

expiration date will not be issued. Employers should not request proof of Honduran or Nicaraguan citizenship. Employers presented with an EAD that has been extended by this **Federal Register** notice and that appears to be genuine and to relate to the employee should accept the document as a valid List A document and should not ask for additional Form I-9 documentation. This action by the Service through this **Federal Register** notice does not affect the right of an employee to present any legally acceptable document as proof of identity and eligibility for employment. Employers are reminded that the laws prohibiting unfair immigration-related employment practices remain in full force.

Employers may call the Service's Office of Business Liaison Employer Hotline at 1-800-357-2099 to speak to a Service representative about this Notice. Employers can also call the Office of Special Counsel for Immigration Related Unfair Employment Practices (OSC) Employer Hotline at 1-800-255-8155. Employees or applicants can call the OSC Employee Hotline at 1-800-255-7688 about the automatic extension.

Does This Notice Affect Any Other Portion of the May 8, 2001, Federal Register Notices Extending TPS Designation for Honduras and Nicaragua Until July 5, 2002?

No, all other TPS requirements contained in the May 8, 2001, **Federal Register** notices at 66 FR 23269 and 66 FR 23271, respectively, are accurate and remain in effect.

Dated: June 28, 2001.

Kevin D. Rooney,
Commissioner.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

[Docket No. NRTL2-92]

Canadian Standards Association, Renewal and Expansion of Recognition

AGENCY: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Labor.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the Agency's final decision on: (1) the application of the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) for renewal of its recognition as a Nationally Recognized

Testing Laboratory under 29 CFR 1910.7, and (2) the application of the Canadian Standards Association for expansion of its recognition to use additional standards.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The renewal becomes effective on July 3, 2001 and will be valid until July 3, 2006, unless terminated or modified prior to that date, in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.7.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bernard Pasquet, Office of Technical Programs and Coordination Activities, NRTL Program, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N3653, Washington, D.C. 20210, or phone (202) 693-2110.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Notice of Final Application

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) hereby gives notice of the renewal and expansion of recognition of the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL). CSA's expansion request covers the use of additional test standards. The NRTL's scope of recognition may be found in OSHA's informational web page for the NRTL (<http://www.osha-slc.gov/dts/otpc/nrtl/csa.html>).

OSHA recognition of an NRTL signifies that the organization has met the legal requirements in Section 1910.7 of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (29 CFR 1910.7). Recognition is an acknowledgment that the organization can perform independent safety testing and certification of the specific products covered within its scope of recognition and is not a delegation or grant of government authority. As a result of recognition, employers may use products "properly certified" by the NRTL to meet OSHA standards that require testing and certification.

The Agency processes applications by an NRTL for initial recognition or for expansion or renewal of this recognition following requirements in Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7. This appendix requires that the Agency publish two notices in the **Federal Register** in processing an application. In the first notice, OSHA announces the application and provides its preliminary finding and, in the second notice, the Agency provides its final decision on the application. These notices set forth the NRTL's scope of recognition or modifications of that scope.

CSA originated in 1919 as the Canadian Engineering Standards Association (CESA), which was changed in 1944 to the present name. In 1940, CSA began to test and certify products.

CSA received its recognition as an NRTL on December 24, 1992 (see 57 FR 61452), for a period of five years ending December 24, 1997. Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7 stipulates that the period of recognition of an NRTL is five years and that an NRTL may renew its recognition by applying not less than nine months, nor more than one year, before the expiration date of its current recognition. CSA submitted its renewal request on March 20, 1997 (see Exhibit 26A), within the time allotted, and CSA retains its recognition pending OSHA's final decision in this renewal process.

In July 1997, CSA acquired additional testing facilities from the American Gas Association (AGA). OSHA had recognized AGA operation of these facilities for NRTL status in 1990 (June 7, 1990, 55 FR 23312). OSHA was in the process of renewing its recognition of these facilities when CSA acquired them. Although OSHA was generally aware that CSA had made this acquisition, CSA did not officially inform OSHA until March 1999 as to how it wanted to treat these sites within its NRTL operations. The NRTL Program staff withheld action on CSA's renewal request until it received this information.

CSA has submitted a request, dated June 16, 1999 (see Exhibit 26B), to expand its recognition as an NRTL to include 195 additional test standards. The NRTL Program staff has determined that 51 of the 195 standards are not "appropriate test standards," within the meaning of 29 CFR 1910.7(c). The staff makes such determinations in processing expansion requests from any NRTL. Therefore, OSHA is approving 144 test standards for the expansion, which are listed below in the section on expansion.

OSHA published the required notice in the **Federal Register** on March 16, 2001, (66 FR 15281) to announce CSA's renewal and expansion requests. This notice included a preliminary finding that CSA could meet the requirements in 29 CFR 1910.7 for renewal and expansion of its recognition and invited public comment by April 2, 2001. OSHA received no comments concerning this notice.

In processing CSA's requests, OSHA performed on-site reviews of CSA's facilities listed below. NRTL Program staff recommended the renewal and expansion of CSA's recognition in the on-site review report (see Exhibit 27).

The following is a chronology of the other **Federal Register** notices published by OSHA concerning CSA's recognition, all of which have involved an expansion of recognition for additional sites, standards, or programs:

a request announced on July 20, 1999 (64 FR 38926) and granted on November 4, 1999 (64 FR 60240) a request announced on December 10, 1993 (58 FR 64973) and granted on February 4, 1994 (59 FR 5446); a request announced on March 3, 1994 (59 FR 10173) and granted on August 9, 1994 (59 FR 40602); a request announced on December 8, 1994 (59 FR 63383) and granted on March 24, 1995 (60 FR 15595); and a request announced on July 12, 1996 (61 FR 36763) and granted on November 20, 1996 (61 FR 59110). The renewal incorporates all recognitions granted to CSA through the date of publication of this preliminary finding.

You may obtain or review copies of all public documents pertaining to the CSA application by contacting the Docket Office, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N2625, Washington, D.C. 20210. You should refer to Docket No. NRTL-2-92, the permanent record of public information on the CSA recognition.

The current address of the CSA testing facilities already recognized by OSHA are:

Canadian Standards Association,
Etobicoke (Toronto), 178 Rexdale
Boulevard, Etobicoke, Ontario, M9W
1R3

CSA International, Pointe-Claire
(Montreal), 865 Ellingham Street,
Pointe-Claire, Quebec H9R 5E8

CSA International, Richmond
(Vancouver), 13799 Commerce
Parkway, Richmond, British Columbia
V6V 2N9

CSA International, Edmonton, 1707-
94th Street, Edmonton, Alberta T6N
1E6

CSA International, Cleveland, 8501 East
Pleasant Valley Road, Cleveland, Ohio
44131 (formerly part of the American
Gas Association)

CSA International, Irvine, 2805 Barranca
Parkway, Irvine, California 92606
(formerly part of the American Gas
Association)

Programs and Procedures

The renewal of recognition includes CSA's continued use of the following supplemental programs and procedures, based upon the criteria detailed in the March 9, 1995 **Federal Register** notice (60 FR 12980, 3/9/95). This notice lists nine (9) programs and procedures (collectively, programs), eight of which an NRTL may use to control and audit, but not actually to generate, the data relied upon for product certification. An NRTL's initial recognition will always include the first or basic program, which requires that all product testing

and evaluation be performed in-house by the NRTL that will certify the product. OSHA has already recognized CSA for these programs, which are listed, as shown below, in OSHA's informational web page on the CSA recognition (<http://www.osha-slc.gov/dts/otpca/nrtl/csa.html>).

Program 2: Acceptance of testing data from independent organizations, other than NRTLs.

Program 3: Acceptance of product evaluations from independent organizations, other than NRTLs.

Program 4: Acceptance of witnessed testing data.

Program 5: Acceptance of testing data from non-independent organizations.

Program 6: Acceptance of evaluation data from non-independent organizations (requiring NRTL review prior to marketing).

Program 7: Acceptance of continued certification following minor modifications by the client.

Program 8: Acceptance of product evaluations from organizations that function as part of the International Electrotechnical Commission Certification Body (IEC-CB) Scheme.

Program 9: Acceptance of services other than testing or evaluation performed by subcontractors or agents.

OSHA developed these programs to limit how an NRTL may perform certain aspects of its work and to permit the activities covered under a program only when the NRTL meets certain criteria. In this sense, they are special conditions that the Agency places on an NRTL's recognition. OSHA does not consider these programs in determining whether an NRTL meets the requirements for recognition under 29 CFR 1910.7. However, these programs help to define the scope of that recognition.

Final Decision and Order

The NRTL Program staff has examined the applications, the assessor's report, and other pertinent information. Based upon this examination and the assessor's recommendation, OSHA finds that the Canadian Standards Association has met the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.7 for renewal and expansion of its NRTL recognition. The renewal applies to the sites listed above. In addition, it covers the test standards listed below, and it is subject to the limitations and conditions, also listed below. Pursuant to the authority in 29 CFR 1910.7, OSHA hereby renews and expands the recognition of CSA, subject to these limitations and conditions.

Limitations

Renewal of Recognition of Facilities

OSHA limits the renewal of recognition of CSA to the 6 sites listed above. In addition, similar to other NRTLs that operate multiple sites, the Agency's recognition of any CSA testing site is limited to performing testing to the test standards for which OSHA has recognized CSA and for which the site has the proper capability and control programs.

Renewal of Recognition of Test Standards

OSHA further limits the renewal of recognition of CSA to testing and certification of products to demonstrate conformance to the test standards listed below (see Listing of Test Standards). OSHA has determined that each test standard meets the requirements for an appropriate test standard, within the meaning of 29 CFR 1910.7(c). Some of the test standards for which OSHA previously recognized CSA were no longer appropriate at the time of preparation of the preliminary notice, primarily because they had been withdrawn by the standards developing organization. As a result, we have excluded these test standards in the listing below. However, under OSHA policy, the NRTL may request recognition for comparable test standards, i.e., other appropriate test standards covering similar types of product testing. Since a number of NRTLs are affected by such withdrawn standards, OSHA will publish a separate notice to make the appropriate substitutions for CSA and other NRTLs that were recognized for these standards. The Agency has contacted these NRTLs regarding this matter.

The Agency's recognition of CSA, or any other NRTL, for a particular test standard is always limited to equipment or materials (products) for which OSHA standards require third party testing and certification before use in the workplace. An NRTL's scope of recognition excludes any product(s) falling within the scope of the test standard for which OSHA has no such requirements.

Listing of Test Standards

ANSI A17.5 Elevators and Escalator
Electrical Equipment
ANSI C37.20.1 Metal-Enclosed Low-
Voltage Power Circuit-Breaker
Switchgear¹
ANSI C37.20.2 Metal-Clad and Station-
Type Cubicle Switchgear¹
ANSI C37.20.3 Metal-Enclosed
Interrupter Switchgear¹
ANSI C37.21 Control Switchboards¹

- ANSI C37.23 Metal Enclosed Bus and Calculating Losses in Isolated-Place Bus¹
- ANSI C37.41 Design Tests for High-Voltage Fuses, Distribution Enclosed Single Pole Air Switches, Fuse Disconnecting Switches and Accessories¹
- ANSI C37.46 Specifications for Power Fuses and Fuse Disconnecting Switches¹
- ANSI C37.54 Indoor Alternating-Current High Voltage Circuit Breakers Applied as Removable Elements in Metal-Enclosed Switchgear Assemblies—Conformance Test Procedures¹
- ANSI C37.55 Metal-Clad Switchgear Assemblies—Conformance Test Procedures¹
- ANSI C37.57 Metal-Enclosed Interrupter Switchgear Assemblies—Conformance Testing¹
- ANSI C37.58 Indoor AC Medium-Voltage Switches for Use in Metal-Enclosed Switchgear—Conformance Testing Procedures¹
- ANSI C37.121 Unit Substations—Requirements¹
- ANSI C62.11 Metal Oxide Surge Arresters for AC Power Circuits¹
- ANSI Z21.1 Household Cooking Gas Appliances
- ANSI Z21.5.2 Gas Clothes Dryers, Type 2, Volume II
- ANSI Z21.10.3 Gas Water Heaters, Volume III Storage, With Input Ratings Above 75,000 Btu Per Hour, Circulating and Instantaneous Water Heaters
- ANSI Z21.12 Draft Hoods
- ANSI Z21.13 Gas-Fired Low-Pressure Steam and Hot Water Heating Boilers
- ANSI Z21.15 Manually Operated Gas Valves
- ANSI Z21.17 Domestic Gas Conversion Burners
- ANSI Z21.18 Gas Appliance Pressure Regulators
- ANSI Z21.20 Automatic Gas Ignition Systems and Components
- ANSI Z21.21 Automatic Valves for Gas Appliances
- ANSI Z21.22 Relief Valves and Automatic Gas Shutoff Devices for Hot Water Supply Systems
- ANSI Z21.23 Gas Appliance Thermostats
- ANSI Z21.35 Gas Filters on Appliances
- ANSI Z21.40.1 Gas-Fired Absorption Summer Air Conditioning Appliances
- ANSI Z21.47 Gas-Fired Central Furnaces
- ANSI Z21.48 Gas-Fired Gravity and Fan Type Floor Furnaces
- ANSI Z21.49 Gas-Fired Gravity and Fan Type Vented Wall Furnaces
- ANSI Z21.56 Gas-Fired Pool Heaters
- ANSI Z21.61 Gas-Fired Toilets
- ANSI Z21.66 Automatic Vent Damper Devices for Use With Gas-Fired Appliances Electrically Operated
- ANSI Z21.73 Portable Camp Lanterns for Use With Propane Gas
- ANSI Z83.3 Gas Utilization Equipment in Large Boilers
- ANSI Z83.4 Direct Gas-Fired Make-Up Air Heaters
- ANSI Z83.6 Gas-Fired Infrared Heaters
- ANSI Z83.7 Gas-Fired Construction Heaters
- ANSI Z83.8 Gas Unit Heaters
- ANSI Z83.11 Gas Food Service Equipment—Ranges and Unit broilers
- UL 1 Flexible Metal Conduit
- UL 3 Flexible Nonmetallic Tubing for Electric Wiring
- UL 4 Armored Cable
- UL 5 Surface Metal Raceways and Fittings
- UL 6 Rigid Metal Conduit
- UL 13 Power-Limited Circuit Cables
- UL 20 General-Use Snap Switches
- UL 22 Electric Amusement Machines
- UL 44 Rubber-Insulated Wires and Cables
- UL 45 Portable Electric Tools
- UL 48 Electric Signs
- UL 50 Electrical Cabinets and Boxes
- UL 51 Power-Operated Pumps for Anhydrous Ammonia and LP-Gas
- UL 62 Flexible Cord and Fixture Wire
- UL 65 Electric Wired Cabinets
- UL 67 Electric Panelboards
- UL 69 Electric Fence Controllers
- UL 73 Electric-Motor-Operated Appliances
- UL 79 Power-Operated Pumps for Petroleum Product Dispensing Systems
- UL 82 Electric Gardening Appliances
- UL 83 Thermoplastic-Insulated Wires and Cables
- UL 87 Power-Operated Dispensing Devices for Petroleum Products
- UL 94 Tests for Flammability of Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and Appliances
- UL 98 Enclosed and Dead-Front Switches
- UL 104 Elevator Door Locking Devices
- UL 122 Electric Photographic Equipment
- UL 125 Valves for Anhydrous Ammonia and LP-Gas (Other Than Safety Relief)
- UL 130 Electric Heating Pads
- UL 132 Safety Relief Valves for Anhydrous Ammonia and LP-Gas
- UL 141 Garment Finishing Appliances
- UL 144 Pressure Regulating Valves for LP-Gas
- UL 147 LP-and MPS-Gas Torches
- UL 150 Antenna Rotators
- UL 153 Portable Electric Lamps
- UL 174 Household Electric Storage-Tank Water Heaters
- UL 183 Manufactures Wiring Systems
- UL 187 X-Ray Equipment
- UL 197 Commercial Electric Cooking Appliances
- UL 198B Class H Fuses
- UL 198C High-Interrupting-Capacity Fuses, Current Limiting Type
- UL 198D High-Interrupting-Capacity Class K Fuses
- UL 198E Class R Fuses
- UL 198F Plug Fuses
- UL 198G Fuse for Supplementary Overcurrent Protection
- UL 198H Class T Fuses
- UL 198L DC Fuses for Industrial Use
- UL 198M Mine-Duty Fuses
- UL 207 Nonelectrical Refrigerant Containing Components and Accessories
- UL 209 Cellular Metal Floor Electrical Raceways and Fittings
- UL 224 Extruded Insulating Tubing
- UL 228 Door Closers-Holders, and Integral Smoke Detectors
- UL 231 Electrical Power Outlets
- UL 244A Solid-State Controls for Appliances
- UL 250 Household Refrigerators and Freezers
- UL 291 Automated Teller Systems
- UL 294 Access Control System Units
- UL 296 Oil Burners
- UL 298 Portable Electric Hand Lamps
- UL 310 Electrical Quick-Connect Terminals
- UL 325 Door, Drapery, Gate, Louver and Window Operators and Systems
- UL 343 Pumps of Oil-Burning Appliances
- UL 347 High-Voltage Industrial Control Equipment
- UL 351 Electrical Rosettes
- UL 353 Limit Controls
- UL 355 Electric Cord Reels
- UL 360 Liquid Tight Flexible Steel Conduit
- UL 372 Primary Safety Controls for Gas- and Oil-Fired Appliances
- UL 378 Draft Equipment
- UL 391 Solid-Fuel and Combination-Fuel Control and Supplementary Furnaces
- UL 399 Drinking-Water Coolers
- UL 412 Refrigeration Unit Coolers
- UL 414 Electrical Meter Sockets
- UL 416 Refrigerated Medical Equipment
- UL 427 Refrigerating Units
- UL 429 Electrically Operated Valves
- UL 430 Electric Waste Disposers
- UL 444 Communications Cables
- UL 448 Pumps for Fire Protection Service
- UL 452 Antenna Discharge Units
- UL 464 Audible Signal Appliances
- UL 466 Electric Scales
- UL 467 Electrical Grounding and Bonding Equipment
- UL 469 Musical Instruments and Accessories

- UL 471 Commercial Refrigerators and Freezers
- UL 474 Dehumidifiers
- UL 482 Portable Sun/Heat Lamps
- UL 484 Room Air Conditioners
- UL 486A Wire Connectors and Soldering Lugs for Use With Copper Conductors
- UL 486B Wire Connectors for Use With Aluminum Conductors
- UL 486C Splicing Wire Connectors
- UL 486D Insulated Wire Connectors for Use With Underground Conductors
- UL 486E Equipment Wiring Terminals for Use With Aluminum and/or Copper Conductors
- UL 489 Molded-Case Circuit Breakers and Circuit-Breaker Enclosures
- UL 493 Thermoplastic-Insulated Underground Feeder and Branch-Circuit Cables
- UL 495 Power-Operated Dispensing Devices for LP-Gas
- UL 496 Edison-Base Lampholders
- UL 497 Protectors for Communication Circuits
- UL 497A Secondary Protectors for Communication Circuits
- UL 497B Protectors for Data Communication and Fire Alarm Circuits
- UL 498 Attachment Plugs and Receptacles
- UL 499 Electric Heating Appliances
- UL 506 Specialty Transformers
- UL 507 Electric Fans
- UL 508 Electric Industrial Control Equipment
- UL 508C Power Conversion Equipment
- UL 510 Insulating Tape
- UL 511 Porcelain Electrical Cleats, Knobs, and Tubes
- UL 512 Fuseholders
- UL 514A Metallic Outlet Boxes, Electrical
- UL 514B Fittings for Conduit and Outlet Boxes
- UL 514C Nonmetallic Outlet Boxes, Flush-Device Boxes and Covers
- UL 541 Refrigerated Vending Machines
- UL 542 Lampholders, Starters, and Starter Holders for Fluorescent Lamps
- UL 544 Electric Medical and Dental Equipment
- UL 551 Transformer-Type Arc-Welding Machines
- UL 561 Floor Finishing Machines
- UL 563 Ice Makers
- UL 574 Electric Oil Heater
- UL 603 Power Supplies for Use With Burglar-Alarm Systems
- UL 609 Local Burglar-Alarm Units and Systems
- UL 621 Ice Cream Makers
- UL 632 Electrically Actuated Transmitters
- UL 636 Holdup Alarm Units and Systems
- UL 639 Intrusion-Detection Units
- UL 651 Schedule 40 and 80 Rigid PVC Conduit
- UL 651A Type EB and A Rigid PVC Conduit and HDPE Conduit
- UL 664 Commercial (Class IV) Electric Dry-Cleaning Machines
- UL 674 Electric Motors and Generators for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 676 Underwater Lighting Fixtures
- UL 680 Emergency Vault Ventilators and Vault Ventilating Parts
- UL 696 Electric Toys
- UL 697 Toy Transformers
- UL 698 Industrial Control Equipment for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 705 Power Ventilators
- UL 710 Grease Extractors for Exhaust Ducts
- UL 719 Nonmetallic Sheathed Cables
- UL 726 Oil-Fired Boiler Assemblies
- UL 727 Oil-Fired Central Furnaces
- UL 729 Oil-Fired Floor Furnaces
- UL 730 Oil-Fired Wall Furnaces
- UL 731 Oil-Fired Unit Heaters
- UL 732 Oil-Fired Water Heaters
- UL 733 Oil-Fired Air Heaters and Direct-Fired Heaters
- UL 746A Polymeric Materials—Short Term Property Evaluations
- UL 746B Polymeric Materials—Long Term Property Evaluations
- UL 746C Polymeric Materials—Use in Electrical Equipment Evaluations
- UL 746E Polymeric Materials—Industrial Laminates, Filament Wound Tubing, Vulcanized Fibre and Materials Used in Printed Wiring Boards
- UL 749 Household Dishwashers
- UL 751 Vending Machines
- UL 756 Coin and Currency Changers and Actuators
- UL 763 Motor-Operated Commercial Food Preparing Machines
- UL 773 Plug-In Locking-Type Photocontrols for Use With Area Lighting
- UL 773A Nonindustrial Photoelectric Switches for Lighting Control
- UL 775 Graphic Arts Equipment
- UL 778 Motor-Operated Water Pumps
- UL 781 Portable Electric Lighting Units for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 783 Electric Flashlights and Lanterns for Use in Hazardous Locations, Class I, Groups C and D
- UL 795 Commercial-Industrial Gas-Heating Equipment
- UL 796 Printed-Wiring Boards
- UL 797 Electrical Metallic Tubing
- UL 810 Capacitors
- UL 813 Commercial Audio Equipment
- UL 814 Gas-Tube-Sign and Ignition Cable
- UL 817 Cord Sets and Power-Supply Cords
- UL 823 Electric Heaters for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 826 Household Electric Clocks
- UL 834 Heating, Water Supply, and Power Boilers—Electric
- UL 842 Valves for Flammable Fluids
- UL 844 Electric Lighting Fixtures for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 845 Electric Motor Control Centers
- UL 858 Household Electric Ranges
- UL 858A Safety-Related Solid-State Controls for Electric Ranges
- UL 864 Service Entrance Cable
- UL 857 Electric Busways and Associated Fittings
- UL 858 Household Electric Ranges
- UL 858A Safety-Related Solid-State Controls for Electric Ranges
- UL 859 Personal Grooming Appliance
- UL 863 Electric Time-Indicating and -Recording Appliances
- UL 867 Electrostatic Air Cleaners
- UL 869A Reference Standard for Service Equipment
- UL 870 Wireways, Auxiliary Gutters, and Associated Fittings
- UL 873 Electrical Temperature-Indicating and -Regulating Equipment
- UL 875 Electric Dry Bath Heaters
- UL 877 Circuit Breakers and Circuit-Breaker Enclosure for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 879 Electrode Receptacles for Gas-Tube Signs
- UL 884 Underfloor Electrical Raceways and Fittings
- UL 886 Electrical Outlet Boxes and Fittings for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 891 Dead-Front Electrical Switchboards
- UL 894 Switches for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 896 Oil-Burning Stoves
- UL 910 Test Method for Fire and Smoke Characteristics of Electrical and Optical-Fiber Cables
- UL 913 Intrinsically Safe Apparatus and Associated Apparatus for Use in Class I, III and III, Division I, Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 916 Energy Management Equipment
- UL 917 Clock-Operated Switches
- UL 921 Commercial Electric Dishwashers
- UL 923 Microwave Cooking Appliances
- UL 924 Emergency Lighting and Power Equipment
- UL 935 Fluorescent Lamp Ballasts
- UL 943 Ground-Fault Circuit Interrupters
- UL 961 Hobby and Sports Equipment
- UL 964 Electrically Heating Bedding
- UL 969 Marking and Labeling Systems

- UL 977 Fused Power-Circuit Devices
- UL 982 Motor-Operated Food Preparing Machines
- UL 983 Surveillance Cameras
- UL 984 Hermetic Refrigerant Motor-Compressors
- UL 987 Stationary and Fixed Electric Tools
- UL 991 Tests for Safety-Related Controls Employing Solid-State Devices
- UL 998 Humidifiers
- UL 1002 Electrically Operated Valve for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 1004 Electric Motors
- UL 1005 Electric Flatirons
- UL 1008 Automatic-Transfer Switches
- UL 1010 Receptacle-Plug Combinations for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 1012 Power Supplies
- UL 1017 Electric Vacuum Cleaning Machines and Blower Cleaners
- UL 1018 Electric Aquarium Equipment
- UL 1020 Thermal Cutoffs for Use in Electrical Appliances and Components
- UL 1022 Line Isolated Monitors
- UL 1026 Electric Household Cooking and Food-Serving Appliances
- UL 1028 Electric Hair-Clipping and -Shaving Appliances
- UL 1029 High-Intensity Discharge Lamp Ballasts
- UL 1030 Sheathed Heater Elements
- UL 1037 Antitheft Alarms and Devices
- UL 1042 Electric Baseboard Heating Equipment
- UL 1047 Isolated Power Systems Equipment
- UL 1053 Ground-Fault Sensing and Relaying Equipment
- UL 1054 Special-Use Switches
- UL 1059 Terminal Blocks
- UL 1063 Machine-Tool Wires and Cables
- UL 1066 Low-Voltage AC and DC power Circuit Breakers Used in Enclosures
- UL 1069 Hospital Signaling and Nurse Call Equipment
- UL 1072 Medium Voltage Power Cables
- UL 1076 Proprietary Burglar-Alarm Units and Systems
- UL 1077 Supplementary Protectors for Use in Electrical Equipment
- UL 1081 Electric Swimming Pool Pumps, Filters and Chlorinators
- UL 1082 Household Electric Coffee Makers and Brewing-Type Appliances
- UL 1083 Household Electric Skillet and Frying-Type Appliances
- UL 1086 Household Trash Compactors
- UL 1087 Molded-Case Switches
- UL 1088 Temporary Lighting Strings
- UL 1090 Electric Snow Movers
- UL 1097 Double Insulation Systems for Use in Electrical Equipment
- UL 1203 Explosion-Proof and Dust-Ignition-Proof Electrical Equipment for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 1206 Electric Commercial Clothes-Washing Equipment
- UL 1207 Sewage Pumps for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 1230 Amateur Movie Lights
- UL 1236 Electric Battery Chargers
- UL 1238 Control Equipment for Use With Flammable Liquid Dispensing Devices
- UL 1240 Electric Commercial Clothes-Drying Equipment
- UL 1241 Junction Boxes for Swimming Pool Lighting Fixtures
- UL 1242 Intermediate Metal Conduit
- UL 1244 Electrical and Electronic Measuring and Testing Equipment
- UL 1261 Electric Water Heaters for Pools and Tubs
- UL 1262 Laboratory Equipment
- UL 1270 Radio Receivers, Audio Systems, and Accessories
- UL 1277 Electrical Power and Control Tray Cables With Optional Optical-Fiber Members
- UL 1278 Movable and Wall- or Ceiling-Hung Electric Room
- UL 1283 Electromagnetic-Interference Filter
- UL 1286 Office Furnishings
- UL 1310 Direct Plug-In Transformer Units
- UL 1313 Nonmetallic Safety Cans for Petroleum Products
- UL 1323 Scaffold Hoists
- UL 1409 Low-Voltage Video Products Without Cathode-Ray-Tube Displays
- UL 1410 Television Receivers and High-Voltage Video Products
- UL 1411 Transformers and Motor Transformers for Use In Audio-, Radio-, and Television-Type Appliances
- UL 1412 Fusing Resistors and Temperature-Limited Resistors for Radio-, and Television-Type Appliances
- UL 1413 High-Voltage Components for Television-Type Appliances
- UL 1414 Across-the-Line, Antenna-Coupling, and Line-by-Pass Capacitors for Radio- and Television-Type Appliances
- UL 1416 Overcurrent and Overtemperature Protectors for Radio- and Television-Type Appliances
- UL 1417 Special Fuses for Radio- and Television-Type Appliances
- UL 1418 Implosion-Protected Cathode-Ray Tubes for Television-Type Appliances
- UL 1419 Professional Video and Audio Equipment
- UL 1424 Cables for Power-Limited Fire-Protective-Signaling Circuits
- UL 1429 Pullout Switches
- UL 1433 Control Centers for Changing Message Type Electric Signs
- UL 1436 Outlet Circuit Testers and Similar Indicating Devices
- UL 1437 Electrical Analog Instruments, Panelboard Types
- UL 1441 Coated Electrical Sleeving
- UL 1446 Electric Water Bed Heaters
- UL 1447 Electric Lawn Mowers
- UL 1448 Electric Hedge Trimmers
- UL 1449 Transient Voltage Surge Suppressors
- UL 1453 Electric Booster and Commercial Storage Tank Water Heaters
- UL 1459 Telephone Equipment
- UL 1484 Residential Gas Detectors
- UL 1492 Audio and Video Equipment
- UL 1557 Electrically Isolated Semiconductor Devices
- UL 1558 Metal Enclosed Low-Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Switchgear
- UL 1559 Insect-Control Equipment, Electrocuting type
- UL 1561 Large General Purpose Transformers
- UL 1562 Transformers, Distribution, Dry Type—Over 600 Volts
- UL 1564 Industrial Battery Chargers
- UL 1565 Wire Positioning Devices
- UL 1567 Receptacles and Switches Intended for Use With Aluminum Wire
- UL 1569 Metal-Clad Cables
- UL 1570 Fluorescent Lighting Fixtures
- UL 1571 Incandescent Lighting Fixtures
- UL 1572 High Intensity Discharge Lighting Fixtures
- UL 1573 Stage and Studio Lighting Units
- UL 1574 Track Lighting Systems
- UL 1577 Optical Isolators
- UL 1581 Reference Standard for Electrical Wires, Cables, and Flexible Cords
- UL 1585 Class 2 and Class 3 Transformers
- UL 1594 Sewing and Cutting Machines
- UL 1604 Electrical Equipment for Use in Class I and II, Division 2 and Class III Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 1610 Central-Station Burglar-Alarm Units
- UL 1635 Digital Burglar Alarm Communicator System Units
- UL 1638 Visual Signaling Appliances
- UL 1647 Motor-Operated Massage and Exercise Machines
- UL 1651 Optical Fiber Cable
- UL 1660 Liquid-Tight Flexible Nonmetallic Conduit
- UL 1662 Electric Chain Saws
- UL 1666 Standard Test for Flame Propagation Height of Electrical and Optical-Fiber Cables Installed Vertically in Shafts
- UL 1676 Discharge Path Resistors
- UL 1681 Wiring Device Configurations

UL 1690 Data-Processing Cable
 UL 1727 Commercial Electric Personal Grooming Appliances
 UL 1773 Termination Boxes
 UL 1776 High-Pressure Cleaning Machines
 UL 1778 Uninterruptible Power Supply Equipment
 UL 1786 Nightlights
 UL 1795 Hydromassage Bathtubs
 UL 1812 Ducted Heat Recovery Ventilators
 UL 1815 Nonducted Heat Recovery Ventilators
 UL 1863 Communication Circuit Accessories
 UL 1876 Isolating Signal and Feedback Transformers for Use in Electronic Equipment
 UL 1917 Solid-State Fan Speed Controls
 UL 1950 Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment
 UL 1951 Electric Plumbing Accessories
 UL 1963 Refrigerant Recovery/Recycling Equipment
 UL 1993 Self-Ballasted Lamps and Lamp Adapters
 UL 1995 Heating and Cooling Equipment
 UL 1996 Duct Heaters
 UL 2044 Commercial Closed Circuit Television Equipment
 UL 2083 Halon 1301 Recovery/Recycling Equipment
 UL 2097 Reference Standard for Double Insulation Systems for Use in Electronic Equipment
 UL 2601-1 Medical Electrical Equipment
 UL 3101-1 Electrical Equipment for Laboratory Use; Part 1: General Requirements
 UL 3111-1 Electrical Measuring and Test Equipment; Part 1: General Requirements
 UL 6500 Audio/Visual and Musical Instrument Apparatus for Household, Commercial, and Similar General Use
 UL 8730-1 Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 1: General Requirements

⁽¹⁾ These standards are approved for equipment or materials intended for use in commercial and industrial power system applications. These standards are not approved for equipment or materials intended for use in installations that are excluded from the provisions of Subpart S in 29 CFR 1910, in particular Section 1910.302(a)(2).

Note.—Testing and certification of gas operated equipment is limited to equipment for use with “liquefied petroleum gas” (“LPG” or “LP-Gas”).

Footnote “(1)” has been added for clarification and for consistency with

similar standards that are included for the expansion request.

The designations and titles of the above test standards were current at the time of preparation of the notice of preliminary finding.

Expansion of Recognition—Additional Test Standards

OSHA limits the expansion of recognition of CSA to testing and certification of products to demonstrate compliance to the following 144 test standards. OSHA has determined that each standard meets the requirements for an appropriate test standard, within the meaning of 29 CFR 1910.7(c).

ANSI C37.09 Standard Test Procedure for AC High-Voltage Circuit Breakers Rated on a Symmetrical Current Basis ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.013 AC High-Voltage Generator Circuit Breakers Rated on a Symmetrical ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.13 Low-Voltage AC Power Circuit Breakers Used In Enclosures ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.14 Low-Voltage DC Power Circuit Breakers Used in Enclosures ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.17 Trip Devices for AC and General Purpose DC Low-Voltage Power Circuit Breakers ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.18-1979 Enclosed Field Discharge Circuit Breakers for Rotating Electric Machinery ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.29-1981 Low-Voltage AC Power Circuit Protectors Used in Enclosures ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.45 Distribution Enclosed Single-Pole Air Switches ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.47-1981 Specifications for Distribution Fuse Disconnecting Switches, Fuse Supports, and Current-Limiting Fuses ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.50 Low-Voltage AC Power Circuit Breakers Used in Enclosures—Test Procedures ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.51 Metal-Enclosed Low-Voltage AC Power Circuit-Breaker Switchgear Assemblies—Conformance Test Procedures ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.52 Low-Voltage AC Power Circuit Protectors Used in Enclosures—Test Procedures ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.53.1 High-Voltage Current Motor-Starter Fuses—Conformance Test Procedures ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.66 Oil-Filled Capacitor Switches for Alternating-Current Systems—Requirements ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C37.71 Three Phase, Manually Operated Subsurface Load Interrupting Switches for Alternating-Current Systems ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C57.13 Requirements for Instrument Transformers ⁽¹⁾

ANSI C57.13.2 Instrument Transformers—Conformance Test Procedures ⁽¹⁾

ANSI S82.02.01 Electric and Electronic Test, Measuring, Controlling, and Related Equipment: General Requirement

ANSI/NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment

ANSI Z21.5.1 Gas Clothes Dryers—Type 1

ANSI Z21.10.1 Gas Water Heaters—Automatic Storage Type Water Heaters with Inputs of 70,000 Btu Per Hour or Less

ANSI Z21.24 Metal Connectors for Gas Appliances

ANSI Z21.40.2-1996 Gas-Fired, Work Activated Air-Conditioning and Heat Pump Appliances (Internal Combustion)

ANSI Z21.41 Quick-Disconnect Devices for Use with Gas Fuel

ANSI Z21.50 Vented Decorative Gas Appliances

ANSI Z21.60 Decorative Gas Appliances for Installation in Vented Fireplaces

ANSI Z21.69 Connectors for Movable Gas Appliances

ANSI Z83.17 Direct Gas Fired Door Heaters

ANSI Z83.18 Direct Gas-Fired Industrial Air Heaters

FMRC 3600 Electrical Equipment for Use in Hazardous (Classified)

Locations, General Requirements

FMRC 3610 Intrinsically Safe Apparatus and Associated Apparatus for Use in Class I, II and III, Division 1 Hazardous (Classified) Locations

FMRC 3611 Electrical Equipment for Use in Class I, Division 2; Class II, Division 2; and Class III, Division 1 and 2 Hazardous Locations

FMRC 3615 Explosionproof Electrical Equipment, General Requirements

FMRC 3620 Purged and Pressurized Electrical Equipment for Hazardous (Classified) Locations

FMRC 6310 Combustible Gas Detectors

UL 5A Nonmetallic Surface Raceways and Fittings

UL 5B Strut-Type Channel Raceways and Fittings

UL 96 Lightning Protection Components

UL 201 Garage Equipment

UL 218 Fire Pump Controllers

UL 234 Low Voltage Lighting Fixtures for Use in Recreational Vehicles

UL 248-1 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 1: General Requirements

UL 248-2 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 2: Class C Fuses

UL 248-3 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 3: Class CA and CB Fuses

UL 248-4 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 4: Class CC Fuses

UL 248-5 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 5: Class G Fuses

UL 248-6 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 6: Class H Non-Renewable Fuses

- UL 248-7 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 7: Class H Renewable Fuses
- UL 248-8 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 8: Class J Fuses
- UL 248-9 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 9: Class K Fuses
- UL 248-10 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 10: Class L Fuses
- UL 248-11 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 11: Plug Fuses
- UL 248-12 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 12: Class R Fuses
- UL 248-13 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 13: Semiconductor Fuses
- UL 248-14 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 14: Supplemental Fuses
- UL 248-15 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 15: Class T Fuses
- UL 248-16 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 16: Test Limiters
- UL 252 Compressed Gas Regulators
- UL 296A Waste Oil-Burning Air-Heating Appliances
- UL 307A Liquid Fuel-Burning Heating Appliances for Manufactured Homes and Recreational Vehicles
- UL 331 Strainers for Flammable Fluids and Anhydrous Ammonia
- UL 363 Knife Switches
- UL 365 Police Station Connected Burglar Alarm Units and Systems
- UL 441 Gas Vents
- UL 497C Protectors for Coaxial Communications Circuits
- UL 536 Flexible Metallic Hose
- UL 567 Pipe Connectors for Flammable and Combustible Liquids and LP-Gas
- UL 569 Pigtailed and Flexible Hoses
- UL 588 Christmas-Tree and Decorative-Lighting Outfits
- UL 634 Connectors and Switches for Use with Burglar-Alarm Systems
- UL 651B Continuous Length High Density Polyethylene Conduit
- UL 745-1 Portable Electric Tools
- UL 745-2-1 Particular Requirements of Drills
- UL 745-2-2 Particular Requirements for Screwdrivers and Impact Wrenches
- UL 745-2-3 Particular Requirements for Grinders, Polishers, and Disk-Type Sanders
- UL 745-2-4 Particular Requirements for Sanders
- UL 745-2-5 Particular Requirements for Circular Saws and Circular Knives
- UL 745-2-6 Particular Requirements for Hammers
- UL 745-2-8 Particular Requirements for Shears and Nibblers
- UL 745-2-9 Particular Requirements for Tappers
- UL 745-2-11 Particular Requirements for Reciprocating Saws
- UL 745-2-12 Particular Requirements for Concrete Vibrators
- UL 745-2-14 Particular Requirements for Planers
- UL 745-2-17 Particular Requirements for Routers and Trimmers
- UL 745-2-30 Particular Requirements for Staplers
- UL 745-2-31 Particular Requirements for Diamond Core Drills
- UL 745-2-32 Particular Requirements for Magnetic Drill Presses
- UL 745-2-33 Particular Requirements for Portable Bandsaws
- UL 745-2-34 Particular Requirements for Strapping Tools
- UL 745-2-35 Particular Requirements for Drain Cleaners
- UL 745-2-36 Particular Requirements for Hand Motor Tools
- UL 745-2-37 Particular Requirements for Plate Jointers
- UL 854 Service Entrance Cable
- UL 963 Sealing, Wrapping, and Marking Equipment
- UL 1248 Engine-Generator Assemblies for Use in Recreational Vehicles
- UL 1363 Temporary Power Taps
- UL 1425 Cables for Non-Power-Limited Fire-Alarm Circuits
- UL 1431 Personal Hygiene and Health Care Appliances
- UL 1434 Thermistor-Type Devices
- UL 1472 Solid-State Dimming Controls
- UL 1482 Solid-Fuel Room Type Heaters
- UL 1637 Home Health Care Signaling Equipment
- UL 1640 Portable Power Distribution Units
- UL 1653 Electrical Nonmetallic Tubing
- UL 1664 Immersion-Detection Circuit-Interrupters
- UL 1682 Plugs, Receptacles, and Cable Connectors, of the Pin and Sleeve Type
- UL 1684 Reinforced Thermosetting Resin Conduit
- UL 1699 Arc-Fault Circuit-Interrupters
- UL 1703 Flat Plate Photo Voltaic Modules and Panels
- UL 1711 Amplifiers for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
- UL 1740 Industrial Robots and Robotic Equipment
- UL 1741 Static Inverters and Charge Controllers for use in Photovoltaic Power Systems
- UL 1838 Low Voltage Landscape Lighting Systems
- UL 1889 Commercial Filters for Cooking Oil
- UL 1994 Low-Level Path Marking and Lighting Systems
- UL 2021 Fixed and Location-Dedicated Electric Room Heaters
- UL 2024 Optical Fiber Cable Raceway
- UL 2034 Single and Multiple Station Carbon Monoxide Detectors
- UL 2089 Vehicle Battery Adapters
- UL 2111 Overheating Protection for Motors
- UL 2125 Vehicle Battery Adapters
- UL 2157 Electric Clothes Washing Machines and Extractors
- UL 2158 Electric Clothes Dryers
- UL 2161 Neon Transformers and Power Supplies
- UL 2200 Stationary Engine Generator Assemblies
- UL 2225 Metal-Clad Cables and Cable-Sealing Fittings for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 2250 Instrumentation Tray Cable
- UL 3101-2-20 Electrical Equipment for Laboratory Use; Part 2: Laboratory Centrifuges Electrical Equipment for Laboratory Use; Part 1: General Requirements
- UL 3121-1 Process Control Equipment
- UL 60335-1 Safety of Household and Similar Electrical Appliances, Part 1; General Requirements
- UL 60335-2-34 Household and Similar Electrical Appliances, Part 2; Particular Requirements for Motor-Compressors
- UL 60730-2-10 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Electrically-Operated Motor Starting Relays
- UL 60730-2-11 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Energy Regulators
- UL 60730-2-12 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Electrically-Operated Doors
- UL 60730-2-13 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Humidity Sensing Controls
- UL 60730-2-16 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Automatic Electrical Water Level-Operating Controls of the Float Type for Household and Similar Applications
- UL 61058-1 Switch for Appliances
- UL 8730-2-3 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Thermal Motor Protectors for Ballasts for Tubular Fluorescent Lamps
- UL 8730-2-4 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Thermal Motor Protectors for Motor Compressors or Hermetic and Semi-Hermetic Type
- UL 8730-2-6 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: particular Requirements for Automatic Electrical Pressure Sensing Controls Including Mechanical Requirements
- UL 8730-2-7 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar

Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Timers and Time Switches
 UL 8730-2-8 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Electrically Operated Water Valves
 UL 8730-2-9 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Temperature Sensing Controls
 UL 8730-2-14 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Electric Actuators

(1) These standards are approved for equipment or materials intended for use in commercial and industrial power system applications. These standards are not approved for equipment or materials intended for use in installations that are excluded from the provisions of Subpart S in 29 CFR 1910, in particular Section 1910.302(a)(2).

Note.— Testing and certification of gas operated equipment is limited to equipment for use with “liquefied petroleum gas” (“LPG” or “LP-Gas”).

The designations and titles of the above test standards were current at the time of the preparation of the notice of the preliminary finding.

Many of the test standards listed above and under the renewal section are approved as American National Standards by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). However, for convenience in compiling the list, we show the designation of the standards developing organization (e.g., UL 1950) for the standard, as opposed to the ANSI designation (e.g., ANSI/UL 1950). Under our procedures, an NRTL recognized for an ANSI-approved test standard may use either the latest proprietary version of the test standard or the latest ANSI version of that standard, regardless of which version appears in its list of test standards. Contact ANSI or the ANSI web site (www.ansi.org) and click “NSSN” to find out whether or not a standard is currently ANSI-approved.

Conditions

The Canadian Standards Association must also abide by the following conditions of the recognition, in addition to those already required by 29 CFR 1910.7:

OSHA must be allowed access to the CSA facilities and records for purposes of ascertaining continuing compliance with the terms of its recognition and to investigate as OSHA deems necessary;

If CSA has reason to doubt the efficacy of any test standard it is using under this program, it must promptly inform the organization that developed the test standard of this fact and provide that organization with appropriate

relevant information upon which its concerns are based;

CSA must not engage in or permit others to engage in any misrepresentation of the scope or conditions of its recognition. As part of this condition, CSA agrees that it will allow no representation that it is either a recognized or an accredited Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) without clearly indicating the specific equipment or material to which this recognition is tied, or that its recognition is limited to certain products;

CSA must inform OSHA as soon as possible, in writing, of any change of ownership, facilities, or key personnel, and of any major changes in its operations as an NRTL, including details;

CSA will continue to meet all the terms of its recognition and will always comply with all OSHA policies pertaining to this recognition; and

CSA will continue to meet the requirements for recognition in all areas where it has been recognized.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 15 day of June, 2001.

R. Davis Layne,

Acting Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01-16671 Filed 7-2-01; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

[Docket No. NRTL2-93]

Entela, Inc., Renewal of Recognition

AGENCY: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Labor.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the Agency’s final decision on the application of Entela, Inc., for renewal of its recognition as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) under 29 CFR 1910.7.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This renewal becomes effective on July 3, 2001 and will be valid until July 3, 2006, unless terminated or modified prior to that date, in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.7.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bernard Pasquet, Office of Technical Programs and Coordination Activities, NRTL Program, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N3653, Washington, D.C. 20210, or phone (202) 693-2110.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Notice of Final Decision

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) hereby gives notice of the renewal of recognition of Entela, Inc. (ENT), as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL). ENT’s renewal covers its existing scope of recognition, which may be found in OSHA’s informational web page for the NRTL (<http://www.osha-slc.gov/dts/otpca/nrtl/ent.html>).

OSHA recognition of an NRTL signifies that the organization has met the legal requirements in Section 1910.7 of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (29 CFR 1910.7). Recognition is an acknowledgment that the organization can perform independent safety testing and certification of the specific products covered within its scope of recognition and is not a delegation or grant of government authority. As a result of recognition, employers may use products “properly certified” by the NRTL to meet OSHA standards that require testing and certification.

The Agency processes applications by an NRTL for initial recognition or for expansion or renewal of this recognition following requirements in Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7. This appendix requires that the Agency publish two notices in the **Federal Register** in processing an application. In the first notice, OSHA announces the application and provides its preliminary finding, and in the second notice, the Agency provides its final decision on the application. These notices set forth the NRTL’s scope of recognition or modifications of that scope.

Entela, Inc., was originally founded in 1974 as a Michigan Corporation specializing in structural steel inspection. In 1981, equipment and personnel were added to initiate an in-house materials laboratory. This was followed by a formation of certification programs within Entela, Inc. The original company was founded as Entel Engineering Services.

Entela received its recognition as an NRTL on July 26, 1994 (59 FR 37997), for a period of five years ending July 26, 1999. Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7 stipulates that the period of recognition of an NRTL is five years and that an NRTL may renew its recognition by applying not less than nine months, nor more than one year, before the expiration date of its current recognition. Entela submitted a request to renew its recognition on August 10, 1998 (see Exhibit 15), within the time allotted, and retains its recognition pending OSHA’s final decision in this renewal process.