7216.61.0000, 7216.69.0000, 7216.91.0000, 7216.99.0000, 7228.70.3040, 7228.70.6000. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and Customs purposes, the written description of the merchandise under investigation is dispositive.

Antidumping Duty Order

On June 9, 2000, the International Trade Commission ("Commission") notified the Department of its final determination pursuant to section 735(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Act that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of lessthan-fair-value imports of subject merchandise from Japan. Therefore, in accordance with section 736(a)(1) of the Act, the Department will direct Customs officers to assess, upon further advice by the Department, antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the normal value of the merchandise exceeds the export price (or constructed export price) of the merchandise for all relevant entries of structural steel beams from Japan. These antidumping duties will be assessed on all unliquidated entries of structural steel beams from Japan entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after February 11, 2000, the date on which the Department published its notice of preliminary determination in the Federal Register. See Notice of Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Structural Steel Beams From Japan, 65 FR 6992 (February 11, 2000). On or after the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register, Customs officers must require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties, cash deposits for the subject merchandise equal to the estimated weighted-average antidumping duty margins as noted below. The "All Others" rate applies to all exporters of subject stainless steel sheet and strip in coils not specifically listed. The revised weighted-average dumping margins are as follows:

Exporter/manufacturer	Weighted- average Margin (in per- cent)
Kawasaki Steel Corporation Nippon Steel Corporation NKK Corporation/TOA Steel Co.,	65.21 65.21
Ltd	65.21
Sumitomo Metals Industries, Ltd Tokyo Steel Manufacturing Co.,	65.21
Ltd	65.21
Topy Industries, Limited	65.21
All Others	31.98

This notice constitutes the antidumping duty order with respect to structural steel beams from Japan. Interested parties may contact the Department's Central Records Unit, room B–099 of the main Commerce building, for copies of an updated list of antidumping duty orders currently in effect.

This order is published in accordance with section 736(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended.

Dated: June 14, 2000.

Troy H. Cribb,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration. [FR Doc. 00–15520 Filed 6–16–00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-856]

Notice of Amendment of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Antidumping Duty Order: Synthetic Indigo From the People's Republic of China

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 19, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David J. Goldberger or Dinah McDougall, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4136 or (202) 482–3773, respectively.

The Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act ("URAA"). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department of Commerce's ("the Department's") regulations refer to 19 CFR Part 351 (1999).

Amendment to the Final Determination

On May 3, 2000, the Department published its final determination that synthetic indigo from the People's Republic of China (PRC) is being, or is likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value. *See Synthetic Indigo* from the People's Republic of China; Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, 65 FR 25706, May, 3, 2000) ("Final Determination"). On May 9, 2000, we received a timely submission from the petitioners, Buffalo Color Corporation and the United Steelworkers of America, AFL–CIO/ CLC, alleging ministerial errors pertaining to the margin calculations in the Department's final determination.

After analyzing the submissions, we determined, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224, that ministerial errors were made in the margin calculations for the exporter Wonderful Chemical Industrial Ltd. ("Wonderful"). Specifically:

• In valuing the dispersing agent factor in the final determination calculation of normal value, the Department inadvertently applied the per-kilogram price to the per-metric-ton factor.

• The Department inadvertently omitted price corrections for certain sales made by Wonderful, which were identified at verification. For a detailed discussion of the ministerial error allegations and the Department's analysis, *see* Memorandum to Richard W. Moreland from the Team, dated May 25, 2000.

Therefore, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(e), we are amending the final determination of the antidumping duty investigation of synthetic indigo from the PRC. The revised weighted-average dumping margins are listed in the "Antidumping Order" section below.

Scope of Order

The products subject to this investigation are the deep blue synthetic vat dye known as synthetic indigo and those of its derivatives designated commercially as "Vat Blue 1." Included are Vat Blue 1 (synthetic indigo), Color Index No. 73000, and its derivatives, pre-reduced indigo or indigo white (Color Index No. 73001) and solubilized indigo (Color Index No. 73002). The subject merchandise may be sold in any form (e.g., powder, granular, paste, liquid, or solution) and in any strength. Synthetic indigo and its derivatives subject to this investigation are currently classifiable under subheadings 3204.15.10.00, 3204.15.40.00 or 3204.15.80.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS"). Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the merchandise under investigation is dispositive.

Antidumping Duty Order

On June 12, 2000, in accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) notified the Department that a U.S. industry is materially injured by reason of imports of synthetic indigo from the PRC, pursuant to section 735(b)(1)(A) of the Act. In addition, the ITC found that critical circumstances exist with regard to such imports from the PRC.

Therefore, in accordance with section 736(a)(1) of the Act, the Department will direct the United States Customs Service to assess, upon further advice by the Department, antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the normal value of the merchandise exceeds the export price or constructed export price of the merchandise for all relevant entries of synthetic indigo from the PRC. These antidumping duties will be assessed on all unliquidated entries of imports of the subject merchandise that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after September 15, 1999, the date 90 days prior to the date of publication of the preliminary determination in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with the critical circumstances finding in the final determination. On or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, U.S. Customs officers must require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties, the cash deposits listed below for the subject merchandise. The "PRC-wide Rate" applies to all exporters of synthetic indigo not specifically listed below.

The revised final weighted-average margins are as follows:

Exporter/Manufacturer	Original final margin per- centage	Revised final margin per- centage
Wonderful Chemical Industrial Ltd./Jiangsu Taifeng Chemical Industry Co., Ltd	77.89	79.70
China National Chemical Construction Jiangsu Company	77.89	79.70
China Jiangsu International Economic Technical Cooperation Corp	77.89	79.70
Shanghai Yongchen International Trading Company Ltd	77.89	79.70
Hebei Jinzhou Import & Export Corporation	77.89	79.70
Sinochem Hebei Import & Export Corp	77.89	79.70
Chongging Dyestuff Import & Export United Corp	77.89	79.70
Wuhan Tianjin Chemicals Imports & Exports Corp., Ltd		
PRC-wide Rate	129.60	129.60

This notice constitutes the antidumping duty order with respect to synthetic indigo from the PRC, pursuant to section 736(a) of the Act. Interested parties may contact the Central Records Unit, Room B–099 of the Main Commerce Building, for copies of an updated list of antidumping duty orders currently in effect.

This order is published in accordance with section 736(a) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.211.

Dated: June 13, 2000.

Troy H. Cribb,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 00–15400 Filed 6–16–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

Adjustment of Import Limits for Certain Cotton and Man-Made Fiber Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Pakistan

June 13, 2000.

AGENCY: Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

ACTION: Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs adjusting limits.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 19, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ross Arnold, International Trade Specialist,

Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482– 4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port, call (202) 927–5850, or refer to the U.S. Customs website at http://www.customs.gov. For information on embargoes and quota reopenings, call (202) 482–3715.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended.

The current limits for certain categories are being adjusted for swing and carryforward.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see **Federal Register** notice 64 FR 71982, published on December 22, 1999). Also see 64 FR 68335, published on December 7, 1999.

D. Michael Hutchinson,

Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

June 13, 2000.

Commissioner of Customs,

Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on December 1, 1999, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton and manmade fiber textile products, produced or manufactured in Pakistan and exported during the twelve-month period which began on January 1, 2000 and extends through December 31, 2000.

Effective on June 19, 2000, you are directed to adjust the limits for the following categories, as provided for under the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing:

Category	Adjusted twelve-month limit ¹
Specific limits	
	101 500 010
226/313	121,532,812 square
- / -	meters.
315	76,226,472 square
	meters.
331/631	3,345,885 dozen pairs.
334/634	305,560 dozen.
335/635	471,876 dozen.
336/636	620,789 dozen.
338	6,368,561 dozen.
339	1,857,088 dozen.
340/640	874,134 dozen of
	which not more than
	290,088 dozen shall
	be in Categories
	340-D/640-D ² .
341/641	931,184 dozen.
347/348	1,086,702 dozen.
351/651	413,859 dozen.
352/652	1,034,648 dozen.
359–C/659–C ³	1,862,368 kilograms.
360	6,682,672 numbers.
361	7,770,547 numbers.
363	56,304,240 numbers.
369–F/369–P ⁴	3,119,984 kilograms.
369–R⁵	14,485,083 kilograms.
369–S ⁶	952,554 kilograms.
638/639	598,638 dozen.
647/648	1,074,729 dozen.