# Karen P. Tandy,

Administrator.

[FR Doc. 03–22964 Filed 9–9–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–09–P