SCHEDULE C-FEES FOR FGIS SU-PERVISION OF OFFICIAL INSPECTION WEIGHING SERVICES PER-FORMED BY DELEGATED STATES AND/OR DESIGNATED AGENCIES IN THE UNITED STATES1—Continued

TABLE 1

Offical

Inspection services (bulk or sacked grain)	inspec- tion or rein- spection services
(3) Warehouseman's sample-lot inspection service (yellow certificate) or submitted sample inspection service (pink certificate): (i) For official grade and official	
factor determinations (per inspection)	0.30
(A) Factor determination (per inspection) (maxi-	0.00
mum 2 factors) ⁵	0.20
 (B) Official criteria²⁶ (4) Reinspection services: (i) Truck, boxcar, hopper car, barge, ship, warehouseman's sample-lot, submitted sample, factor determination, and all other 	0.20
lots (per sample inspected)	0.30
(ii) Official criteria ²⁶	0.20
NOTE: The feetnates for Table 1 of	aro oboum

NOTE: The footnotes for Table 1 are shown at the end of Table 2.

TABLE 2

Official services	Official weighing services	
(bulk or sacked grain)	(class X)	(class Y)
Official weighing		
services:		
(i) Truck or		
trailer (per		
carrier)	\$0.30	\$0.20
(ii) Boxcar or		
hopper car		
(per carrier)	.95	.25
(iii) Barge (per		
carrier)	6.15	1.55
(iv) Ship (per		
carrier) 3 7	49.20	12.30
(v) All other		
lots (per lot		
or part lot) 4	.30	.20

¹The fees include the cost of supervision functions performed by the Service for official inspection and weighing services performed by delegated States and/or designated agen-

4 Inspection services for all other lots include, but are not limited to, sampling service, condition examinations, and examination of grain in bins and containers. For weighing services, all other lots include, but are not limited to, seavans and inhouse bin transfers.

⁵ Fees shall be assessed for a maximum of two factors. If more than two factors are determined, fees are assessed at rates in Table 1 (1)(i) or (3)(i) above, as applicable, based on carrier or type sample represented.

⁶ Official criteria includes, but is not limited to, protein and oil analyses. A fee shall be assessed for each sample tested.

⁷A Class Y ship fee shall be assessed for shipments destined for domestic markets only.

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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

9 CFR Part 77

[Docket No. 98-081-1]

Tuberculosis in Cattle and Bison; State Designation; Michigan

AGENCY: Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, USDA.

ACTION: Interim rule and request for comments.

SUMMARY: We are amending the tuberculosis regulations concerning the interstate movement of cattle and bison by reducing the designation of Michigan from an accredited-free State to an accredited-free (suspended) State. We have determined that Michigan no longer meets the criteria for designation as an accredited-free State but meets the criteria for designation as an accreditedfree (suspended) State. This change is necessary to prevent the spread of tuberculosis in cattle and bison.

DATES: Interim rule effective August 13, 1998. Consideration will be given only to comments received on or before October 13, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Please send an original and three copies of your comments to Docket No. 98-081-1, Regulatory Analysis and Development, PPD, APHIS, Suite 3C03, 4700 River Road, Unit 118, Riverdale, MD 20737-1238 Please state that your comments refer to Docket No. 98-081-1. Comments received may be inspected at USDA, room 1141, South Building, 14th Street and Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC, between 8 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except holidays. Persons wishing to inspect comments are requested to call ahead on (202) 690-2817 to facilitate entry into the comment reading room.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Joseph VanTiem, Senior Staff Veterinarian. National Animal Health Programs, VS, APHIS, 4700 River Road, Unit 43, Riverdale, MD 20737-1231, (301) 734-7716.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Bovine tuberculosis is the contagious, infectious, and communicable disease caused by *Mycobacterium bovis*. The tuberculosis regulations contained in 9 CFR part 77 (referred to below as the regulations), regulate the interstate movement of cattle and bison because of tuberculosis. Cattle and bison not known to be affected with or exposed to tuberculosis are eligible for interstate movement without restriction if those cattle or bison are moved from jurisdictions designated as accreditedfree States, accredited-free (suspended) States, or modified accredited States. The regulations restrict the interstate movement of cattle or bison not known to be affected with or exposed to tuberculosis if those cattle or bison are moved from jurisdictions designated as nonmodified accredited States.

The status of a State is based on its freedom from evidence of tuberculosis, the effectiveness of the State's tuberculosis eradication program, and the degree of the State's compliance with the standards contained in a document captioned "Uniform Methods and Rules—Bovine Tuberculosis Eradication" (UMR), which is incorporated by reference into the regulations.

An accredited-free State, as defined in 77.1 of the regulations, is a State that has no findings of tuberculosis in any cattle or bison in the State for at least 5 years. The State must also comply with all the provisions of the UMR regarding accredited-free States.

An accredited-free (suspended) State is defined as a State with accredited-free status in which tuberculosis has been detected in any cattle or bison in the State. A State with accredited-free (suspended) status is qualified for redesignation as an accredited-free State after the herd in which tuberculosis is detected has been quarantined, an epidemiological investigation has confirmed that the disease has not spread from the herd, and all reactor cattle and bison have been destroyed. However, if tuberculosis is detected in two or more herds in the State within 48 months, the State's accredited-free status is revoked.

²A fee shall be assessed for each carrier or sample inspected if a combined lot certificate is issued or a uniform loading plan is used to determine grade.

³ A fee shall be assessed per ship regardless of the number of lots or sublots loaded at a specific service point. A fee shall not be assessed for divided-lot certificates.

Before publication of this interim rule, Michigan was designated in § 77.1 of the regulations as an accredited-free State. However, because tuberculosis has recently been confirmed in one beef herd within the State, the Administrator has determined that Michigan no longer meets the criteria for designation as an accredited-free State, but instead meets the criteria for designation as an accredited-free (suspended) State. Therefore, we are amending the regulations by removing Michigan from the list of accredited-free States in § 77.1 and adding it to the list of accreditedfree (suspended) States in that section.

Immediate Action

The Administrator of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service has determined that there is good cause for publishing this interim rule without prior opportunity for public comment. Immediate action is necessary to change the regulations so that they accurately reflect the current tuberculosis status of Michigan as an accredited-free (suspended) State. This will provide prospective cattle and bison buyers with accurate and up-to-date information.

Because prior notice and other public procedures with respect to this action are impracticable and contrary to the public interest under these conditions, we find good cause under 5 U.S.C. 553 to make it effective upon publication in the Federal Register. We will consider comments that are received within 60 days of publication of this rule in the Federal Register. After the comment period closes, we will publish another document in the Federal Register. It will include a discussion of any comments we receive and any amendments we are making to the rule as a result of the comments.

Executive Order 12866 and Regulatory Flexibility Act

This rule has been reviewed under Executive Order 12866. For this action, the Office of Management and Budget has waived its review process required by Executive Order 12866.

This action amends the tuberculosis regulations concerning the interstate movement of cattle and bison by reducing the designation of Michigan from an accredited-free State to an accredited-free (suspended) State. We are taking this action because tuberculosis has recently been confirmed in one beef herd in Michigan. This action is necessary to prevent the spread of tuberculosis in cattle and bison.

This emergency situation makes compliance with section 603 and timely

compliance with section 604 of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*) impracticable. If we determine that this rule will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities, then we will discuss the issues raised by section 604 of the Regulatory Flexibility Act in our Final Regulatory Flexibility Analysis.

Executive Order 12372

This program/activity is listed in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance under No. 10.025 and is subject to Executive Order 12372, which requires intergovernmental consultation with State and local officials. (See 7 CFR part 3015, subpart V.)

Executive Order 12988

This rule has been reviewed under Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. This rule: (1) Preempts all State and local laws and regulations that are in conflict with this rule; (2) has no retroactive effect; and (3) does not require administrative proceedings before parties may file suit in court challenging this rule.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This rule contains no information collection or recordkeeping requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

List of Subjects in 9 CFR Part 77

Animal diseases, Bison, Cattle, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Transportation, Tuberculosis.

Accordingly, 9 CFR part 77 is amended as follows:

PART 77—TUBERCULOSIS

1. The authority citation for part 77 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 111, 114, 114a, 115–117, 120, 121, 134b, 134f; 7 CFR 2.22, 2.80, and 371.2(d).

§ 77.1 [Amended]

- 2. In § 77.1, in the definition for *Accredited-free state*, paragraph (2) is amended by removing the word "Michigan,".
- 3. In § 77.1, in the definition for *Accredited-free* (suspended) State, paragraph (2) is amended by removing the word "None" and adding the word "Michigan" in its place.

Done in Washington, DC, this 7th day of August 1998.

Joan M. Arnoldi,

Acting Administrator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service. [FR Doc. 98–21763 Filed 8–12–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–34–P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

9 CFR Part 78

[Docket No. 98-018-2]

Brucellosis in Cattle; State and Area Classifications; Georgia

AGENCY: Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, USDA.

ACTION: Affirmation of interim rule as final rule.

summary: We are adopting as a final rule, without change, an interim rule that amended the brucellosis regulations concerning the interstate movement of cattle by changing the classification of Georgia from Class A to Class Free. We have determined that Georgia meets the standards for Class Free status. The interim rule was necessary to relieve certain restrictions on the interstate movement of cattle from Georgia.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The interim rule was effective on April 21, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. R.T. Rollo, Jr., Staff Veterinarian, National Animal Health Programs, VS, APHIS, 4700 River Road Unit 43, Riverdale, MD 20737–1231, (301) 734–7709; or e-mail: rrollo@aphis.usda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

In an interim rule effective and published in the **Federal Register** on April 21, 1998 (63 FR 19652–19653, Docket No. 98–018–1), we amended the brucellosis regulations in 9 CFR part 78 by removing Georgia from the list of Class A States in § 78.41(b) and adding it to the list of Class Free States in § 78.41(a).

Comments on the interim rule were required to be received on or before June 22, 1998. We did not receive any comments. The facts presented in the interim rule still provide a basis for the rule.

This action also affirms the information contained in the interim rule concerning Executive Order 12866 and the Regulatory Flexibility Act, Executive Orders 12372 and 12988, and the Paperwork Reduction Act.