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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

7 CFR Part 301

[Docket No. 97-056-17]

Mediterranean Fruit Fly; Removal of Quarantined Areas

AGENCY: Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, USDA.
ACTION: Interim rule and request for comments.

SUMMARY: We are amending the Mediterranean fruit fly regulations by removing the quarantined areas in Highlands and Manatee Counties, FL, from the list of quarantined areas. The quarantines were necessary to prevent the spread of the Mediterranean fruit fly to noninfested areas of the United States. There have been no new detections of the Mediterranean fruit fly in these areas since August 10, 1998, and we have, therefore, determined that restrictions on the intrastate and interstate movement of regulated articles from these areas are no longer necessary. As a result of this action, there are no longer any areas quarantined for the Mediterranean fruit fly in the State of Florida. This action also relieves unnecessary restrictions on the intrastate and interstate movement of regulated articles from these areas. **DATES:** Interim rule effective October 2, 1998. Consideration will be given only to comments received on or before December 7, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Please send an original and three copies of your comments to Docket No. 97–056–17, Regulatory Analysis and Development, PPD, APHIS, suite 3C03, 4700 River Road Unit 118, Riverdale, MD 20737–1238. Please state that your comments refer to Docket No. 97–056–17. Comments received may be inspected at USDA,

room 1141, South Building, 14th Street and Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC, between 8 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except holidays. Persons wishing to inspect comments are requested to call ahead on (202) 690–2817 to facilitate entry into the comment reading room. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Michael B. Stefan, Operations Officer, Domestic and Emergency Programs, PPQ, APHIS, 4700 River Road Unit 134, Riverdale, MD 20737–1236, (301) 734–8247; or e-mail: michael.b.stefan@usda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Mediterranean fruit fly, *Ceratitis capitata* (Wiedemann), is one of the world's most destructive pests of numerous fruits and vegetables. The Mediterranean fruit fly (Medfly) can cause serious economic losses. Heavy infestations can cause complete loss of crops, and losses of 25 to 50 percent are not uncommon. The short life cycle of this pest permits the rapid development of serious outbreaks.

The Mediterranean fruit fly regulations (contained in 7 CFR 301.78 through 301.78–10 and referred to below as the regulations) restrict the movement of regulated articles from quarantined areas to prevent the spread of Medfly to noninfested areas of the United States. Since an initial finding of Medfly infestation in a portion of Dade County, FL, in April 1998, the quarantined areas in Florida have included portions of Dade, Highlands, Lake, Manatee, and Marion Counties.

In an interim rule effective on April 17, 1998, and published in the **Federal** Register on April 23, 1998 (63 FR 20053-20054, Docket No. 98-046-1), we added a portion of Dade County, FL, to the list of quarantined areas and restricted the intrastate and interstate movement of regulated articles from the quarantined area. In a second interim rule effective on May 5, 1998, and published in the **Federal Register** on May 11, 1998 (63 FR 25748–25750, Docket No. 97-056-11), we expanded the quarantined area in Dade County, FL. In a third interim rule effective May 13, 1998, and published in the **Federal** Register on May 19, 1998 (63 FR 27439-27440, Docket No. 97-056-12), we added a portion of Lake and Marion Counties, FL, to the list of quarantined

areas and restricted the intrastate and interstate movement of regulated articles from the quarantined area. In a fourth interim rule effective on June 5. 1998, and published in the Federal **Register** on June 11, 1998 (63 FR 31887– 31888, Docket No. 97-056-13), we added a portion of Manatee County, FL, to the list of quarantined areas and restricted the intrastate and interstate movement of regulated articles from the quarantined area. In a fifth interim rule effective August 7, 1998, and published in the Federal Register on August 13, 1998 (63 FR 43287-43289, Docket No. 97-056-14), we added a portion of Highlands County, FL, to the list of quarantined areas and restricted the intrastate and interstate movement of regulated articles from the quarantined area. In a sixth interim rule effective August 13, 1998, and published in the Federal Register on August 20, 1998 (63 FR 44538-44539, Docket No. 97-056-15), we removed the quarantined area in Lake and Marion Counties, FL, from the list of quarantined areas. In a seventh interim rule effective August 24, 1998, and published in the Federal Register on August 26, 1998 (63 FR 45392-45393, Docket No. 97-056-16), we removed the guarantined area in Dade County, FL, from the list of quarantined

The Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) and Florida State and county inspectors have not trapped a Medfly in Highlands and Manatee Counties, FL, since August 10, 1998. Since that time, no evidence of infestation has been found in these areas. We are, therefore, removing the quarantined areas in Highlands and Manatee Counties, FL, from the list of areas in § 301.78–3(c) quarantined because of the Medfly. As a precautionary measure, we will continue the release of sterile Medflies and surveillance activities in these areas.

Immediate Action

The Administrator of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service has determined that there is good cause for publishing this interim rule without prior opportunity for public comment. The portions of Highlands and Manatee Counties, FL, affected by this document were quarantined to prevent the Medfly from spreading to noninfested areas of the United States. Because the Medfly is

no longer being detected in these areas, and because the continued quarantined status of those portions of Highlands and Manatee Counties, FL, would impose unnecessary regulatory restrictions on the public, immediate action is warranted to relieve restrictions.

Because prior notice and other public procedures with respect to this action are impracticable and contrary to the public interest under these conditions, we find good cause under 5 U.S.C. 553 to make this action effective upon signature. We will consider comments that are received within 60 days of publication of this rule in the Federal **Register.** After the comment period closes, we will publish another document in the Federal Register. The document will include a discussion of any comments we receive and any amendments we are making to the rule as a result of the comments.

Executive Order 12866 and Regulatory Flexibility Act

This rule has been reviewed under Executive Order 12866. For this action, the Office of Management and Budget has waived its review process required by Executive Order 12866.

This interim rule amends the Medfly regulations by removing the quarantined areas in Highlands and Manatee Counties, FL, from quarantine for Medfly. This action affects the intrastate and interstate movement of regulated articles from these areas. We estimate that there are 651 entities in the quarantined areas of Highlands and Manatee Counties, FL, that sell, process, handle, or move regulated articles; this estimate includes 345 commercial growers, 3 transportation terminals, 57 fruit stands, 11 flea markets, 4 citrus packinghouses, 20 mobile vendors, 67 food stores, 4 common carriers, 25 nurseries, 80 lawn maintenance companies, 1 processing plant, 14 vegetable packinghouses, and 20 farmer's markets. The number of these entities that meet the U.S. Small Business Administration's (SBA) definition of a small entity is unknown, since the information needed to make that determination (i.e., each entity's gross receipts or number of employees) is not currently available. However, it is reasonable to assume that most of the 651 entities are small in size, since the overwhelming majority of businesses in Florida, as well as the rest of the United States, are small entities by SBA standards.

The effect of this action on small entities should be minimally positive, as they will no longer be required to treat

articles to be moved intrastate and interstate for Medfly.

Therefore, termination of the quarantine of these portions of Highlands and Manatee Counties, FL, should have a minimal economic effect on the small entities operating in these areas. We anticipate that the economic impact of lifting the quarantine, though positive, will be no more significant than was the minimal impact of its imposition.

Under these circumstances, the Administrator of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service has determined that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Executive Order 12372

This program/activity is listed in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance under No. 10.025 and is subject to Executive Order 12372, which requires intergovernmental consultation with State and local officials. (See 7 CFR part 3015, subpart V.)

Executive Order 12988

This rule has been reviewed under Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. This rule: (1) Preempts all State and local laws and regulations that are inconsistent with this rule; (2) has no retroactive effect; and (3) does not require administrative proceedings before parties may file suit in court challenging this rule.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This rule contains no information collection or recordkeeping requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

List of Subject in 7 CFR Part 301

Agricultural commodities, Incorporation by reference, Plant diseases and pests, Quarantine, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Transportation.

Accordingly, we are amending 7 CFR part 301 as follows:

PART 301—DOMESTIC QUARANTINE NOTICES

1. The authority citation for part 301 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 147a, 150bb, 150dd, 150ee, 150ff, 161, 162, and 164–167; 7 CFR 2.22, 2.80, and 371.2(c).

§ 301.78-3 [Amended]

2. In § 301.78–3, paragraph (c), the entry for Florida is removed.

Done in Washington, DC, this 2nd day of October 1998.

William R. DeHaven,

Acting Administrator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.

[FR Doc. 98–27021 Filed 10–7–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–34–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 97-ANE-33-AD; Amendment 39-10636; AD 98-14-02]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Pratt & Whitney Canada PW100 Series Turboprop Engines

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: This document makes a correction to Airworthiness Directive (AD) 98–14–02 applicable to Pratt & Whitney Canada (PWC) PW100 series turboprop engines that was published in the **Federal Register** on July 1, 1998 (63 FR 35794). PWC Service Bulletin (SB) No. 21077, Revision 8, is dated incorrectly. This document corrects the dating of that SB. In all other respects, the original document remains the same.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 8, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jason Yang, Aerospace Engineer, Engine Certification Office, FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA 01803–5299; telephone (781) 238–7747, fax (781) 238–7199.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A final rule airworthiness directive applicable to Pratt & Whitney Canada (PWC) PW100 series turboprop engines, was published in the **Federal Register** on July 1, 1998 (63 FR 35794). The following correction is needed:

§ 39.13 [Corrected]

On page 35795, in the second column, in the Supplementary Information Section, in the fourth paragraph, in the third line, "April 4, 1998" is corrected to read "April 4, 1997".

On page 35796, in the first column, in the Compliance Section, in paragraph (a), in the fifth line, "April 4, 1998" is corrected to read "April 4, 1997".

On page 35796, in the second column, in the Compliance Section, in paragraph (a), in the sixth line from the top of the