

New Jersey Swim Beach development. The agenda is set up to invite the public to bring issues of interest before the Commission.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area Citizen Advisory Commission was established by Public Law 100-573 to advise the Secretary of the Interior and the United States Congress on matters pertaining to the management and operation of the Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area, as well as on other matters affecting the recreation area and its surrounding communities.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, CONTACT: Superintendent, Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area, Bushkill, PA 18324, 570-588-2418.

Dated: April 15, 2002.

Doyle W. Nelson,
Superintendent.

[FR Doc. 02-12573 Filed 5-17-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Announcement of Gates of the Arctic National Park Subsistence Resource Commission (SRC) Meeting

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Announcement of Gates of the Arctic National Park Subsistence Resource Commission (SRC) meeting.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act that a meeting of the Gates of the Arctic National Park Subsistence Resource Commission will be held on Wednesday, September 25, 2002 and Thursday, September 26, 2002, at Sophie Station Hotel in Fairbanks, Alaska. The proposed meeting provides the Commission an opportunity to continue work on the subsistence hunting program recommendations and other related subsistence management issues. The public is invited to comment on the proposed agenda topics.

The following agenda items will be discussed:

1. Call to order (SRC Chair).
2. SRC Roll Call and Confirmation of Quorum.
3. SRC Chair and Superintendent's Welcome and Introductions.
4. Review and Adopt Agenda.
5. Review and adopt minutes from SRC work session.
6. Review Commission Purpose.
7. Status of Membership.

8. Election of SRC Chair and Vice Chair.

9. Superintendent's Report

10. Gates of the Arctic NP& P Staff Report

(a) Backcountry/Wilderness Planning Initiative.

(b) Community Oral History Project.

11. Federal Subsistence Board Update

(a) Wildlife Management Proposals and Issues

(b) Fisheries Management Proposals and Issues

(c) Customary Trade

(d) Regional Council Update

(1) Northwest Arctic Regional Advisory Council

(2) Western Interior Regional Advisory Council

12. Public and Agency Comments

13. Work Session (comment on issues, develop new recommendations, prepare letters).

14. Set time and place of next SRC meeting.

15. Adjournment

DATES: The meeting will begin at 9 a.m. on Wednesday, September 25, 2002, and conclude at approximately 5 p.m. The meeting will reconvene at 9 a.m. on Thursday, September 26, 2002, and adjourn at approximately 5 p.m. The meeting will adjourn earlier if the agenda items are completed.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the Sophie Station Hotel, 1717 University Avenue, Fairbanks, Alaska 99709, and telephone (907) 479-3650.

Notice of this meeting will be published in local newspapers and announced on local radio stations prior to the meeting dates. Locations and dates may need to be changed based on weather or local circumstances.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Persons who want further information concerning the meeting may contact Superintendent Dave Mills or Fred Andersen, Subsistence Manager, at Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve, 201 First Avenue, Fairbanks, AK, 99701, telephone (907) 457-5752.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Subsistence Resource Commission is authorized under Title VIII, Section 808, of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act, Pub. L. 96-487, and operates in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committees Act.

Draft minutes of the meeting will be available for public inspection approximately six weeks after the meeting from: Superintendent Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve,

201 First Avenue, Fairbanks, AK, 99701, telephone (907) 457-5752.

Robert L. Arnberger,

Regional Director, National Park Service, Alaska Region.

[FR Doc. 02-12563 Filed 5-17-02; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Intent to Repatriate a Cultural Item in the Possession of the American Museum of Natural History of New York, NY

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

Notice is hereby given under the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 43 CFR 10.10 (a)(3), of the intent to repatriate a cultural item in the possession of the American Museum of Natural History that meets the definition of "unassociated funerary object" under Section 2 of the Act.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 43 CFR 10.2 (c). The determinations within this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of these cultural items. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations within this notice.

The cultural item is a wooden hat carved in the shape of a seagull with wings and tail of hide. The seagull is painted in red, black, and blue; has a hawk carved into its breast; and has copper eyebrows. The wings and tail have been printed with a design of bear's heads.

At an unknown date, George Thornton Emmons acquired the seagull hat as part of a set of implements from a grave house of the "Hootz-ar-tar qwan," near Angoon, AK. In 1894, the American Museum of Natural History acquired this seagull hat from Mr. Emmons and accessioned the item into its collection the same year.

The cultural affiliation of this item is Hutsnuwu ("Hootz-ar-tar qwan") Tlingit as indicated through museum records and consultation with representatives of the Central Council of the Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska. The Central Council of the Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska has filed a claim for this cultural item on behalf of the Deisheetaan clan of the Hutsnuwu Tlingit, for which the seagull is said to be a crest.

Based on the above-mentioned information, officials of the American Museum of Natural History have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(2)(ii), this cultural item is reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony and is believed, by a preponderance of the evidence, to have been removed from a specific burial site of a Native American individual. Officials of the American Museum of Natural History also have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between this item and the Central Council of the Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Central Council of the Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska, Sealaska Corporation; Kootznoowoo, Incorporated; and Angoon Community Association. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with this object should contact Elaine Guthrie, Acting Director of Cultural Resources, American Museum of Natural History, Central Park West at 79th Street, New York, NY 10024, telephone (212) 769-5835 before June 19, 2002. Repatriation of this object to the Central Council of the Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: February 6, 2002.

Robert Stearns,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 02-12558 Filed 5-17-02; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects in the Possession of the Phoebe A. Hearst Museum of Anthropology, University of California, Berkeley, CA

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.9, of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects in the possession of the Phoebe A. Hearst Museum of Anthropology, University of California, Berkeley, CA.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 43 CFR 10.2 (c). The determinations within this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations within this notice.

An assessment of the human remains, and catalogue records and associated documents relevant to the human remains, was made by Phoebe A. Hearst Museum professional staff in consultation with the Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians of the Big Valley Rancheria, California; Cahto Indian Tribe of the Laytonville Rancheria, California; Cloverdale Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Coyote Valley Band of Pomo Indians of California; Dry Creek Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Elem Indian Colony of Pomo Indians of the Sulphur Bank Rancheria, California; Guidiville Rancheria of California; Hopland Band of Pomo Indians of the Hopland Rancheria, California; Cahto Indian Tribe of the Laytonville Rancheria, California; Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of the Stewarts Point Rancheria, California; Lower Lake Rancheria; Lytton Rancheria of California; Manchester Band of Pomo Indians of the Manchester-Point Arena Rancheria, California; Middletown Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Pinoleville Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Potter Valley Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Redwood Valley Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Robinson Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Round Valley Indian Tribes of the Round Valley Reservation, California; Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians of California; Sherwood Valley Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; and Upper Lake Band of Pomo Indians of Upper Lake Rancheria of California.

In 1954, human remains representing at least one individual were removed during excavations at CA-Lak-203, on the north shore of Clear Lake, Lake County, CA, and were donated to the Phoebe A. Hearst Museum of Anthropology by Raymond Oechsli. No known individual was identified. The one funerary object is a piece of worked bone.

The presence of clamshell disk beads and historic-period trade beads in the assemblage of materials from other areas of the site indicates that occupation of CA-Lak-203 dates to post-A.D. 1500. Linguistic and archeological evidence indicates that Pomo people moved into

the region of Lake County, CA by circa 5000 B.C. and have occupied the region since that time. The preponderance of the available evidence indicates that the human remains are culturally affiliated with Pomo groups whose traditional territories include CA-Lak-203: Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians of the Big Valley Rancheria, California; Cahto Indian Tribe of the Laytonville Rancheria, California; Cloverdale Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Coyote Valley Band of Pomo Indians of California; Dry Creek Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Elem Indian Colony of Pomo Indians of the Sulphur Bank Rancheria, California; Guidiville Rancheria of California; Hopland Band of Pomo Indians of the Hopland Rancheria, California; Cahto Indian Tribe of the Laytonville Rancheria, California; Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of the Stewarts Point Rancheria, California; Lower Lake Rancheria; Lytton Rancheria of California; Manchester Band of Pomo Indians of the Manchester-Point Arena Rancheria, California; Middletown Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Pinoleville Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Potter Valley Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Redwood Valley Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Robinson Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Round Valley Indian Tribes of the Round Valley Reservation, California; Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians of California; Sherwood Valley Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; and Upper Lake Band of Pomo Indians of Upper Lake Rancheria of California.

Based on the above-mentioned information, officials of the Phoebe Hearst Museum of Anthropology have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of at least one individual of Native American ancestry. Officials of the Phoebe Hearst Museum of Anthropology also have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians of the Big Valley Rancheria, California; Cahto Indian Tribe of the Laytonville Rancheria, California; Cloverdale Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Coyote Valley Band of Pomo Indians of California; Dry Creek Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California; Elem Indian Colony of Pomo Indians of the Sulphur Bank Rancheria, California; Guidiville Rancheria of California; Hopland Band of Pomo Indians of the Hopland