Contact DFO, Olga Odiott, for topic 1 and DFO, Paul Lewis for topic 2.

- 4. Submission of requests and written comments—a. By mail. Submit your request or written comments to: Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB), Information Resources and Services Division (7502C), Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), Environmental Protection Agency, Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460.
- b. In person or by courier. Deliver your request or written comments to: Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB), Information Resources and Services Division (7502C), Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. 119, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA. The PIRIB is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The PIRIB telephone number is (703) 305–5805.
- c. Electronically. You may submit your request or written comments electronically by e-mail to: oppdocket@epa.gov. Do not submit any information electronically that you consider to be CBI. Use WordPerfect 9.0 or ASCII file format and avoid the use of special characters and any form of encryption. Be sure to identify by docket ID number OPP-2002-0083. You may also file a request online at many Federal Depository Libraries.

II. Background

A. Purpose of the Meeting

The FIFRA SAP will meet to review two topics:

1. Update the FIFRA SAP on the status of preliminary results from cumulative risk estimates for organophosphate pesticides (OP) using alternative models (CalendexTM, LifeLineTM, and CARESTM) and similar input data and parameters.

Cumulative risk estimates for OPs derived by EPA using the CalendexTM model (Novigen Sciences, Inc.) will be compared to preliminary results derived by The LifeLine Group using the LifeLineTM model and the Sound Science Policy Alliance (SSPA) using the CARESTM model. The LifeLineTM assessments were conducted under contract to EPA. CARESTM assessments were conducted by a group of OP registrants and their consultants (SSPA). These preliminary results will be presented to the FIFRA SAP by EPA for informational purposes only. The FIFRA SAP will not be asked to formally review and comment on these preliminary results.

2. Cumulative risk assessments for organophosphate pesticides: Susceptibility and age dependent sensitivity. The FQPA instructs EPA, in making its "reasonable certainty of no harm" finding, that in "the case of threshold effects,...an additional tenfold margin of safety for the pesticide chemical residue and other sources of exposure shall be applied for infants and children to take into account potential prenatal and postnatal toxicity and completeness of data with respect to exposure and toxicity to infants and children." In implementing the FQPA safety factor provision in the context of assessing cumulative risk, the Agency has evaluated pertinent data concerning the potential for prenatal and postnatal effects associated with the common mechanism of toxicity for OP pesticides (namely, inhibition of acetylcholinesterase), the completeness of the hazard data with respect to common mechanism of toxicity to infants and children, and the completeness of the exposure database. The Agency seeks the FIFRA SAP's review on the interpretation of the available laboratory studies on cholinesterase activity in fetal, neonatal and juvenile rats. In addition, the FIFRA SAP is asked to consider the mechanistic basis underlying the age dependent sensitivity of young to cholinesterase inhibition caused by OP pesticides.

B. The FIFRA SAP Report

The FIFRA SAP will prepare a report of its recommendations to the Agency in approximately 60 days. The report will be posted on the FIFRA SAP web site or may be obtained by contacting the Public Information and Records Integrity Branch at the address or telephone number listed in Unit I. of the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Organophosphate pesticides, Pesticides and pests.

Dated: May 22, 2002.

Sherell A. Sterling,

Director, Office of Science Coordination and Policy.

[FR Doc. 02–13522 Filed 5–30–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–S

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[OPPT-2002-0017; FRL-7180-3]

National Advisory Committee for Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Hazardous Subtances; Second List of Priority Chemicals for Guideline Development

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The National Advisory Committee for Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Hazardous Substances (NAC/AEGL), established by EPA under the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA), develops AEGLs on an ongoing basis to assist with Federal, State, and other organization needs for short-term hazardous chemical exposure information. NAC/AEGL encourages the submission of acute toxicology data or other pertinent information on these chemicals and all other chemicals on the list to the Designated Federal Officer, listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be submitted by mail, electronically, or in person. Please follow the detailed instructions for each method as provided in Unit I. of the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, it is imperative that you identify docket ID number OPPTS-2002-0017 in the subject line on the first page of your response.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For general information contact: Barbara Cunningham, Director, Environmental Assistance Division (7408M), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (202) 554–1404; e-mail address: TSCA-Hotline@epa.gov.

For technical information contact: Paul S. Tobin, Economics, Exposure, and Technology Division (7406M), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (202) 564–8557; e-mail address: tobin.paul@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this Action Apply to Me?

This action is directed to the public in general. This action may, however, be of interest to persons interested in the development of AEGLs for chemical emergency planning purposes. Since other entities may also be interested, the Agency has not attempted to describe all the specific entities that may be affected by this action. If you have any questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, consult the technical person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

- B. How Can I Get Additional Information, Including Copies of this Document or Other Related Documents?
- 1. Electronically. You may obtain electronic copies of this document, and certain other related documents that might be available electronically, from the EPA Internet Home Page at http://www.epa.gov/. To access this document, on the Home Page select "Laws and Regulations," "Regulations and Proposed Rules," and then look up the entry for this document under the Federal Register—Environmental Documents. You can also go directly to the Federal Register listings at http://www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/.
- 2. *In person*. The Agency has established an official record for this action under docket ID number OPPTS-2002-0017. The official record consists of the documents specifically referenced in this action, any public comments received during an applicable comment period, and other information related to this action, including any information claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI). This official record includes the documents that are physically located in the docket, as well as the documents that are referenced in those documents. The public version of the official record does not include any information claimed as CBI. The public version of the official record, which includes printed, paper versions of any electronic comments submitted during an applicable comment period, is available for inspection in the TSCA Nonconfidential Information Center, North East Mall Rm. B-607, Waterside Mall, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC. The Center is open from noon to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the Center is (202) 260-7099.

C. How and to Whom Do I Submit Comments?

You may submit comments through the mail, in person, or electronically. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, it is imperative that you identify docket ID number OPPTS-2002-0017 in the subject line on the first page of your response.

1. *By mail*. Submit your comments to: Document Control Office (7407M), Office of Pollution Prevention and

Toxics (OPPT), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460.

- 2. In person or by courier. Deliver your comments to: OPPT Document Control Office (DCO) in EPA East Building Rm. 6428, 1201 Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, DC. The DCO is open from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the DCO is (202) 564–8930.
- 3. Electronically. You may submit your comments electronically by e-mail to: oppt.ncic@epa.gov, or mail your computer disk to the address identified above. Do not submit any information electronically that you consider to be CBI. Electronic comments must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption. Comments and data will also be accepted on standard disks in WordPerfect 6.1/8.0 or ASCII file format. All comments in electronic form must be identified by docket ID number OPPTS-2002-0017. Electronic comments may also be filed online at many Federal Depository Libraries.
- D. How Should I Handle CBI Information That I Want To Submit to the Agency?

Do not submit any information electronically that you consider to be CBI. You may claim information that you submit to EPA in response to this document as CBI by marking any part or all of that information as CBI Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2. In addition to one complete version of the comment that includes any information claimed as CBI, a copy of the comment that does not contain the information claimed as CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public version of the official record. Information not marked confidential will be included in the public version of the official record without prior notice. If you have any questions about CBI or the procedures for claiming CBI, please consult the technical person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION** CONTACT.

E. What Should I Consider as I Prepare My Comments for EPA?

We invite you to provide your views on the various options we propose, new approaches we have not considered, the potential impacts of the various options (including possible unintended consequences), and any data or information that you would like the Agency to consider during the development of the final action. You

may find the following suggestions helpful for preparing your comments:

- 1. Explain your views as clearly as possible.
- 2. Describe any assumptions that you used.
- 3. Provide copies of any technical information and/or data you used that support your views.
- 4. If you estimate potential burden or costs, explain how you arrived at the estimate that you provide.
- 5. Provide specific examples to illustrate your concerns.
- 6. Offer alternative ways to improve the notice or collection activity.
- 7. Make sure to submit your comments by the deadline in this notice.
- 8. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, be sure to identify the docket ID number assigned to this action in the subject line on the first page of your response. You may also provide the name, date, and Federal Register citation.

II. Background

A. What Action is the Agency Taking?

This list of 371 priority chemicals is a composite of numerous priority lists of acutely toxic chemicals and represents the selection of chemicals for AEGL development by the NAC/AEGL during the next several years. The list has been assembled from the individual lists of chemicals nominated by NAC/AEGL member organizations for AEGL development. Although the priority list of chemicals, published in this notice, is subject to modification as priorities of the NAC/AEGL committee or the NAC/ AEGL member organizations change, it is anticipated that most of the chemicals on the priority list will remain as high priority for AEGL development during the next several years. The NAC/AEGL intends to address at least 30 chemicals per year in the AEGL development process. There are 137 chemicals on this list of 371 priority chemicals that are considered a higher priority (indicated by an asterisk below), based on considerations of toxicity, volatility, presence on numerous organization chemical lists, and other factors. These chemicals are planned to be addressed prior to the other listed chemicals. Any suggested additions to this priority list and the rationale for their addition may be addressed to the Designated Federal Officer. An initial listing of 85 priority chemicals was published in the Federal Register of May 21, 1997 (62 FR 27733) (FRL–5713–7), to facilitate participation by the public in the AEGL process. It is believed that publication of

It is believed that publication of today's list of chemicals will provide individuals and organizations with ample time to gather existing data and information and, where appropriate, to develop new data and information on the acute toxicity of the chemicals listed

herein, for the consideration of the NAC/AEGL. Parties possessing such data and information or those anticipating the future conduct of toxicity studies on any of these chemicals should contact the Designated Federal Officer.

TABLE 1.—SECOND LIST OF AEGL PRIORITY CHEMICALS FOR GUIDELINE DEVELOPMENT

CAS No.	Chemical Name
50-00-0	Formaldehyde*
50–29–3	4,4'-DDT [*]
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene*
54–11–5	Nicotine
56–38–2	Parathion*
56–55–3	Benzo(a)anthracene
56-72-4	Coumaphos Struchning*
57–24–9 57–57–8	Strychnine* Beta-Propiolactone
57-74-9	Chlordane*
58-89-9	Lindane (hexachlorocyclohexane)
60–29–7	Ethyl ether
60–51–5	Dimethoate
60–57–1	Dieldrin
62–38–4	Phenylmercuric acetate*
62–73–7	Dichlorvos
62–74–8	Sodium fluoroacetate*
62–75–9	Nitrosodimethylamine
64–18–6 64–19–7	Formic acid Acetic acid
67–64–1	Acetone*
74–82–8	Methane
74–83–9	Methyl bromide*
74–87–3	Methyl chloride*
74–88–4	Methyl iodide
74–89–5	Methyl amine*
74–98–6	Propáne*
75–00–3	Chloroethane
75_01_4	Vinyl chloride*
75–02–5	Vinyl fluoride
75–04–7	Ethyl amine* Acetonitrile
75–07–0	Acetaldehyde*
75–08–1	Ethyl mercaptan*
75–12–7	Formamide
75–15–0	Carbon disulfide*
75–18–3	Dimethyl sulfide
75–25–2	Bromoform
75–34–3	1,1-Dichloroethane
75–36–5	Acetyl chloride*
75–50–3 75–54–7	Trimethylamine* Methyl dichlorosilane*
75–65–0	t-Butyl alcohol
75–93–4	Methyl sulfate
76–02–8	Trichloroacetyl chloride*
76–06–2	Chloropicrin*
76–44–8	Heptachlor
77–47–4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
77–78–1	Dimethyl sulfate*
78-00-2	Tetraethyl lead
78–71–7	Oxetane, 3,3-bis(chloromethyl)-
78–85–3 78–87–5	Methacrylaldehyde* 1,2-Dichloropropane
78–94–4	Methyl vinyl ketone*
78–95–5	Chloroacetone (stabilized)*
78–97–7	Lactonitrile
79–04–9	Chloroacetyl chloride*
79–06–1	Crylamide [*]
79-09-4	Propionic acid
79–14–1	Glycolic acid
79–19–6	Thiosemicarbazide
79–38–9	Trifluorochloroethylene
79–41–4	Methacrylic acid* Terramycin*
79–57–2 80–15–9	Cumene hydroperoxide
80–56–8	alpha-Pinene
80–62–6	Methyl methacrylate*
	,,

TABLE 1.—SECOND LIST OF AEGL PRIORITY CHEMICALS FOR GUIDELINE DEVELOPMENT—Continued

CAS No.	Chemical Name
80–63–7	Methyl 2-chloroacrylate
81–81–2 82–66–6	Warfarin Diphacinone
84-66-2	Diethyl phthalate
84–74–2	di-n-Butyl phthalate
85–68–7	Butyl benzyl phthalate
86–50–0	Azinphos-methyl*
86–74–8 87–86–5	Carbazole Pentachlorophenol
92–52–4	Biphenyl
94–75–7	2,4-Dichlorophenyoxy acetic acid
95–48–7 95–63–6	o-Cresol
95–63–6 96–29–7	Trimethyl benzene 2-Butanone oxime
97–02–9	2,4-Dinitroaniline*
98-05-5	Phenyl arsonic acid
98–07–7 98–09–9	Benzyl trichloride Benzenesulfonyl chloride
98–13–5	Trichlorophenyl silane
98–16–8	3-(Trifluoromethyl) Aniline
98–82–8	Cumene
98–87–3 98–88–4	Benzal chloride Benzoyl chloride
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene
100–14–1	Benzene, 1-(chloromethyl)-4-nitro-
100–41–4	Ethyl benzene
100-42-5 100-44-7	Styrene*
100–44–7	Benzyl chloride Benzyl alcohol
101–68–8	4,4-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate*
103–71–9	Phenyl isocyanate
105–60–2	Caprolactam
106–44–5 106–50–3	p-Cresol p-Phenylenediamine
106–88–7	1,2-Butylene oxide
106-93-4	Dibromoethane*
106–96–7	Propargyl bromide Butane*
106–99–0	Butadiene*
107–05–1	Allyl_chloride
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane Chloroethanol
107–07–3 107–13–1	Acrylonitrile*
107–14–2	Chloroacetonitrile*
107–16–4	Formaldehyde cyanohydrin
107–19–7	Propargyl álcohól Chloroacetaldehyde*
107–20–0 107–21–1	Ethylene glycol
107–37–9	Allyl trichlorosilane
107-72-2	Amyltrichlorosilane
108–05–4 108–10–1	*Vinyl acetate monomer 4–Methyl-2-pentanone
108–10–1	Acetic anhydride*
108 31–6	Maleic anhydride*
108–39–4	m-Cresol
108–65–6	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate Mesitylene
108–90–7	Chlorobenzene*
108–98–5	Phenylmercaptan*
109-73-9	n–Butylamine Malononitrile*
109–77–3	Diethyl amine
109–90–0	Ethyl isocyanate
109–99–9	Tetrahydrofuran*
110–54–3 110–57–6	Hexane* Trans-1,4-dichlorobutene
110-37-8	n-Propyl isocyanate
110–82–7	Cyclohexane*
110–86–1	Pyridine
111–34–2 111–36–4	Butyl vinyl ether n-Butyl isocyanate*
111–42–2	Diethanolamine

TABLE 1.—SECOND LIST OF AEGL PRIORITY CHEMICALS FOR GUIDELINE DEVELOPMENT—Continued

CAS No.	Chemical Name
111–44–4	Dichloroethyl ether
111–48–8	Thiodiglycol
111–69–3	
111–77–3 111–88–6	. =
111–88–6 115–21–9	· =
116-06-3	
116–14–3	
116–15–4	Hexafluoropropylene
117–84–0	2.001). 2.11.14.410
118–52–5	
120–82–1 121–75–5	
122–14–5	
123–31–9	
123–38–6	Propionaldehyde*
123–86–4	
124–40–3 124–63–0	
124-65-2	
129-00-0	Pyrene
131–11–3	Dimethyl phthalate
140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate*
141–32–2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
141–43–5 141–59–3	
141–59–3	1 2 2 3 7 1 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 3
141–78–6	1 -
143–33–9	Sodium cyanide*
144–62–7	Oxalic acid
149–74–6	
150–76–5 151–38–2	
207-08-9	
218–01–9	
287–92–3	Cyclopentane
297–78–9	
298–00–0 298–02–2	.
298-04-4	
300-62-9	
333–41–5	
334–88–3	= 10=011101110
353-50-4	1 2 200 200 7 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
354–32–5 371–62–0	
382–21–8	
453–18–9	
460–19–5	Cyanogen*
463–51–4	
463–58–1 463–71–8	l —
503–38–8	
506–68–3	
506–78–5	Cyanogen iodide
506–96–7	
534–52–1	
538–07–8 541–25–3	
541–41–3	
542–88–1	
543-27-1	i-Butyl chloroformate
555-77-1	
556-61-6	
556–64–9	
578–94–9	
592–34–7	
593–53–3	Methyl fluoride
593-89-5	
598–14–1	
JJU-J -Z	Divinoacetone

TABLE 1.—SECOND LIST OF AEGL PRIORITY CHEMICALS FOR GUIDELINE DEVELOPMENT—Continued

	CAS No.	Chemical Name
622-44-6		Phenyl carbylamine chloride
		Dimethyl disulfide*
625-55-8		Isopropyl formate Diethyl mercury
		Fluoroacetamide
		Diulane
		Diketene*
		Cyanuric fluoride Methyl phosphonous dichloride
		Methyl phosphonic dichloride
		Tetamethoxysilane
		Hexafluoroacetone* Phenyl dichloroarsine
		Phosmet
		Hexaethyl tetraphosphate
		Dimethyl phosphate Demeton S–methyl
		Methacryloyl chloride
-		Fonofos*
		Methidathion* Methyl chlorosilane*
		Methylphosphonic acid
		Ethylphosphonodithioicdichloride
	3	Clormequat chloride Heptachlor epoxide
	1	1,3-Propane sultone
1303–28–2	2	Arsenic pentoxide
	1	Lewisite oxide
	7	Zinc phosphide Cresol*
	3	Arsenic trioxide*
	3	Polychlorinated biphenyl
-	3 7	Chloroacetophenone* Ammonium bifluoride
-)	Antimycin A
	<u> </u>	Ethylphosphonous dichloride
	7 4	Ethylphosphorodichloridate Chloromethyl (trichloro) silane
	2	Carbofuran*
	3	Trifluralin
	5 4	t-Butyl isocyanate Methyl t-butyl ether*
	3	Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether
1737-93-5		3,5-Dichloro-2,4,5-trifluoropyridine
1746-01-6	6 3	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin* Isopropyl methyl phosphonic acid
	5	Isobutyl isocyanate
1910-42-5	<u> </u>	Paraquat dichloride*
	7 4	Methiocarb Thiocarbazide
	3	Trimethoxysilane
)	Dimethyl phosphorochloridothioate
	5 1	Nitrosyl chloride* o-Chlorobenzylidene malononitrile*
	3	Sulfuryl fluoride*
2937-50-0)	Allylchloroformate
	<u> </u>	Ethyl chlorothioformate
	4 3	Vinyl norbornene Cyclohexyl isocyanate*
	2	Trimethylacetyl chloride
	ō	Tetraethyl dithiopyrophosphate (Sulfotep)*
	3 9	Chlorophacinone Isophorone diisocyanate
)	Dichlorosilane
	<u> </u>	Chloropivaloyl chloride
))	Phenol, 2,2'-thiobis(4-chloro-6-methyl-) 3-Methoxypropyl amine
	3	Bromobenzyl cyanide
6427-21-0)	Methoxymethyl isocyanate
	2 4	3-Quinuclidinyl benzilate Monocrotophos*
	1	Lead & compounds including lead phosphate*
02		- 2000 of Composition including load phoophiato

TABLE 1.—SECOND LIST OF AEGL PRIORITY CHEMICALS FOR GUIDELINE DEVELOPMENT—Continued

CAS No.	Chemical Name
7439–96–5	Manganese & compounds
7439–97–6	Mercury & compounds including methyl mercury*
7440–02–0 7440–38–2	Nickel and compounds* Arsenic & compounds*
7440-39-3	Barium & compounds
7440–41–7	Beryllium & compounds*
7440–43–9	Cadmium & compounds*
7440–48–4	Cobalt & compounds
7440–50–8 7440–62–2	Copper & compounds Vanadium & compounds
7440-66-6	Zinc & compounds
7446–18–6	Thallium suİfate*
7446–70–0	Aluminum chloride
7521-80-4 7550-45-0	Butyltrichlorosilane Titanium tetrachloride*
7580-67-8	Lithium hydride
7616–94–6	Perchloryl fluoride
7631–89–2	Sodium arsenate
7647–19–0 7664–38–2	Phosphorus pentafluoride* Phosphoric acid*
7705-07-9	Titanium chloride
7719–09–7	Thionyl chloride*
7722–84–1	Hydrogen peroxide (concentration greater than 52%)*
7723-14-0	Phosphorus
7727–15–3 7738–94–5	Aluminum bromide Chromic acid
7782–65–2	Germane
7782–68–5	lodic acid
7783–07–5 7783–41–7	Hydrogen selenide*
7783–54–2	Oxygen difluoride* Nitrogen trifluoride*
7783–61–1	Silicon tetrafluoride*
7783–70–2	Antimony pentafluoride
7783–71–3 7783–79–1	Tantalum V fluoride Selenium hexafluoride*
7783-80-4	Tellurium hexafluoride*
7783–82–6	Tungsten hexafluoride
7784–46–5	Sodium arsenite*
7786–34–7 7787–71–5	Mevinphos* Bromine trifluoride*
7789–21–1	Fluorosulfonic acid
7789–30–2	Bromine pentafluoride*
7789-59-5	Phosphorus oxybromide
7789–69–7 7789–75–5	Phosphorus pentabromide Calcium fluoride
7790–94–5	Chlorosulfonic acid*
7791–23–3	Selenium oxychloride
7791–25–5	Sulfuryl chloride*
7803–49–8 7803–52–3	Hydroxylamine* Stibine (antimony hydride)*
7803–62–5	Silane*
8001–35–2	Camphechlor
8006–61–9 10025–67–9	Gasoline* Disulfur dichloride
10025-67-9	Chromic chloride
10026–13–8	Phosphorus pentachloride
10028–15–6	Ozone*
10034-85-2 10035-10-6	Hydrogen iodide* Hydrogen bromide*
10265-92-6	Methamidophos*
10294–33–4	Boron tribromide*
10544-72-6	Nitrogen tetroxide
10544-73-7	Nitrogen trioxide
10545–99–0	Sulfur dichloride* Nickel oxide*
12002–03–8	Copper acetoarsenite*
12108–13–3	Manganese, tricarbonyl methylcyclopentadienyl
13071–79–9	Terbufos*
13194–48–4 13470–08–1	Ethoprophos Titanium III fluoride
13637–63–3	Chlorine pentafluoride*
13863–41–7	Bromine chloride*

TABLE 1.—SECOND LIST OF AEGL PRIORITY CHEMICALS FOR GUIDELINE DEVELOPMENT—Continued

CAS No.	Chemical Name
16752-77-5 17462-58-7 19624-22-7 20816-12-0 20859-73-8 22224-92-6 22967-92-6 23135-22-0 23422-53-9 25321-14-6 25321-22-6 26419-73-8 27137-85-5 28772-56-7 30674-80-7 32315-10-9	Methomyl* iso-Butyl chloroformate Pentaborane* Osmium tetroxide* Aluminum phosphide* Fenamiphos Methyl mercury Oxamyl Formetanate hydrochloride Dinitrotoluene Dichlorobenzene Tirpate Trichloro (dichlorophenyl) silane Bromodiolone Methacryloyloxyethyl isocyanate Triphosgene

^{*}Indicates Higher Current Priority

List of Subjects

Environmental protection.

Dated: May 23, 2002. William H. Sanders III,

Director, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

I OXICS.

[FR Doc. 02–13700 Filed 5–30–02; 8:45 am]

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-7221-2]

Sole Source Aquifer Petition Denial

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice of sole source aquifer petition denial.

SUMMARY: The United States
Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
today provides notice that it denies a
petition to designate the La Cienega
Valley Area Aquifer a Sole Source
Aquifer. The aquifer is not eligible for
designation because it is not the
principal source of drinking water for
the area covered by the petition.

ADDRESSES: The administrative record underlying today's decision is available for inspection and copying in the offices of EPA Region 6, 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas 75202. Copies of the record or portions thereof may also be obtained by mailing a written request to Region 6 and payment of a reasonable fee for copying. EPA has also posted a fact sheet, summary of public comments and responses, and a decision support document on its website at http://www.epa.gov/earth1r6/6wq/swp/index.htm.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Clay Chesney, geologist, Source Water Protection Branch (6WQ-SG), EPA Region 6, 1445 Ross Ave., Dallas, TX 75202–2733, phone (214) 665–7128, chesney.claybourne@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to section 1424(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), 42 U.S.C. 300h–3(e), EPA may designate an aquifer a "sole source aquifer" if it serves as the sole or principal drinking water source for an area and contamination of that aquifer would create a significant hazard to public health. EPA may essentially "veto" financial assistance proposed by other Federal agencies for projects it finds may contaminate such a designated aquifer. To date, EPA has designated 72 sole source aquifers.

On October 25, 2000, EPA received a petition for sole source aquifer designation from the La Cienega Valley Citizens for Environmental Safeguards. The petition sought designation for the La Cienega Valley Area Aquifer, which covers approximately 320 square miles in north-central New Mexico including the City of Santa Fe. To show the aquifer was the primary source of drinking water for the area, the petitioner relied on documentation of water rights allocated to water users by the New Mexico State Engineer.

EPA published notice of the petition in the Albuquerque Journal and the Santa Fe New Mexican and requested comments thereon. It received a number of comments and carefully considered them in reaching today's decision. EPA also performed an independent review of the hydrology and water use in the area covered by the petition. The Agency concludes that the State Engineer's water rights allocations do not reflect actual usage of drinking

water in the area covered by the petition and that approximately 61% of such drinking water is derived from sources other than the aquifer, i.e., the Santa Fe River and wells outside the area proposed for designation. EPA thus denies the petition.

Dated: May 20, 2002.

Gregg A. Cooke,

Regional Administrator, Region 6. [FR Doc. 02–13696 Filed 5–30–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–U

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-7221-3]

Public Water System Supervision Program Revision for the State of Mississippi

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of tentative approval.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the State of Mississippi is revising its approved Public Water System Supervision Program. Mississippi has adopted drinking water regulations for Lead and Copper Minor Revision. EPA has determined that these revisions are no less stringent than the corresponding Federal regulations. Therefore, EPA intends on approving this State program revision.

All interested parties may request a public hearing. A request for a public hearing must be submitted by July 1, 2002, to the Regional Administrator at the address shown below. Frivolous or insubstantial requests for a hearing may be denied by the Regional Administrator. However, if a substantial request for a public hearing is made by July 1, 2002, a public hearing will be