DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

In accordance with Departmental policy, 28 CFR 50.7, and Section 122 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. 9622, notice is hereby given that on July 29, 1998, a proposed Consent Decree in United States v. Standard Detroit Paint Company, Civil Action No. 98-73268, was lodged with the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division. This consent decree represents a settlement of claims of the United States against Standard Detroit Paint Company for reimbursement of response costs and injunctive relief in connection with the Metamora Landfill Superfund Site ("Site") pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.

Under this settlement with the United States, Standard Detroit Paint Company will pay \$120,000 pursuant to a five-year payment plan, plus accrued interest, in reimbursement of response costs incurred by the United States Environmental Protection Agency at the Site.

The Department of Justice will receive for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication comments relating to the proposed Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General of the Environment and Natural Resources Division, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20530, and should refer to *United States* v. *Standard Detroit Paint Company*, D.J. Ref. 90–11–3–289H.

The proposed Consent Decree may be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney, Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division, 211 West Fort Street, Suite 2300, Detroit, MI 48226, at the Region 5 Office of the Environmental Protection Agency, 77 West Jackson Street, Chicago, Illinois 60604-3590, and at the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, N.W., 4th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005, (202) 624-0892. A copy of the proposed Consent Decree may be obtained in person or by mail from the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, N.W., 4th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005. In requesting a copy, please enclose a check in the amount of \$5.25 (25 cents per page

reproduction cost) payable to the Consent Decree Library.

Bruce Gelber,

Deputy Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 98–21912 Filed 8–14–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–15–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Advisory Policy Board Meeting

The Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Advisory Policy Board will meet on December 16-17, 1998, from 9 a.m., until 5 p.m., at the Marina Beach Marriott, 4100 Admiralty Way, Marina del Rey, California, telephone (310) 301-3000, to formulate recommendations to the Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), on the security, policy, and operation of the National Crime Information Center (NCIC), NCIC 2000, the Integrated Automated Fingerprint Identification System (IAFIS), and the Uniform Crime Reporting and National Incident Based Reporting System programs.

The topics to be discussed will include the progress of the NCIC 2000 and IAFIS projects, and other topics related to the operation of the FBI's criminal justice information systems.

The meeting will be open to the public on a first-come, first-seated basis. Any member of the public may file a written statement concerning the FBI CJIS Division programs or related matters with the Board. Anyone wishing to address this session of the meeting should notify the Designated Federal Employee, at least 24 hours prior to the start of the session. The notification may be by mail, telegram, cable, facsimile, or a hand-delivered note. It should contain the requestor's name, corporate designation, consumer affiliation, or Government designation, along with a short statement describing the topic to be addressed, and the time needed for the presentation. A non-member requestor will ordinarily be allowed not more than 15 minutes to present a topic, unless specifically approved by the Chairman of the Board.

Inquiries may be addressed to the Designated Federal Employee, Mr. Don Johnson, Section Chief, Programs Development Section CJIS Division, FBI, 1000 Custer Hollow Road, Clarksburg, West Virginia 26306–0145, telephone (304) 625–2740, facsimile (304) 625–5090.

Dated: August 31, 1998.

Don M. Johnson,

Section Chief, Programs Development Section, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Designated Federal Employee. [FR Doc. 98–21976 Filed 8–14–98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-02-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Immigration and Naturalization Service

[INS No. 1903-98]

Overseas Refugee Processing; Derivative Refugees

AGENCY: Immigration and Naturalization Service, Justice.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice informs the public and organizations that assist overseas refugee applicants that the Immigration and Naturalization Service (Service) will grant derivative refugee status under section 207(c)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act) only to a person who is the spouse or child of a refugee who qualifies for admission under section 207(c)(1) of the Act. This is a change from the current practice in some U.S. programs of admitting a qualifying refugee's other family members to the United States as derivative refugees. These other family members may still be processed as part of the same case as the principal refugee, but must now establish refugee eligibility in their own right under sections 101(a)(42) and 207(c)(1) of the Act. This action is necessary to avoid the granting of derivative refugee status to persons without a statutory basis. This notice also informs the public that those persons approved for admission to the United States as derivative refugees under section 207(c)(2) may not be admitted to the United States unless they accompany the principal refugee to the United States or follow to join the principal refugee in the United States.

DATES: This notice is effective September 16, 1998.

Phone: (202) 305-2760.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Karen McCoy, Immigration Officer, Immigration and Naturalization Service; 425 I Street, NW, Washington, DC 20536, Attn: ULLICO Bldg., 3rd Floor,

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Service has become aware that some of its current practices in processing refugee applications have resulted in the granting of derivative refugee status to persons without a statutory basis. The Service has also admitted to the United States persons who have been approved

for derivative refugee status but are not accompanying or following to join the principal applicant, as required under section 207(c)(2) of the Act.

Qualifying for Derivative Refugee Status

Section 101(a)(42) of the Act defines a refugee as a person who is unable or unwilling to return to (or under circumstances specified by the President to remain in) his or her country of origin "because of persecution or a well-founded fear of persecution on account of race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion." The Act provides two means by which a person may be admitted to the United States with refugee status. Section 207(c)(1) of the Act allows the Attorney General, within certain numerical limitations set by the President, to admit to the United States as refugees, persons who apply for refugee status from abroad and who are determined to meet this definition. Persons who qualify as refugees under section 101(a)(42) of the Act are often referred to as principals, principal refugees, or principal applicants. Subject to the numerical limitations established pursuant to subsections 207(a) and (b) of the Act, section 207(c)(2) entitles eligible spouses and children, defined in section 101(b)(1) of the Act as unmarried children under the age of 21, of any refugee who qualifies for admission under section 207(c)(1) of the Act to be admitted with refugee status if accompanying or following to join the principal refugee. Spouses and children who accompany or follow to join a principal refugee under section 207(c)(2) are often referred to as derivatives or derivative refugees. These are the only means provided for in the Act by which a person may be admitted with refugee status.

The plain language of section 207(c)(2) of the Act provides for only spouses and children to derive refugee status from a principal refugee. There is no basis in law to expand the category of persons who may derive refugee status. Accordingly, persons other than spouses and children, as defined in section 101(b)(1) of the Act, of a principal refugee are not eligible for derivative refugee status and must qualify as principal refugees under sections 101(a)(42) and 207(c)(1) of the Act in order to be admitted to the United States with refugee status.

Because section 207(c)(2) of the Act requires that a derivative refugee accompany or follow to join the principal refugee, a person approved for derivative refugee status as the spouse

or child of a principal refugee may not be admitted to the United States prior to the admission of the principal refugee.

Eligibility for Service Interview

While the statute is clear on who can derive refugee status, the Service realizes there may be humanitarian reasons to include in a case unit other individuals who cannot derive refugee status, such as an elderly parent or an unmarried adult son or daughter. As these persons cannot statutorily derive refugee status from the principal applicant, they must qualify as refugees in their own right. However, such individuals may be given a refugee interview as long as they are household members and are part of the same economic unit as the interviewed principal refugee applicant. In such cases these individuals are not required to fall within a designated processing priority to gain access to the U.S. refugee program, as they may be accorded the same priority as the principal applicant.

Lautenberg Amendment

When processing refugee cases under the special adjudication procedures based on section 599D of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act of 1990, Public Law 101-167 dated November 11, 1989, Amendment 290 known as the Lautenberg Amendment, the Service officer must determine whether additional family members qualify for category membership under the Lautenberg Amendment. In an April 24, 1990 memorandum, the Attorney General specified that certain persons who are not themselves category members may be adjudicated as if they were category members. According to this memorandum, persons who are members of the same household and/or are economically dependent on a category applicant, are physically present with the category applicant at the time of the interview, and would be traveling with the category aplicant will be considered category applicants for purposes of adjudication of their refugee claims. Accordingly, applications by persons who fall within these criteria may be adjudicated under the reduced evidentiary burden of the Lautenberg Amendment.

Dated: July 28, 1998.

Doris Meissner,

Commissioner, Immigration and Naturalization Service.
[FR Doc. 98–21948 Filed 8–14–98; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4410–10–M

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

Additional Changes to the General Records Schedules; Request for Comments

AGENCY: National Archives and Records Administration, Office of Records Services—Washington, DC.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: NARA is required by 44 U.S.C. 3303a(a) to provide an opportunity for public comment on proposed records schedules that will authorize the destruction of Federal records, including General Records Schedules issued by NARA to provide mandatory disposal authorities for temporary administrative records common to several or all Federal agencies (44 U.S.C. 3303a(d)). This notice contains the full text of additional proposed changes to the General Records Schedules that were not published in the Federal Register notice of August 5, 1998 [63 FR 41868]. This notice also includes the rationale for the proposed changes, equivalent to the appraisal report. Consequently, this notice provides all available information for interested parties who may wish to comment.

DATES: Comments on these proposed changes must be received on or before September 16, 1998. There is no extension on the comment period for the proposed changes published in the August 5, 1998, **Federal Register** notice.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be sent electronically to the e-mail address <records.mgt@arch2.nara.gov>. If attachments are sent, please transmit them in ASCII, WordPerfect 5.1/5.2, or MS Word 6.0. Comments may also be submitted by mail to the Life Cycle Management Division (NWML), National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road. College Park, MD 20740-6001, or by FAX to 301-713-6852 (attn: Marc Wolfe). In order for comments to be considered, the NARA registration number for this schedule—N1-GRS-98-2a—must be included in a subject line or otherwise prominently stated.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael L. Miller, Director Modern Records Programs (NWM), National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740–6001. Telephone: 301–713–7110. E-mail: <records.mgt@arch2.nara.gov>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Each year Federal agencies create billions of records on paper, film, magnetic tape, and other media. To control this