for the duration of the event. Under provisions of 33 CFR 100.511, a vessel may not enter the regulated area unless it receives permission from the Coast Guard Patrol Commander. Spectator vessels may anchor outside the regulated area but may not block a navigable channel.

In addition to this notice, the maritime community will be provided extensive advance notification via the Local Notice to Mariners, marine information broadcasts, and area newspapers, so mariners can adjust their plans accordingly.

Dated: June 21, 2001.

J.E. Shkor,

Vice Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard Commander, Fifth Coast Guard District.

[FR Doc. 01–16589 Filed 6–29–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 117

[CGD08-01-013]

Drawbridge Operating Regulation; Sabine Lake, TX

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of temporary deviation

from regulations.

SUMMARY: The Commander, Eighth Coast Guard District has issued a temporary deviation from the regulation in governing the operation of the State Route 82, swing span bridge across Sabine Lake, mile 10.0 at Port Arthur, Texas. This deviation allows the State of Texas, Department of Transportation to close the bridge to navigation from 5 a.m. on July 9, 2001 through 9 p.m. on July 27, 2001. Presently, the draw is required to open on signal except that from 9 p.m. to 5 a.m., the draw shall open on signal if at least six hours notice is given to the Maintenance Construction Supervisor or the Maintenance Foreman at Port Arthur. This temporary deviation was issued to allow the replacement of mechanical and electrical equipment and switching over power and control to the recently constructed new control house.

DATES: This deviation is effective from 5 a.m. on July 9, 2001 through 9 p.m. on July 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Unless otherwise indicated, documents referred to in this notice are available for inspection or copying at the office of the Eighth Coast Guard District, Bridge Administration Branch, Commander (ob), 501 Magazine Street,

New Orleans, Louisiana, 70130–3396. The Bridge Administration Branch maintains the public docket for this temporary deviation.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David Frank, Bridge Administration Branch, telephone (504) 589–2965.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The State Route 82, swing span bridge across Sabine Lake, mile 10.2, near Port Arthur, Texas, has a vertical clearance of 9 feet above high water in the closedto-navigation position and unlimited clearance in the open-to-navigation position. Navigation on the waterway consists primarily of fishing vessels, and recreational craft, although the bridge is occasionally transited by small tugs with tows, transporting sand, gravel and marine shells. The State of Texas, Department of Transportation requested a temporary deviation from the normal operation of the drawbridge in 33 CFR 117.979 in order to accommodate the maintenance work, involving construction of a new operator house and replacement of the submarine power supply cable and other electrical and mechanical repairs. This maintenance is necessary for the continued operation of the bridge. An alternate route via the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway is available.

This deviation allows the draw of the State Route 82 Bridge swing span drawbridge across Sabine Lake, mile 10.0, to remain closed to navigation from 5 a.m. on July 9, 2001 through 9 p.m. on July 27, 2001.

Dated: June 21, 2001.

Roy J. Casto,

RADM, USCG Commander, 8th CG District. [FR Doc.01–16481 Filed 6–29–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–15–U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165

[CGD09-01-075]

RIN 2115-AA97

Safety Zone; Summerfest 2000— Harbor Island Lagoon Activities, Milwaukee, Wisconsin

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT. **ACTION:** Temporary final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is establishing a temporary safety zone which encompasses all of the Harbor Island Lagoon area in Milwaukee Harbor. This safety zone is necessary to protect personnel and property

associated with Summerfest's Hole-In-One Golf Shoot as well as waterborne stunt/skill shows. This safety zone is intended to restrict vessel traffic from the waters of Harbor Island Lagoon.

DATES: This regulation is effective from

6 a.m. (CST) on June 28, 2001, through 12 midnight (CST) on July 12, 2001. ADDRESSES: Comments and material received from the public, as well as documents indicated in this preamble as being available in the docket, are part of docket CGD09–01–047 and are available for inspection or copying at Marine Safety Office (MSO) Milwaukee between 7 a.m. CST and 3:30 p.m. CST, Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: LCDR Timothy Sickler, Port Operations Chief, MSO Milwaukee, 2420 S. Lincoln Memorial Drive, Milwaukee, WI 53207. The phone number is (414) 747–7155

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulatory Information

We did not publish a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) for this regulation. Under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for not publishing an NPRM, and, under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), good cause exists for making this rule effective less than 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register**. The permit application did not allow sufficient time for publication of an NPRM followed by a temporary final rule effective 30 days after publication. Any delay of the effective date of this rule would be contrary to the public interest due to the known hazards associated with the waterborne stunt/ skill shows being performed in the Harbor Island Lagoon area and the possible loss of life, injury, and damage to property.

Background and Purpose

This safety zone is established to safeguard the public from hazards associated with the waterborne stunt/skill shows being performed in the Harbor Island Lagoon area. The size of the zone was determined by using previous experiences with waterborne stunt/skill shows in the Captain of the Port Milwaukee zone and local knowledge about wind, waves, and currents in this particular area.

The safety zone will be in effect from Thursday, June 28, 2001, at 6 a.m. (CST) through Thursday, July 12, 2001, at 12:00 midnight (CST) for the following coordinates: from 43° 02.015′N, 087° 53.767′W, on the Harbor Island point across the channel to 43° 02.058′N, 087° 53.841′W at the Summerfest Dock. The entire Harbor Island Lagoon will be secured for the duration of the festival.

Emergency vessels are permitted to enter the Safety Zone area with permission from the Captain of the Port or his duly appointed representative.

All persons and vessels shall comply with the instructions of the Captain of the Port Milwaukee or his designated on scene patrol personnel. Entry into, transiting, or anchoring within the safety zone is prohibited unless authorized by the Captain of the Port Milwaukee or his designated on scene representative. The Captain of the Port Milwaukee may be contacted via VHF Channel 16.

Regulatory Evaluation

This rule is not a "significant regulatory action" under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866, Regulatory Planning and Review, and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that Order. The Office of Management and Budget has not reviewed it under that Order. It is not "significant" under the regulatory policies and procedures of the Department of Transportation (DOT) (44 FR 11040, February 26, 1979). This safety zone should not adversely effect commercial shipping since shallow water depths do not allow them to transit the affected area.

Small Entities

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601–612), we considered whether this rule would have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The term "small entities" comprises small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000.

The Coast Guard certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

This rule will affect the following entities: the owners or operators of vessels intending to transit or anchor in the Harbor Island Lagoon area from June 28 to July 12, 2001.

This safety zone will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities for the following reasons: The area that is being closed off is limited and its shallow water depths do not allow the transit of commercial shipping. Vessel traffic in the vicinity of Harbor Island Lagoon, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, is prohibited unless authorized by the Coast Guard Captain of the Port or his duly appointed representative. Before the effective period, we will issue

maritime advisories widely available to users of the Port of Milwaukee.

Assistance for Small Entities

Under section 213(a) of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104–121), we offered to assist small entities in understanding the rule so that they could better evaluate its effects on them and participate in the rulemaking process. If the rule would affect your small business, organization, or governmental jurisdiction and you have questions concerning its provisions or options for compliance, please contact Marine Safety Office Milwaukee. (See ADDRESSES.)

Small businesses may send comments on the actions of Federal employees who enforce, or otherwise determine compliance with, Federal regulations to the Small Business and Agriculture Regulatory Enforcement Ombudsman and the Regional Small Business Regulatory Fairness Boards. The Ombudsman evaluates these actions annually and rates each agency's responsiveness to small business. If you wish to comment on actions by employees of the Coast Guard, call 1–888–REG–FAIR (1–888–734–3247).

Collection of Information

This rule calls for no new collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520).

Federalism

We have analyzed this rule under Executive Order 13132 and have determined that this rule does not have implications for federalism under that Order.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538) governs the issuance of Federal regulations that require unfunded mandates. An unfunded mandate is a regulation that requires a State, local, or tribal government or the private sector to incur direct costs without the Federal Government's having first provided the funds to pay those unfunded mandate costs. This rule will not impose an unfunded mandate.

Taking of Private Property

This rule will not effect a taking of private property or otherwise have taking implications under Executive Order 12630, Governmental Actions and Interference with Constitutionally Protected Property Rights.

Civil Justice Reform

This rule meets applicable standards in sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of E.O. 12988, Civil Justice Reform, to minimize litigation, eliminate ambiguity, and reduce burden.

Protection of Children

We have analyzed this rule under Executive Order 13045, Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks. This rule is not an economically significant rule and does not concern an environmental risk to health or risk to safety that may disproportionately affect children.

Environment

The Coast Guard considered the environmental impact of this rule and concluded that under figure 2–1, paragraph (34)(g), of Commandant Instruction M16475.lC, this rule is categorically excluded from further environmental documentation.

List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine Safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and Recordkeeping requirements, Security Measures, and Waterways.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 165 as follows:

PART 165—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1231; 50 U.S.C. 191, 33 CFR 1.05–1(g), 6.04–1, 6.04–6, 160.5; 49 CFR 1.46.

2. A new temporary § 165.T09–927 is added to read as follows:

§ 165.T09–927 Safety Zone: Milwaukee Harbor, Milwaukee, Wisconsin

- (a) Location: All waters of Harbor Island Lagoon (Milwaukee Harbor) south of a line drawn at its mouth from 43° 02.015′ N, 087° 53.767′ W, on the Harbor Island point across to 43° 02.058′ N, 087° 53.841′ W (the Summerfest Dock).
- (b) Effective times and dates: From Thursday, June 28, 2001 at 6 a.m. (CST), through Thursday, July 12, 2001, at 12 midnight (CST).
- (c) Regulation: (1) The general regulations contained in § 165.23 apply.
- (2) All persons and vessels shall comply with the instructions of the Coast Guard Captain of the Port Milwaukee or the designated on scene patrol personnel. Coast Guard patrol personnel including commissioned, warrant or petty officers of the U.S. Coast Guard. Upon being hailed by a

U.S. Coast Guard vessel via siren, radio, flashing light, or other means, the operator shall proceed as directed.

(3) The Captain of the Port may be contacted via U.S. Coast Guard Group Milwaukee on Channel 16, VHF–FM.

Dated: June 8, 2001.

M.R. DeVries,

Commander, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port Milwaukee.

[FR Doc. 01–16489 Filed 6–29–01; 8:45 am] $\tt BILLING$ CODE 4910–15–U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165 [CGD1-01-099]

RIN 2115-AA97

Safety Zone; Swampscott July 2nd Fireworks, Swampscott, MA

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT. **ACTION:** Temporary final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is establishing a temporary safety zone for the Swampscott July 2nd Fireworks, July 2, 2001 in Swampscott, MA. The safety zone will temporarily close all waters of Nahant Bay within a four hundred (400) yard radius of the fireworks barge. The safety zone prohibits entry into or movement within this portion of Nahant Bay and is needed to protect the maritime public from the hazards posed by a fireworks display.

DATES: This rule is effective from 8:30 p.m. July 2, 2001 until 10 p.m. on July 2, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Documents as indicated in this preamble are available for inspection or copying at Marine Safety Office Boston, 455 Commercial Street, Boston, MA between the hours of 8 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Lieutenant (junior grade) David Sherry, Marine Safety Office Boston, Waterways Management Division, at 617–223–3000.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulatory History

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553, a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) was not published for this regulation. Good cause exists for not publishing a NPRM and for making this regulation effective in less than 30 days after **Federal Register** publication. Conclusive information about this event was not provided to the Coast Guard until June

13, 2001, making it impossible to draft or publish a NPRM or a final rule 30 days in advance of its effective date. Any delay encountered in this regulation's effective date would be unnecessary and contrary to public interest since immediate action is needed to prevent traffic from transiting a portion of Nahant Bay, Swampscott, Massachusetts, and provide for the safety of life on navigable waters. Additionally, this temporary safety zone is only for an 1 hour 30 minute long local event and should have negligible impact on vessel transits due to the fact that vessels can safely transit around the zone and that they are not precluded from using any portion of the waterway except the safety zone area itself.

Background and Purpose

This regulation establishes a safety zone on the waters of Nahant Bay within a four hundred (400) yard radius around the fireworks barge located at 42°29.81′ N, 070°54.95′. The safety zone is in effect from 8:30 p.m. July 2, 2001 to 10 p.m. July 2, 2001. This safety zone prohibits entry into or movement within this portion of Nahant Bay and is needed to protect the maritime public from the dangers posed by this event. Marine traffic may transit safely outside of the safety zone during the event. The Captain of the Port does not anticipate any negative impact on vessel traffic due to this event. Public notifications will be made prior to the effective period via local notice to mariners and marine information broadcasts.

Regulatory Evaluation

This rule is not a "significant regulatory action" under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that Order. The Office of Management and Budget has not reviewed it under that Order. It is not significant under the regulatory policies and procedures of the Department of Transportation (DOT) (44 FR 11040, February 26, 1979).

The Coast Guard expects the economic impact of this rule to be so minimal that a full Regulatory Evaluation under paragraph 10e of the regulatory policies and procedures of DOT is unnecessary.

Although this regulation prevents traffic from transiting a portion of Nahant Bay during this event, the effect of this regulation will not be significant for several reasons: The minimal time that vessels will be restricted from the area, that vessels may safely transit outside of the safety zone, and advance notifications which will be made to the

local maritime community by marine information broadcasts.

Small Entities

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601–612), the Coast Guard considered whether this rule would have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The term "small entities" comprises small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000.

The Coast Guard certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This rule will affect the following entities, some of which may be small entities: The owners or operators of vessels intending to transit or anchor in a portion of Nahant Bay from 8:30 p.m. July 2, 2001 until 10 p.m. July 2, 2001. This safety zone will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities for the following reasons: Vessel traffic can safely pass outside of the safety zone during the event, the event is limited in duration, and the Coast Guard will issue maritime advisories before the effective period widely available to users of Nahant Bay by marine information broadcasts.

Collection of Information

This rule would call for no new collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520).

Federalism

The Coast Guard analyzed this rule under EXECUTIVE ORDER 13132 and has determined that this rule does not have implications for federalism under that Order.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538) governs the issuance of Federal regulations that require unfunded mandates. An unfunded mandate is a regulation that requires a State, local, or tribal government or the private sector to incur direct costs without the Federal Government's having first provided the funds to pay those costs. This rule would not impose an unfunded mandate.

Taking of Private Property

This rule would not effect a taking of private property or otherwise have taking implications under Executive