the heading of this document. A copy of the document and received comments are available for public examination in the Dockets Management Branch between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

## **III. Electronic Access**

Persons with access to the Internet may obtain the document at either http:/ /www.fda.gov/cber/guidelines.htm or http://www.fda.gov/ohrms/dockets/ default.htm.

Dated: March 27, 2003.

#### Jeffrey Shuren,

Assistant Commissioner for Policy. [FR Doc. 03–8167 Filed 4–3–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–S

# DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-4809-N-14]

## Federal Property Suitable as Facilities To Assist the Homeless

**AGENCY:** Office of the Assistant Secretary for Community Planning and Development, HUD

#### **ACTION:** Notice

**SUMMARY:** This Notice identifies unutilized, underutilized, excess, and surplus Federal property reviewed by HUD for suitability for possible use to assist the homeless.

#### DATES: April 4, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mark Johnston, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Room 7262, 451 Seventh Street SW., Washington, DC 20410; telephone (202) 708–1234; TTY number for the hearing- and speech-impaired (202) 708–2565, (these telephone numbers are not toll-free), or call the toll-free Title V information line at 1–800–927–7588.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with the December 12, 1998 court order in National Coalition for the Homeless v. Veterans Administration, No. 88–2503–OG (D.D.C.), HUD publishes a Notice, on a weekly basis, identifying unutilized, underutilized, excess and surplus Federal buildings and real property that HUD has reviewed for suitability for use to assist the homeless. Today's Notice is for the purpose of announcing that no additional properties have been determined suitable or unsuitable this week. Dated: March 27, 2003. John D. Garrity, Director, Office of Special Needs Assistance Programs. [FR Doc. 03–7857 Filed 4–3–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4210–29–M

# DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## **Fish and Wildlife Service**

Draft Environmental Assessment and Receipt of an Application for an Incidental Take Permit for the Mayhoffer/Singletree Trail, Boulder County, CO

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of availability and receipt of application.

SUMMARY: Boulder County Parks and Open Space Department (Applicant) has applied to the Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) for an Incidental Take Permit pursuant to section 10(a)(1)(B) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act). The permit would authorize the incidental take of Preble's meadow jumping mouse (Zapus hudsonius preblei) ("Preble's"), Federally listed as threatened, and loss and modification of its habitat associated with the construction and use of a multiple use trail on the Mayhoffer/Singletree Property, located near the Town of Superior, in unincorporated Boulder County. The permit would be in effect for 10 years from the date of issuance, to allow for construction of the proposed project and all associated mitigation activities.

We announce the receipt of the Applicant's Incidental Take Permit application that includes a combined proposed Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP) and Environmental Assessment (EA) for the Preble's on the Mayhoffer/ Singletree property. The proposed HCP/ EA is available for public comment. It fully describes the proposed project and the measures the Applicant would undertake to minimize and mitigate project impacts to the Preble's.

The Service requests comments on the HCP/EA for the proposed issuance of an Incidental Take Permit. We provide this notice pursuant to section 10(a) of the Act and National Environmental Policy Act regulations (40 CFR 1506.6). All comments on the HCP and permit application will become part of the administrative record and will be available to the public.

**DATES:** Written comments on the permit application, HCP, and EA should be received on or before June 3, 2003.

**ADDRESSES:** Comments regarding the permit application and HCP/EA should be addressed to LeRoy Carlson, Field Supervisor, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Colorado Field Office, 755 Parfet Street, Suite 361, Lakewood, Colorado 80215.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Ms. Kathleen Linder, Fish and Wildlife Biologist, Colorado Field Office, telephone (303) 275–2370.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## Document Availability

Individuals wishing copies of the HCP/EA and associated documents for review should immediately contact the above office. Documents also will be available for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the Lakewood, Colorado, Field Office (*see* ADDRESSES above).

#### Background

Section 9 of the Act and Federal regulation prohibit the "take" of a species listed as endangered or threatened. Take is defined under the Act, in part, as to kill, harm, or harass a Federally listed species. However, the Service may issue permits to authorize "incidental take" of listed species under limited circumstances. Incidental Take is defined under the Act as take of a listed species that is incidental to, and not the purpose of, the carrying out of an otherwise lawful activity under limited circumstances. Regulations governing permits for threatened species are promulgated in 50 CFR 17.32.

The Applicant plans to develop a multiple-use trail on the Mayhoffer/ Singletree property in the vicinity of Coal Creek near Superior, Boulder County, Colorado, within portions of the property that may constitute habitat for the Preble's. Of the 32 hectares (80 acres) of potential Preble's habitat on the Mayhoffer/Singletree property, the project would impact a total of 0.27 hectare (0.67 acre) of potential Preble's habitat permanently and 0.34 hectare (0.85 acre) temporarily during construction. This reach of the Coal Creek corridor is considered to be viable Preble's habitat by the Service. Preble's have been found near this creek in 1999, approximately 0.8 kilometer (0.5 mile) upstream from the proposed project area, along the Hake Ditch running north of the creek. As discussed below, the Applicant proposes a number of measures to mitigate possible impacts of the proposed action.

Alternatives considered were—no action; alternative trail alignment, which would have taken the trail through a large prairie dog colony and an important raptor conservation area; and the preferred alternative, with the alignment and mitigation per the proposed HCP. None of these alternatives, except no action, eliminated potential take of Preble's.

To mitigate impacts that may result from incidental take, the HCP provides for the following mitigation: All temporarily impacted areas resulting from trail construction will be mitigated onsite at a minimum of 1.5:1 ratio by replanting these areas into similar native vegetation to what existed prior to trail construction. Primarily, these areas are currently in weedy vegetation and will, instead, be planted back into native grasses. Shrub habitat will be replaced with identical native shrub species. Additional mitigation activities for temporary take will include weed control at a ratio of 8:1 onsite. Mitigation activities for permanent take will be in the form of weed control at a ratio of 15:1 and also will occur onsite.

The County is committed to providing the necessary staff time and resources to support the implementation of the HCP/ EA and currently has adequate staff to do so.

This notice is provided pursuant to section 10(c) of the Act. We will evaluate the permit application, the HCP, and comments submitted therein to determine whether the application meets the requirements of section 10(a) of the Act. If it is determined that those requirements are met, a permit will be issued for the incidental take of the Preble's in conjunction with the construction and use of the proposed trail. The final permit decision will be made no sooner than 60 days from the date of this notice.

Dated: March 11, 2003.

## John A. Blankenship,

Deputy Regional Director, Denver, Colorado. [FR Doc. 03–8197 Filed 4–3–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-55-P

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## Fish and Wildlife Service

RIN 1018-AH86

## Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) for the Florida Manatees; Incidental Take Rule Under the Marine Mammal Protection Act During Specified Activities

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

**SUMMARY:** We, the Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), announce the

availability of the FEIS that assesses effects from proposing regulations to authorize the incidental, unintentional take of small numbers of Florida manatees (*Trichechus manatus latirostris*) resulting from government activities related to watercraft and watercraft access facilities within three regions of Florida for the next five years. This FEIS analyzes the environmental and socioeconomic consequences of the proposed action, and alternatives to the proposed action, as required under section 102(2)(c) of the National Environmental Policy Act.

DATES: The Fish and Wildlife Service will execute a Record of Decision based on the FEIS, no sooner than May 3, 2003, or 30 days after the date of publication of this Notice of Availability in the Federal Register, and after publication of the related notice by the Environmental Protection Agency. **ADDRESSES:** Information regarding this FEIS is available in alternative formats upon request. Comments and materials received on the proposed EIS, as well as supporting documentation used in the preparation of this FEIS, will be available for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday through Friday at the Jacksonville Field Office, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 6620 Southpoint Drive, South, Suite 310, Jacksonville, Florida 32216. You may obtain copies of this document online at http://northflorida.fws.gov, by electronic mail request to *manatee@fws.gov* or by calling Chuck Underwood of the Jacksonville Field Office at (904) 232–2580 (extension 109).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

The MMPA of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1361-1407) sets a general moratorium, with certain exceptions, on the taking and importation of marine mammals and marine mammal products and makes it unlawful for any person to take, possess, transport, purchase, sell, export, or offer to purchase, sell, or export, any marine mammal or marine mammal product unless authorized. "Take" as defined by the MMPA and its implementing regulations (50 CFR part 18) means "to harass, hunt, capture, collect, or kill, or attempt to harass, hunt, capture, collect, or kill any marine mammal, including, without limitation, any of the following-the collection of dead animals or parts thereof; the restraint or detention of a marine mammal, no matter how temporary; tagging a marine mammal; or the negligent or intentional operation of an aircraft or vessel, or the

doing of any other negligent or intentional act which results in the disturbing or molesting of a marine mammal."

"Harassment" is defined under the MMPA as, "any act of pursuit, torment, or annoyance which—(i) has the potential to injure a marine mammal or marine mammal stock in the wild; or (ii) has the potential to disturb a marine mammal or marine mammal stock in the wild by causing disruption of behavioral patterns, including, but not limited to, migration, breathing, nursing, breeding, feeding, or sheltering."

The prohibitions on take apply to all persons, including Federal, State, and local government agencies with the exception of humane taking (including euthanasia) by government officials while engaged in their official duties, if such taking is (1) for the protection or welfare of a marine mammal; (2) for the protection of the public health and welfare; or (3) the non-lethal removal of nuisance animals. When feasible, steps designed to ensure return of such animals to their natural habitat, if not killed in the course of such taking, must be implemented (16 U.S.C. 1379(h)).

Section 101(a)(5)(A) of the MMPA allows the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, through the Director of the Service, upon request, to authorize by specific regulation the incidental, unintentional take of small numbers of marine mammals by U.S. citizens engaged in specific identified activities (other than commercial fishing) within specific geographic areas. This is the mechanism by which incidental, but not intentional, take of small numbers of marine mammals may be authorized in accordance with Federal law for activities other than commercial fishing if certain findings are made and regulations are enacted pursuant to 50 CFR 18.27. The Director must find that the total of such taking during the specified time period (which cannot be more than five consecutive years) will have no more than a negligible impact on the species or stock and will not have an unmitigable impact on the availability of such species or stock for subsistence uses. The subsistence provision is not applicable to Florida manatees

The regulations implementing the MMPA define negligible impact as an impact resulting from the specified activity that cannot be reasonably expected to, and is not reasonably likely to, adversely affect the species or stock through effects on annual rates of recruitment or survival (50 CFR 18.27(c)). If negligible impact findings are made, we establish specific regulations identifying permissible