(5) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond/reply: 53 respondents to complete a 3 minute subgrant award report, however a State can be responsible for entering subgrant data for as many as 186 programs to as few as 10 programs. Additionally, 4 respondents will be submitting 14 subgrant award reports manually, estimated 2 hours per report.

(6) An estimated of the total burden (in hours) associated with the collection: The combined estimated total hours (manual and electronic submissions) for the 57 respondents to submit information is 189 hours (159 electronic submissions + 28 hours manual submissions).

If additional information is required contact: Mr. Robert B. Briggs, Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Information Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, Suite 850, Washington Center, 1001 G Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20530.

Dated: August 25, 1998. **Robert B. Briggs,** Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice. [FR Doc. 98–23198 Filed 8–27–98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-18-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of the Secretary

Bureau of International Labor Affairs; Notice for Public Submissions of Information

This document is a notice for public submissions for the purpose of gathering information regarding a study being conducted by the Department of Labor on the development of a methodology for the regular reporting of working conditions in the production of apparel imported into the United States. The Department of Labor is now accepting written information on this subject matter from all interested parties. The Department is not able to provide financial assistance to those preparing written submissions.

The Department of Labor is currently undertaking a Congressional-mandated study on developing a methodology for the regular reporting of working conditions in the production of apparel imported into the United States (pursuant to the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1998, Public Law 105–78). The Senate Committee report

for the Appropriations Bill reads, in part: "In addition, the Committee is concerned by the large and growing problem of abusive treatment of workers around the world who produce apparel for export to the United States and the impact of that treatment on companies and workers in the United States. In an effort to obtain more detailed and accurate information, the Committee urges the Department to establish a methodology and format for reporting regularly on the use of sweatshops in the production of apparel for import into the United States. Because the Department's reporting capabilities are currently limited to violations by domestic producers only, the misleading impression that violations of law and substandard conditions in the industry are far more extensive within the United States than elsewhere is given. Development of new reporting methods should help to correct the existing imbalance in the Department's current reporting on this subject.'

Information provided through public submissions will be considered by the Department of Labor in preparing its report to Congress. Materials submitted should be confined to the specific topic of the study. In particular, the Department's Bureau of International Labor Affairs is seeking written submissions on the topics noted below:

1. Laws, policies, initiatives, and enforcement strategies to regulate working conditions in a country's apparel export sector; efforts being made to strengthen enforcement of a country's labor laws, focus enforcement resources on the apparel sector, or change labor laws; and the existence of effective partnerships with local nongovernmental organizations or international initiatives to improve working conditions in the apparel sector or to eliminate sweatshop conditions.

2. Available factual information that quantifies the results of the laws, policies, and initiatives referred to in item 1 above, and the extent to which such information corresponds to the information currently reported by the U.S. Department of Labor on sweatshop conditions in the United States (e.g., number of investigations conducted, number of investigations with violations found, name of companies found in violation, amount of back wages recovered, number of employees receiving back wages, and civil fines imposed).

3. Significant actions that are being taken by non-governmental organizations in major apparel exporting countries (such as the development of codes of conduct) that could lead to improved conditions for apparel workers, and measurable results available of such actions.

4. The extent to which working conditions in the apparel exporting sector of a country conform to or differ from those in other sectors of the economy.

This notice is a general solicitation of comments from the public. The Department is seeking facts or opinions in response to this solicitation, and is not requiring commenters to supply specific information about themselves. **DATES:** Submitters of information will be required to provide two (2) copies of their written submission to the Office of International Economic Affairs by 5:00 p.m., Friday, September 18, 1998. ADDRESSES: Written submissions should be addressed to the Office of International Economic Affairs, Bureau of International Labor Affairs, Room S-5325, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210, fax: (202) 219-5071.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jorge F. Perez-Lopez, Office of International Economic Affairs, Bureau of International Labor Affairs, Room S– 5325, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, D.C. 20210, telephone: (202) 219–7597 ext. 145; fax (202) 219– 5071.

All written materials submitted pursuant to this request will be made part of the record of review referred to above and will be available for public inspection.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 25th day of August, 1998.

Jorge F. Perez-Lopez,

Acting Deputy Under Secretary. [FR Doc. 98–23248 Filed 8–27–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–28–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for workers (TA–W) issued during the period of August, 1998.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance to be issued, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222 of the Act must be met.

(1) That a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, have become totally or partially separated,

(2) That sales or production, or both, of the firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely, and

(3) That increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by the firm or appropriate subdivision have contributed importantly to the separations, or threat thereof, and to the absolute decline in sales or production.

Negative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criterion (3) has not been met. A survey of customers indicated that increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

- TA-W-34,685; Siebe Automotive North America, Knoxville, TN
- TA–W–34,403; Max Kahn Curtain Corp., Evergreen, AL
- TA–W–34,700; Williamette Industries, Saginaw LAM Plant, Saginaw, OR
- TA–W–34,589; Beardsley and Piper LLC, Aurora, IL
- TA-W-34,602; Williamette Industries, Inc., Coburg Sawmill Div., Eugene, OR
- TA-W-34,610; St. Gobain Corp., Keasbey, NJ
- TA–W–34,724; Nazdar, Chicago, IL
- TA–W–34,714; Nobur Manufacturing Co., North Hollywood, CA In the following cases, the

investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility have not been met for the reasons specified.

- TA-W-34,625; Nutri-Metics International (USA), IN., Cerritos, CA
- TA–W–34,587; Stella Foods, Inc., Green Bay, WI
- TA-W-34,755; Orion Sales, Inc., Olney, IL
- TA–W–34,581, A&B; Champion Forest Resources, A Div. Of Champion International Corp., Machais, ME, Bucksport, ME and Costigan, ME

The workers firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

- TA–W–34,519; Raytheon E-Systems,
- Inc., Richardson, TX TA–W–34,770; Amron, L.L.C, Div. Of
- Pohlman, Inc., Waukesha, WI TA–W–34,653; Runo Graphic
- Communicators, Portland, Or TA–W–34,665; Alcoa Fujikura LTD, El
- Paso, TX

- TA-W-34,600; Kowa Printing Corp., Danville, IL
- TA–W–34,522; LTV Steel Corp., Pittsburgh Coke Works, Pittsburgh, PA

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued; the date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

- TA–W–34,675; J.E. Morgan Knitting Mills, Inc., Gilbertsville, PA: June 12, 1997.
- TA-W-34,144; Alfa Laval Separations, Inc., Warminster, PA: December 18, 1996.
- TA-W-34,495; Winning Moves, Inc., Columbia, TN: April 6, 1997.
- TA–W–34,524; American Lantern Co., Newport, AR: August 2, 1997.
- TA–W–34,474; Marshall Electric Corp., Rockester, IN: February 1, 1998.
- TA-W-34,626; Oregon Glove Co., Salem, OR: May 21, 1997.
- TA–W–34,680; Duro Test Lighting, Clifton, NJ: June 19, 1997.
- TA-W-34,692; Sivaco New York, Inc., Tonawanda, NY: June 17, 1997.
- TA–W–34,633; Datagold, Inc., Mocanaqua, PA: May 28, 1997.
- TA-W-34,736; Lehigh Portland Cement, Buffington Station, Gary, IN: June 25, 1997.
- TA-W-34,629 & A; Stewman Fashions, Ardmore, TN and Elora, TN: May 26, 1997.
- TA-W-34,729; Klamath Veneer, Inc., Kalamath Falls, OR: June 26, 1997.
- TA-W-34,651; General Manufacturing Co., Inc., Opp. AL: May 29, 1997.
- TA-W-34,687; Huffy Bicycle Co., Celina. OH: November 6. 1997.
- TA-W-34,560 & A: Towne & Country Manufacturing, Inc. Lugoff, SC and Dawn, Inc., Lugoff, SC: April 23, 1997.
- TA-W-34,550; FWA Drilling Co., Inc., Midland, TX: April 18, 1997.
- TA–W–34,767; The Pfaltzgraff Co., Bindersville, PA: June 10, 1997.
- TA-W-34,611; Inter-State Dyeing & Finishing Co., Inc., Passaic, NJ: May 1, 1997.
- TA-W-34,719; Angelica Image Apparel, Waynesboro, TN: June 18, 1997.
- TA-W-34,721; Triple A In The USA, Bellaire, OH: June 23, 1997.
- TA-W-34,615; Empire Print Works, Inc., West Hazleton, PA: May 26, 1997.
- TA-W-34,605; G.F. Wright Steel & Wire Co., Worcester, MA: May 18, 1997.

- TA-W-34,756; Grinnell Flow Control, Div. Of Tyco International Ltd, Statesboro, GA: May 29, 1997.
- TA-W-34,774; Boydston and Franzen Well Service, Inc., Cody, WY: July 7, 1997.

Also, pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (Pub. L. 103–182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance hereinafter called (NAFTA– TAA) and in accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act as amended, the Department of Labor presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for NAFTA–TAA issued during the month of August, 1998.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for NAFTA–TAA the following group eligibility requirements of Section 250 of the Trade Act must be met:

(1) That a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, (including workers in any agricultural firm or appropriate subdivision thereof) have become totally or partially separated from employment and either—

(2) That sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely,

(3) That imports from Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such firm or subdivision have increased, and that the increases in imports contributed importantly to such workers' separations or threat of separation and to the decline in sales or production of such firm or subdivision; or

(4) That there has been a shift in production by such workers' firm or subdivision to Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced by the firm or subdivision.

Negative Determinations NAFTA-TAA

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criteria (3) and (4) were not met. Imports from Canada or Mexico did not contribute importantly to workers' separations. There was no shift in production from the subject firm to Canada or Mexico during the relevant period.

- NAFTA-TAA-02485; Midwest Folding Carton, Inc., Converters Paperboard Div., Rockford, MI
- NAFTA-TAA-02449; Heinz Pet Products, Kankakee, IL
- NAFTA-TAA-02430; J.L. Clark, Tube Division, Downers Grove, IL

- Co., Joseph, OR
- NAFTA-TAĀ-02418; Celanese Acetate, Celco Plant, Narrows, VA
- NAFTA-TAA-02408; Willamette Industries, Inc., Coburg Sawmill Div., Eugene, OR
- NAFTA-TAĂ-02467; J.E. Morgan Knitting Mills, Inc., Gilbertsville, PA
- NAFTA-TĂA-02427; Rune Graphic Communicators, Portland, OR
- NAFTA-TAA-02450; Williamette Industries, Saginaw Lam Plant, Saginaw, OR
- NAFTA-TAA-02498; Amron, L.L.C., Division of Pohlman, Inc., Waukesha, WI
- NAFTA-TAA-02424; Datagold, Inc., Mocanagua, PA
- NAFTA-TAA-02412; St. Gogain Corp., Keasbey, NJ
- NAFTA-TAA-02493; Allied Signal, Inc., Columbia, SC
- NAFTA-TAA-02497; Ball-Foster Glass Container, L.L.C., Port Allegany, PA
- NAFTA-TAA-02511; Hubbell Premise Wiring, Inc., Marion, NC

The investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility have not been met for the reasons specified.

- NAFTA-TAA-02423; Nutri-Metics International (USA), Inc., Cerritos, CA
- NAFTA-TAA-02401; Stella Foods, Inc., Green Bay, WI
- NAFTA-TAA-02500; Group Genesis, Inc., Marion, OH

The investigation revealed that the workers of the subject firm did not produce an article within the meaning of Section 250(a) of the Trade Act, as amended.

Affirmative Determinations NAFTA-TAA

- NAFTA-TAA-02487; Walbro Corp., Cass City Entity 2100, Cass City, MI: June 30, 1997
- NAFTA-TAA-02483: Crown Cork & Seal Co., Inc., Arden, NC: July 1, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02501; Bon Worth, Inc., Spindale, NC: July 7, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02533; Siebe Automotive-Algood, Algood, TN: July 22, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02462; Alcoa Fujikura, LTD, El Paso, TX: February 27, 1998
- NAFTA-TAA-02526; National **Environmental Products, Pompano** Beach, FL: June 25, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02407; G.F. Wright Steel and Wire Co., Worcester, MA: May 18, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02488; Boydston and Frazen Well Service, Inc., Cody, WY: July 7, 1997.

- NAFTA-TAA-02461; Kellerman Logging NAFTA-TAA-02491; Corel, Orem, UT: July 7, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02334; Marshall Electric Corp., Rochester, IN: March 31, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02373; EEX Corp. Headquartered in Houston, TX and **Operating Throughout The** Following States: A; TX, B; MS, C; NY, D; WA
 - NAFTA-TAA-02463; Triple A In The USA, Bellaire, OH: June 23, 1997
 - NAFTA-TAA-02374 & A; Towne and Country Manufacturing, Inc., Luggoff, SC and Dawn, Inc., Lufogg, SC: April 23, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02478; Sivaco New York, Inc., Tonawanda, NY: June 17, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02473 & A, B, C; The Pfaltzgraff Co., Bendersville, PA, Dover, PA, York, PA and Thomasville, PA: June 10, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02471: Angelica Image Apparel, Waynesboro, TN: June 25, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02475: Klamath Veneer. Inc., Klamath Falls, OR: June 26, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02378; American Lantern Co., Newport, AR: April 22, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02321; Garment Finishers International, Inc., El Paso, TX: April 9, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02518; Scientific Atlanta, Inc., Including Temporary Workers From Excel Temporary Services, Norrell Services, Peachtree Staffing and Elite Staffing Services, Norcross, GA: July 24, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02545; Sara Lee Hosiery, Mesilla Park, NM: July 22, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02472; General Instrument Corp., Broadband Networks Group, Hickory, NC: June 24, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02512; Koret of California, Inc., Price Utah Plant, Price, Utah: July 9, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02484; Johnson Controls, Inc., Augomotive Systems Group, Pulaski, TN: June 25, 1997.
 - NAFTA-TAA-02400; Triquest Precision Plastics, Vancouver, WA: May 13, 1997.

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the month of August 1998. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C-4318, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons who write to the above address.

Dated: August 19, 1998. Grant D. Beale, Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance. [FR Doc. 98-23260 Filed 8-27-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-34, 791]

M & J Clothing Sample, El Paso, Texas; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on July 27, 1998 in response to a worker petition which was filed on of former workers at M & J Clothing Sample, located in El Paso, Texas (TA-W-34, 791).

All production and productionrelated employment at M & J Clothing Sample, located in El Paso, Texas ceased in June of 1997, more than one year prior to the date of the petition (July 7, 1998).

Section 223 of the Act specifies that no certification may apply to any worker whose last separation occurred more than one year before the date of the petition.

Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, D.C. on this 17th day of August 1998.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 98-23253 Filed 8-27-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-34,732]

Occidental Oil and Gas Corporation Mid-Continent Region, Tulsa, Oklahoma; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on July 6, 1998, in response to a worker petition which was filed on behalf of workers at Occidental Oil and Gas Corporation, Mid-Continent Region, Tulsa, Oklahoma.

An active certification covering the petitioning group of workers at the subject firm remains in effect (TA-W-