108 (§ 571.108 of this chapter). The aim of each headlamp installed on the vehicle shall be adjustable to within the beam aim inspection limits specified in Table 2 of SAE Recommended Practice J599 AUG97, measured with the aiming method appropriate for that headlamp.

Issued on March 30, 1999.

#### L. Robert Shelton.

Associate Administrator for Safety Performance Standards.

[FR Doc. 99-8185 Filed 4-2-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-59-M

### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

**National Oceanic and Atmospheric** Administration

## 50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 981014259-8312-02; I.D. 032699A]

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Summer Flounder Fishery; **Commercial Quota Harvested for** Maine

**AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries** Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Commercial quota harvest.

**SUMMARY:** NMFS announces that the summer flounder commercial quota available to the State of Maine has been harvested. Vessels issued a commercial Federal fisheries permit for the summer flounder fishery may not land summer flounder in Maine for the remainder of calendar year 1999, unless additional quota becomes available through a transfer. Regulations governing the summer flounder fishery require publication of this notice to advise the State of Maine that the quota has been harvested and to advise vessel permit holders and dealer permit holders that no commercial quota is available for landing summer flounder in Maine. DATES: Effective 0001 hours, March 30. 1999, through December 31, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Paul H. Jones, Fishery Policy Analyst, (978) 281-9273.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulations governing the summer flounder fishery are found at 50 CFR part 648. The regulations require annual specification of a commercial quota that is apportioned among the coastal states from North Carolina through Maine. The process to set the annual commercial quota and the percent allocated to each state are described in § 648.100.

The initial total commercial quota for summer flounder for the 1999 calendar year was set equal to 11.11 million lb (5.039 kg) (63 FR 72203, December 31, 1998). The percent allocated to vessels landing summer flounder in Maine is 0.04756 percent, or 5,285 lb (2,397 kg).

Section 648.100(e)(4) stipulates that any overages of commercial quota landed in any state be deducted from that state's annual quota for the following year. In the calendar year 1998, a total of 5,168 lb (2,344 kg) were landed in Maine, creating a 377 lb (171 kg) overage that was deducted from the amount allocated for landings in the state during 1999 (64 FR 5196, February 3, 1999). The resulting quota for Maine was 4,908 lb (2,226 kg).

Section 648.101(b) requires the Administrator, Northeast Region, NMFS (Regional Administrator), to monitor state commercial quotas and to determine when a state's commercial quota is harvested. The Regional Administrator is further required to publish notification in the Federal **Register** advising a state and notifying Federal vessel and dealer permit holders that, effective upon a specific date, the state's commercial quota has been harvested and no commercial quota is available for landing summer flounder in that state. The Regional Administrator has determined, based upon dealer reports and other available information, that the State of Maine has attained its quota for 1999.

The regulations at § 648.4(b) provide that Federal permit holders agree, as a condition of the permit, not to land summer flounder in any state that the Regional Administrator has determined no longer has commercial quota available. Therefore, effective 0001 hours, March 30, 1999, further landings of summer flounder in Maine by vessels holding commercial Federal fisheries permits are prohibited for the remainder of the 1999 calendar year, unless additional quota becomes available through a transfer and is announced in the **Federal Register**. Effective March 30, 1999, federally permitted dealers are also advised that they may not purchase summer flounder from federally permitted vessels that land in Maine for the remainder of the calendar year, or until additional quota becomes available through a transfer.

# Classification

This action is required by 50 CFR part 648 and is exempt from review under E.O. 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: March 30, 1999.

### George H. Darcy,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 99-8179 Filed 3-31-99; 1:02 pm] BILLING CODE 3510-22-F

# **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

**National Oceanic and Atmospheric** Administration

### 50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 981014259-8312-02; I.D. 032699B1

**Fisheries of the Northeastern United** States: Scup Fishery: Commercial **Quota Harvested for Winter I Period** 

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Commercial quota harvested for Winter I period.

**SUMMARY:** NMFS announces that the scup commercial quota available in the Winter I period to the coastal states from Maine to North Carolina has been harvested. Commercial vessels may not land scup in the northeast region for the remainder of the 1999 Winter I quota period (through April 30, 1999). Regulations governing the scup fishery require publication of this notice to advise the coastal states from Maine to North Carolina that the quota has been harvested and to advise vessel permit holders and dealer permit holders that no commercial quota is available for landing scup in these states.

**DATES:** Effective 0001 hours April 1, 1999, through April 30, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Paul H. Jones, Fishery Policy Analyst, (978) 281 - 9273.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulations governing the scup fishery are found at 50 CFR part 648. The regulations require annual specification of a commercial quota that is allocated into three quota periods, based upon percentages of the annual quota. The Winter I commercial quota (January through April) is distributed to the coastal states from Maine through North Carolina. The process to set the annual commercial quota and the percent allocated to each state are described in § 648.120.

The initial total commercial quota for scup for the 1999 calendar year was set equal to 2,534,000 lb (1,149,403 kg) (63 FR 72203, December 31, 1998). The Winter I period quota, which is equal to 45.11 percent of the annual commercial

quota (minus a discard estimate) was set at 1,143,087 lb (518,496 kg).

Section 648.121 requires the Administrator, Northeast Region, NMFS (Regional Administrator) to monitor the commercial scup quota for each quota period and, based upon dealer reports, state data, and other available information, to determine when the commercial quota has been harvested. The Regional Administrator is further required to publish notification in the Federal Register advising and notifying commercial vessels and dealer permit holders that, effective upon a specific date, the scup commercial quota has been harvested and no commercial quota is available for landing scup for the remainder of the Winter I period. The Regional Administrator has determined, based upon dealer reports and other available information, that the scup commercial quota for the 1999 Winter I period has been harvested.

The regulations at § 648.4(b) provide that Federal scup moratorium permit holders agree, as a condition of the permit, not to land scup in any state after NMFS has published a notification in the Federal Register stating that the commercial quota for the period has been harvested and that no commercial quota for the scup is available. Therefore, effective 0001 hours, April 1, 1999, further landings of scup in coastal states from Maine to North Carolina by vessels holding commercial Federal fisheries permits are prohibited through April 30, 1999. The Summer period for commercial scup harvest will open on May 1, 1999. Effective April 1, 1999. federally permitted dealers are also advised that they may not purchase scup from federally permitted vessels that land in coastal states from Maine through North Carolina for the remainder of the Winter I period (through April 30, 1999).

# Classification

This action is required by 50 CFR part 648 and is exempt from review under E.O. 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: March 29, 1999.

# Bruce C. Morehead,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 99–8192 Filed 3–31–99; 1:02 pm]
BILLING CODE 3510–22–F

## **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

## National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

### 50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 990304063-9063-01; I.D. 033199A]

Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Trawling in Steller Sea Lion Critical Habitat in the Central Aleutian District of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Closure.

SUMMARY: NMFS is prohibiting trawling within Steller sea lion critical habitat in the Central Aleutian District of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands management area (BSAI). This action is necessary because the 1999 critical habitat percentage of Atka mackerel established for the Central Aleutian District has been reached.

**DATES:** Effective 1200 hrs, Alaska local time (A.l.t.), March 31, 1999, until the end of the 1999 directed fishery for Atka mackerel within the Central Aleutian District.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mary Furuness, 907–586-7228.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NMFS manages the groundfish fishery in the BSAI exclusive economic zone according to the Fishery Management Plan for the Groundfish Fishery of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area (FMP) prepared by the North Pacific Fishery Management Council under authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act. Regulations governing fishing by U.S. vessels in accordance with the FMP appear at Subpart H of 50 CFR part 600 and 50 CFR part 679.

The Final 1999 Harvest Specifications of Groundfish for the BSAI (64 FR 12103, March 11, 1999) established the 1999 TAC for Atka mackerel in the Central Aleutian District as 10,360 metric tons (mt), of which no more than 8,288 mt may be harvested from critical habitat. See § 679.20(c)(3)(iii) and 679.22(a)(8)(iii)(B).

In accordance with § 679.22(a)(8)(iii)(A), the Administrator, Alaska Region, NMFS (Regional Administrator), has determined that the allowable harvest of Atka mackerel in Steller Sea lion critical habitat in the Central Aleutian District as specified under the Final 1999 Harvest Specification has been reached.

Consequently, NMFS is prohibiting trawling in critical habitat, as defined at 50 CFR part 226, Table 1, Table 2, and Figure 4, in the Central Aleutian District of the BSAI.

### Classification

This action responds to the best available information recently obtained from the fishery. It must be implemented immediately to avoid jeopardy to the continued existence of Steller sea lions. A delay in the effective date is impracticable and contrary to the public interest. NMFS finds for good cause that the implementation of this action should not be delayed for 30 days. Accordingly, under 5 U.S.C. 553(d), a delay in the effective date is hereby waived.

This action is required by § 679.20 and is exempt from review under E.O. 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: March 31, 1999.

### Bruce Morehead,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 99–8236 Filed 3–31–99; 2:49 pm]
BILLING CODE 3510–22–F

# **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

# 50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 990304063-9062-01; I.D. 033099B]

Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska, Pacific Cod in the Gulf of Alaska

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Apportionment of reserve.

SUMMARY: NMFS is apportioning the initial reserve of Pacific cod in the Gulf of Alaska (GOA). This action is necessary to allow incidental catch of Pacific cod to be retained in other directed fisheries and to account for previous harvest of the total allowable catch (TAC) in the GOA.

**DATES:** Effective 1200 hrs, Alaska local time (A.l.t.), April 5, 1999, until 2400, A.l.t., December 31, 1999. Comments must be received by April 20, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be sent to Sue Salveson, Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, Sustainable Fisheries Division, Alaska Region, NMFS, 709 West 9th Street, Room 453, Juneau, AK