GEORGIA

Camden County

Greyfield, (Cumberland Island National Seashore MRA) Cumberland Island, Camden, 03000675

Early County

Bank of Jakin, 135 S. Pearl St., Jakin, 03000678

Fulton County

Howell Interlocking Historic District, Roughly centered on Howell Interlocking at Marietta, W. Marietta Sts., Howell Mill Rd. and Lowery Blvd., Atlanta, 03000676

Thomas County

East End Historic District (Boundary Increase and Decrease), Roughly bounded by Metcalf Ave., Simeon St., Grady St., and East Loomis St., Thomasville, 03000677

Worth County

Poulan Library, S side of 100 blk. of Church St., Poulan, 03000679

LOUISIANA

St. James Parish

Chauvin House, (Louisiana's French Creole Architecture MPS) 10138 LA 44, Convent, 03000681

West Feliciana Parish

Star Hill Plantation Dependency, 5018 U.S. 61, Star Hill, 03000680

MASSACHUSETTS

Middlesex County

- Flint House, 28 Lexington Rd., Lincoln, 03000684
- Robbins, John, House, 144 Great Rd., Acton, 03000682

Worcester County

- North Avenue Rural Historic District, 85–147 North Ave., 6–8 Trask Rd., 4–16 Hopedale St., Mendon, 03000683
- Spencer Town Center Historic District (Boundary Increase), 10–29 Grove, 1–51 High, 9–85 Mechanic,13–72 Pleasant, 5–62 Wall Sts., and parts of Prouty, Lincoln, Cherry and Jones St., Spencer, 03000685

MICHIGAN

Kent County

American Seating Company Factory Complex, 801 Broadway Ave. NW., Grand Rapids, 03000687

MISSISSIPPI

Attala County

Storer House, 300 N. Huntington St., Kosciusko, 03000688

Panola County

Batesville Historic District, Roughly along Panola Ave., Boothe, Court, Church, Central, Kyle, Baker and Lester Sts., Batesville, 03000686

MONTANA

Lewis and Clark County

Benton Avenue Cemetery, 1800 N. Benton Ave., Helena, 03000689

NEW MEXICO

Santa Fe County

Schmidt, Albert, House and Studio, 1505 A and B Bishop's Lodge Rd., Tesuque, 03000691

NEW YORK

Ontario County

Barden, Levi, Cobblestone Farmhouse, (Cobblestone Architecture of New York State MPS) 5300 Wabash Rd., Seneca, 03000690

OREGON

Benton County

Corvallis High School, 836 NW 11th St., Corvallis, 03000692

Washington County

Waggener, JS and Melinda, Farmstead, 34680 SE Firdale Rd., Cornelius, 03000693

SOUTH CAROLINA

Spartanburg County

Bush House, 3960 New Cut Rd., Inman, 03000695

TENNESSEE

Anderson County

Briceville Community Church and Cemetery, TN 116, Briceville, 03000697

Sevier County

New Salem Baptist Church, (Rural African-American Churches in Tennessee MPS) 601 Eastgate Rd., Sevierville, 03000696

WISCONSIN

Dane County

East End Historic District, 7002–7016 Hubbard Ave., 1812–1916 Park St. (even only) 7002–7227, 7233, 7235, 7237 Elmwood Ave., Middleton, 03000699

Eau Claire County

Carson Park Baseball Stadium, Carson Park Dr., Carson Park, Eau Claire, 03000698

[FR Doc. 03–17267 Filed 7–8–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4312–51–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Intent to Repatriate Cultural Items: U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, Albuquerque, NM

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.8 (f), of the intent to repatriate cultural items in the possession of the U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, Albuquerque, NM, that meet the definitions of sacred objects and cultural patrimony under 25 U.S.C. 3001.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003 (d)(3). The determinations within this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of the cultural items. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations within this notice.

The 44 cultural items are 9 anthropomorphic kachina figures, 1 anthropomorphic figure in a cradle and 1 companion anthropomorphic figure, 1 stone anthropomorphic figure with turquoise eyes and shell mouth, 3 stone figures, 1 wooden arrow shaft approximately 8 inches long and wrapped with string and plant material, 3 wooden arrow shafts, 2 medicine wands, 5 hair ties with eagle and migratory bird feathers, 1 prayer stick with turkey feathers, 3 dance rattles, 5 headpieces or tablitas, 1 altar piece, 1 red-shafted flicker feather, 2 flint tools, 1 woven cotton sash, 2 woven shawls or mantas with embroidery, and 2 silver pins used with mantas.

During 1999 and 2000, the U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, Albuquerque, NM, participated in an undercover investigation of several individuals believed to be engaged in the illegal trafficking of Native American cultural items. Federal agents purchased or seized several cultural items as part of the investigation. On September 10, 2002, Joshua Baer and Thomas Cavaliere each pled guilty to three counts of illegal trafficking of Native American cultural items obtained in violation of 18 U.S.C. 1170 (b). On January 3 and February 12, 2003, the U.S. District Court for the District of New Mexico ordered that all items seized during the investigation be forfeited to the U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, Albuquerque, NM, and repatriated to the culturally affiliated Indian tribes. The 44 cultural items are part of the items forfeited to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

The U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, Albuquerque, NM, prepared a summary of the cultural items obtained during the investigation. The U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, Albuquerque, NM, also consulted with representatives of the Hopi Tribe of Arizona; Navajo Nation, Arizona, New Mexico & Utah; Pueblo of Acoma, New Mexico; Pueblo of Jemez, New Mexico; Pueblo of Laguna, New Mexico; Pueblo of Santo Domingo, New Mexico; and Zuni Tribe of the Zuni Reservation, New Mexico.

Representatives of the Pueblo of Jemez, New Mexico identified the 44 cultural items as ceremonial objects needed for the practice of traditional religion. They identified the anthropomorphic kachina figures as being kept in individuals' homes as spiritual guardians. They identified the tablitas and hair ties as being worn in particular religious ceremonies. They identified one of the flint tools as having been stolen from the Flint Society House during a break-in. The representatives of the Pueblo of Jemez, New Mexico identified all 44 cultural items as the communal property of the pueblo as a whole that could not be sold or given away by an individual.

Officials of the U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, Albuquerque, NM, have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (3)(C), the 44 cultural items are specific ceremonial objects needed by traditional Native American religious leaders for the practice of traditional Native American religion by their present-day adherents. Officials of the U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, Albuquerque, NM, have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (3)(D), the 44 cultural items also have ongoing historical, traditional, or cultural importance central to a Native American group or culture itself, rather than property owned by an individual. Officials of the U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement. Albuquerque, NM, also have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (2), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the 44 sacred objects/objects of cultural patrimony and the Pueblo of Jemez, New Mexico.

Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with the sacred objects/objects of cultural patrimony should contact Special Agent Lucinda D. Schroeder, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 4901 Paseo Del Norte, Albuquerque, NM 87113, telephone (505) 828-3064, before August 8, 2003. Repatriation of the sacred objects/objects of cultural patrimony to the Pueblo of Jemez, New Mexico may proceed after that date if no additional claimants come forward. The U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, Albuquerque, NM, is responsible for notifying the Hopi Tribe of Arizona; Navajo Nation, Arizona, New Mexico & Utah; Pueblo of Acoma, New Mexico; Pueblo of Jemez, New Mexico; Pueblo of Laguna, New Mexico; Pueblo of Santo Domingo, New Mexico; and Zuni Tribe of the Zuni Reservation, New Mexico that this notice has been published.

Dated: June 11, 2003.

John Robbins,

Assistant Director, Cultural Resources. [FR Doc. 03–17269 Filed 7–8–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–70–S

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Intent to Repatriate Cultural Items: U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, Albuquerque, NM

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.8 (f), of the intent to repatriate cultural items in the possession of the U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, Albuquerque, NM, that meet the definitions of sacred objects and cultural patrimony under 25 U.S.C. 3001.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003 (d)(3). The determinations within this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of the cultural items. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations within this notice.

The 45 cultural items are 1 cougar foot; 1 small eagle feather; 2 bundles of eagle feathers wrapped in cotton calico and kept in a leather pouch; 7 hair ties with eagle feathers; 1 gourd rattle; 8 wooden talking prayer sticks with eagle feathers; 4 miniature bows with feathers; 4 carved wooden snakes; 2 stone talking sticks wrapped in colored yarn; 1 deerskin bag containing several bags of herbs and a memory aid; 1 deerskin bag containing several bags of herbs, stones, a bandolier adorned with eagle and hawk talons and toes from mammals, and reeds and sticks adorned with migratory bird feathers; 1 leather bag containing 2 talking prayer sticks with eagle and turkey feathers, and 5 hair ties with eagle feathers; 1 bag containing stones, bags of herbs, and beads; 1 medicine bundle containing herbs; 1 bundle of rattles and talking prayer sticks; 2 stone axes or chamajillas; and 7 bull-roarers.

During 1999 and 2000, the U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, Albuquerque, NM, participated in an undercover investigation of several individuals believed to be engaged in the illegal trafficking of Native American cultural items. Federal agents purchased or seized several cultural items as part of the investigation. On September 10, 2002, Joshua Baer and Thomas Cavaliere each pled guilty to three counts of illegal trafficking of Native American cultural items obtained in violation of 18 U.S.C. 1170 (b). On January 3 and February 12, 2003, the U.S. District Court for the District of New Mexico ordered that all items seized during the investigation be forfeited to the U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, Albuquerque, NM, and repatriated to the culturally affiliated Indian tribes. The 45 cultural items are part of the items forfeited to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

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Representatives of the Navajo Nation, Arizona, New Mexico & Utah identified all 45 cultural items as ceremonial objects needed for the practice of traditional Navajo religion by presentday adherents. They identified the seven bull-roarers as needed for practice of the Holy Way ceremony. They identified the two chamajillas as ≥monster slayer's clubs≥ that are part of a medicine man's bundle. They identified the hair ties as being worn during particular religious ceremonies such as the Holy Way. They identified the two bundles of eagle feathers as needed for the practice of the Holy Way ceremony. They identified the four