determines that a fair review cannot be made within this time frame. NASA will contact the requestor if an extension of response time is needed, and will indicate the reason for the delay in responding and an estimated decision date.

The NASA CIO will maintain file records of each appeal request, the response from NASA, and notification to the requestor of the appeal decision.

## E. NASA Reporting Requirements

Pursuant to OMB requirements, the NASA CIO will submit an annual report on the number and nature of complaints received by the Agency regarding the accuracy of the information it disseminates. The report will contain, as appropriate, both quantitative and qualitative information about the complaints received, the resolution of the complaints, and the number of NASA staff hours that were devoted to handling requests related to the information quality guidelines. The report will also include an explanation of Agency decisions to deny or limit corrective action. The first annual report, due to OMB by January 1, 2004. will document requests received and actions taken during FY2003.

## F. Definitions Based on OMB Guidance

## F.1. Affected persons

Persons who may benefit from or be harmed by the disseminated information. This includes persons who are seeking to address information about themselves as well as persons who use information. "Persons" includes groups, organizations and corporations as defined by the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995.

#### F.2. Dissemination

NASA-initiated, -directed, or -sponsored distribution of information to the public. Dissemination does not include distribution limited to government employees or contractors or grantees or sharing of government information or responses to requests for records under the Freedom of Information Act, the Privacy Act, the Federal Advisory Committee Act or other similar law. This definition also does not include distribution limited to correspondence with individuals or persons, press releases, archival records, public filings, subpoenas or adjudicative processes.

# F.3. Influential

When used in the context of scientific, financial, or statistical information, influential means that NASA can reasonably determine that dissemination of the information will have or does have clear and substantial impact on important public policies or important private sector decisions.

## F.4. Information

Any communication such as facts or data, in any media or form, including text, numerical, graphic, cartographic, narrative, or audiovisual forms. This definition includes information that NASA disseminates from a web page, but does not include the provision of hyperlinks to information that others disseminate. This definition does not include opinions, where it is made clear that that what is being offered is someone's opinion rather than fact or NASA's views.

This includes information in any media, such as paper, electronic, web page, CD-ROM, etc.

## F.5. Integrity

Integrity means the security of information (e.g., that it is protected from unauthorized access or revision so that it is not compromised through corruption or falsification)

## F.6. Objectivity

Objectivity means that the information is accurate, clear, complete, and unbiased.

## F.7. Quality

Quality is an encompassing term comprised of three elements: integrity, objectivity, and utility. Therefore, the terms are sometimes referred to collectively as "quality." Integrity, objectivity, and utility are individually defined within this document.

## F.8. Reproducibility

The information is capable of being substantially reproduced, subject to an acceptable degree of imprecision. With respect to analytic results, "capable of being substantially reproduced" means that independent analysis of the original or supporting data using identical methods would generate similar analytic results, subject to an acceptable degree of imprecision or error.

## F.9. Transparent/Transparency

Information that has transparency is clear and well documented. For scientific information, transparency refers to the extent that underlying assumptions, methodologies, and analytical processes are made available as context.

## F.10. Utility

Utility means that the information can be used for its intended purpose to its intended audience.

#### Lee B. Holcomb,

Chief Information Officer, Office of the Administrator.

[FR Doc. 02–13458 Filed 5–29–02; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 7510–01–P** 

## NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR LITERACY

#### **Notice of Closed Meeting**

**AGENCY:** National Institute for Literacy (NIFL).

**ACTION:** Notice of closed meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice sets forth the schedule and proposed agenda of a forthcoming meeting of the National Institute for Literacy Board (Advisory Board). This notice also describes the function of the Advisory Board. Notice of this meeting is required under section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA). This document is intended to notify the general public of their opportunity to attend the meeting.

Date and Time: June 6, 2002 from 9 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

**ADDRESSES:** National Institute for Literacy, 1775 I Street, NW., Suite 730, Washington, DC 20006.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Shelly Coles, Executive Assistant, National Institute for Literacy, 1775 I Street, NW., Suite 730, Washington, DC 20006. Telephone number (202) 233– 2027, e-mail: scoles@nifl.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Advisory Board is established under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, Title II of Pub. L. 105-220, Sec. 242, the National Institute for Literacy. The Advisory Board consists of ten individuals appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Advisory Board is established to advise and make recommendations to the Interagency Group, composed of the Secretaries of Education, Labor, and Health and Human Services, which administers the National Institute for Literacy (Institute). The Interagency Group considers the Advisory Board 's recommendations in planning the goals of the Institute and in the implementation of any programs to achieve the goals of the Institute. Specifically, the Advisory Board performs the following functions: (a) Makes recommendations concerning the appointment of the Director and the staff of the Institute; (b) provides

independent advice on operation of the Institute; and (c) receives reports from the Interagency Group and Director of the Institute. In addition, the Institute consults with the Advisory Board on the award of fellowships. The National Institute for Literacy Advisory Board meeting on June 6, 2002, will focus on future and current NIFL program activities, and other relevant literacy activities and issues.

On June 6, 2002 from 1:30-2:30 p.m., the meeting will be closed to the public to discuss personnel issues of a sensitive nature relating to the internal personnel rules and practices of an agency and are likely to disclose information of personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personnel privacy if conducted in open session. Such matters are protected by exemption under the Sunshine Act, 5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(2) and (6). A summary of the activities at the closed session and related matters which are informative to the public and consistent with the policy of title 5 U.S.C. 552b will be available to the public within fourteen days of the meeting.

Furthermore, due to the sensitive nature of this request, this meeting notice will not meet the fifteen-day requirement under FACA.

Records are kept of all Advisory Board proceedings and are available for public inspection at the National Institute for Literacy, 1775 I Street, NW., Suite 730, Washington, DC 20006, from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Dated: May 24, 2002.

# Sharyn Abbott,

Executive Officer.

[FR Doc. 02-13582 Filed 5-29-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6055-01-P

# NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

# Advisory Committee on Nuclear Waste Renewal Notice

**AGENCY:** Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

**ACTION:** This notice is to announce the renewal of the Advisory Committee on Nuclear Waste (ACNW) for a period of two years.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has determined that the renewal of the charter for the Advisory Committee on Nuclear Waste for the two year period commencing on May 23, 2002, is in the public interest, in connection with duties imposed on the Commission by

law. This action is being taken in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, after consultation with the Committee Management Secretariat, General Services Administration.

The purpose of the Advisory Committee on Nuclear Waste is to report to and advise the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) on nuclear waste management. The bases of ACNW reviews include 10 CFR parts 20, 40, 50, 60, 61, 63, 70, 71 and 72, and other applicable regulations and legislative mandates. In performing its work, the Committee will examine and report on those areas of concern referred to it by the Commission and may undertake studies and activities on its own initiative, as appropriate. Emphasis will be on protecting the public health and safety in the disposal of nuclear waste. The Committee will undertake studies and activities related to nuclear waste management such as transportation, storage and disposal facilities, the effects of low levels of ionizing radiation, decommissioning, materials safety, application of risk-informed, performance-based regulations, and evaluation of licensing documents, rules and regulatory guidance. The Committee will interact with representatives of the public, NRC, ACRS, other Federal agencies, State and local agencies, Indian Tribes, and private, international and other organizations as appropriate to fulfill its responsibilities.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT: John T. Larkins, Executive Director of the Committee, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555, telephone (301) 415–7360.

Dated: May 23, 2002.

## Andrew L. Bates,

Federal Advisory Committee Management Officer.

[FR Doc. 02–13467 filed 5–29–02; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 7590–01-P** 

# NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. (as shown in Attachment 1), License Nos. (as shown in Attachment 1), EA-02-077]

## In the Matter of All Decommissioning Power Reactor Licensees; Order Modifying Licenses (Effective Immediately)

Ι

The licensees identified in Attachment 1 to this Order hold licenses issued by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC or Commission) authorizing possession of nuclear power plants in accordance with the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 and 10 CFR part 50. Commission regulations at 10 CFR 50.54(p)(1) require these licensees to maintain safeguards contingency plan procedures in accordance with 10 CFR part 73, appendix C. Specific safeguards requirements are contained in 10 CFR 73.55.

## II.

On September 11, 2001, terrorists simultaneously attacked targets in New York, N.Y., and Washington, D.C., utilizing large commercial aircraft as weapons. In response to the attacks and intelligence information subsequently obtained, the Commission issued a number of Safeguards and Threat Advisories to its licensees in order to strengthen licensees' capabilities and readiness to respond to a potential attack on a nuclear facility. The Commission has also communicated with other Federal, State and local government agencies and industry representatives to discuss and evaluate the current threat environment in order to assess the adequacy of security measures at licensed facilities. In addition, the Commission has commenced a comprehensive review of its safeguards and security programs and requirements.

As a result of its initial consideration of current safeguards and security plan requirements, as well as a review of information provided by the intelligence community, the Commission has determined that certain compensatory measures are required to be implemented by licensees as prudent, interim measures to address the current threat environment in a consistent manner throughout the nuclear reactor community. Therefore, the Commission is imposing requirements, as set forth in Attachment 2 1 of this Order, on all decommissioning power reactor licensees. These interim requirements, which supplement existing regulatory requirements, will provide the Commission with reasonable assurance that the public health and safety, and common defense and security continue to be adequately protected in the current threat environment. These requirements will remain in effect pending notification from the Commission that a significant change in the threat environment has occurred, or until the Commission determines that other changes are needed following a comprehensive re-evaluation of current safeguards and security programs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Attachment 2 contains SAFEGUARDS information and will not be released to the public.