stamped and returned to the commenter.

The regulations adopted herein will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this final rule does not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

The FAA has determined that this regulation is an emergency regulation that must be issued immediately to correct an unsafe condition in aircraft, and that it is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866. It has been determined further that this action involves an emergency regulation under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979). If it is determined that this emergency regulation otherwise would be significant under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures, a final regulatory evaluation will be prepared and placed in the Rules Docket. A copy of it, if filed, may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

#### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

## Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

## PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

## § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding a new airworthiness directive to read as follows:

**2002–09–51 Bell Helicopter Textron, Inc.:** Amendment 39–12839. Docket No. 2002–SW–24–AD. Supersedes

Emergency AD 2002–08–53, Docket No. 2002–SW–23–AD.

Applicability: Model 204B, 205A, A–1, and B helicopters, with tail rotor (T/R) grip, part number (P/N) 205–011–711–101, installed, certificated in any category.

**Note 1:** This AD applies to each helicopter identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been otherwise modified, altered, or repaired in

the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For helicopters that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required before further flight, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent failure of the T/R grip and subsequent loss of helicopter control, accomplish the following:

(a) Clean the T/R grip.

(b) Determine if the T/R grip is made of steel by placing a magnet on the exterior of the main body of the T/R grip. Do *not* make this determination by placing the magnet on the steel bushing or steel interior liner. If the main body of the T/R grip is not made of steel, replace it with an airworthy steel T/R grip. Only replacement T/R grips made of steel are eligible for installation.

(c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Rotorcraft Certification Office, FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may concur or comment and then send it to the Manager, Rotorcraft Certification Office.

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with 14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199 to operate the helicopter to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(e) This amendment becomes effective on August 22, 2002, to all persons except those persons to whom it was made immediately effective by Emergency AD 2002–09–51, issued May 9, 2002, which contained the requirements of this amendment.

Issued in Fort Worth, Texas, on July 26, 2002.

#### Eric Bries,

Acting Manager, Rotorcraft Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 02–19875 Filed 8–6–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2001-NM-233-AD; Amendment 39-12785; AD 2002-12-13]

RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 727 Series Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule; correction.

**SUMMARY:** This document corrects an inadvertent error that appeared in airworthiness directive (AD) 2002-12-13 that was published in the Federal Register on June 26, 2002 (67 FR 42985). The inadvertent error resulted in reference to an incorrect address for service information. This AD is applicable to all Boeing Model 727 series airplanes. This AD requires a review of maintenance records or a onetime test to determine if elevator hinge support ribs on the trailing edge of the horizontal stabilizer are made from a certain material, and follow-on repetitive inspections for corrosion or cracking of the elevator hinge support ribs, if necessary. For airplanes with the affected ribs installed, this AD eventually requires replacement of all affected ribs with new, improved ribs. DATES: Effective July 31, 2002.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Technical Information: Duong Tran, Aerospace Engineer, Airframe Branch, ANM–120S, FAA, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone (425) 227–2773; fax (425) 227–1181.

Other Information: Judy Golder, Airworthiness Directive Technical Editor/Writer; telephone (425) 687–4241, fax (425) 227–1232. Questions or comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: judy.golder@faa.gov. Questions or comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Airworthiness Directive (AD) 2002-12-13, amendment 39-12785, applicable to all Boeing Model 727 series airplanes, was published in the Federal Register on June 26, 2002 (67 FR 42985). That AD requires a review of maintenance records or a one-time test to determine if elevator hinge support ribs on the trailing edge of the horizontal stabilizer are made from a certain material, and follow-on repetitive inspections for corrosion or cracking of the elevator hinge support ribs, if necessary. For airplanes with the affected ribs installed, this AD eventually requires replacement of all affected ribs with new, improved ribs.

As published, paragraph (h) of that AD contained an incorrect address for obtaining copies of service information. Paragraph (h) of that AD identifies Airbus Industrie, 1 Rond Point Maurice Bellonte, 31707 Blagnac Cedex, France, as the appropriate address for obtaining copies of service information. However,

the correct address is Boeing

Commercial Airplane Group, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124–2207.

Since no other part of the regulatory information has been changed, the final rule is not being republished in the **Federal Register**.

The effective date of this AD remains July 31, 2002.

#### §39.13 [Corrected]

On page 42989 of AD 2002–12–13, in the third column of paragraph (h) on the fourth line following the table, correct the sentence, "Copies may be obtained from Airbus Industrie, 1 Rond Point Maurice Bellonte, 31707 Blagnac Cedex, France," to read "Copies may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124–2207."

Issued in Renton, Washington, on July 29, 2002.

## Vi L. Lipski,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02–19880 Filed 8–6–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 00-ANM-30]

# Revision to Class D and Class E Airspace, Medford, OR

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action will correct official documents required as a result of a legal name change of the airport from the Medford-Jackson Airport to the Rogue Valley International-Medford Airport. Additionally, this action revises the Class E airspace at Medford, OR, to provide for adequate controlled airspace for those aircraft using the RNAV (GPS) RWY 14 Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP) to Rogue Valley International-Medford Airport located in Medford, OR.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** 0901 UTC, October 3,

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mick Wall, ANM–520.7, Federal Aviation Administration, Docket No. 00–ANM–30, 1601 Lind Avenue S.W., Renton, Washington, 98055–4056; telephone number: (425) 227–2527.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## History

On August 17, 2001, the FAA proposed to amend Title 14 Code of

Federal Regulations, part 71 (14 CFR part 71) by revising Class D and Class E airspace at Medford, OR, (66 FR 43132). In 1992 the official name of the Medford Airport was changed from Medford-Jackson County Airport to Rogue Valley International-Medford Airport. This name change was reflected in a number of publications, but not officially referenced in 14 CFR 71.1. This rule corrects the legal description of airspaces associated with the airport to reflect its current name. Additionally, this rule revises the Class E airspace to provide adequate controlled airspace for aircraft executing the new RNAV (GPS) RWY 14 SIAP. Additional Class E airspace, 700-foot and 1,200 foot controlled airspace, is required to contain aircraft within controlled airspace which are executing IFR approaches to the airport. The intended effort of this rule is designed to revise the airspace's legal descriptions, provide safe and efficient use of the navigable airspace, and enhance/ promote safe flight operations under Īnstrument Flight Rules (IFR) and Visual Flight Rules (VFR) at Rogue Valley International-Medford Airport.

Interested parties were not invited to participate in the rule making proceedings regarding the revision to the Class D airspace or the Class E airspace designated as a surface area, as this is an action to correct official documents resulting from the legal name change of the airport. This is considered an insignificant modification to the airspace description as only the name of the associated airport is changed. The dimensions and effective hours of the Class D airspace Class E 2 surface area were not revised.

#### The Rule

This amendment to 14 CFR part 71 revises the Class D surface area and Class E airspace legal descriptions for Medford, OR. This rule revises the airspace legal descriptions to reflect the current name designation of the Rogue Valley International-Medford Airport, Medford, OR, and provides safe and efficient use of the navigable airspace. It will promote safe flight operations under Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) and Visual Flight Rules (VFR) at Rogue Valley International-Medford Airport. Additionally, this rule will enhance flight operations during the transition between the terminal and en route phase of flight.

The airspace areas will be depicted on aeronautical charts for pilot reference. The coordinates for this airspace docket are based on North American Datum 83. Class D surface airspace areas are published in Paragraph 5000, Class E

Airspace areas designated as surface areas for an airport are published in paragraph 6002, Class E airspace areas designated as extensions to Class D or Class E surface areas are published in Paragraph 6004, and Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth are published in Paragraph 6005, of FAA Order 7400.9J dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class D and Class E airspace designations listed in this document will be published subsequently in the Order.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) is not a "significantly regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

## List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

### Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

## PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

#### §71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9J, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 31, 2001, and effective September 16, 2001, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 5000 Class D Airspace