The Service has defined the Form I-94 as the document which meets the manifest requirements. 8 CFR 231.1(a) The Form I-94 information is maintained in the Nonimmigrant Information System (NIIS). The reliability and timeliness of the information contained within NIIS has been a matter of concern and has been questioned by the General Accounting Office, the Department of Justice, Office of the Inspector General (OIG), and internally by the Service. At present, the Service is reviewing NIIS to identify problems and develop solutions for its deficiencies. In a recent OIG inspection report on overstays (Report Number I-97-08) the OIG stated that the Service needs to improve its departure data, particularly the collection of departure Forms I-94. "Given the long-standing failure to receive all departure records, INS should take immediate action to improve collection of these forms.

Implementing a more comprehensive program to impose section 231 fines will be part of a multi-pronged approach (which includes training carriers and Service personnel on proper I–94 processing procedures and monitoring compliance) to improve data collection as required by Congress and the OIG.

Dated: November 10, 1998.

Doris Meissner,

Commissioner, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

[FR Doc. 98–30951 Filed 11–18–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–10–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Justice Programs

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request Revision of a Currently Approved Collection

ACTION: Notice of Information Collection; Revision of a Currently Approved Collection; Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring (ADAM, formerly Drug Use Forecasting) Program.

The Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, has submitted the information collection request for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. Comments are encouraged and will be accepted for "sixty days" until January 19, 1999.

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies

- concerning the collection of information should address one or more of the following four points:
- (1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency; including whether the information will have any practical utility;
- (2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- (3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
- (4) Minimize the burden of collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of this information collection:

- (1) Type of Information Collection: Revision of a Currently Approved Collection.
- (2) *Title of the Form/Collection:* Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring (ADAM, formerly Drug Use Forecasting) Program.
- (3) Agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Justice sponsoring the collection: No agency form number. Office of Research and Evaluation, National Institute of Justice, Office of Justice Programs.
- (4) Affected public who will be asked to respond, as well as a brief abstract: Misdemeanor and felony arrestees in city and county jails and juvenile detention facilities. The ADAM program monitors the extent and types of drug use among arrestees. Currently the program operates in 35 cities. An additional 15 sites are proposed for establishment by the end of 1999, to bring the total to 50 cities, and 25 additional cities by the end of the year 2000, which will bring the total number of cities to 75. Data are collected in each city every three months from a new sample of arrestees. Participation is voluntary and anonymous and data collected include a personal interview and urine specimen.

In the next 6 months, OJP proposes to introduce new features to the program, the primary being.

- A redesigned data collection instrument
- A sample selection process to replace the current process

- Implementation of these features will require special field testing in the current ADAM sites.
- (5) An estimate of the total number of respondents and amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond: Following is the maximum number of responses expected for the main ADAM questionnaire in Fiscal Year 1999 and 2000. The estimate assumes that 50 sites are in operation all quarters of FY 1999 and 75 sites are in operation all quarters of FY 2000. In FY 1999, 50000 adult male arrestees, 20000 adult female arrestees, 20000 juvenile male arrestees, and 10000 juvenile female arrestees will be interviewed (total = 100,000 at 20 minutes a)response). In FY 2000, 75000 adult male arrestees, 30000 adult female arrestees, 30000 juvenile male arrestees, and 15000 juvenile female arrestees will be interviewed (total = 150,000 at 20 minutes a response). Additionally, addendum questionnaires will be administered to the same respondents at some number of sites for some number of quarters over the year. The estimate provided here is the maximum number of responses that will be obtained: it is assumed that all sites will field an addendum questionnaire in 3 out of the 4 quarters of the year. In FY 1999, the number of addendum questionnaires administered across all respondent types will be 300,000 at 10 minutes per response; and in FY 2000 the number of addendum questionnaires administered will be 450,000 at 10 minutes a response.
- (6) An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection: 83,000 hours in FY 1999 and 125,000 hours in FY 2000.

If you have additional comments, suggestions, or need a copy of the proposed information collection instrument with instructions, or additional information, please contact Dr. K. Jack Riley 202-616-9030, Director, Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring (ADAM) Program, National Institute of Justice, room 7344, 810 7th Street NW, Washington, DC 20531. Additionally, comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response time may also be directed to Dr. K. Jack Riley.

If additional information is required, contact: Mr. Robert B. Briggs, Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Information Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, Suite 850, Washington Center, 1001 G Street, NW, Washington, DC 20530.

Dated: November 13, 1998.

Robert B. Briggs,

Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 98–30882 Filed 11–18–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–18–M

NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

Privacy Act of 1974; Publication of Revised and Deleted Systems of Records Notice

AGENCY: National Labor Relations Board (NLRB).

ACTION: Amendments to systems of records for Payroll/Personnel Records.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the provisions of the Privacy Act of 1974, the National Labor Relations Board (NLRB) publishes this notice of its intention to establish a system of records to be entitled "NLRB-10, Payroll/Personnel Records," by combining three existing systems of records, NLRB-10, Pay Records-Retirement; NLRB-11, Payroll-Finance Records; and NLRB-13, Time and Attendance Records. This change is accomplished by modifying one entry and deleting two others, deleting two routine uses, dividing one routine use into two distinct uses for purposes of clarify, amending the language of four routine uses, adding two new routine uses, and updating the addresses of system locations; updating the citations referring to 29 CFR 102.117; as well as making several insignificant administrative language revisions.

All persons are advised that in the absence of submitted comments, views, or arguments considered by the NLRB as warranting modification of the notice as herewith to be published, it is the intention of the NLRB that the notice shall be effective upon expiration of the comment period without further action by this Agency.

DATES: The amended system of records notice will become effective without further notice 30 days from the date of this publication (December 21, 1998) unless comments are received on or before that date which result in a contrary determination.

ADDRESSES: All persons who desire to submit written comments, views, or arguments for consideration by the NLRB in connection with the proposed new system of records shall file them with the Executive Secretary, National Labor Relations Board, Room 11600, 1099 14th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20570–0001.

Copies of all such communications will be available for examination by

interested persons during normal business hours in the Office of the Executive Secretary, National Labor Relations Board, Room 11600, 1099 14th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20570– 0001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John J. Toner, Executive Secretary, National Labor Relations Board, Room 11600, 1099 14th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20570–0001.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: 1. The following changes have been made to the proposed new system of records entitled, NLRB–10, Payroll/Personnel Records, by combining three existing systems: "NLRB–10, Pay Records Retirements"; "NLRB–11, Payroll-Finance Records"; and "NLRB–13, Time and Attendance Records"; and by deleting old routine uses Nos. 1 and 2 because the specified "need to know" in them is authorized by 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(5).

2. Routine use No. 2 is new and is added to reflect the changes resulting from the installation of an electronic personnel/payroll system upgrading the earlier payroll, personnel, and time and attendance systems. The NLRB utilizes the Department of Agriculture, National Finance Center (NFC), and NFC's electronic Payroll/Personnel Processing System, PC-TARE, to prepare and electronically transmit data to NFC.

3. The language of routine use No. 8 has been amended to specify that on disclosure to an inquiring congressional office, the subject individual must be a constituent about whom the records are maintained.

4. Routine use No. 9 has been divided into two distinct uses Nos. 9 and 10 for purposes of clarity, one dealing solely with arbitrators, and the other with officials of labor organizations. The language has been amended to conform to the intent of routine use (e) in the Government-wide system of records OPM/GOVT-2, Employee Performance File System Records, to eliminate the NLRB requirement that the information that may be disclosed to a labor organization "shall be furnished in depersonalized form, i.e., without personal identifiers." Routine use (e) is a Government-wide system of records OPM/GOVT-2 which provides that the information will be "disclosed to an arbitrator to resolve disputes under a negotiated grievance procedure or to officials of labor organizations under 5 U.S.C. chapter 71 when relevant and necessary to their duties of exclusive representation." The NLRB is deleting the requirement that "[W]henever feasible and consistent with responsibilities under the Act, such

information shall be furnished in depersonalized form, i.e., without personal identifiers," a requirement not contained in OPM/GOVT-2 routine use (e).

5. Routine use No. 11 has been amended by changing reference from "Agency" to "NLRB" for more specificity.

6. Routine use No. 12 is amended to specify more exactly the information that may be disclosed to a court or an adjudicative body in the course of presenting evidence or argument including disclosure to opposing counsel of witnesses in the course of civil discovery.

7. Routine use No. 14 is new and has been added pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (PL 104–193), NLRB will disclose data from its Payroll/Personnel Records system of records to the Office of Child Support Enforcement, Administration for Children and Families, Department of Health and Human Services for use in the National Database of New Hires, part of the Federal Parent Locator Service (FPLS), and Federal Tax Offset System, DHHS/OCSE No. 09–90–0074.

FPLS is a computerized network through which States may request location information from Federal and state agencies to find noncustodial parents and their employers for purposes of establishing paternity and securing support. On October 1, 1997, the FPLS was expanded to include the National Directory of New Hires, a database containing employment information on employees recently hired, quarterly wage data on private and public sector employees, and information on unemployment compensation benefits. On October 1, 1998, the FPLS will be expanded further to include a Federal Case Register. The Federal Case Register will contain abstracts on all participants involved in child support enforcement cases. When the Federal Case Registry is instituted, its files will be matched on an ongoing basis against the files in the National Directory of New Hires to determine if an employee is a participant in a child support case anywhere in the country. If the FPLS identifies a person as being a participant in a State child support case, that State will be notified. State requests to the FPLS for location information will also continue to be processed after October 1, 1998.

When individuals are hired by NLRB, the Agency may disclose to the FPLS their names, social security numbers, home addresses, dates of birth, dates of hire, and information identifying us as the employer. NLRB also may disclose