which the Commission addressed the issues associated with the inability of a Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) to call back a 911 caller who is disconnected prematurely when that caller is using a non-service initialized wireless telephone (non-initialized phone). Non-initialized phones are handsets that are not registered for service with any Commercial Mobile Radio Service carrier and thus lack a dialable number. The R&O may be found at 67 FR 36112, May 23, 2002. The Reconsideration Petition was filed by the Emergency Services Interconnection Forum (ESIF), which also separately filed a Request for Stay (Stay Request) of the effective date (October 1, 2002) for 47 CFR 20.18(l)(1)(i) and (l)(2)(i), adopted in the R&O. The Commission also solicits comment on the Stav Request.

2. Section 20.18(l)(1)(i), requires that licensees donating non-service initialized handsets through carrier-sponsored efforts program those handsets with the code 123–456–7890 as the telephone number/mobile identification number to alert PSAPs that a 911 call is being made from a wireless phone that lacks call-back capability. Further, section 20.18(l)(2)(i) requires that all manufacturers of "911-only" handsets manufactured on or after October 1, 2002, program each handset

with the same code. 3. The Reconsideration Petition notes a solution not raised in the record to address the lack of call-back capability. The proposed solution is based on a technical standard published jointly by the Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA) and ATIS. The standard suggests the use of a wireless handset's Electronic Serial Number (ESN) or International Mobile Station Equipment Identity (IMEI) to create a surrogate number: "911" plus the last seven digits of the ESN or IMEI expressed as a decimal number. According to the Reconsideration Petition, using this surrogate number provides easier identification of the specific phone used in placing a wireless 911 call. Moreover, the surrogate number allegedly permits (1) the PSAP to prevent the misuse of the 9-1-1 system due to repeated harassing calls made on non-initialized phones, and (2) the identification of legitimate

4. The Reconsideration Petition also asserts that ESIF has identified a problem that was not addressed in the record of this proceeding. According to ESIF, the number requirement, 123–456–7890, in the Commission's new rules also serves as a valid International

emergency callers making multiple

Roaming MIN (Mobile Identification Number) ("IRM") range. As a result, the potential impact of the 123–456–7890 code is to remove one million numbers the IRM assignment pool, when IRMs are a finite numbering resource where the first number must be a zero (0) or a one (1).

#### **Administrative Matters**

5. The Commission seeks comment on the issues raised by the Petition and Request. Pursuant to 47 CFR 1.1200(a), this proceeding is designated a "permit but disclose" proceedings and subject to § 1.1206. Ex parte presentations that are made will be allowed but must be disclosed in accordance with the requirements of 47 CFR 1.1206(b).

6. Pursuant to 47 CFR 1.415, 1.419, interested parties may file oppositions to the Request for Stay on or before August 2, 2002. Replies are due August 19, 2002.

7. Pursuant to § 1.429 of the Commission's rules, interested parties may file comments to the Petition for Reconsideration on or before August 2, 2002. Reply comments are due August 19, 2002.

8. Pleadings may be filed using the Commission's Electronic Comment Filing System (ECFS) or by filing paper copies. Comments filed through the ECFS can be sent as an electronic file via the Internet to <a href="http://www.fcc.gov/">http://www.fcc.gov/</a> e-file/ecfs.html>. Generally, only one copy of an electronic submission must be filed. In completing the transmittal screen, filing parties should include their full name, Postal Service mailing address, and the applicable docket or rulemaking number. Parties may also submit an electronic comment by Internet e-mail. To get filing instructions for e-mail comments, parties should send an e-mail to ecfs@fcc.gov, and should include the following words in the body of the message, "get form <your e-mail address>." A sample form and directions will be sent in reply. Parties who choose to file by paper must file an original and four copies of each filing. Filings can be sent by hand or messenger delivery, by commercial overnight courier, or by first-class or overnight U.S. Postal Šervice mail (although we continue to experience delays in receiving U.S. Postal Service mail). The Commission's contractor, Vistronix, Inc., will receive handdelivered or messenger-delivered paper filings for the Commission's Secretary at 236 Massachusetts Avenue, NE., Suite 110, Washington, DC 20002. The filing hours at this location are 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. All hand deliveries must be held together with rubber bands or fasteners. Any envelopes must be disposed of

before entering the building.
Commercial overnight mail (other than U.S. Postal Service Express Mail and Priority Mail) must be sent to 9300 East Hampton Drive, Capitol Heights, MD 20743. U.S. Postal Service first-class mail, Express Mail, and Priority Mail should be addressed to 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554. All filings must be addressed to the Commission's Secretary, Office of the Secretary,

9. Federal Communications
Commission. In addition, a diskette
copy should be sent to the
Commission's copy contractor, Qualex
International, Portals II, 445 12th Street,
SW., Room CY–B402, Washington, DC,
20554, telephone 202–863–2893,
facsimile 202–863–2898, or via e-mail to
qualexint@aol.com.

### List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 20

Communications common carrier, Communications equipment, Radio.

Federal Communications Commission.

## Marlene H. Dortch,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–18047 Filed 7–16–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

## 47 CFR Parts 25 and 101

[FCC 01-323]

Redesignation of the 18 GHz Frequency Band, Blanket Licensing of Satellite Earth Stations in the Ka-band, and the Allocation of Additional Spectrum for Broadcast Satellite-Service Use; Correction

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

**ACTION:** Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: The Commission adopted an order granting in part and denying in part the petitions for reconsideration of the 18 GHz Order filed by various parties. The Commission, among other things, affirmed its basic findings in the 18 GHz Order and addressed a number of issues raised by parties in their reconsideration petitions. Because an error was made in the publication of the final rule, this document contains a correction to the final rule document which was published in the Federal Register on December 7, 2001 (66 FR 63512).

DATES: Effective July 17, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, Secretary, 445 12th Street, SW., Room TW–B204F, Washington, DC 20554. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Peggy Reitzel, Policy Division, International Bureau, (202) 418–1449. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On December 7, 2001 (66 FR 63512), the Federal Register published a summary of the final rule in the above captioned proceeding. Instruction 5 of the rules amended § 25.208 by revising paragraph (c), removing paragraph (d), and redesignating paragraph (e) as paragraph (d) and paragraph (f) as paragraph (e). In redesignating paragraph (e) as paragraph (d), the instructions neglected to revise paragraph (d) of § 25.208(d). This document corrects § 25.208(d).

On page 63515, in the third column, instruction 5 is corrected to read as follows:

5. Section 25.208 is amended by removing paragraph (d), redesignating paragraphs (e) and (f) as paragraphs (d) and (e) and by revising paragraph (c) and newly designated paragraph (d) to read as follows:

## § 25.208 Power flux-density limits.

\* \* \* \* \*

(c) In the 18.3–18.8 GHz, 19.3–19.7 GHz, 22.55–23.00 GHz, 23.00–23.55 GHz, and 24.45–24.75 GHz frequency bands, the power flux-density at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a space station for all conditions for all methods of modulation shall not exceed the following values:

(1) - 115 dB (W/m<sup>2</sup>) in any 1 MHz band for angles of arrival between 0 and 5 degrees above the horizontal plane.

(2) -115 + 0.5 (d–5) dB (W/m<sup>2</sup>) in any 1 MHz band for angles of arrival d (in degrees) between 5 and 25 degrees above the horizontal plane.

(3) -105 dB (W/m $^{2}$ ) in any 1 MHz band for angles of arrival between 25

and 90 degrees above the horizontal plane.

(d) In addition to the limits specified in paragraph (c) of this section, the power flux-density across the 200 MHz band 18.6–18.8 GHz produced at the Earth's surface by emissions from a space station under assumed free-space propagation conditions shall not exceed – 95 dB (W/m²) for all angles of arrival. This limit may be exceeded by up to 3 dB for no more than 5% of the time.

 $Federal\ Communications\ Commission.$ 

Marlene H. Dortch,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02–17993 Filed 7–16–02; 8:45 am]  $\tt BILLING\ CODE\ 6712–01-U$ 

### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

Research and Special Programs Administration

49 CFR Part 195

[Docket No. RSPA-97-2762; Amdt. 195-76] RIN 2137-AD24

Pipeline Safety: Pipeline Integrity Management in High Consequence Areas (Hazardous Liquid Operators With Less Than 500 Miles of Pipelines)

**AGENCY:** Research and Special Programs Administration (RSPA), U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT). **ACTION:** Final rule; correction.

**SUMMARY:** In the **Federal Register** of January 16, 2002, (67 FR 2136) we published a Final Rule extending the regulations on managing the integrity of

hazardous liquid and carbon dioxide pipelines that affect high consequence areas to operators with less than 500 miles of regulated pipelines. Inadvertently, the date after which prior integrity assessments may qualify for use was incorrectly stated. This document corrects that error.

**DATES:** This correction takes effect February 15, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: L. M. Furrow by phone at 202–366–4559, by fax at 202–366–4566, by mail at U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590, or by E-mail at buck.furrow@rspa.dot.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: We published a Final Rule document in the Federal Register of January 16, 2002, (67 FR 2136), extending the regulations on managing the integrity of hazardous liquid and carbon dioxide pipelines that affect high consequence areas to operators with less than 500 miles of regulated pipelines. In § 195.452(d)(2), the date after which prior assessments may qualify for use was incorrectly published as December 18, 2006. The correct date is February 15, 1997.

In FR Doc. 01–31655, published January 16, 2002, (67 FR 2136), make the following correction: On page 2144, correct the table in the second column by removing the date "December 18, 2006" and adding "February 15, 1997", in its place.

Issued in Washington, D.C. on July 12, 2002.

Ellen G. Engleman,

Administrator.

[FR Doc. 02–18033 Filed 7–16–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–60–P