2060–0191, expiration date 1/31/99. The ICR describes the nature of the information collection and its expected cost and burden; where appropriate, it includes the actual data collection instrument.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before January 28, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION OR A COPY CALL: Sandy Farmer at EPA by phone at (202) 260–2740, by email at farmer.sandy@epamail.epa.gov, or download off the Internet at http://www.epa.gov/icr and refer to EPA ICR No. 1100.09.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: *Title:* National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutant: Radionuclides (OMB Control No. 2060–0191; EPA ICR No. 1100.09). Expiring 1/31/99. This is a request for extension of a currently approved collection.

Abstract: On December 15, 1989 pursuant to section 112 of the Clean Air Act as amended in 1977 (42 USC 1857), the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) promulgated NESHAPs to control radionuclide emissions from several source categories. The regulations were published in 54 FR 51653, and are codified at 40 CFR subparts B, H, K, R, and W, and impose the following radionuclide dose and emission standards:

Subpart B—Underground Uranium
Mines—10 mrem/yr
Subpart H—Department of Energy
Facilities—10 mrem/yr, 20 pci/m²-s
Subpart K—Elemental Phosphorous
Plants—2 curies/yr

Subpart R—Phosphogypsum Stacks—20 pci/m²-s

Information collected is used by EPA to ensure that public health continues to be protected from the hazards of airborne radionuclides by compliance with these standards. If the information were not collected, it is unlikely that a violation of the standards would be identified and, thus, there would be no corrective action initiated to bring the facilities back into compliance. Compliance is demonstrated through emission testing and/or dose calculation. All facilities are required to calculate, monitor, and maintain their records for 5 years. In some cases, they also report their results to EPA.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control numbers for EPA's regulations are listed in 40 CFR part 9 and 48 CFR chapter 15. The **Federal Register** Notice required under 5 CFR 1320.8(d), soliciting comments on this collection of

information was published on 08/27/98 (63 FR 45809). No comments were received.

Burden Statement: The annual public reporting and record keeping burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 526 hours per response. This estimate includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purposes of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to be able to respond to a collection of information; search data sources; complete and review the collection of information; and transmit or otherwise disclose the information.

Respondents/Affected Entities:
Department of Energy (DOE) facilities, elemental phosphorus plants, phosphogypsum stacks, underground uranium mines and uranium mill trailings piles

Estimated Number of Respondents: 87.

Frequency of Response: Annually or less than annually.

Estimated Total Annual Hour Burden: 45,748 hours.

Estimated Total Annualized Cost Burden: \$1,737,000.

Send comments regarding the burden estimate, or any other aspect of the information collection, including suggestions for reducing the burden, to the following addresses. Please refer to EPA ICR No. 1100.09 and OMB Control No. 2060–0191 in any correspondence.

Ms. Sandy Farmer, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Policy, Regulatory Information Division (2137), 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460

Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Attention: Desk Officer for EPA, 725 17th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20503.

Dated: December 22, 1998.

Joseph Retzer,

Director, Regulatory Information Division. [FR Doc. 98–34425 Filed 12–28–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6212-2]

Office of Environmental Justice Small Grants Program—Application Guidance FY 1999

Introduction

This guidance outlines the purpose, goals, and general procedures for application and award under the Fiscal Year (FY) 1999 Office of Environmental Justice Small Grants Program. For FY 1999, EPA will make available approximately \$1,600,000 in grant funds to eligible organizations; \$1,000,000 of this amount is available for superfund projects only. Applications must be mailed to your appropriate EPA regional office (listed in Section III) and postmarked no later than Friday, March 5, 1999.

This guidance includes the following:

- I. Scope and Purpose of the OEJ Small Grants Program
- II. Eligible Applicants and Activities
- III. Application Requirements
- IV. Process for Awarding Grants
- V. Expected Time-frame for Reviewing and Awarding Grants
- VI. Project Period and Final Reports VII. Fiscal Year 2000 OEJ Small Grants Program

Translations Available

A Spanish translation of this announcement may be obtained by calling the Office of Environmental Justice at 1–800–962–6215.

Hay traducciones disponibles de este anuncio en espanol. Si usted esta interesado en obtener una traduccion de este anuncio en espanol, por favor llame a La Officina de Justicia Ambiental conocida como "Office of Environmental Justice," linea gratuita (1–800–962–6215).

I. Scope and Purpose of the OEJ Small Grants Program

The purpose of this grant program is to provide financial assistance to eligible community groups (i.e., community-based/grassroots organizations, churches, or other nonprofit organizations) and federally recognized tribal governments that are working on or plan to carry out projects to address environmental justice issues. Preference for awards will be given to community-based/grassroots organizations that are working on local solutions to local environmental problems. Funds can be used to develop a new activity or substantially improve the quality of existing programs that have a direct impact on affected communities. All awards will be made

in the form of a grant not to exceed one year.

Background

In its 1992 report, Environmental Equity: Reducing Risk for All Communities, EPA found that minority and low-income populations may experience higher than average exposure to toxic pollutants than the general population. The Office of Environmental Justice (OEJ) was established in 1992 to help these communities identify and assess pollution sources, to implement environmental awareness and training programs for affected residents, and to work with community stakeholders to devise strategies for environmental improvements.

In June of 1993, OEJ was delegated granting authority to solicit, select, supervise, and evaluate environmental justice-related projects, and to disseminate information on the projects' content and effectiveness. Fiscal year (FY) 1994 marked the first year of the OEJ Small Grants Program. The chart below shows how the grant monies have been expended since FY 1994.

Fiscal year	\$ Amount	Number of awards
1994 1995 1996 1997	\$500,000 3,000,000 2,800,000 2,700,000 2,500,000	71 175 152 139 123
1999	1,600,000	

How Does EPA Define Environmental Justice Under the Environmental Justice Small Grants Program?

Environmental justice is the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of all people regardless of race, color, national origin, or income with respect to the development, implementation, and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations, and policies. Fair treatment means that no groups of people, including racial, ethnic, or socioeconomic groups, should bear a disproportionate share of the negative environmental consequences resulting from industrial, municipal, and commercial operations or the execution of federal, state, local, and tribal programs and policies.

II. Eligible Applicants and Activities

A. Who May Submit Applications and May an Applicant Submit More Than One?

Any affected, non-profit community organization 501c (3) or 501c (4) ¹ or

federally recognized tribal government may submit an application upon publication of this solicitation. Applicants must be non-profit to receive these federal funds. State recognized tribes or indigenous peoples organizations are able to apply for grant assistance as long as they meet the definition of a non-profit organization. "Non-profit organization" means any corporation, trust, association, cooperative, or other organization that (1) is operated primarily for scientific, educational, service, charitable, or similar purposes in the public interest; (2) is not organized primarily for profit; and (3) uses its net proceeds to maintain, improve, and/or expand its operations. While state and local governments and academic institutions are eligible to receive grants, preference will be given to non-profit, communitybased/grassroots organizations and federally recognized tribal governments. Preference may be given to those organizations that have not received previous Environmental Justice grants. Individuals are not eligible to receive grants.

The Environmental Justice Small grants Program is a competitive process. In order not to give preferential treatment to any single potential applicant, the Agency will offer training and conference calls on grant application guidelines. We encourage you to participate so that you can have your questions answered in a public forum. Please call your Regional office to inquire about the scheduled dates of the special training and conference calls.

EPA will consider only one application per applicant for a given project. Applicants may submit more than one application as long as the applications are for separate and distinct projects or activities. Applicants that were previously awarded small grant funds may submit an application for FY 1999. Every application for FY 1999 will be evaluated based on the merit of the proposed project in relation to the other FY 1999 pre-applications. However, Past performance may be considered during the ranking and evaluation process for those applicants who have received previous grants.

B. What Types of Projects Are Eligible for Funding?

In order to be considered for funding, the application must include the

award grants to non-profit, 501(c)(4) organizations that engage in lobbying activities. This restriction applies to any lobbying activities of a 501(c)(4) organization without distinguishing between lobbying funded by federal money and lobbying funded by other sources.

following information: (1) how the proposed project addresses issues related to at least two environmental statutes and (2) how the proposed project meets at least two of the program goals.

(1) Multi-Media Statutory Requirement

The OEJ Small Grants Program awards grants under a multi-media granting authority. This means that recipients of these funds must implement projects that address pollution in more than one environmental medium (e.g., air, water). To show evidence of the breadth of the project's scope, the application must identify at least two environmental statutes that the project will address. In most cases, your project will include activities outlined in the following environmental statutes:

- a. Clean Water Act, Section 104(b)(3): conduct and promote the coordination of research, investigations, experiments, training, demonstration, surveys, and studies relating to the causes, extent, prevention, reduction, and elimination of water pollution.
- b. Safe Drinking Water Act, Section 1442(b)(3): develop, expand, or carry out a program (that may combine training, education, and employment) for occupations relating to the public health aspects of providing safe drinking water.
- c. Solid Waste Disposal Act, Section 8001(a): conduct and promote the coordination of research, investigations, experiments, training, demonstrations, surveys, public education programs, and studies relating to solid waste (e.g., health and welfare effects of exposure to materials present in solid waste and methods to eliminate such effects).
- d. Clean Air Act, Section 103(b) (3): conduct research, investigations, experiments, demonstrations, surveys, and studies related to the causes, effects (including health and welfare effects), extent, prevention, and control of air pollution.

In some circumstances, your project may be very research-oriented and specific to a particular environmental problem. If this is the case, you may reference the following environmental statutes (either list one of the following in addition to one listed above or list two of the following).

e. Toxic Substances Control Act, Section 10(a): conduct research,

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{As}$ a result of the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995, EPA (and other federal agencies) may not

development, and monitoring activities on toxic substances.

f. Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, Section 20(a): conduct research on pesticides.

g. Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, Section 311(c): conduct basic research related to the detection, assessment, and evaluation of the risks and human health effects of exposure to hazardous substances.

h. Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act, Section 203: conduct research, investigations, experiments, training, demonstrations, surveys, and studies relating to the minimizing or ending of ocean dumping of hazardous materials and the development of alternatives to ocean dumping.

Please note: if your project includes scientific research and data collection, you must be prepared to submit a Quality Assurance Plan (QAP) to your EPA Project Officer prior to the beginning of the research.

(2) Office of Environmental Justice Small Grants Program Goals I

In addition to the multi-statute requirement outlined above, the application must also include a description of how an applicant plans to meet at least two of the three program goals listed below. See Section III "Application Requirements" for more details.

1. Identify necessary improvements in communication and coordination among all stakeholders, including existing community-based/grassroots organizations and local, state, tribal, and federal environmental programs. Facilitate communication and information exchange, and create partnerships among stakeholders to address disproportionate, high and adverse environmental exposure (e.g, workshops, awareness conferences, establishment of community stakeholder committees);

2. Build community capacity to identify local environmental justice problems and involve the community in the design and implementation of activities to address these concerns. Enhance critical thinking, problemsolving, and active participation of affected communities. (e.g., train-the-trainer programs).

3. Enhance community understanding of environmental and public health information systems and generate information on pollution in the community. If appropriate, seek technical experts to demonstrate how to access and interpret public environmental data (e.g., Geographic Information Systems (GIS), Toxic

Release Inventories (TRI), and other databases).

The issues discussed above may be defined differently among applicants from various geographic regions, including areas outside the continental U.S. (Alaska, American Samoa, Guam, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands). Each application should define its issues as they relate to the specific project. In your narrative/work plan, include a succinct explanation of how the project may serve as a model in other settings and how it addresses a high-priority environmental justice issue. The degree to which a project addresses a high-priority environmental justice issue will vary and must be defined by applicants according to their local environmental justice concerns.

C. How Much Money May Be Requested, and Are Matching Funds Required?

The ceiling for any one grant is \$15,000 for non superfund or \$20,000 for superfund projects in federal funds. The Headquarters Office of Environmental Justice will provide each region with approximately \$160,000 to issue awards of which \$100,000 is available exclusively for superfund projects. Some regions may augment their regional pools with additional funds subject to availability. Please check with your regional contact for the amount of funds that will be available in each region. In order for a project to be funded under the superfund appropriation, it must meet these criteria:

- (1) The project must be performed on a site on the National Priority List or on a State superfund priority list or the community is located or impacted by the site.
- (2) It must be of a research nature, i.e., survey, research, collecting and analyzing data
- (3) It cannot be training, conferences or seminars.

Applicants are not required to provide matching funds.

D. Are There Any Restrictions on the Use of the Federal Funds?

Yes. EPA grant funds can only be used for the purposes set forth in the grant agreement. Among other things, absent specific statutory authority, grant funds from this program cannot be used for matching funds for other federal grants, construction, personal gifts (e.g., t-shirts, buttons, hats), buying furniture, litigation, lobbying, or intervention in federal regulatory or adjudicatory proceedings. In addition, the recipient may not use these federal assistance funds to sue the federal government or any other government entity. Refer to 40

CFR 30.27, entitled "Allowable Costs" (see Appendix B).

III. Application Requirements

A. What Is Required for Applications?

In order to be considered for funding under this program, proposals from eligible organizations must have the following:

1. Application for Federal Assistance (SF 424) the official form required for all federal grants that requests basic information about the grantee and the proposed project. The applicant must submit the original application, plus two copies, signed by a person duly authorized by the governing board of the applicant.

Please complete Part 10 of the SF 424 form, "Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number" with the following information: 66.604—Environmental Justice Small Grants Program. To receive a copy of Appendix A which is a copy of this form and a completed sample, call our hotline at 1–800–962–6215.

2. The Federal Standard Form (SF 424A) and budget detail, which provides information on your budget. For the purposes of this grants program, complete only the non-shaded areas of SF 424A. Budget figures/projections should support your work plan/narrative. The EPA portion of these grants will not exceed \$15,000 for non superfund or \$20,000 for superfund projects, therefore your budget should reflect this upper limit on federal funds.

3. Narrative/work plan of the proposal, not to exceed five pages. Applications will not be considered if they exceed five pages. A narrative/work plan describes the applicant's proposed project. The pages of the work plan must be letter size (8½" x 11"), with normal type size (12 characters per inch), and at least 1" margins.

The narrative/work plan is one of the most important aspects of your application and (assuming that all other required materials are submitted) will be used as the primary basis for selection. Work plans must be submitted in the format described below:

- a. A one page summary that:
- Identifies the environmental justice issue(s) to be addressed by the project;
- Identifies the EJ community/target audience;
- Identifies at least two environmental statutes/Acts addressed by the project; and
- Identifies at least two program goals that the project will meet and how it will meet them.
- b. A concise introduction that states the nature of the organization (i.e., how

- long it has been in existence, if it is incorporated, if it is a network, etc.), how the organization has been successful in the past, purpose of the project, EJ community/target audience, project completion plans/time frames, and expected results.
- c. A concise project description that describes how the applicant is community-based and/or plans to involve the target audience in the project and how the applicant plans to meet at least two of the three program goals outlined in Section IIB: "Office of Environmental Justice Small Grants Program Goals." Additional credit will not be given for projects that fulfill more than two goals.
- d. A conclusion discussing how the applicant will evaluate and measure the success of the project, including the anticipated benefits and challenges in implementing the project.
- e. An appendix with resumes of up to three key personnel who will be significantly involved in the project.
- 4. Letter(s) of commitment. If your proposed project includes the significant involvement of other community organizations, your application must include letters of commitment from these organizations. This requirement may not apply to your proposed project—only include if applicable.

Applications that do not include the information listed above in items 1–3 and if applicable, item 4, will not be considered for an award.

Please note: your application to this EPA program may be subject to your state's intergovernmental review process and/or the consultation requirements of Section 204, Demonstration Cities and Metropolitan Development Act. Check with your state's Single Point of Contact to determine your requirements—some states do not require this review. Applicants from American Samoa. Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands should also check with their Single Point of Contact. If you do not know who your Single Point of Contact is, please call your EPA regional contact (Section III) or EPA Headquarters at (202) 260–9266. Federally recognized tribal governments are not required to comply with this procedure.

B. When and Where Must Applications Be Submitted?

The applicant must submit/mail one signed original application with required attachments and one copy to the primary contact at the EPA regional office listed below. The application must be postmarked no later than Friday, March 5, 1999.

Regional Contact Names and Addresses

Region 1—Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont

Primary Contact: Ronnie Harrington, (617) 918–1703, USEPA Region 1 (SAA), 1 Congress Street—Suite 1100, Boston, MA 02114–2023

Secondary Contact: Pat O'Leary, (617) 565–3834

Region 2—New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands

Primary Contact: Natalie Loney, (212) 637–3639, USEPA Region 2, 290 Broadway, 26th Floor, New York, NY 10007

Secondary: Melva Hayden, (212) 637–5027

Region 3—Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia

Primary Contact: Reginald Harris, (215) 814–2988, USEPA Region 3 (3DA00), 841 Chestnut Building, Philadelphia, PA 19107–4431

Secondary: Mary Zielinski, (215) 814–5415,

Region 4—Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee

Primary Contact: Gloria Love, (404) 562–9672, USEPA Region 4, 61 Forsyth Street, SW, Atlanta, GA 30303–8960

Secondary: Connie Raines, (404) 562-9671

Region 5—Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin

Primary Contact: Margaret Millard, (312) 353–1440, USEPA Region 5 (MC T– 175), 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, IL 60604–3507

Secondary: Karla Johnson, (312) 886–5993

Region 6—Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas

Primary Contact: Shirley Augurson, (214) 665–7401, USEPA Region 6 (6EN), 1445 Ross Avenue, 12th Floor, Dallas, Texas 75202–2733

Secondary Contact: Teresa Cooks, (214) 665–8145

Region 7—Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska

Primary Contact: Althea Moses, (913) 551–7649 or 1–800–223–0425, USEPA Region 7, 726 Minnesota Avenue, Kansas City, KS 66101

Secondary Contact: Cecil Bailey, (913) 821–2630 Region 8—Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming

Primary Contact: Nancy Reish, (303) 312–6040, USEPA Region 8 (8ENF– EJ), 999 18th Street, Suite 500, Denver, CO 80202–2466

Secondary: Marcella Devargas, (303) 312–6161

Region 9—Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, American Samoa, Guam

Primary Contact: Karen Henry, (415) 744–1565, USEPA Region 9 (A–2–2), 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105

Secondary: EJ Information Line, (415) 744–1565

Region 10—Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington

Primary Contact: Susan Morales, (206) 553–8580, USEPA Region 10(MD– 142), 1200 Sixth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98101

Secondary: Joyce Kelly, (206) 553–4029 For Further Information Contact: Mary Settle at 202–564–2594.

IV. Process for Awarding Grants

A. How Will Applications Be Reviewed?

EPA regional offices will review, evaluate, and select grant recipients. Applications will be screened to ensure that they meet all eligible activities and requirements described in Sections II and III. Applications will also be evaluated by regional review panels based on the criteria outlined in this solicitation. Applications will be disqualified if they do not meet these criteria.

B. How Will the Final Selections Be Made?

After the individual projects are reviewed and ranked, EPA regional officials will compare the best applications and make final selections. Additional factors that EPA will take into account include geographic and socioeconomic balance, diverse nature of the projects, cost, and projects whose benefits can be sustained after the grant is completed. Regional Administrators will select the final grants.

Please note that this is a very competitive grants program. Limited funding is available and many grant applications are expected to be received. Therefore, the Agency cannot fund all applications. If your project is not funded, a listing of other EPA grant programs may be found in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance. This publication is available at local libraries, colleges, or universities.

C. How Will Applicants Be Notified?

After all applications are received, EPA regional offices will mail acknowledgments to applicants in their regions. Once applications have been recommended for funding, the EPA Regions will notify the finalists and request any additional information necessary to complete the award process. The finalists will be required to complete additional government application forms prior to receiving a grant, such as the EPA Form SF-424B (Assurances—Non-Construction Programs), EPA Form 5700-48, and the Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters. The federal government requires all grantees to certify and assure that they will comply with all applicable federal laws, regulations, and requirements.

The EPA Regional Environmental Justice Coordinators or their designees will notify those applicants whose projects are not selected for funding.

V. Expected Time-Frame for Reviewing and Awarding Grants

December 17, 1998—FY 1999 OEJ Small **Grants Program Application** Guidance is available and published in the **Federal Register**.

December 17, 1998 to March 5, 1999-Eligible grant recipients develop and complete their applications.

March 5, 1999—Applications must be postmarked by this date and mailed or delivered to the appropriate EPA regional office.

March 8, 1999 to April 16, 1999—EPA regional program officials review and evaluate applications and select grant finalists.

April 19, 1999 to August 6, 1999-Applicants will be contacted by the Region if their application is being considered for funding. Additional information may be required from the finalists, as indicated in Section IV. EPA regional grant offices process grants and make awards.

September 30, 1999—EPA expects to release the national announcement of the FY 1999 Office of Environmental Justice Small Grant Recipients.

VI. Project Period and Final Reports

Activities must be completed and funds spent within the time frame specified in the grant award, usually one year. Project start dates will depend on the grant award date (most projects begin in August or September). The recipient organization is responsible for the successful completion of the project. The recipient's project manager is

subject to approval by the EPA project officer but EPA may not direct that any particular person be the project manager.

All recipients must submit final reports for EPA approval within ninety (90) days of the end of the project period. Specific report requirements (e.g., Final Technical Report and Financial Status Report) will be described in the award agreement. EPA will collect, review, and disseminate grantees' final reports to serve as model programs.

For further information about this program, please visit EPA's website at www.epa.gov/oeca/oej/99grants.html or call our hotline at 1-800-962-6215.

VII. Fiscal Year 2000 OEJ Small Grants Program

A. How Can I Receive Information on the Fiscal Year 2000 Environmental Justice Grants Program?

If you wish to be placed on the national mailing list to receive information on the FY 2000 **Environmental Justice Small Grants** Program, you must mail your request along with your name, organization, address, and phone number to: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Environmental Justice Small Grants Program (2201A), FY 2000 Grants Mailing List 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460, 1 (800) 962-6215.

Thank you for your interest in our Small Grants Program and we wish you luck in the application process.

Robert J. Knox,

Associate Director, Office of Environmental Justice.

[FR Doc. 98-34427 Filed 12-28-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6211-8]

Clean Air Act Advisory Committee Meeting

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Clean Air Act Advisory Committee; notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) established the Clean Air Act Advisory Committee (CAAAC) on November 19, 1990, to provide the independent advice and counsel to EPA on policy issues associated with implementation of the Clean Air Act of 1990. The Committee advises on economic, environmental, technical

scientific, and enforcement policy issues.

DATES: Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. App. 2 section 10(a)(2), notice is hereby given that the Clean Air Act Advisory Committee will hold its next open meeting on Friday, February 5, 1999, from approximately 8:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. at the International Trade Center Conference Center in the Ronald Reagan Federal Building, 1300 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20004. Seating will be available on a first come, first served basis. The Energy, Clean Air and Climate Change Subcommittee will hold its meeting on Thursday, February 4, 1999, from approximately from 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. The CAAAC's other three Subcommittees (Linking Transportation, Land Use and Air Quality Concerns Subcommittee, the Permits/NSR/Toxics Integration Subcommittee and the Economic **Incentives and Regulatory Innovations** Subcommittee) will hold concurrent meetings on February 4 from approximately 5:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. All subcommittee meetings will be held at the International Trade Center Conference Center, the same location as the full Committee.

INSPECTION OF COMMITTEE DOCUMENTS:

The Committee agenda and any documents prepared for the meeting will be publicly available at the meeting. Thereafter, these documents, together with CAAAC meeting minutes, will be available by contacting the Office of Air and Radiation Docket and requesting information under docket item A-94-34 (CAAAC). The Docket office can be reached by telephoning 202-260-7548; FAX 202-260-4400.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Paul Rasmussen. Office of Air and Radiation, US EPA (202) 260-6877, FAX (202) 260–8509 or by mail at US EPA, Office of Air and Radiation (Mail code 6102), 401 M St. S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460. For information on the Subcommittee meetings, please contact the following individuals: (1) Energy, Clean Air and Climate Change—Anna Garcia, 202-564-9492; (2) Permits/NSR/ Toxics Integration—Debbie Stackhouse, 919–541–5354; (3) Economic Incentives and Regulatory Innovations—Carey Fitzmaurice, 202-260-7433; and (4) Linking Transportation, Land Use and Air Quality Concerns—Gay MacGregor, 734-668-4438.

Dated: December 21, 1998.

Robert Perciasepe,

Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation.

[FR Doc. 98-34419 Filed 12-28-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560-50-M