

| Firm name and address | | | | | Drug labeler code | |
|-----------------------|--------|---|---|---|--|---|
| * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| (2) * * * | | | | | | |
| Drug labeler code | | | | | Firm name and address | |
| * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| | 066104 | | | | Phibro Animal Health, Inc., One Parker Plaza, Fort Lee, NJ 07024 | |
| * | * | * | * | * | * | * |

PART 558—NEW ANIMAL DRUGS FOR USE IN ANIMAL FEEDS

3. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 558 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 360b, 371.

§ 558.450 [Amended]

4. Section 558.450 *Oxytetracycline* is amended in paragraph (a)(1) by removing “000069” and by adding in its place “066104”; and in table 1 in paragraphs (d)(1)(i), (d)(1)(v), (d)(1)(vii), and (d)(1)(viii), under the “Sponsor” column, and in table 2 in paragraphs (d)(2)(i) through (d)(2)(iii), under the “Sponsor” column, by removing “000069” and by adding in its place “066104”.

Dated: June 8, 2001.

Claire M. Lathers,

Director, Office of New Animal Drug Evaluation, Center for Veterinary Medicine.
[FR Doc. 01-15273 Filed 6-15-01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-S

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Bureau of Consular Affairs

22 CFR Parts 41 and 42

[Public Notice 3654]

Visas: Documentation of Immigrants and Nonimmigrants—Visa Classification Symbols

AGENCY: Bureau of Consular Affairs, Department of State.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Department is amending its regulations to add new immigrant and nonimmigrant symbols to the classification tables. The amendments are necessary to implement recently enacted legislation. The legislation created a new immigrant category for certain international broadcasters (BC1, BC2, and BC3) and new nonimmigrant

categories for victims of trafficking for illicit sexual purposes and slavery (T1 and T2), aliens who have suffered abuse such as battering and other forms of violence (U1 and U2), spouses and children of lawful permanent residents for whom petitions were filed before December 21, 2000 and who have been waiting for an immigrant visa for three years or more (V1, V2, and V3), and spouses of U.S. citizens (K3) and children of the K3 (K4) who are awaiting the issuance of an immigrant visa (K3, K4). This rule removes the immigrant classification for diversity transition natives (AA1, AA2 and AA3). This program ended September 30, 1995. The Department is also taking this opportunity to amend the classification symbols for retired NATO-6 employees, their spouses and their unmarried sons and daughters. In the Department's publication on April 19, 2000 [65 FR 20903], the Department erroneously classified these aliens as SK special immigrants. These aliens should be classified as SN1, SN2, SN3 and SN4.

DATES: This rule takes effect on June 18, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Pam Chavez, Legislation and Regulations Division, Visa Services, Department of State, Washington, DC 20520-0106, (202) 663-1204.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

What Legislation Created These New Visa Categories?

Pub. L. 106-386, The Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (VTVPA)

The VTVPA is actually two separate laws, the “Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000” (TVPA) and the “Violence Against Women Act of 2000” (VAWA2).

How Does an Alien Qualify for T Visa Status Under the TVPA?

Section 107 of Division A of the TVPA created a new nonimmigrant

category under INA 101(a)(15)(T) for aliens who the Attorney General has determined are victims of a “severe form of trafficking in persons.” Section 103 of the TVPA defines a “severe form of trafficking in persons” as either:

(1) sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud or coercion or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age, or

(2) the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.

To qualify for the “T” category, the person must

(1) Be physically present in the United States, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or a U.S. port of entry because of such trafficking;

(2) Have complied with any reasonable request for assistance to law enforcement in the investigation or prosecution of acts of trafficking, or be under the age of 15; and

(3) Be likely to suffer extreme hardship involving unusual and severe harm upon removal.

The Attorney General may, in order to avoid extreme hardship, permit the spouse, children and parents of an alien under age 21 and the spouse and children of an alien over age 21 to accompany or follow to join the principal alien.

How Does an Alien Qualify for U Visa Status Under the VAWA2?

Section 1513 of Division B of the VAWA2 created a new category under INA 101(a)(15)(U) for victims of physical or mental abuse. To qualify under the U category the alien must file a petition with the Attorney General and establish therein:

(1) The alien has suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of any one of an extensive list of 26 criminal activities,

including rape, torture, domestic abuse, enslavement prostitution, etc.;

(2) As certified by a law enforcement or immigration official, the alien (or if the alien is a child under age 16 the child's parent, guardian or friend) possesses information about the criminal activity involved;

(3) The alien has been, is being or is likely to be helpful in the investigation and prosecution of the criminal activity by Federal, state or local law enforcement authorities; and,

(4) The criminal activity violated the laws of the United States or occurred in the United States.

If the Attorney General determines that extreme hardship exists and a law enforcement official certifies that an investigation or prosecution would be harmed without that person's assistance, the spouse, child or parents of the principal alien under age 16 may accompany or follow to join the principal alien.

The U category is limited to 10,000 principal aliens per fiscal year.

Pub. L. 106-553, Legal Immigration Family Equity Act (LIFE ACT)

The LIFE ACT creates new nonimmigrant categories under INA 101(a)(15)(V) and adds a new category under INA 101(a)(15)(K).

An alien may be classified as a V nonimmigrant if the alien is:

(1) The spouse or child of a lawful permanent resident;

(2) Is the beneficiary of an approved petition filed under INA 204 prior to December 21, 2000; and

(3) Has been waiting for three or more years after filing the petition for the issuance of an immigrant visa.

An alien may be granted K status if the alien:

(1) Is the spouse of a U.S. citizen petitioner or the child of such spouse; and

(2) Is waiting for the approval of a petition or the availability of an immigrant visa.

Pub. L. 106-536, Special Immigrant Status for Certain U.S. Broadcasters

Pub. L. 106-536 created a new immigrant category (BC) under INA 101(a)(27)(M) for certain United States international broadcasting employees. To qualify as a special immigrant broadcaster, the alien must be:

(1) Seeking to enter the United States to work as a broadcaster in the United States for the International Broadcasting Bureau of the Broadcasting Board of Governors, or

(2) Seeking to enter the United States to work for a grantee of the Broadcasting Board of Governors, or

(3) The accompanying spouse and child of the principal alien. The law limits the number of aliens granted visas in this category to 100 in any fiscal year.

Why Is the Department Removing the Diversity Transition Natives?

Section 132 of Pub. L. 104-296 established a class of immigrants (AA) to be issued immigrant visas in fiscal years 1992, 1993 and 1994. Section 217 of Pub. L. 104-316 extended this program through September 30, 1995. The Department is removing the diversity transition natives (AA-1, AA-2, and AA-3) since this category of immigrants no longer exists.

How Is the Department Amending Its Regulations?

Effect on Nonimmigrant Visa Table Affected?

The rule amends the nonimmigrant visa classification table at 22 CFR 41.12 by adding new classifications: T1 and T2; U1 and U2, V1, V2 and V3, and K3 and K4.

Effect on Immigrant Visa Table Affected?

The rule amends the immigrant visa classification table at 22 CFR 42.11 by adding three new classifications: BC1, BC2 and BC3. The rule removes the classification symbols AA1, AA2 and AA3. The rule also corrects the classification symbols for certain retired civilian employees of NATO and the spouses and unmarried sons and daughters and certain retired and deceased NATO employees. These aliens were erroneously classified as SK special immigrants and should have been classified as SN1, SN2, SN3 and SN4.

Final Rule

Administrative Procedure Act

The Department's implementation of this regulation as a final rule is based upon the

"good cause" exceptions found at 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B) and (d)(3). The Department decided that since the new nonimmigrant and special immigrant categories became effective upon enactment of the respective laws and since there is a substantial immediate benefit to many aliens, citizens and lawful permanent residents, there is not enough time nor sufficient reason to delay its implementation by issuing a proposed rule with request for comments.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Department of State, in accordance with the Regulatory

Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 605(b)), has reviewed this regulation and, by approving it, certifies that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

This rule will not result in the expenditure by state, local and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of \$100 million or more in any year and it will not significantly or uniquely affect small governments. Therefore, no actions were deemed necessary under the provisions of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995.

Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996

This rule is not a major rule as defined by section 804 of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Act of 1996. This rule will not result in an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more; a major increase in costs or prices; or significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or on the ability of United States-based companies to compete with foreign-based companies in domestic and export markets.

Executive Order 12866

Although it is being promulgated in conjunction with the Immigration and Naturalization Service, a domestic agency, the Department of State does not consider this rule, to be a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866, section 3(f), Regulatory Planning and Review. Therefore, in accordance with the letter to the Department of State of February 4, 1994 from the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, it does not require review by the Office of Management and Budget.

Executive Order 13132

This regulation will not have substantial direct effects on the states, on the relationship between the national government and the states, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with section 6 of Executive Order 13132, it is determined that this rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a federalism summary impact statement.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This rule does not impose any new reporting or record-keeping requirements.

The information collection requirement (Form OF-156) contained by reference in this rule was previously approved for use by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act.

List of Subjects in 22 CFR Part 41

Aliens, Foreign officials, Passports and visas.

PART 41—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 41 is revised to read:

Authority: 8 U.S.C. 1104; 22 U.S.C. 2651a.

2. Amend the table in § 41.12 by adding new categories K3 and K4, T1, and T2, U-1, and U2, V1, V2 and V3, in alpha-numeric order.

3. The addition reads as follows:

§ 41.12 Classification symbols.

* * * * *

NONIMMIGRANTS

| Symbol and class | | | | | | Section of law |
|------------------|---|-------|---|---|---|--------------------|
| * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| K3 | Spouse of U.S. citizen | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(15)(K)(ii) |
| K4 | Child of a K3 | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(15)(K)(iii) |
| * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| T1 | Victim of a severe form of trafficking in persons | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(15)(T)(i) |
| T2 | Spouse, child or parent of a T1 | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(15)(T)(ii) |
| * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| U1 | Victim of criminal activity | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(15)(i)(I) |
| U2 | Spouse, child or parent of a U1 | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(15)(ii) |
| V1 | Spouse of a Legal Permanent Resident Alien | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(15)(V)(i) |
| V2 | Child of a Legal Permanent Resident Alien | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(15)(V)(i) |
| V3 | Child of a V1 or V2 | ..... |  |  |  | 203(d) |

PART 42—[AMENDED]

4. The authority citation for Part 42 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 8 U.S.C. 1104; 2651a.

5. Amend § 42.11 by adding in alpha-numeric order new categories BC1, BC2

and BC3 under the section entitled “Employment 4th Preference”; by adding in alpha-numeric order new categories SN1, SN2, SN3 and SN4, under the section entitled “Employment 4th Preference”; and by removing the section heading “Diversity Transition

for Natives of Certain Adversely Affected Foreign States” and the 3-column entries for AA1, AA2 and AA3.

The additions read as follows:

§ 42.11 Classification symbols.

* * * * *

IMMIGRANTS

| Symbol and class | | | | | | Section of law |
|---|---|-------|---|---|---|----------------|
| * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Employment 4th Preference (Certain Special Immigrants) | | | | | | |
| BC1 | Broadcaster in the U.S. employed by the International Broadcasting Bureau of the Broadcasting Board of Governors or a grantee of such organization. | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(27)(M) |
| BC2 | Accompanying spouse of a BC1 | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(27)(M) |
| BC3 | Accompanying child of a BC1 | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(27)(M) |
| * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| SN1 | Certain retired NATO6 civilians | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(27)(L) |
| SN2 | Spouse of an immigrant classified SN1 | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(27)(L) |
| SN3 | Certain unmarried sons or daughters of NATO6 civilian employees | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(27)(L) |
| SN4 | Certain surviving spouses of deceased NATO-6 civilian employees | ..... |  |  |  | 101(a)(27)(L) |
| * | * | * | * | * | * | * |

Dated: April 10, 2001.

Mary A. Ryan,

*Assistant Secretary for Consular Affairs,
Department of State.*

[FR Doc. 01-15050 Filed 6-15-01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-06-U

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement

30 CFR Part 920

[MD-046-FOR]

Maryland Regulatory Program

AGENCY: Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSM), Interior.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: OSM is approving an amendment to the Maryland regulatory program (Maryland program) under the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (SMCRA), 30 U.S.C. 1201 *et seq.*, as amended. The amendment revises portions of the Maryland regulations regarding a definition of previously mined area, termination of jurisdiction, permitting requirements, bond release requirements and performance standards for inspections. The amendment is intended to revise the Maryland program to be no less effective than the corresponding Federal regulations.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 18, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

George Rieger, Manager, Oversight and Inspection Office, Appalachian Regional Coordinating Center, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, 3 Parkway Center, Pittsburgh PA 15220, Telephone: (412) 937-2153, E-mail: grieger@osmre.gov

Maryland Bureau of Mines, 160 South Water Street, Frostburg, Maryland 21532, Telephone: (301) 689-4136

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

- I. Background on the Maryland Program
- II. Submission of the Amendment
- III. Director's Findings
- IV. Summary and Disposition of Comments
- V. Director's Decision

I. Background on the Maryland Program

On February 18, 1982, the Secretary of the Interior approved the Maryland program. You can find background information on the Maryland program, including the Secretary's findings, the disposition of comments, and the

conditions of approval in the February 18, 1982, **Federal Register** (47 FR 7214). You can find subsequent actions concerning the conditions of approval and program amendments at 30 CFR 920.15 and 920.16.

II. Submission of the Amendment

By letter dated September 14, 1999 (Administrative Record No. 577-04), Maryland provided an informal amendment to OSM regarding a definition of previously mined area, termination of jurisdiction, permitting requirements, bond release requirements and performance standards for inspections. Maryland submitted the informal amendment in response to requests made by OSM as required under 30 CFR 732.17(d) in letters dated July 8, 1997, and August 11, 1999 (Administrative Record Nos. 577-01 and 577-03, respectively). OSM completed its review of the informal amendment and submitted comments to Maryland in a letter dated March 20, 2000 (Administrative Record No. 577-05). By letter dated April 11, 2000 (Administrative Record No. MD-577-06), Maryland submitted its response to OSM's comments in the form of a proposed amendment to the Code of Maryland Regulations (COMAR). The proposed amendments were announced in the April 28, 2000, **Federal Register** (65 FR 24897). The public comment period closed on May 30, 2000. However, OSM's review determined that the proposed revisions to COMAR 26.20.31.02H the inspection frequency on reclaimed bond forfeiture sites were inconsistent with 30 CFR 840.11 and 700.11(d). As a result, a letter requesting clarification was sent to Maryland dated August 17, 2000 (Administrative Record No. MD-577-12). Maryland responded in its letter dated August 31, 2000 (Administrative Record No. MD 577-13) with a new revision to COMAR 26.20.31.02H regarding the inspection frequency on reclaimed bond forfeiture sites. Therefore, OSM reopened the public comment period regarding the proposed amendments to Maryland's regulatory program. The proposed rulemaking was published in the October 4, 2000, **Federal Register** (65 FR 59150). The public comment period closed on October 19, 2000. No one requested an opportunity to speak at a public hearing, so no hearing was held. OSM's review of this submission determined that the proposed revision to COMAR 26.20.31.02 J(3) was not as effective as the Federal counterpart at 30 CFR 840.11(h)(1)(iii). To be as effective as the corresponding Federal regulation involved only the addition of a few words to make the proposed rule

identical to the corresponding Federal regulation. Maryland agreed to make the change, and by a fax dated February 20, 2001, submitted the revision to OSM. This change is explained later in this document.

III. Director's Findings

Set forth below, pursuant to SMCRA and the Federal regulations at 30 CFR 732.15 and 732.17, are the Director's findings concerning the amendments to the Maryland permanent regulatory program.

1. COMAR 26.20.01.02B Definitions

Maryland is adding item (72-1) to the definitions as follows: "Previously Mined Area" means land affected by surface coal mining operations prior to August 3, 1977 that have not been reclaimed to the standards of this subtitle. The Director finds that the definition described above is substantively identical to and therefore no less effective than the definition of "previously mined area" found at 30 CFR 701.5.

2. COMAR 26.20.02.01 Scope

Maryland is adding new paragraphs C. and D. as follows:

C. The Bureau may terminate its jurisdiction under the regulatory program over the reclaimed site of a completed surface coal mining and reclamation operation or increment thereof, when the Bureau determines, in writing, that under the regulatory program, all requirements imposed under the applicable regulatory program have been successfully completed or, where a performance bond was required, the bureau has made a final decision in accordance with this subtitle to fully release the performance bond.

D. Following a termination under section C. of this regulation, the Bureau shall reassert jurisdiction under the regulatory program over a site if it is demonstrated that the bond release or written determination referenced in section C. of this regulation was based upon fraud, collusion, or misrepresentation of a material fact.

The Director finds that the additions described above are substantively identical to and therefore no less effective than the Federal Regulations at 30 CFR 700.11(d)(1)(ii) and (2).

3. COMAR 26.20.02.13 Description of Proposed Mining Operations

Maryland is modifying paragraph M. by inserting the phrase "Except as provided in COMAR 26.20.26.01B," before the existing text. This section will now read as "Except as provided in COMAR 26.20.26.01B, maps, plans and