religion, sex, or national origin is not compatible with the policies of the country where the work is to be performed or for whom the work will be performed (41 CFR 60-1.10). The Contractor agrees to notify the U.S. Department of State, Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Political-Military Affairs (PM), 2201 C Street NW, Room 7325, Washington, DC 20520, and the U.S. Department of Labor, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Federal Contract Compliance, when it has knowledge of any employee or potential employee being denied an entry visa to a country in which the Contractor is required to perform this contract, and it believes the denial is attributable to the race, color, religion, sex, or national origin of the employee or potential employee.

(End of clause)

[FR Doc. 98–33515 Filed 12–16–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6820–EP–P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

General Services Administration

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

48 CFR Part 31

[FAC 97-10; FAR Case 97-303; Item IV]

RIN 9000-AH90

Federal Acquisition Regulation; Limitation on Allowability of Compensation for Certain Contractor Personnel

AGENCIES: Department of Defense (DoD), General Services Administration (GSA), and National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

ACTION: Interim rule adopted as final with changes.

SUMMARY: The Civilian Agency Acquisition Council and the Defense Acquisition Regulations Council have agreed to adopt as final, with changes, the interim rule published in the Federal Register at 63 FR 9066, February 23, 1998, as Item XIII of Federal Acquisition Circular 97-04. The rule amends the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) to implement Section 808 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1998 (Pub. L. 105-85) by limiting the allowable compensation costs for senior executives of contractors to the benchmark compensation amount determined applicable for each fiscal year by the Administrator for Federal Procurement Policy.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The FAR Secretariat, Room 4035, GS Building, Washington, DC 20405, (202)

501–4755, for information pertaining to status or publication schedules. For clarification of content, contact Ms. Linda Nelson, Procurement Analyst, at (202) 501–1900. Please cite FAC 97–10, FAR case 97–303.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Background

Section 808 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1998 (Pub. L. 105-85) limits allowable compensation costs of senior executives of contractors for a fiscal year to the benchmark compensation amount determined applicable for each fiscal year by the Administrator, Office of Federal Procurement Policy (OFPP). Section 808 requires OFPP to review commercially available surveys of executive compensation and, on the basis of the results of the review, determine the benchmark compensation amount for each fiscal year. This determination shall be made in consultation with the Defense Contract Audit Agency and other executive agencies as the Administrator deems appropriate.

On February 23, 1998, a notice was published in the **Federal Register** (63 FR 8981) that indicated the Acting Administrator of OFPP had determined the benchmark compensation amount to be \$340,650. The notice further indicated that this amount is to be used as the benchmark amount for contractor fiscal year 1998, and subsequent contractor fiscal years, unless and until revised by OFPP. To date, OFPP has not revised the amount.

An interim FAR rule was published in the **Federal Register** on February 23, 1998 (63 FR 9066). Public comments were received from five sources. All comments were considered in developing the final rule.

This regulatory action was not subject to Office of Management and Budget review under Executive Order 12866, dated September 30, 1993, and is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804.

B. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Department of Defense, the General Services Administration, and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration certify that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, et seq., because most contracts awarded to small entities use simplified acquisition procedures or are awarded on a competitive, fixed-price basis and do not require application of the cost principle contained in this rule.

C. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act does not apply because the changes to the FAR do not impose recordkeeping or information collection requirements, or collections of information from offerors, contractors, or members of the public which require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501, et seq.

List of Subjects in 48 CFR Part 31

Government procurement.

Dated: December 14, 1998.

Ralph DeStefano,

Acting Director, Federal Acquisition Policy Division.

Interim Rule Adopted as Final With Changes

Accordingly, the interim rule amending 48 CFR Part 31, which was published at 63 FR 9066, February 23, 1998, is adopted as a final rule with the following changes:

PART 31—CONTRACT COST PRINCIPLES AND PROCEDURES

1. The authority citation for 48 CFR Part 31 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 40 U.S.C. 486(c); 10 U.S.C. chapter 137; and 42 U.S.C. 2473(c).

2. Section 31.205–6 is amended in paragraph (k) by revising the heading; and by revising paragraphs (p)(2)(ii) and adding (p)(2)(iv) to read as follows:

31.205–6 Compensation for personal services.

(k) Deferred compensation other than pensions. * * *

* * * * * * (p) * * * (2) * * *

* * * *

- (ii) Senior executive means—
- (A) The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) or any individual acting in a similar capacity at the contractor's headquarters;
- (B) The four most highly compensated employees in management positions at the contractor's headquarters, other than the CEO; and
- (C) If the contractor has intermediate home offices or segments that report directly to the contractor's headquarters, the five most highly compensated employees in management positions at each such intermediate home office or segment.

* * * * *

(iv) *Contractor's headquarters* means the highest organizational level from

which executive compensation costs are allocated to Government contracts.

[FR Doc. 98–33516 Filed 12–16–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6820–EP–P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

48 CFR Part 44

[FAC 97-10; FAR Case 97-016; Item V]

RIN 9000-AH82

Federal Acquisition Regulation; Contractor Purchasing System Review Exclusions

AGENCIES: Department of Defense (DoD), General Services Administration (GSA), and National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Civilian Agency Acquisition Council and the Defense Acquisition Regulations Council have agreed on a final rule amending the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) to eliminate unnecessary contractor purchasing system reviews (CPSRs).

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 16, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The FAR Secretariat, Room 4035, GS Building, Washington, DC 20405, (202) 501–4755, for information pertaining to status or publication schedules. For clarification of content, contact Ms. Linda Klein, Procurement Analyst, at (202) 501–3775. Please cite FAC 97–10, FAR case 97–016.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Background

This final rule amends—

- (1) FAR 44.302 to exclude competitively awarded firm-fixed-price and competitively awarded fixed-price with economic price adjustment contracts, and sales of commercial items pursuant to FAR Part 12, from the dollar amount used to determine if a contractor's level of sales to the Government warrants the conduct of a CPSR: and
- (2) FAR 44.303 to exclude subcontracts awarded by a contractor exclusively in support of Government contracts that are competitively

awarded firm-fixed-price, competitively awarded fixed-price with economic price adjustment, or awarded for commercial items pursuant to FAR Part 12, from evaluation during a CPSR.

A proposed rule was published in the **Federal Register** at 63 FR 649, January 6, 1998. Two respondents submitted comments on the proposed rule. All comments were considered in the development of the final rule.

This regulatory action was not subject to Office of Management and Budget review under Executive Order 12866, dated September 30, 1993, and is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804.

B. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Department of Defense, the General Services Administration, and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration certify that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, et seq., because the rule only applies to contractors with sales to the Government (excluding competitively awarded firm fixed-price and competitively awarded fixed-price with economic price adjustment contracts and sales of commercial items pursuant to FAR Part 12) that are expected to exceed \$25 million during the next 12 months, and no small entities meet this criterion.

C. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act does not apply because the changes to the FAR do not impose recordkeeping or information collection requirements, or collections of information from offerors, contractors, or members of the public which require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501, et seq.

List of Subjects in 48 CFR Part 44

Government procurement.

Dated: December 14, 1998.

Ralph DeStefano,

Director, Federal Acquisition Policy Division.
Therefore, 48 CFR Part 44 is amended as set forth below:

PART 44—SUBCONTRACTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

1. The authority citation for 48 CFR Part 44 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 40 U.S.C. 486(c); 10 U.S.C. chapter 137; and 42 U.S.C. 2473(c).

2. Section 44.302 is revised to read as follows:

44.302 Requirements.

- (a) The ACO shall determine the need for a CPSR based on, but not limited to, the past performance of the contractor, and the volume, complexity and dollar value of subcontracts. If a contractor's sales to the Government (excluding competitively awarded firm-fixed-price and competitively awarded fixed-price with economic price adjustment contracts and sales of commercial items pursuant to Part 12) are expected to exceed \$25 million during the next 12 months, perform a review to determine if a CPSR is needed. Sales include those represented by prime contracts, subcontracts under Government prime contracts, and modifications. Generally, a CPSR is not performed for a specific contract. The head of the agency responsible for contract administration may raise or lower the \$25 million review level if it is considered to be in the Government's best interest.
- (b) Once an initial determination has been made under paragraph (a) of this section, at least every three years the ACO shall determine whether a purchasing system review is necessary. If necessary, the cognizant contract administration office will conduct a purchasing system review.
- 3. Section 44.303 is amended by revising the introductory text to read as follows:

44.303 Extent of review.

A CPSR requires an evaluation of the contractor's purchasing system. Unless segregation of subcontracts is impracticable, this evaluation shall not include subcontracts awarded by the contractor exclusively in support of Government contracts that are competitively awarded firm-fixed-price, competitively awarded fixed-price with economic price adjustment, or awarded for commercial items pursuant to part 12. The considerations listed in 44.202-2 for consent evaluation of particular subcontracts also shall be used to evaluate the contractor's purchasing system, including the contractor's policies, procedures, and performance under that system. Special attention shall be given to—

[FR Doc. 98–33517 Filed 12–16–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6820–EP–P