DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[OR-034-08-1220-00: GPS-0027]

Temporary Closure of Public Lands: Oregon

AGENCY: Vale District, Bureau of Land Management, Interior Department. **ACTION:** Notice of emergency closure of certain activities within Snively Hot Springs Recreation Site.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 24, 1998. **SUMMARY:** Effective November 24, 1998 all camping activities and the use of all open fire is prohibited at Snively Hot Springs Recreation Site. The site will remain open for day use activities, only. The closure is the minimum action determined needed to provide visitor safety, protection of the site's resource values, and to enhance recreational enjoyment. The site has been subject to an increased level and frequency of unlawful and inappropriate activities, including but not limited to disorderly conduct, assault, and the illegal use of alcohol and illicit drugs, unattended camp fires that have escaped resulting in destruction of riparian vegetation and scorched top soils; the destruction and vandalism of developed facilities and improvements; and extensive littering.

This closure order is authorized under Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations, subpart 8364.1. The following acts are prohibited throughout the year on all public lands within the Snively Hot Springs Recreation Site, located in Township 21 S., Range 45 E., section 22, Willamette Principal Meridian, Malheur County, Oregon.

- 1. The starting or maintaining of any open fire;
- 2. The use or occupancy of the recreation site daily from sunset to sunrise.

This closure order remains in affect until superseded by the Record of Decision for the Southeastern Oregon Resource Management Plan (SEORMP), which, in part, affects BLM management of the recreation site, or until other approved planning provides for defined public uses and restrictions within the recreation site.

PENALTY: Any person failing to comply with this closure order may be subject to imprisonment for not more than 12 months, or a fine in accordance with the applicable provisions of 18 U.S.C. 3571, or both.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Roy L. Masinton, Malheur Resource Area Manager, Bureau of Land Management,

100 Oregon Street, Vale, Oregon 97918, Telephone (541) 473-3144.

Roy L. Masinton,

Malheur Resource Area Manager. [FR Doc. 98-31372 Filed 11-23-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-33-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[CA-350-7123-00-6068]

Notice of Record of Decision: For Motor Vehicle Use and Road and Trail Designation for the Fort Sage Off-Highway Vehicle Area, Eagle Lake Field Office, Susanville, CA, and **Lassen County**

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice, record of decision for Off-Highway Motor Vehicle Designation of Roads and Trails within the Fort Sage Off-Highway Vehicle Area.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that on November 18, 1998, John Bosworth, Acting Field Manager, Eagle Lake Field Office, issued a decision to designate all motorized vehicle routes within the Fort Sage Off Highway Vehicle (OHV) Area on public lands managed by the BLM in Lassen County, California. A motor vehicle designation of "limited to designated roads and trails" is established for this area. The affected public land includes all BLM managed lands within:

Mount Diablo Meridian

T. 26 N., R. 17 E.

T. 25 N., R. 17 E.

T. 25 N., R. 18 E.

T. 24 N., R. 18 E.

These route designations provide for the improved management and protection of public land resources, and people using the public lands, and will minimize conflicts among the various users of those lands.

In accordance with 43 CFR 8340, notice is hereby given that motorized off-highway vehicle use in the Fort Sage OHV Area administered by the Bureau of Land Management, is limited to designated roads and trails within the areas marked "limited use area" as shown on the map in Environmental Assessment CA-350-98-19.

In accordance with 43 CFR 8340, notice is hereby given that all roads that are not designated for use by official BLM signs will be closed unless otherwise marked. Exceptions to this rule will be emergency vehicles, fire suppression and rescue vehicles, BLM operation and maintenance vehicles,

and other motorized vehicles on official business specifically approved by an authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: These vehicle route designations are enforceable under the authority provided in the Federal Land Policy and Management Act (43 U.S. 1701 et seq.), Executive Order (EO) 11644 (Use of Off-Road Vehicles on Public Lands), and 3 CFR 74.332 as amended by EA 11989 (vol. 42, Federal Register, page 26959, May 25, 1977). Any person who violates or fails to comply with the vehicle route designations as governed by 43 CFR part 8341 is subject to arrest, conviction, and punishment pursuant to appropriate laws and regulations. Such punishment may be a fine of not more than \$1,000 and/or imprisonment not to exceed more than 12 months. Maps showing the exact location of designated roads and trails are available at the Eagle Lake Field Office, 2950 Riverside Drive, Susanville, CA 96130.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Bosworth, Acting Field Manager, Eagle Lake Field Office, Bureau of Land Management, 2950 Riverside Drive, Susanville, CA 96130 (916) 257-0456. For a period of 45 days from the date of publication of this notice, interested parties may submit written comments or objections to the Field Manager, Eagle Lake Field Office at the above address.

Dated: November 18, 1998.

John Bosworth,

Acting Area Manager.

[FR Doc. 98-31333 Filed 11-23-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-40-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[WY-030-1430-01; WYW-0317557, WYW-424041

Notice of Realty Action; Sale Under the Recreation & Public Purposes (R&PP) Act; Wyoming

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management,

Interior.

ACTION: Notice of realty action.

SUMMARY: The following public lands located adjacent to Curt Gowdy State Park, near Cheyenne, Wyoming, were classified as suitable for lease and sale under the provisions of the Recreation and Public Purposes Act as amended, 43 U.S.C. 869 et seq., on April 26, 1962, for recreational purposes:

Sixth Principal Meridian

T. 14 N., R. 70 W., Sec. 8, SW1/4, S1/2SE1/4. The land described above contains 240.00 acres.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kurt J. Kotter, Field Manager, Rawlins Field Office, Bureau of Land Management, P.O. Box 2407, Rawlins, Wyoming 82301, (307) 328–4200.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Wyoming State Parks & Historic Sites (WSPHS), currently holds Recreation and Public Purpose leases on the above described lands. The Bureau of Land Management (BLM), proposes to convey these lands which are adjacent to Curt Gowdy State Park to WHPHS. Conveyance of these lands is consistent with the Great Divide Resource Management Plan and would serve important public objectives for outdoor education and recreation. The lands are not needed for Federal purposes.

The conveyance will contain reservations to the United States for:

- 1. Provisions of the Recreation and Public Purposes Act and to all applicable regulations of the Secretary of the Interior.
- 2. All valid existing rights documented on the official public land records at the time of patent issuance.
- 3. All minerals shall be reserved to the United States, together with the right to prospect for, mine, and remove the minerals.
- 4. A right-of-way for ditches and canals constructed by the authority of the United States.

Upon publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, the land will be segregated from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws, including the general mining laws, except for conveyance under the Recreation and Public Purposes Act and leasing under the mineral leasing laws.

For a period of forty-five (45) days from the date of issuance of this notice, interested parties may submit comments to the Field Manager, Bureau of Land Management, Rawlins Field Office, P.O. Box 2407, Rawlins, Wyoming 82301. Any adverse comments will be evaluated by the State Director who may sustain, vacate, or modify the realty action. In the absence of any objections, this proposed realty action will become final.

Dated: November 18, 1998.

Dennis J. Carpenter,

Acting Field Manager.

[FR Doc. 98–31388 Filed 11–23–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–22–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects in the Control and Possession of the Tulsa District, United States Army Corps of Engineers, Tulsa, OK

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.9, of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects in the possession of the Tulsa District, United States Army Corps of Engineers, Tulsa, OK.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Tulsa District Corps professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Caddo Indian Tribe of Oklahoma.

In 1967, human remains representing one individual were excavated at site 41LR12, Pat Mayse Reservoir, Lamar County, TX during legally authorized excavations conducted by Southern Methodist University personel. These human remains are curated at Southern Methodist University. No known individual was identified. The 67 associated funerary objects include clay pipestem fragments, one pipe bowl, projectile points, stone tools, whetstones, hammer stones, ceramics, and ocher.

Based on cultural material present at site 41LR12, this individual has been determined to be Native American. Based on the associated funerary objects and other cultural material, site 41LR12 has been identified as a Late Prehistoric period occupation dating between 800—1500 A.D. Based on the cultural material, geographic location, dates of occupation, 18th and 19th century accounts of the aboriginal occupants of the area, and consultation with representative of the Caddo Indian Tribe, site 41LR12 has been affiliated with the Caddo Indian Tribe of Oklahoma.

In 1962, human remains representing a minimum of seven individuals were excavated at site 34CH40, Hugo Lake, Choctaw County, OK during legally authorized excavations conducted by University of Oklahoma personnel. No known individuals were identified. The 716 associated funerary objects include projectile points, other stone tools, ceramics, polished bone, pieces of baked clay, stone flakes, and hematite.

Based on the cultural material of site 34CH40 and manner of interments as described in site reports, these individuals have been determined to be Native American. The cultural material also indicates that site 34CH40 dates to 1500 B.C. to 800 A.D. Based on the cultural material, associated funerary objects, geographic location, dates of occupation, 18th and 19th century accounts of the aboriginal occupants of the area, and consultation with representative of the Caddo Indian Tribe, site 34CH40 has been affiliated with the Caddo Indian Tribe of Oklahoma.

In 1970, human remains representing a minimum of two individuals were excavated at site 34CH43, Hugo Lake, Choctaw County, OK during legally authorized excavations conducted by University of Oklahoma personnel. No known individuals were identified. The 251 associated funerary objects include projectile points, stone tools, ceramics, and ground stone.

Based on the cultural material of site 34CH43, these individuals have been determined to be Native American. The cultural material also indicates that site 34CH43 dates to between 1500 B.C. and 800 A.D. Based on ceramics, stone tools, bone tools, archeological site type, geographic location, dates of occupation, 18th and 19th century accounts of the aboriginal occupants of the area, and consultation with representative of the Caddo Indian Tribe, site 34CH43 has been affiliated with the Caddo Indian Tribe of Oklahoma.

In 1971, human remains representing a minimum of seven individuals were excavated at site 34CH53, Hugo Lake, Choctaw County, OK during legal excavations performed by University of Oklahoma personnel. No known individuals were identified. The 1,988 associated funerary objects include projectile points, stone tools, stone flakes, animal bone, shell, pottery sherds, baded clay, molded clay, clay beads, and clay pipe fragments.

Based on the cultural material of site 34CH53, these individuals have been identified as Native American. The cultural material also indicates that site 34CH53 dates to between 800 and 1000 A.D. Based on the associated funerary objects, type of archeological site, geographic location, dates of occupation, 18th and 19th century accounts of the aboriginal occupants of the area, and consultation with representative of the Caddo Indian Tribe, site 34CH53 has been affiliated with the Caddo Indian Tribe of Oklahoma.