Airport are in compliance with applicable requirements. This determination is effective on September 10, 1998. FAA's acceptance of an airport operator's Noise Exposure Maps is limited to a finding that the maps were developed in accordance with the procedures contained in Appendix (A) of FAR Part 150. Such acceptance does not constitute approval of the applicant's data, information or plans, or a commitment to approve a Noise Compatibility Program or to fund the implementation of that program.

If questions arise concerning the precise relationship of specific properties to noise exposure contours depicted on a Noise Exposure Map, submitted under Section 103 of the Act, it should be noted that the FAA is not involved in any way in determining the relative locations of specific properties with regard to the depicted noise contours, or in interpreting the Noise Exposure Maps to resolve questions concerning, for example, which properties should be covered by the provisions of Section 107 of the Act. These functions are inseparable from the ultimate land use control and planning responsibilities of local government. These local responsibilities are not changed in any way under FAR Part 150 or through FAA's review of the Noise Exposure Maps. Therefore, the responsibility for the detailed overlaying of noise exposure contours onto the map depicting properties on the surface rests exclusively with the airport operator which submitted those maps, or with those public agencies and planning agencies with which consultation is required under Section 103 of the Act. The FAA has relied on the certification by the airport operator, under Section 150.21 of FAR Part 150, that the statutory required consultation has been accomplished.

Copies of the Noise Exposure Maps and of the FAA's evaluation of the maps are available for examination at the following locations:

Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Room 617, Washington, DC 20591

Federal Aviation Administration, Western-Pacific Region, Airports Division, Room 3012, 1500 Aviation Boulevard, Hawthorne, California 90261

Mr. Rodney L. Murphy, Director of Airports, County of Ventura, 555 Airport Way, Camarillo, California 9310

Questions may be directed to the individual named above under the heading FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

Issued in Hawthorne, California on September 10, 1998.

#### Herman C. Bliss.

Manager, Airports Division, AWP-600, Western-Pacific Region.

[FR Doc. 98–25470 Filed 9–22–98; 8:45 am]

### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

Acceptance of Noise Exposure Maps for Camarillo Airport, Camarillo, California

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Aviation

**ACTION:** Notice.

Administration (FAA) announces its determination that the Noise Exposure Maps submitted by the county of Ventura, California, for Camarillo Airport, under the provisions of Title I of the Aviation Safety and Noise Abatement Act of 1979 (Pub. L. 96-193) and 14 CFR Part 150, are in compliance with applicable requirements. **EFFECTIVE DATE:** The effective date of the FAA's acceptance of the Noise Exposure Maps for Camarillo Airport, Camarillo, California is September 10, 1998. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Charles B. Lieber, Airport Planner, Airports Division, AWP-611.1, Federal Aviation Administration, Western-Pacific Region. Mailing address: P.O. Box 92007, Worldway Postal Center, Los Angeles, California 90009-2007. Telephone (310) 725–3614. Street address: 15000 Aviation Boulevard, Hawthorne, California 90261. Documents reflecting this FAA action may be reviewed at this same location. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice announces that the FAA finds that the Noise Exposure Maps submitted for Camarillo Airport, Camarillo, California are in compliance with applicable requirements of Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) Part 150, effective September 10, 1998.

Under Section 103 of the Aviation Safety and Noise Abatement Act of 1979 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act"), an airport operator may submit to the FAA Noise Exposure Maps which meet applicable regulations and which depict noncompatible land uses as of the date of submission of such maps, a description of projected aircraft operations, and the ways in which such operations will affect such maps. The Act requires such maps to be developed in consultation with interested and affected parties in the local community,

government agencies, and persons using the airport.

An airport operator who has submitted Noise Exposure Maps that are found by FAA to be in compliance with the requirements of FAR Part 150, promulgated pursuant to Title I of the Act, may submit a Noise Compatibility Program for FAA approval which sets forth the measures the operator has taken or proposes for the reduction of existing noncompatible uses and for the prevention of the introduction and additional noncompatible uses.

The FAA has completed its review of the Noise Exposure Maps and supporting documentation submitted by the county of Ventura. The specific maps under consideration are Exhibit 1, "1998 Noise Exposure Map" and Exhibit 2, "2003 Noise Exposure Map" in the submission. The FAA has determined that these maps for Camarillo Airport are in compliance with applicable requirements. This determination is effective on September 10, 1998. FAA's acceptance of an airport operator's Noise Exposure Maps is limited to a finding that the maps were developed in accordance with the procedures contained in Appendix (A) of FAR Part 150. Such acceptance does not constitute approval of the applicant's data, information or plans, or a commitment to approve a Noise Compatibility Program or to fund the implementation of that program.

If questions arise concerning the precise relationship of specific properties to noise exposure contours depicted on a Noise Exposure Map, submitted under Section 103 of the Act, it should be noted that the FAA is not involved in any way in determining the relative locations of specific properties with regard to the depicted noise contours, or in interpreting the Noise Exposure Maps to resolve questions concerning, for example, which properties should be covered by the provisions of Section 107 of the Act. These functions are inseparable from the ultimate land use control and planning responsibilities of local government. These local responsibilities are not changed in any way under FAR Part 150 or through FAA's review of the Noise Exposure Maps. Therefore, the responsibility for the detailed overlaying of noise exposure contours onto the map depicting properties on the surface rests exclusively with the airport operator which submitted those maps, or with those public agencies and planning agencies with which consultation is required under Section 103 of the Act. The FAA has relied on the certification by the airport operator, under Section 150.21 of FAR Part 150,

that the statutory required consultation has been accomplished.

Copies of the Noise Exposure Maps and the FAA's evaluation of the maps are available for examination at the following locations:

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Mr. Rodney L. Murphy, Director of Airports, County of Ventura, 555 Airport Way, Camarillo, California

Questions may be directed to the individual named above under the heading FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

Issued in Hawthorne, California on September 10, 1998.

## Herman C. Bliss,

Manager, Airports Division, AWP-600. Western-Pacific Region.

[FR Doc. 98-25471 Filed 9-22-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

**Aviation Rulemaking Advisory** Committee: Transport Airplane and **Engine Issues—New Tasks** 

**AGENCY: Federal Aviation** Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Notice of new task assignments for the Aviation Rulemaking Advisory Committee (ARAC).

**SUMMARY:** Notice is given of new tasks assigned to and accepted by the Aviation Rulemaking Advisory Committee (ARAC). This notice informs the public of the activities of ARAC. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Stewart R. Miller, Transport Standards

Staff (ANM-110), Federal Aviation Administration, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, WA 98055-4056; phone (425) 227-1255; fax (425) 227-1320.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Background**

The FAA has established an Aviation Rulemaking Advisory Committee to provide advice and recommendations to the FAA Administrator, through the Associate Administrator for Regulation and Certification, on the full range of the FAA's rulemaking activities with respect to aviation-related issues. This includes obtaining advice and recommendations on the FAA's

commitment to harmonize its Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) and practices with its trading partners in

Europe and Canada.

One area ARAC deals with is Transport Airplane and Engine Issues. These issues involve the airworthiness standards for transport category airplanes and engines in 14 CFR parts 25, 33, and 35 and parallel provisions in 14 CFR parts 121 and 135.

### The Tasks

This notice is to inform the public that the FAA has asked ARAC to provide advice and recommendation on the following harmonization tasks:

Task 5: Power Plant Fire Mitigation Requirements

Specific Tasks—Phase I

### 1. Rule Harmonization

- (a) JAR 25.1183 has a (c) paragraph that adds the requirement for components to be fireproof where, if damaged, fire could spread or essential services could be adversely affected.
- (b) FAR/JAR 25.1187, 25.1189(a) and 25.1193(c) are considered equivalentno harmonization is required.

## 2. Advisory Material (AC/AMJ) Harmonization

(a) FAR 25.1187—Drainage and Ventilation of Fire Zones. FAA regulation requires the provisions for flammable fluid drainage, including the drainage path and drainage capacity, be demonstrated to be effective under anticipated conditions. Draft AC 25.1187, published for comments, describes the methodology to be used. FAA and JAA agreement on an acceptable means of demonstrating compliance is required. The Advisory Material to be developed should provide guidance on an acceptable means of demonstrating compliance for "drainage of flammable fluids".

(b) FAR 25.1189(a)—Shutoff Means. This paragraph requires shutoff valves to prevent a hazardous quantity of flammable fluid entering a fire zone following detection of a fire. The central issue to be resolved is associated with FAA/JAA agreement of the definition of "hazardous quantity" of flammable fluid. The working group should provide guidance to the FAA and JAA to define what is considered a "Hazardous Quantity of Flammable Fluid" when showing compliance to this regulation.

(c) FAR 25.1193(c)—Cowling and Nacelle Skin. FAA requires the nacelle be fireproof for 360 degrees, unless aerodynamic testing shows that fire exiting the nacelle poses no additional

hazards to the airframe. JAA reportedly accepts 90 degrees (45 degrees from pylon centerline) without additional testing. JAA NPA proposes to provide guidance (JAA PNPA 25E-266). FAA and JAA should document current practices for use by Task Group consideration towards development of harmonized guidance regarding this subject. The Guidance Material to be developed should provide guidance on an acceptable means of demonstrating that the extent of fire proof cowling assures "no additional hazard to the airframe" for all types of transport category airplane engine installations.

The FAA expects ARAC to submit its recommendation(s) resulting from Phase I by November 30, 2000.

Specific Tasks-Phase II

### 1. Rule Harmonization

- (a) Harmonize the definitions of the terms "fire resistant" and "fire proof" in FAR 1 and JAR 1.
- 2. Advisory Material (AC/AMJ) Harmonization
- (a) Draft additional advisory material for 25.903(d)(1) related to minimizing the hazard associated with engine case burnthrough.
- (b) Validate and harmonize the Fire Test Guidance Material in Paragraph 8 of AC 20-135 (may be transferred to be included in burnthrough advisory material).
- (c) Validate and Harmonize the FAR/ JAR Advisory Material for Engine Case Burnthrough and/or Related Engine Fire Test Guidance material such as an ISO standard.

The FAA expects ARAC to submit its recommendation(s) resulting from Phase II by April 1, 2001.

Task 6: Prohibition of Inflight Operation for Turbopropeller Reversing System and Turbojet Thrust Reversing System Intended for Ground Use Only

Recommend harmonized changes to FAR/JAR 25.1155 which would require a means to prevent the flight crew of turbine powered airplanes from inadvertently or intentionally placing the propellers into beta, deploying the thrust reverser while inflight, or otherwise commanding reverse thrust, unless the airplane has been certified for such operation. In addition to the harmonized rule recommendation, harmonized advisory material may also need to be developed in order to further standardize compliance with the recommended rule.

The FAA expects ARAC to submit its recommendation(s) resulting from this task by July 31, 2001.