name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

- TA-W-39,203; Lobelson and McCabe, Inc., Chapel Hill, TN: April 24, 2000.
- TA-W-39,727; Malbon, Inc., Hiram, GA: July 16, 2000.
- TA-W-39,680; Great Lakes Stitchery, Manistee, MI: July 10, 2000.
- TA-W-39,654; Wilcox Forging Co., Mechanicsburg, PA: July 1, 2000.
- TA-W-39,825; Area Tool and Manufacturing, Meadville, PA: August 3, 2000.
- TA-W-39,135; Brooke Glass Co., Inc., Wellsburg, WV: April 9, 2000.
- TA-W-39,690; Atlas Bag, Houston, TX: July 3, 2000.
- TA-W-39,900; Bonifay Manufacturing, Inc., Bonifay, FL: August 10, 2000.
- TA-W-39,583; Visteon Systems LLC, Connersville, IN: June 21, 2000.
- TA-W-39,809; KMA Manufacturing, Inc., Livingston, TN: July 24, 2000.
- TA-W-39,691; Meadowbrook Co., Division of T.L. Diamond and Co., Spelter, WV: July 12, 2000.
- TA-W-39,309; Supreme Laundry and Reed Manufacturing Co., a/k/a D and G Investment Co., El Paso, TX: July 8, 2000.

Also, pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (Pub. L. 103–182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance hereinafter called (NAFTA–TAA) and in accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act as amended, the Department of Labor presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for NAFTA–TAA issued during the month of September, 2001.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for NAFTA—TAA the following group eligibility requirements of Section 250 of the Trade Act must be met:

- (1) That a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, (including workers in any agricultural firm or appropriate subdivision thereof) have become totally or partially separated from employment and either—
- (2) That sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely,
- (3) That imports from Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such firm or subdivision have increased, and that the increases imports

contributed importantly to such workers' separations or threat of separation and to the decline in sales or production of such firm or subdivision;

(4) That there has been a shift in production by such workers' firm or subdivision to Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced by the firm or subdivision.

### **Negative Determinations NAFTA-TAA**

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criteria (3) and (4) were not met. Imports from Canada or Mexico did not contribute importantly to workers' separations. There was no shift in production from the subject firm to Canada or Mexico during the relevant period.

NAFTA-TAA-05075; Wilcox Forging Co., Mechanicsburg, PA NAFTA-TAA-05184; Wisne Automation and Engineering, Novi, MI

NAFTA-TAA-04810; Lobelson and McCabe, Inc., Chapel Hill, TN NAFTA-TAA-05175; Paxar Corp., Paxar Label Group—Woven Division, Canton, NC

The workers firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

NAFTA-TAA-05208; Dunlap Sales,
Inc., Hopkinsville, KY

NAFTA-TAA-05166; TNT Logistics North America, Bloomington, IN

# Affirmative Determinations NAFTA-TAA

- NAFTA-TAA-05178; Timgley Rubber Corp., South Plainfield, NJ: July 27, 2000
- NAFTA-TAA-05299; Meadowbrook Co., Division of T.L. Diamond and Co., Spelter, WV: July 12, 2000.
- NAFTA-TAA-05169; A.O. Smith Corp., Electrical Products Co., Owosso, MI: August 1, 2000
- NAFTA-TAA-04860; Supreme Laundry and Dry Cleaners, a/k/a D and G Investment Co., El Paso, TX: May 8, 2000
- NAFTA-TAA-04837; FCI USA, Inc., Electrical Connectors, Hanover, PA: April 26, 2000
- NAFTA-TAA-04952; Atlantic Wire and Cable Corp., College Point, NY: May 11, 2000
- NAFTA-TAA-05143; Howes Leather Corp., 101 Meadow Street, Curwensville, PA: July 26, 2000
- NAFTA-TAA-05123; Atlas Bags, Houston, TX: July 3, 2000. April 27, 2000.

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were

issued during the month of September, 2001. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C–5311, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons who write to the above address.

Dated: September 24, 2001.

#### Edward A. Tomchick,

Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 01–24826 Filed 10–3–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–31–M

### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

### **Employment and Training Administration**

[NAFTA-4323 and TA-W-38,397]

### Owens-Brockway, Glass Containers, Brockway, PA; Notice of Revised Determination on Reconsideration

By letter of April 5, 2001, the Glass, Molders, Pottery, Plastics & Allied Workers International Union requested administrative reconsideration of the Department's denial of North American Free Trade Agreement-Transitional Adjustment Assistance (NAFTA-TAA) and Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA), applicable to workers of Owens-Brockway, Glass Containers, Brockway, Pennsylvania. The notices were published in the **Federal Register** on April 5, 2001, NAFTA-4323 (66 FR 18118), and TA-W-38,397 (66 FR 18117).

The workers were primarily engaged in the production of glass bottles.

The workers were denied NAFTA—TAA on the basis that there was no shift in production to Mexico or Canada, nor were there company or customer imports of glass bottles from Mexico or Canada. The workers were denied TAA because the "contributed importantly" test of the Group Eligibility Requirements of the Trade Act was not met.

The union request for reconsideration indicated that the subject plant imported glass bottles from South America. Upon further examination of available glass bottle import statistics, it is now apparent that aggregate U.S. imports of glass bottles increased significantly from Canada and Mexico during the relevant period. The review further depicts a meaningful increase in aggregate U.S. imports of glass bottles during the relevant period.

### Conclusion

After careful consideration of the new facts obtained on reconsideration, it is

concluded that the workers of Owens-Brockway, Glass Containers, Brockway, Pennsylvania, were adversely affected by increased imports (including those from Canada and Mexico) of articles like or directly competitive with glass bottles produced at the subject firm.

All workers of Owens-Brockway, Glass Containers, Brockway, Pennsylvania, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after November 14, 1999, through two years from the date of certification, are eligible to apply for NAFTA-TAA under Section 250 of the trade Act of 1974; and

All workers of Owens-Brockway, Glass Containers, Brockway, Pennsylvania, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after November 14, 1999, through two years from the date of certification, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 18th day of September 2001.

### Edward A. Tomchick,

Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 01–24817 Filed 10–3–01; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4510–30–M** 

### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

# **Employment and Training Administration**

[TA-W-39,001]

Accuride International Incorporated, Charlotte, NC; Notice of Affirmative Determination Regarding Application for Reconsideration

By letter of May 21, 2001, the company requested administrative

reconsideration of the Department of Labor's Notice of Negative Determination Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance, applicable to petition number TA–W–39,001. The denial notice was signed on April 26, 2001 and was published in the **Federal Register** on May 9, 2001 (66 FR 23733).

The petitioner presented new information concerning possible increased company imports of the product produced by the subject plant.

### Conclusion

After careful review of the application, I conclude that the claim is of sufficient weight to justify reconsideration of the Department of Labor's prior decision. The application is, therefore, granted.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 18th day of September 2001.

### Edward A. Tomchick,

Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 01–24820 Filed 10–3–01; 8:45 am]

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

# **Employment and Training Administration**

# Investigations Regarding Certifications of Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

Petitions have been filed with the Secretary of Labor under section 221(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 ("the Act") and are identified in the Appendix to this notice. Upon receipt of these petitions, the Director of the Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance, Employment and Training Administration, has instituted investigations pursuant to section 221(a) of the Act.

The purpose of each of the investigation is to determine whether the workers are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Title II, Chapter 2, of the Act. The investigations will further relate, as appropriate, to the determination of the date on which total or partial separations began or threatened to begin and the subdivision of the firm involved.

The petitioners or any other persons showing a substantial interest in the subject matter of the investigations may request a public hearing, provided each request is filed in writing with the Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance, at the address shown below, not later than October 15, 2001.

Interested persons are invited to submit written comments regarding the subject matter of the investigations to the Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance, at the address shown below, not later than October 15, 2001.

The petitions filed in this case are available for inspection at the Office of the Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance, Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Room C–5311, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210.

Signed at Washington, DC this 13th day of August, 2001.

### Edward A. Tomchick,

Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

### APPENDIX

[Petitions Instituted On 08/13/2001]

TA-W	Subject firm (petitioners)	Location	Date of peti- tion	Product(s)
	Allison Manufacturing (Wkrs)			Printed Children's Apparel.
39,778	Coats North America (Co.)	Thomasville, GA	07/18/2001	Industrial Sewing Thread.
39,779	Albany Chicago Co. (Wkrs)	Pleasant Prairi, WI	07/27/2001	Custom Die Cast and Machined Components.
39,780	Huntsman Polymers Corp (Wkrs)	Odessa, TX	07/16/2001	Styrene Monomer.
39,781	American Components (Wkrs)	Dandridge, TN	08/02/2001	Automotive Lumbar Supports.
39,782		N. Kansas City, MO	08/01/2001	Milled Wheat Flour.
39,783	Plastic Source (Co.)	El Paso, TX	07/26/2001	Headlamp Parts.
39,784	Elcom, Inc. (Wkrs)	El Paso, TX	07/26/2001	Automotive Electronics.
39,785	GKN Sinter Metals (Wkrs)	St. Mary, PA	07/17/2001	Powder Metal Parts.
39,786	, ,	Greeneville, TN	07/26/2001	Drawn Zinc Battery Shells.
39,787	Sheldahl, Inc. (Wkrs)	Britton, SD	07/30/2001	Flexible Printed Circuits.
39,788	·	San Antonio, TX	07/31/2001	Beverage—Fittings.
39,789		Guilford, ME	07/31/2001	Fabric for Office Furniture.
39,790		Oconto, WI	07/24/2001	Electronic Capacitor.
39,791		Tuscumbia, AL	07/26/2001	Brush Plate Assemblies.
39,792		Kinston, NC	07/30/2001	Men's Dress Shirts and boxer shorts.
	Fourth Edition (Wkrs)	Terre Hill, PA	07/30/2001	Ladies Lingerie.
	Advanced Refractory Tech. (Wkrs)	Buffalo, NY		Aluminum Nitride Powder.
39,795	Garland Shirt (Wkrs)	Garland, NC	07/30/2001	Dress Shirts.