- (a) Engaged in lending, multi-level sales distribution, speculation, or investment (except for real estate investment with property held for rental on September 11, 2001);
 - (b) A non-profit or charitable concern; (c) A consumer or marketing

cooperative;

(d) Not a small business concern; or (e) Deriving more than one-third of

gross annual revenue from legal gambling activities;

(f) A loan packager which earns more than one-third of its gross annual revenue from packaging SBA loans;

- (g) Principally engaged in teaching, instructing, counseling, or indoctrinating religion or religious beliefs, whether in a religious or secular setting; or
- (h) Primarily engaged in political or lobbying activities.

§ 123.603 What is the interest rate on an economic injury disaster loan under this subpart?

Your economic injury disaster loan under this subpart will have an interest rate of 4 percent per annum or less.

§ 123.604 How can my business spend my economic injury disaster loan under this subpart?

- (a) You can only use the loan proceeds for working capital necessary to carry your concern until resumption of normal operations and for expenditures necessary to alleviate the specific economic injury, but not to exceed that which the business could have provided had the injury not occurred.
 - (b) Loan proceeds may not be used to:
- (1) Refinance indebtedness which you incurred prior to September 11, 2001;
- (2) Make payments on loans owned by another federal agency (including SBA) or a Small Business Investment Company licensed under the Small Business Investment Act;
- (3) Pay, directly or indirectly, any obligations resulting from a federal, state or local tax penalty as a result of negligence or fraud, or any non-tax criminal fine, civil fine, or penalty for non-compliance with a law, regulation, or order of a federal, state, regional, or local agency or similar matter;
 - (4) Repair physical damage; or
- (5) Pay dividends or other disbursements to owners, partners, officers, or stockholders, except for reasonable remuneration directly related to their performance of services for the business.

§ 123.605 How long do I have to apply for a loan under this subpart?

You have until January 22, 2002 to apply for a loan under this subpart.

Your application must be postmarked no later than this date. SBA has the discretion, for good cause, to extend the application deadline by publication of a notice in the Federal Register.

§ 123.606 May I request an increase in the amount of an economic injury disaster loan under this subpart?

Yes. Notwithstanding § 123.20, you may request an increase in the amount of an economic injury disaster loan under this subpart not later than one year after the date SBA approves your initial request.

Dated: October 16, 2001.

Hector V. Barreto,

Administrator.

[FR Doc. 01-26565 Filed 10-19-01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8025-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 99-NE-62-AD; Amendment 39-12473; AD 2001-21-03]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; General Electric Company GE90 Series Turbofan Engines

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment supersedes an existing airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain General Electric Company (GE) GE90 series turbofan engines. That AD currently requires inspecting and purging the P3B and Ps3 lines and associated fittings and ports of moisture. This amendment will allow the installation of improved hardware as terminating action to requirements of the AD, and remove the GE90-92B engine model from the AD applicability. This amendment is prompted by the recent FAA approval of redesigned P3B and Ps3 sense lines, and the removal of the GE90-92B engine from the applicability. The actions specified in this AD are intended to prevent corruption of Ps3 signals, which could result in simultaneous loss of thrust control of both engines.

DATES: Effective date November 26, 2001. The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of November 26, 2001.

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained

from General Electric Company via Lockheed Martin Technology Services, 10525 Chester Road, Suite C, Cincinnati, OH 45215; telephone: (513) 672-8400, fax: (513) 672-8422. This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), New England Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John E. Golinski, Aerospace Engineer, Engine Certification Office, FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA 01803-5299; telephone: (781) 238-7135; fax: (781) 238-7199.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) by superseding AD 99–27–15, Amendment 39-11496 (65 FR 692, January 6, 2000), which is applicable to General Electric Company (GE) models GE90-76B, -77B, -85B, and -90B turbofan engines was published in the Federal Register on June 12, 2001 (66 FR 31569). That action proposed to allow the installation of improved hardware in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions, Section 3 of GE Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) No. GE90 73-A0060, Revision 3, dated September 14, 2000 as terminating action to requirements of the AD. That action also proposed to remove the GE90-92B engine model from the AD applicability. Also, that action proposed an installation deadline for the improved hardware of October 31, 2001. The deadline is changed for this final rule to December 31, 2001, to support the timing for when the final rule is published in the Federal Register. In doing this, no additional risk to the fleet will incur, based on information from GE that in response to the proposal, all remaining engines are now retrofitted with redesigned hardware.

Comments

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. Due consideration has been given to the comments received.

Remove Reference to P3B Signal **Blockage From Unsafe Condition Description**

One comment from the manufacturer requests that the unsafe condition statement in the AD be revised to remove P3B signal blockage and partial blockage as some of the causes of loss of engine thrust control. Blockage and

partial blockage of the P3B signal could result in a change to the engine acceleration schedule, and possibly a reduction in compressor stall margin, but a loss of thrust control would not occur. The FAA agrees. Reference to P3B signal blockage and partial blockage is removed from the unsafe condition statement in this AD.

Delete Certain Hardware From the Old Configuration Table

Another comment from the manufacturer requests that three hardware items in the paragraph (k) Old Configuration Table be deleted to avoid confusion, because these items may be used in other locations on the engine. The FAA agrees. The hardware items which are a single tube clamp, double tube clamp, and bracket assembly, are deleted from the Old Configuration Table in this AD.

Delete Last Phrase of Unsafe Condition Description

One commenter requests the deletion of the last phrase of the unsafe condition description, "which if it occurs in a critical phase of flight, could result in loss of airplane control." The commenter did not provide a reason or justification for the request. The FAA partially agrees. As stated in the original AD, the FAA is especially concerned about the possibility of simultaneous loss of thrust control on both engines due to ice blockage of each engine's Ps3 pressure sensing system under certain atmospheric conditions. Corruption of Ps3 signals could result in simultaneous loss of thrust control of both engines. The unsafe condition description is rewritten for clarification as follows: "The actions specified in this AD are intended to prevent corruption of Ps3 signals, which could result in simultaneous loss of thrust control of both engines.'

After careful review of the available data, including the comments noted above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule with the changes described previously. The FAA has determined that these changes will neither increase the economic burden on any operator nor increase the scope of the AD.

Economic Analysis

There are about 208 engines of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. The FAA estimates that 28 engines installed on aircraft of U.S. registry would be affected by this AD, that it would take about one work hour per engine to do the inspection and purging, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per

work hour. Based on these figures, the total AD cost effect on U.S. operators for one inspection is estimated to be \$1,680. The FAA also estimates that it would take about four work hours per engine to do the proposed P3B/Ps3 sense line replacement, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. The manufacturer has stated that it may provide the redesigned hardware at no cost to operators. Based on this information, the total AD cost effect on U.S. operators for sense line replacement is estimated to be \$6,720.

Regulatory Analysis

This final rule does not have federalism implications, as defined in Executive Order 13132, because it would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

Accordingly, the FAA has not consulted with state authorities prior to publication of this final rule.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic effect, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by removing Amendment 39–11496 (65 FR

692, January 6, 2000) and by adding a new airworthiness directive, Amendment 39–12473, to read as follows:

2001–21–03 General Electric Company: Amendment 39–12473. Docket No. 99– NE–62–AD. Supersedes AD 99–27–15, Amendment 39–11496.

Applicability: General Electric Company (GE) Models GE90–76B, –77B, –85B, and –90B turbofan engines. These engines are installed on, but not limited to Boeing 777 series airplanes.

Note 1: This airworthiness directive (AD) applies to each engine identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For engines that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (m) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Compliance with the requirements of this AD is required as indicated, unless already done.

To prevent corruption of Ps3 signals, which could result in simultaneous loss of thrust control of both engines, do the following:

Determination of Further Action (a) If the engine has been configured as specified in one of the following service bulletins (SB's), or has one of the following serial numbers (SN's), no further action is required.

- (1) SB GE90 S/B 75–0031, Revision 1, dated August 29, 2000.
- (2) SB GE90 S/B 75–0031, Revision 2, dated September 14, 2000.
- (3) SB GE90 S/B 75–0031, Revision 3, dated March 30, 2001.
- (4) Engine SN is 900–326, 900–328, 900–332, 900–333, 900–334, or higher.

Initial Inspection, Cleaning, Moisture Purging, and Blending

- (b) For engines that are not configured or listed by SN as specified in paragraph (a) of this AD, do the following:
- (1) Inspect, clean, moisture purge, and if necessary, blend any high metal, nicks, or burrs on fitting threads, on one engine installed on Boeing 777 series aircraft, within 10 cycles-in-service (CIS) after the effective date of this AD in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions, Section 3 of GE Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) No. GE90 73–A0060, Revision 3, dated September 14, 2000.
- (2) Inspect, clean, moisture purge, and if necessary, blend any high metal, nicks, or burrs on fitting threads, on the other engine installed on the Boeing 777 series aircraft, within 20 CIS after the effective date of this AD in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions, Section 3 of GE ASB No. GE90

73–A0060, Revision 3, dated September 14, 2000.

Credit for Previous Inspections, Cleaning, and Moisture Purging

(c) For engines that have complied with the initial and repetitive inspections of AD 99–27–15, GE ASB No. GE90 73–A0060, Revision 1, dated March 1, 2000; GE ASB No. GE90 73–A0060, Revision 2, dated May 12, 2000; GE ASB No. GE90 73–A0060, Revision 3, dated September 14, 2000; or with an FAA approved alternative method of compliance, perform repetitive inspections as specified in paragraph (d) of this AD.

Repetitive Inspections

- (d) Thereafter, inspect, clean, and moisture purge, and if necessary, blend any high metal, nicks, or burrs on fitting threads of each engine in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions, Section 3, of GE ASB No. GE90 73–A0060, Revision 3, dated September 14, 2000, within:
- (1) 30 CIS since-last-inspection, OR,(2) If applicable, 125 CIS since-last-inspection for one-engine-only per airplane.

Replacement Engines

(e) For replacement engines, perform the initial inspection, cleaning, and moisture purging, and if necessary, blend any high metal, nicks, or burrs on fitting threads as specified in paragraph (b) of this AD, except perform initial inspection before accumulating 30 CIS or 125 CIS, depending on the existing inspection interval for the engine that was replaced.

Idle Leak Check or Dual Signoff Procedure Check

- (f) After accomplishing the inspection and maintenance actions specified in paragraphs (b) through (e) of this AD, and before entry into service, do EITHER of the following:
- (1) Perform an idle leak check to confirm no P3B or Ps3 sense system faults in accordance with Accomplishment Instructions, Section 3, paragraph (15), of GE ASB No. GE90 73–A0060, Revision 3, dated September 14, 2000. OR,
- (2) Perform a dual signoff procedure check to confirm there are no loose fittings that

could cause P3B and Ps3 sense system faults, in accordance with Accomplishment Instructions, Section 3, paragraph (15), of GE ASB No. GE90 73–A0060, Revision 3, dated September 14, 2000. Idle leak checks that were performed using GE ASB No. GE90 73–A0060, dated December 23, 1999, and idle leak checks or dual signoff procedure checks that were performed using GE ASB No. GE90 73–A0060, Revision 1, dated March 1, 2000, or GE ASB No. GE90 73–A0060, Revision 2, dated May 12, 2000, may be considered as alternative methods of compliance for this requirement.

Installation of Redesigned Hardware

(g) At the next engine shop visit after the effective date of this AD, but not later than December 31, 2001, install the redesigned P3B and Ps3 tubes, hoses, clamps, and bracket assembly in accordance with Accomplishment Instructions, Section 3.A. through 3.H. of GE ASB No. GE90 S/B 75–0031, Revision 3, dated March 30, 2001.

Definition

(h) For the purposes of this AD, an engine shop visit is defined as any time an engine has maintenance performed that involves separation of a major flange, such as removal of the low pressure turbine module, or high pressure compressor top case half.

Credit for Installation of Redesigned Hardware

(i) Hardware installation that was performed using GE ASB No. GE90 S/B 75–0031, Revision 2, dated September 14, 2000; or GE ASB No. GE90 S/B 75–0031, Revision 1, dated August 29, 2000, may be considered as alternative methods of compliance for this requirement.

No Simultaneous Actions

(j) Do not perform the actions required by this AD concurrently on both engines installed on Boeing 777 series aircraft.

Old Configuration Hardware

(k) After the effective date of this AD, do not install any of the old configuration hardware listed in the following table.

OLD CONFIGURATION HARDWARE NOT TO BE INSTALLED

Part	Part No.		
Ps3 Tube	350–151–505–0 350–184–806–0		
	350-114-005-0		
Ps3 Hose	649-794-573-0		
P3B Tube	350-151-604-0		
	350-184-904-0		
	350-114-105-0		
P3B Hose	649–794–572–0		

Terminating Action

(l) Installation of redesigned hardware as specified in paragraph (g) of this AD constitutes terminating action for requirements of paragraph (d) and paragraph (e) of this AD.

Alternative Methods of Compliance

(m) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Engine Certification Office (ECO). Operators must submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, ECO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this airworthiness directive, if any, may be obtained from the ECO.

Special Flight Permits

(n) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the aircraft to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Documents That Have Been Incorporated By Reference

(o) The inspections and installation of redesigned hardware must be done in accordance with the following General Electric alert service bulletins (ASB's):

Document No.	Pages	Revision	Date
ASB No. GE90 73–A0060	1–8	3	September 14, 2000.
ASB No. GE90 S/B 75–0031	1–36	3	March 30, 2001.

This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from General Electric Company via Lockheed Martin Technology Services, 10525 Chester Road, Suite C, Cincinnati, OH 45215; telephone: (513) 672–8400, fax: (513) 672–8422. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, New England Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

Effective Date of This AD

(p) This amendment becomes effective on November 26, 2001.

Issued in Burlington, Massachusetts, on October 10, 2001.

Donald E. Plouffe.

Acting Manager, Engine and Propeller Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 01–26324 Filed 10–19–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2000-NM-337-AD; Amendment 39-12476; AD 2001-21-05]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; McDonnell Douglas Model MD–11 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment supersedes an existing airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain McDonnell Douglas Model MD-11 series airplanes, that currently requires a revision of the Airplane Flight Manual (AFM) to alert the flightcrew that both flight management computers (FMC) must be installed and operational. That AD also requires an inspection to determine the serial number of the FMC's; and followon corrective actions, if necessary, which terminate the AFM revision. This amendment requires an inspection to verify if a certain modification is on the front and rear identification plates of the FMC's; and applicable follow-on and corrective actions. This amendment is prompted by the FAA's determination that further rulemaking action is necessary to ensure that all affected airplanes are inspected for suspected defective multiplexers. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent loss of airspeed and altitude indications on both primary flight

displays in the cockpit, and/or loss or degradation of the autopilot functionality, and consequent failure of the data busses.

DATES: Effective November 26, 2001.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of November 26, 2001.

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Aircraft Group, Long Beach Division, 3855 Lakewood Boulevard, Long Beach, California 90846, Attention: Data and Service Management, Dept. C1-L5A (D800–0024). This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at FAA, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Brett Portwood, Aerospace Engineer, ANM–130L, FAA, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California 90712–4137; telephone (562) 627–5350; fax (562) 627–5210.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A

proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) by superseding AD 98-15-14, amendment 39-10665 (63 FR 38464, July 17, 1998), which is applicable to certain McDonnell Douglas Model MD-11 series airplanes, was published in the Federal Register on April 19, 2001 (66 FR 20116). The action proposed to continue to require a revision of the Airplane Flight Manual to alert the flightcrew that both flight management computers (FMCs) must be installed and operational. This action also proposed to require an inspection to determine whether McDonnell Douglas Modification "AS" had been incorporated and applicable follow-on and corrective actions.

Comments

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. Due consideration has been given to the comments received.

Commenter Concurs

One operator indicates that it has no objections to the proposed actions, which it has already completed.

Request To Allow Verification of Prior Re-identification

One operator states that "if the Mod AS accomplishes the corrective action of the data bus failure condition, and was satisfactorily demonstrated and approved by the FAA, then the terminating action should be to 'verify that the FMCs installed have Mod AS incorporated and are software updated to the –912 P/N.' There should be no need to confirm that a data bus failure condition does not exist."

The same commenter states that it has already accomplished the proposed terminating action by modifying all of its FMCs with Mod "AS", and has accomplished the Honeywell and the McDonnell Douglas/Boeing service bulletins to ensure that the software was updated to the -912 P/N. The FAA concurs that if the requirements of the applicable service bulletin have already been accomplished, this AD does not require that those actions be repeated. As a result, no change to the AD is necessary in this regard.

Conclusion

After careful review of the available data, including the comments noted above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed.

Cost Impact

There are approximately 174 Model MD–11 series airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. The FAA estimates that 59 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD.

The actions that are currently required by AD 98–15–14 and retained in this AD take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the currently required actions on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$3,540, or \$60 per airplane.

The new actions that are required by this AD will take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the new requirements of this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$3,540 or \$60 per airplane.

The cost impact figures discussed above are based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted. The cost impact figures discussed in AD rulemaking actions represent only the time necessary to perform the specific actions