- (19) A list of crewmembers onboard the vessel. The list must include the following information for each person:
 - (i) Full name;
- (ii) Any other name including alias, nickname, maiden name, professional or stage name by which each individual has been known;
 - (iii) Date of birth:
 - (iv) Nationality;
- (v) Passport number or mariners document number (type of identification and number);
- (vi) Position or duties on the vessel;
- (vii) Where the crewmember embarked (list port or place and country);
- (20) A list of persons in addition to the crew onboard the vessel. The list must include the following information for each person:
 - (i) Full name;
 - (ii) Date of birth;
 - (iii) Nationality;
 - (iv) Passport number; and
 - (v) Where the person embarked; and
- (21) Cargo Declaration (Customs Form 1302) as described in 19 CFR 4.7(a).
- (e) You may submit a copy of INS Form I–418 to meet the requirements of paragraphs (d)(19)(i), (d)(19)(iii) through (vi), and (d)(20) of this section.
- (f) Any vessel planning to enter two or more consecutive ports or places in the United States during a single voyage may submit one consolidated Notification of Arrival at least 96 hours before entering the first U.S. port or place of destination. The consolidated notice must include the port name and estimated arrival date for each destination of the voyage. Any vessel submitting a consolidated notice under this section must still meet the requirements of § 160.214 of this part concerning changes to required information.

§ 160.213 [Removed and Reserved]

- 7. Remove § 160.213.
- 8. Add § 160.214 to read as follows:

§ 160.214 Requirements for submitting changes to notice of arrival reports.

- (a) The owner, agent, master, operator, or person in charge of a vessel, other than a barge, that is:
- (1) 96 hours or more away from the vessel's port of destination must report the information in paragraph (d) of this section as soon as practicable but not less than 24 hours before entering the port of destination;
- (2) Less than 96 hours but not less than 24 hours away from the vessel's port of destination must report the information in paragraph (d) of this section as soon as practicable but not

- less than 24 hours before entering the port of destination; or
- (3) Less than 24 hours away from the vessel's port of destination must report the information in paragraph (d) of this section as soon as practicable but no less than 12 hours before entering the port of destination.
- (b) The owner, agent, master, operator, or person in charge of a barge carrying certain dangerous cargo must report the information in paragraph (d) of this section as soon as practicable but not less than 12 hours before entering the port of destination;
- (c) The owner, agent, master, operator, or person in charge of a vessel, other than a barge, carrying certain dangerous cargo and bound for a port or place in the United States that is less than 24 hours away from the vessel's port of destination must report the information in paragraph (d) of this section as soon as practicable but not less than 12 hours before entering the port of destination.
- (d) Each owner, agent, master, operator, or person in charge of a vessel required to report a notice of arrival under §§ 160.207 and 160.211 of this part must submit a notice of change as detailed in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section if any of the required notice of arrival information has changed, except that:
- (1) Changes in arrival or departure time that are less than six (6) hours need not be reported; and
- (2) Changes in vessel position need only be reported when an update is otherwise required.
- (e) When reporting changes do not resubmit the entire NOA report, only report—
- (1) Specific items to be corrected in the submitted NOA report; and
- (2) Include the new location or position of the vessel at the time of reporting changes.

Dated: June 13, 2002.

Paul J. Pluta,

Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, Assistant, Commandant for Marine Safety, Security and Environmental Protection.

[FR Doc. 02–15432 Filed 6–14–02; 1:38 pm]
BILLING CODE 4910–15–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Parts 9, 122, 123, 124, and 125 [FRL-7231-1]

RIN 2040-AD62

Extension of Comment Period for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; Regulations Addressing Cooling Water Intake Structures for Phase II Existing Facilities; Proposed Rule

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Proposed rule; extension of comment period.

SUMMARY: EPA is extending the comment period for the proposed rule addressing cooling water intake structures for Phase II existing facilities. The proposed rule was published in the **Federal Register** on April 9, 2002 (67 FR 17122). The comment period for the proposed rule is extended by 30 days for a total of 120 days, ending on August 7, 2002.

DATES: Comments on the proposed rule will be accepted through August 7, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Send written comments to: Cooling Water Intake Structure (Existing Facilities) Proposed Rule Comment Clerk-W-00-32, Water Docket, Mail Code 4101, EPA, Ariel Rios Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460. Comments delivered in person (including overnight mail) should be submitted to the Cooling Water Intake Structure (Existing Facilities) Proposed Rule Comment Clerk-W-00-32, Water Docket, Room EB 57, 401 M Street, SW., Washington DC 20460. Please submit any references cited in your comments. Submit an original and three copies of your written comments and enclosures. No facsimiles (faxes) will be accepted. In addition to accepting hard-copy written comments, EPA will also accept comments submitted electronically. Electronic comments must be submitted as a Word Perfect 5/6/7/8 or ASCII file and must be submitted to ow-docket@epa.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For additional technical information, contact Debbi D. Hart at (202) 566–6379 or Deborah G. Nagle at (202) 566–1063. For additional economic information, contact Lynne Tudor at (202) 566–1043.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 9, 2002, EPA published proposed regulations addressing cooling water intake structures for existing facilities in the **Federal Register** for public review

and comment (67 FR 17122). The proposal provided for a 90-day comment period, which was scheduled to end on July 8, 2002.

EPA received multiple requests from the potentially regulated community to extend the comment period. In most cases, a general extension of 60 days was requested. In one case, a 30-day comment extension was requested for the proposed rule with an additional 30 days required to prepare comments related to the case studies, economic and benefits assessment, and related portions of the proposed rule. These requests argued that an extension of the comment period was necessary because of the large volume of material associated with the proposed rule, including the extensive rulemaking record; the complexity of the proposal and the need for coordination among multidisciplinary areas of expertise (e.g., economic, scientific, engineering, and legal); the inclusion in the proposal of several innovative concepts, such as trading and mitigation through restoration measures, that require time and effort to comprehend and evaluate; difficulty in accessing several electronic documents contained in the rulemaking record; the amount of time needed to copy all written materials in the record for offsite review; difficulty in ascertaining how various aspects of the record support the proposal; and numerous information requests made by EPA within the proposal (i.e., 88 separate requests for comment solicited from the regulated community). Parties requesting an extension argued that the 90-day comment period was insufficient to fully understand the entire content of the proposal, verify data and calculations associated with the proposal (especially impingement and entrainment losses and correlated benefits), and prepare written

In response to these requests, EPA is extending the comment period by 30 days, through August 7, 2002, because of the complexity and the range of issues raised in the proposal. EPA made copies of the proposed rule and preamble available to potentially regulated industries, States, environmental groups, and the public on March 6, 2002, 34 days prior to publication of the proposed rule and preamble in the Federal Register. EPA believes that 120 days is a sufficient period of time for comment on the proposed rule, especially in light of the prepublication availability of the proposed rule and preamble.

Dated: June 7, 2002.

Diane C. Regas,

Acting Assistant Administrator for Water. [FR Doc. 02–15456 Filed 6–18–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 17 RIN 1018-AG93

Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Critical Habitat Designation for *Sidalcea keckii* (Keck's checkermallow)

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), propose to designate critical habitat pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973 as amended (Act), for *Sidalcea keckii* (Keck's checkermallow). Approximately 438 hectares (ha) (1,085 acres (ac)) are proposed in California, consisting of three separate units: one unit in Fresno County, 206 ha (510 ac), and two units in Tulare County, one of 86 ha (213 ac) and one of 146 ha (362 ac).

Critical habitat receives protection from destruction or adverse modification through required consultation under section 7 of the Act with regard to actions carried out, funded, or authorized by a Federal agency. Section 4 of the Act requires us to consider economic and other relevant impacts when specifying any particular area as critical habitat.

We solicit data and comments from the public on all aspects of this proposal, including data on economic and other impacts of the designation, and our approaches for handling any future habitat conservation plans. We may revise this proposal prior to final designation to incorporate or address new information received during the comment period.

DATES: We will accept comments until August 19, 2002. Public hearing requests must be received by August 5, 2002.

ADDRESSES: If you wish to comment, you may submit your comments and materials concerning this proposal by any one of several methods:

You may submit written comments and information or hand-deliver comments to the Field Supervisor, Sacramento Fish and Wildlife Office, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 2800 Cottage Way, Suite W–2605, Sacramento, CA 95825.

You may also send comments by electronic mail (e-mail) to fw1kecks_checkermallow@fws.gov. See the Public Comments Solicited section below for file format and other information about electronic filing.

Comments and materials received will be available for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the above address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Glen Tarr or Susan Moore, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (telephone 916/414–6600; facsimile 916/414–6710).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Sidalcea keckii (Keck's checkermallow) is an annual herb of the mallow family (Malvaceae). The species grows 15 to 33 centimeters (cm) (6 to 13 inches (in)) tall, with slender, erect stems that are hairy along their entire length. Leaves towards the base of the plant have a roughly circular outline, and seven to nine shallow lobes arranged somewhat like the fingers of a hand (palmate). Leaves farther up the plant have fewer lobes which are more deeply divided. Both types of leaves also have irregular serrations at their margins forming "teeth." The plant flowers in April and early May, producing five petalled flowers that are either solid pink or pink with a maroon center. Petals are 1 to 2 cm (0.4 to 0.8 in) long, and are often shallowly notched at their outermost margins. Below the petals is a smaller calyx (cuplike structure) formed by five narrow green sepals (modified leaves). Each sepal is 8 to 11 millimeters (mm) (0.3 to 0.4 in) long, and has a maroon line running down its center. Below the calyx are bracts (modified leaflike structures), which are much shorter than the sepals and are either undivided or divided into two threadlike lobes. Sidalcea keckii is distinguished from other members of its genus by the maroon lines on its sepals, its much shorter bracts, and by stems which are hairy along their entire length (Kirkpatrick 1992; Shevock 1992; Hill

Sidalcea keckii fruit consist of four to five wedge-shaped sections arranged in a disk. The sections measure 3 to 4 mm (0.1 to 0.2 in) across, and each contains a single seed (Abrams 1951; Hill 1993; Cypher 1998). Sections mature and separate in May, but their methods of dispersal, other than gravity, are currently unknown (Cypher 1998). Also unknown are the seeds' requirements for germination (sprouting) in the wild,