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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Rural Business-Cooperative Service

Rural Housing Service

Rural Utilities Service

Farm Service Agency

7 CFR Part 1940

RIN 0570-AA30

Methodology and Formulas for Allocation of Loan and Grant Program Funds

AGENCY: Rural Business-Cooperative Service, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Rural Business-Cooperative Service (RBS) is amending the regulations for allocating program funds to its State Offices. This action is needed to add the Rural Business Opportunity Grant (RBOG) Program and update the formulas used for the Rural Business Enterprise Grant (RBEG) and Business and Industry (B&I) Guaranteed and Direct Loan programs. The intended effect of this action is to update the formula used for allocating B&I and RBEG funds among State Offices and provide a regulatory formula for allocating RBOG funds.

EFFECTIVE DATE: April 25, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Diane Berger, Loan Specialist, Specialty Lenders Division, Rural Business-Cooperative Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, STOP 3225, Room 6868, 1400 Independence Ave. SW., Washington, DC 20250-3225, Telephone (202) 720-2383. The TTD number is (800) 877-8339 or (202) 708-9300.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Classification

This rule has been determined to be not-significant and has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget.

Programs Affected

The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance numbers for the programs impacted by this action are 10.773, Rural Business Opportunity Grants; 10.769, Rural Business Enterprise Grants; and 10.768, Business and Industry loans.

Intergovernmental Consultation

The Programs listed are subject to the provisions of Executive Order 12372 which requires intergovernmental consultation with state and local officials.

Paperwork Reduction Act

There are no reporting and recordkeeping requirements associated with this final rule.

Executive Order 13132

The policies contained in this rule do not have any substantial direct effect on states, on the relationship between the national government and the states, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Nor does this rule impose substantial direct compliance costs on state and local governments. This rule is intended to foster cooperation between the Federal Government and the states and local governments, and reduces, where possible, any regulatory burden imposed by the Federal Government that impedes the ability of states and local governments to solve pressing economic, social and physical problems in their state.

Civil Justice Reform

This final rule has been reviewed under Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. In accordance with this rule: (1) All state and local laws and regulations that are in conflict with this rule will be preempted; (2) no retroactive effect will be given this rule; and (3) administrative proceedings in accordance with the regulations of the Agency at 7 CFR part 11 must be exhausted before bringing suit in court challenging action taken under this rule, unless those regulations specifically allow bringing suit at an earlier time.

Environmental Impact Statement

This document has been reviewed in accordance with 7 CFR part 1940, subpart G, "Environmental Program." RBS has determined that this action does not constitute a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment, and, in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, Pub. L. 91-190, an Environmental Impact Statement is not required.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

Title II of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (UMRA) establishes requirements for Federal agencies to assess the effects of their regulatory actions on state, local, and tribal governments and the private sector. Under section 202 of the UMRA, RBS must prepare a written statement, including a cost-benefit analysis, for proposed and final rules with "Federal mandates" that may result in expenditures to state, local or tribal governments, in the aggregate, or to the private sector, of \$100 million or more in any 1 year. When such a statement is needed for a rule, section 205 of the UMRA generally requires RBS to identify and consider a reasonable number of regulatory alternatives and adopt the least costly, more cost-effective, or least burdensome alternative that achieves the objectives of the rule.

This rule contains no Federal mandates (under the regulatory provisions of title II of the UMRA) for state, local, and tribal governments or the private sector. Thus this rule is not subject to the requirements of sections 202 and 205 of the UMRA.

Background

RBS is amending its regulations for allocating program funds among its State Offices. This action is necessary to provide a regulatory basis for allocating funds for a new program, RBOG. Also, adjustments need to be made in the formulas for allocating RBEG and B&I funds to reflect current policies and to add that one of the factors used for RBEG is the State percentage of national rural population with income below the poverty level.

Discussion of Comments

This rule was published in the **Federal Register** as a proposed rule on

August 3, 2000 (65 FR 47695) with public comments invited through October 2, 2000. No comments were received.

List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 1940

Administrative practice and procedure, Agriculture, Allocations, Grant programs—Housing and community development, Loan programs—Agriculture, Rural areas.

Therefore, chapter XVIII, title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, is amended as follows:

PART 1940—GENERAL

1. The authority citation for part 1940 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301, 7 U.S.C. 1989, 42 U.S.C. 1480.

Subpart L—Methodology and Formulas for Allocation of Loan and Grant Program Funds

2. Amend section 1940.588 by removing paragraph (k) and revising the heading and paragraphs (d), (g), (h), and (j) to read as follows:

§ 1940.588 Business and Industry Guaranteed and Direct Loans.

* * * * *

(d) *Transition formula.* The transition formula is not used for B&I Guaranteed and Direct Loans.

* * * * *

(g) *Reserve.* See § 1940.552(g). States may request reserve funds from the B&I reserve when all of the state allocation has been obligated or will be obligated to the project for which the request is made.

(h) *Pooling of funds.* See § 1940.552(h). Funds are pooled near fiscal year-end. Pooled funds will be placed in a reserve and made available on a priority basis to all States.

* * * * *

(j) *Suballocation by the State Director.* Suballocation by the State Director is authorized for this program.

3. Amend section 1940.589 by removing paragraph (k) and revising paragraphs (b)(1)(ii), (g), and (h) to read as follows:

§ 1940.589 Rural Business Enterprise Grants.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(1) * * *

(ii) State's percentage of national rural population with incomes below the poverty level—25 percent.

* * * * *

(g) *Reserve.* See § 1940.552(g).

(h) *Pooling of funds.* See § 1940.552(h). Funds are pooled near

fiscal year-end. Pooled funds will be placed in the National Office reserve and will be made available administratively.

* * * * *

4. Add section 1940.593 to read as follows:

§ 1940.593 Rural Business Opportunity Grants.

(a) *Amount available for allocations.* See § 1940.552(a).

(b) *Basic formula criteria, data source, and weight.* See § 1940.552(b).

(1) The criteria used in the basic formula are:

(i) State's percentage of national rural population—50 percent.

(ii) State's percentage of national rural population with incomes below the poverty level—25 percent.

(iii) State's percentage of national nonmetropolitan unemployment—25 percent.

(2) The data source for each criterion is based on the latest census data available. The percentage representing each criterion is multiplied by the weight factor and added to arrive at a State Factor (SF). The SF cannot exceed .05.

$$SF = (\text{criterion (b)(1)(i)} \times 50 \text{ percent}) + (\text{criterion (b)(1)(ii)} \times 25 \text{ percent}) + (\text{criterion (b)(1)(iii)} \times 25 \text{ percent})$$

(c) *Basic formula allocation.* See § 1940.552(c).

(d) *Transition formula.* The transition formula is not used for Rural Business Opportunity Grants (RBOG).

(e) *Base allocation.* See § 1940.552(e).

(f) *Administrative allocation.* The administrative allocation is not used for RBOG.

(a) *Reserve.* See § 1940.552(g).

(h) *Pooling of funds.* See § 1940.552(h). Funds are pooled near fiscal year-end. Pooled funds will be placed in the National Office reserve and will be made available administratively.

(i) *Availability of the allocation.* See § 1940.552(i). The allocation of funds is made available to States on an annual basis.

(j) *Suballocation by the State Director.* Suballocation by the State Director is authorized for this program.

Dated: March 17, 2003.

Thomas C. Dorr,

Under Secretary, Rural Development.

[FR Doc. 03-7237 Filed 3-25-03; 8:45 am]

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NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

10 CFR Parts 70, 71, and 73

RIN 3150-AH09

Filing and Notification Requirements for the Shipments of Certain Radioactive Materials

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is amending its regulations to revise filing and advance notification requirements for the shipments of certain radioactive materials. These amendments are necessary to reflect the recent organizational and administrative changes within NRC and to inform the public and licensees of these changes.

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 26, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, CONTACT:

Kim Karcagi, Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, telephone (301) 415-6701, e-mail: kxk2@nrc.gov, or Philip Brochman, Office of Nuclear Security and Incident Response, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, telephone (301) 415-6557, e-mail: PGB@nrc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In 1995, NRC transferred responsibility for receiving advance notification of shipments of certain licensed radioactive material from the Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards (NMSS), Division of Industrial and Medical Nuclear Safety, and NRC Regional Administrators, to the Spent Fuel Project Office (SFPO) in NMSS. On January 25, 2002, NRC issued a final rule (67 FR 3584) that amended the regulations in 10 CFR Parts 1, 20, 34, 70, 71, 72, and 73, to reflect these and other changes. On April 2, 2002, the Commission created the Office of Nuclear Security and Incident Response (NSIR). The Division of Nuclear Security (DNS) within NSIR was assigned the responsibility for receiving advance notifications, under Parts 70, 71, and 73, for shipments of certain radioactive materials. Accordingly, licensees should address these advance notifications to the DNS, rather than the SFPO. This final rule will inform licensees and the public of these organizational changes.

Because these minor amendments only reflect organizational changes, the notice and comment provisions of the Administrative Procedures Act do not