WA990008 (Mar. 12, 1999) WA990010 (Mar. 12, 1999)

Volume VII None

## General Wage Determination **Publication**

General wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts, including those noted above, may be found in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon and Related Acts." This publication is available at each of the 50 Regional Government Depository Libraries and many of the 1,400 Government Depository Libraries across the country.

The general wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts are available electronically by subscription to the FedWorld Bulletin Board System of the National Technical Information Service (NTIS) of the U.S. Department of Commerce at 1–800–363–2068.

Hard-copy subscriptions may be purchased from: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, (202) 512–1800.

When ordering hard-copy subscription(s), be sure to specify the State(s) of interest, since subscriptions may be ordered for any or all of the seven separate volumes, arranged by State. Subscriptions include an annual edition (issued in January or February) which includes all current general wage determinations for the States covered by each volume. Throughout the remainder of the year, regular weekly updates are distributed to subscribers.

Signed at Washington, DC this 22nd day of July 1999.

## Carl J. Poleskey,

Chief, Branch of Construction Wage Determinations.

[FR Doc. 99–19243 Filed 7–29–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–27–M

#### LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

#### **Copyright Office**

[Docket No. 99-5 CARP CD 97]

## Ascertainment of Controversy for 1997 Cable Royalty Funds

**AGENCY:** Copyright Office, Library of Congress.

**ACTION:** Notice with request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The Copyright Office of the Library of Congress directs all claimants

to royalty fees collected for secondary transmission by cable systems in 1997 to submit comments as to whether a Phase I or a Phase II controversy exists as to the distribution of these funds. **DATES:** Comments are due September 28, 1999.

ADDRESSES: If sent by mail, an original and five copies of written comments and a Notice of Intent to Participate should be addressed to: Copyright Arbitration Royalty Panel (CARP), PO Box 70977, Southwest Station, Washington, DC 20024. If hand-delivered, an original and five copies of written comments and a Notice of Intent to Participate should be brought to: Office of the Copyright General Counsel, James Madison Memorial Building, LM-403, First and Independence Avenue, SE, Washington, D.C. 20559–6000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David O. Carson, General Counsel, or Tanya M. Sandros, Attorney Advisor, Copyright Arbitration Royalty Panels, PO Box 70977, Southwest Station, Washington, DC 20024. Telephone: (202) 707–8380. Telefax: (202) 252–3423.

supplementary information: Each year, cable systems submit royalties to the U.S. Copyright Office under a statutory license which allows cable systems to retransmit broadcast signals to their subscribers. 17 U.S.C. 111. These royalties are distributed, in turn, in one of two ways to copyright owners whose works were included in a cable system's secondary transmission and who timely filed a claim with the Copyright Office.

These copyright owners may either negotiate a settlement agreement among themselves as to the distribution of the royalty fees, or the Librarian of Congress may convene an ad hoc Copyright Arbitration Royalty Panel (CARP) to determine the final distribution of the royalty fees which remain in controversy. See 17 U.S.C. chapter 8. The Copyright Act also allows the copyright owners to receive a partial distribution of the royalty fees prior to the final determination so long as sufficient funds are withheld from distribution "to satisfy all claims with respect to which a controversy exists." 17 U.S.C. 111(d)(4)(C).

Each year since 1996, representatives of the Phase I claimant categories to which royalties have been allocated in prior distribution proceedings have filed with the Copyright Office a motion for partial distribution of the cable royalties collected two years prior to the requested distribution. However, before beginning a distribution proceeding or making a partial distribution, the Librarian of Congress must first

ascertain whether a controversy exists as to the distribution of the funds. 17 U.S.C. 803(d).

In anticipation of a similar filing in 1999, the Office is requesting comment on the existence of any controversies as to the distribution of the 1997 cable royalties. The Office also requests that those claimants intending to participate in the 1997 distribution proceeding file a Notice of Intent to Participate, noting whether they anticipate participating in a Phase I proceeding, a Phase II proceeding, or both.

In a Phase I proceeding, the arbitrators ascertain the distribution of royalties among the categories of broadcast programming represented in the proceeding, and in a Phase II proceeding, the arbitrators settle disputes between claimants within a particular category concerning the distribution of royalty fees within the group. If a claimant anticipates a Phase II controversy, the claimant must state each program category in which he or she has an interest which by the end of the comment period has not yet been satisfied by private agreement.

Participants must advise the Office of the existence of all controversies, Phase I or Phase II, by the end of the comment period. The Office will not consider controversies which come to its attention after the close of the comment period. Failure to file a timely Notice of Intent to Participate shall also preclude a party from participating in this proceeding.

Dated: July 26, 1999.

## Marybeth Peters,

Register of Copyrights.
[FR Doc. 99–19585 Filed 7–29–99; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 1410–33–P

#### NATIONAL COUNCIL ON DISABILITY

## **Sunshine Act Meeting**

**TYPE:** Quarterly meeting.

**AGENCY:** National Council on Disability. **SUMMARY:** This notice sets forth the

schedule and proposed agenda of the forthcoming quarterly meeting of the National Council on Disability. Notice of this meeting is required under Section 552b(e)(1) of the Government in the Sunshine Act, (P.L. 94–409).

**QUARTERLY MEETING DATES:** September 23–24, 1999, 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

**LOCATION:** Old Town Holiday Inn, 480 King Street, Old Town Alexandria, Virginia; 703–549–6080.

FOR INFORMATION, CONTACT: Mark S. Quigley, Public Affairs Specialist, National Council on Disability, 1331 F

Street NW, Suite 1050, Washington, DC 20004–1107; 202–272–2004 (Voice), 202–272–2074 (TTY), 202–272–2022 (Fax)

AGENCY MISSION: The National council on Disability is an independent federal agency composed of 15 members appointed by the President of the United States and confirmed by the U.S. Senate. Its overall purpose is to promote policies, programs, practices, and procedures that guarantee equal opportunity for all people with disabilities, regardless of the nature of severity of the disability; and to empower people with disabilities to achieve economic self-sufficiency, independent living, and inclusion and integration into all aspects of society.

**ACCOMMODATIONS:** Those needing interpreters or other accommodations should notify the National Council on Disability prior to this meeting.

environmental illness: People with environmental illness must reduce their exposure to volatile chemical substances in order to attend this meeting. In order to reduce such exposure, we ask that you not wear perfumes or scents at the meeting. We also ask that you smoke only in designated areas and the privacy of your room. Smoking is prohibited in the meeting room and surrounding area.

**OPEN MEETING:** This quarterly meeting of the National Council on Disability will be open to the public.

**AGENDA:** The proposed agenda includes.

Reports from the Chairperson and the Executive Director

Committee Meetings and Committee Reports

Executive Session (closed)

**Unfinished Business** 

New Business

Announcements

Adjournment

Records will be kept of all National Council on Disability proceedings and will be available after the meeting for public inspection at the National Council on Disability.

Signed in Washington, DC, on July 27, 1999.

#### Ethel D. Briggs,

Executive Director.

[FR Doc. 99–19629 Filed 7–27–99; 4:02 pm] BILLING CODE 6820–MA–M

# NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[NUREG-1600, Revision 1]

Policy and Procedure for NRC Enforcement Actions; Interim Enforcement Policy Regarding Enforcement Discretion for Nuclear Power Plants During the Year 2000 Transition

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory

Commission.

**ACTION:** Policy statement; amendment.

SUMMARY: The Nuclear Regulatory
Commission (NRC) is amending its
"General Statement of Policy and
Procedure for NRC Enforcement
Actions," NUREG-1600, Revision 1
(Enforcement Policy), by adding
Appendix E. This amendment adds an
interim enforcement policy that the
NRC will follow to exercise enforcement
discretion for noncompliance with
license conditions, including technical
specifications (TSs), because of year
2000 (Y2K) related situations.

DATES: This action is effective August

DATES: This action is effective August 30, 1999. Comments on this revision should be submitted within 30 days of publication in the **Federal Register** and will be considered by the NRC prior to the next Enforcement Policy revision.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments to David L. Meyer, Chief, Rules and Directives Branch, Division of

to David L. Meyer, Chief, Rules and Directives Branch, Division of Administrative Services, Office of Administration, Mail Stop T–6 D59, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555–0001. Hand deliver comments to 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland, between 7:30 a.m. and 4:15 p.m., Federal workdays. Copies of comments received may be examined at the NRC Public Document Room, 2120 L Street, NW, (Lower Level), Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Richard Wessman, Deputy Director, Division of Engineering, 301–415–3298, or Allen Hansen, Lead Project Manager, Division of Licensing, Project Management, 301–415–1390, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555–0001.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### SOLI ELIMENTARY IN ORMA

#### Background

Y2K-related events arise from a daterelated problem that is experienced by a software system, a software application, or a digital device at a key rollover date when the system, application, or device does not perform its intended function. The key rollover dates are January 1, 2000; February 29, 2000 (an uncommon leap day); and December 31, 2000 (the 366th day of an uncommon leap year). The nuclear utility industry is engaged in Y2K readiness programs at all nuclear power plant facilities to seek out and correct Y2K-related problems that have any potential to adversely affect facility operations.

Y2K concerns result from licensees' reliance upon:

- (1) Software to schedule maintenance and technical specification surveillances;
- (2) Programmable logic controllers and other commercial off-the-shelf software and hardware;
  - (3) Digital process control systems;
- (4) Software to support facility operation;
- (5) Digital systems for collection of operating data; and

(6) Digital systems to monitor post-accident plant conditions.

It is recognized that in spite of every reasonable effort by licensees to identify and correct Y2K computer system problems at their facilities, some software, applications, equipment, and systems may remain susceptible to the problem. Additionally, software, data, and systems external to the facility could adversely affect the facility (for example, interruption of communications or partial loss of offsite power).

The electricity production and delivery systems, as two of the more important elements of the North American economic and social infrastructure, must remain dependable during Y2K transition or rollover periods. Most other critical elements of the infrastructure depend on the availability of an interconnected, stable, and reliable supply of electrical power. There is no doubt that cascading or even localized outages of generators and transmission facilities could have serious short-term and long-term consequences.

Continued safe operation of nuclear power plants during Y2K transition or rollover periods will play a major role in maintaining stable and reliable electrical power supply systems, providing necessary reserve power if there are major losses at other generating facilities. The NRC staff is issuing interim guidance on the process for the NRC to exercise enforcement discretion in certain situations where power reactor licensees encounter Y2Kassociated compliance problems in the Y2K transition period (December 31, 1999, through the first few days of 2000) or in other key rollover periods. The exercise of enforcement discretion may support a licensee decision to keep the