Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

98-20-22 Airbus Industrie: Amendment 39-10788. Docket 97-NM-307-AD.

Applicability: All Model A300, A310, and A300–600 series airplanes; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To detect and correct cracked or broken door stop fittings of the forward passenger doors, which could result in failure of the door stop fittings, consequent reduced structural integrity of the door support structure, and sudden loss of cabin pressure in the passenger compartment, accomplish the following:

(a) Prior to the accumulation of the total flight cycles specified in the "Threshold" column of paragraph 1.B.(5) of the Planning Information of Airbus Service Bulletin A300-53-0309 (for Model A300 series airplanes); A310-53-2087 (for Model A310 series airplanes); or A300-53-6060 (for Model A300-600 series airplanes); all dated March 19, 1997; as applicable; or within 200 flight cycles after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later; accomplish paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this AD.

(1) Perform a visual inspection of the left and right forward passenger door stop fittings to detect cracked or broken door stop fittings, in accordance with the applicable service

(2) Thereafter, repeat the visual inspection at the intervals specified in the "Intervals" column of paragraph 1.B.(5) of the Planning Information of the applicable service bulletin.

- (b) If any cracked or broken door stop fitting is detected during any inspection required by paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this AD, prior to further flight, replace the door stop fitting with a new fitting in accordance with Airbus Service Bulletin A300-53-0309 (for Model A300 series airplanes); A310-53-2087 (for Model A310 series airplanes); or A300-53-6060 (for Model A300-600 series airplanes); all dated March 19, 1997; as applicable. Thereafter, repeat the visual inspections at the intervals specified in the "Intervals" column of paragraph 1.B.(5) of the Planning Information of the applicable service bulletin.
- (c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116.
- Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the International Branch, ANM-116.
- (d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.
- (e) The actions shall be done in accordance with Airbus Service Bulletin A300-53-0309, dated March 19, 1997: Airbus Service Bulletin A310-53-2087, dated March 19, 1997; or Airbus Service Bulletin A300-53-6060, dated March 19, 1997; as applicable. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Airbus Industrie, 1 Rond Point Maurice Bellonte, 31707 Blagnac Cedex, France. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington,

Note 3: The subject of this AD is addressed in French airworthiness directive 97-124-223(B), dated June 4, 1997.

(f) This amendment becomes effective on October 27, 1998.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on September 15, 1998.

Darrell M. Pederson.

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 98-25147 Filed 9-21-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 98-NM-14-AD; Amendment 39-10789; AD 98-20-23]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives: Bombardier Model DHC-8-100, -200, and -300 **Series Airplanes**

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Bombardier Model DHC-8-100, -200, and -300 series airplanes, that requires a one-time inspection to detect discrepancies in the electrical wiring and wiring harness behind the lavatory, and corrective actions. This amendment is prompted by issuance of mandatory continuing airworthiness information by a foreign civil airworthiness authority. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent chafing of electrical wiring, which could result in severe overheating of the wiring, consequent smoke in the flight deck and cabin, and possible injury to flightcrew or passengers.

DATES: Effective October 27, 1998. The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of October 27,

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Bombardier, Inc., Bombardier Regional Aircraft Division, Garratt Boulevard, Downsview, Ontario M3K 1Y5, Canada. This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, New York Aircraft Certification Office, 10 Fifth Street, Third Floor, Valley Stream, New York; at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Wing Chan, Aerospace Engineer,

Systems and Flight Test Branch, ANE-172, FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, New York Aircraft Certification Office, 10 Fifth Street, Third Floor, Valley Stream, New York 11581; telephone (516) 256-7511; fax (516) 568-2716.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Bombardier Model DHC-8-100, -200, and -300 series airplanes was published in the Federal Register on April 2, 1998 (63 FR 16174). That action proposed to require a one-time inspection to detect discrepancies in the electrical wiring and wiring harness behind the lavatory, and corrective actions.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. Due consideration has been given to the single comment received.

The commenter requests that the compliance time for the one-time inspection and modification be changed from the proposed 9 months to 5 years. The commenter states that each of its airplanes would have to use weekend maintenance slots for the modification because of the lengthy down time required to accomplish the proposed actions. This would mean the commenter could accomplish two airplanes per week; and at that rate, it would take 6 months of weekends to accomplish the entire fleet. Further, the commenter notes that the proposed 9month compliance time would result in other needed maintenance/ modifications being neglected during that period. The commenter's request to extend the compliance time to 5 years is based on the merits of its history with the airplane model, and the fact that the Bombardier service bulletin recommends accomplishment of the service bulletin "at the operator's earliest opportunity.

The FAA does not concur with the commenter's request to extend the compliance time to 5 years since the commenter provided no technical justification for extending the compliance time. Furthermore, in developing an appropriate compliance time for this action, the FAA considered not only the degree of urgency associated with addressing the subject unsafe condition, but the normal maintenance schedules for timely accomplishment of the inspection and modification. The FAA also considered the fact that the referenced Bombardier service bulletin (containing the procedures for accomplishing the required actions) has been available to all operators of the Model DHC-8-100. -200, and -300 series airplanes since April 1997; therefore, U.S. operators have had ample time since then to consider initiating those actions, which this AD ultimately mandates. However, under the provisions of paragraph (b) of

the final rule, the FAA may approve requests for adjustments to the compliance time if data are submitted to substantiate that such an adjustment would provide an acceptable level of safety.

Change to the Rule

The FAA has revised this final rule to specify the manufacturer's name change from de Havilland to Bombardier.

Conclusion

After careful review of the available data, including the comment noted above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule with the change described previously. The FAA has determined that this change will neither increase the economic burden on any operator nor increase the scope of the AD.

Cost Impact

The FAA estimates that 163 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this proposed AD. It will take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish the required inspection, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on this figure, the cost impact of the inspection required by this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$9,780, or \$60 per airplane.

It will take approximately 20 work hours per airplane to accomplish the required modification, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Required parts will be provided by the manufacturer at no cost to operators. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the modification required by this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$195,600 or \$1,200 per airplane.

The cost impact figures discussed above are based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

Regulatory Impact

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a

"significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

98–20–23 Bombardier, Inc. (Formerly de Havilland, Inc.): Amendment 39–10789. Docket 98–NM–14–AD.

Applicability: Model DHC-8-100, -200, and -300 series airplanes, serial numbers 003 through 433 inclusive, except 031, 408, and 413; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (b) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent chafing of electrical wiring, which could result in severe overheating of the wiring, consequent smoke in the flight deck and cabin, and possible injury to flightcrew or passengers, accomplish the following:

- (a) Within 9 months after the effective date of this AD, perform a one-time inspection to detect discrepancies in the electrical wiring or wiring harness located behind the lavatory, in accordance with Bombardier Service Bulletin S.B. 8–24–50, dated April 25, 1997.
- (1) If no discrepancy is found, prior to further flight, modify the wiring harness and the lavatory forward panel, in accordance with the service bulletin.
- (2) If any discrepancy is found, prior to further flight, repair it and modify the wiring harness and the lavatory forward panel, in accordance with the service bulletin.
- (b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, New York Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, New York ACO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the New York ACO.

- (c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.
- (d) The actions shall be done in accordance with Bombardier Service Bulletin S.B. 8-24-50, dated April 25, 1997. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Bombardier, Inc., Bombardier Regional Aircraft Division, Garratt Boulevard, Downsview, Ontario M3K 1Y5, Canada. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, New York Aircraft Certification Office, 10 Fifth Street, Third Floor, Valley Stream, New York; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

Note 3: The subject of this AD is addressed in Canadian airworthiness directive CF-97-14, dated July 22, 1997.

(e) This amendment becomes effective on October 27, 1998.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on September 15, 1998.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 98–25146 Filed 9–21–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 96-NM-270-AD; Amendment 39-10787; AD 98-20-21]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; McDonnell Douglas Model DC-9-80 Series Airplanes Equipped With Heath Tecna Aerospace Extended Spacial Concept Interior III Installed in Accordance With Supplemental Type Certificate SA4744NM

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain McDonnell Douglas DC-9-80 series airplanes, that requires an inspection to detect discrepancies of electrical plugs and receptacles of the sidewall lighting system in the passenger cabin, and to verify that the ends of all pins and sockets are even and that they are seated and locked into place. This amendment also requires replacement of any discrepant part with a new part, and modification of the electrical wiring and connectors of the sidewall lighting system in the passenger cabin. This amendment is prompted by reports of failures of the electrical connectors in the sidewall fluorescent lighting, which resulted in smoke or lighting interruption in the passenger cabin. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent failures of the electrical connectors, which could result in poor socket/pin contact, excessive heat, electrical arcing, and consequently, connector burnthrough and smoke in the passenger cabin. DATES: Effective October 27, 1998.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of October 27, 1998.

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Hexcel Interiors (formerly Heath Tecna Aerospace), 3225 Woburn Street, Bellingham, Washington 98226. This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Stephen S. Oshiro, Aerospace Engineer, Systems and Equipment Branch, ANM–130S, FAA, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; telephone (206) 227–2793; fax (206) 227–1181.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain McDonnell Douglas DC-9-80 series airplanes was published in the Federal Register on April 24, 1997 (62 FR 19946). That action proposed to require an inspection to detect discrepancies of electrical plugs and receptacles of the sidewall lighting system in the passenger cabin, and to verify that the ends of all pins and sockets are even and that they are seated and locked into place. That action also proposed to require replacement of any discrepant part with a new part, and modification of the electrical wiring and connectors of the sidewall lighting system in the passenger cabin.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. Due consideration has been given to the comments received.

One commenter supports the proposal.

One commenter states that it does not own any of the affected airplanes and, therefore, is unaffected by the proposed rule.

Requests To Withdraw the Proposal

The Air Transport Association (ATA) of America states that a member airline will have accomplished the modification within the compliance times specified in AD 95-08-04, amendment 39-9193 (60 FR 19348, dated April 18, 1995), and that the proposal is duplicative in nature. (AD 95-08-04 is applicable to Model DC-9-80 series airplanes and Model MD-88 airplanes, as listed in McDonnell Douglas MD-80 Service Bulletin 33-99, dated May 24, 1994.) The commenter states that it already initiated plans to accomplish the modification requirements on all of the affected airplanes in its fleet. The FAA infers from this statement that the commenters do not consider that the actions required by the proposed rule are necessary and that the commenters request the proposed AD be withdrawn.

The applicability in AD 95–08–04 did not include those airplanes modified in accordance with Supplemental Type Certificate (STC) SA4744NM. Therefore, although the commenter has chosen to comply with the requirement for the