Series 835—Fate.	Transport and	Transformation	Test Guidelines-	-Continued
ochos doo i ato,	i i aliopoit alia	i i di ioioi i i idiloi i	I COL CUIGOIII ICO	Continuou

OPPTS Number Name		Existing Numbers			EPA Pub.
		OTS	OPP	OECD	712–C–
835.3110	Ready biodegradability	796.3180, .3200, .3220, .3240, .3260	none	301	98–076
835.3120	Sealed-vessel carbon dioxide production test	none	none	none	98–311
835.3160	Biodegradability in sea water	none	none	306	98–351
835.3170	Shake flask die-away test	none	none	none	98–297
835.3180 835.3200	Sediment/water microcosm biodegradation test Zahn-Wellens/EMPA test	none 796.3360	none none	none 302B	98–083 98–084
835.3210	Modified SCAS test	796.3340	none	302A	98–085
835.3220	Porous pot test	none	none	none	98–301
835.3300	Soil biodegradation	796.3400	none	304A	98–088
835.3400	Anaerobic biodegradability of organic chemicals	796.3140	none	none	98–090
	Group E—Transformation Chemical-Specific Test Guidelines.				
835.5045	Modified SCAS test for insoluble and volatile chemicals	795.45	none	none	98–097
835.5154	Anaerobic biodegradation in the subsurface	795.54	none	none	98-098
835.5270	Indirect photolysis screening test: Sunlight photolysis in waters containing dissolved humic substances	795.70	none	none	98–099

## List of Subjects

Environmental Protection, Test guidelines.

Dated: January 8, 1998.

### Lynn R. Goldman,

Assistant Administrator for Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances.

[FR Doc. 98–1769 Filed 1–27–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

## Notice of Public Information Collection Submitted to OMB for Review and Approval

January 16, 1998.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Communications Commission, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burden invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13. An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act that does not display a valid control number. Comments should address: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information

is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission's burden estimates; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. DATES: Written comments should be submitted on or before February 27, 1998. OMB Notification of Action is due on or before March 30, 1998. If you anticipate that you will be submitting comments, but find it difficult to do so within the period of time allowed by this notice, you should advise the contact listed below as soon as possible. ADDRESSES: Direct all comments to Judy Boley, Federal Communications, Room 234, 1919 M St., NW., Washington, DC 20554 or via internet to jboley@fcc.gov. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For additional information or copies of the information collections contact Judy

jboley@fcc.gov.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On
October 17, 1997, the Commission
released a Report and Order and Second
Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking,
FCC 97–376, which addresses rules and
policies concerning cable inside wiring.
Among other things, this rulemaking
amends the Commission's regulations
relating to the disposition of cable home

Boley at 202-418-0214 or via internet at

wiring and related issues including the sharing of molding, the demarcation point for multiple dwelling unit buildings ("MDUs"), loop-through cable wiring configurations, customer access to cable home wiring before termination of service, and signal leakage.

OMB Approval Number: 3060–0692. Title: Home Wiring Provisions. Type of Review: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Respondents: Business and other forprofit entities.

Number of Respondents: 30,500 (20,500 multichannel video program distributors and 10,000 multiple dwelling unit building owners).

Estimated Time Per Response: 5 minutes–20 hours.

Total Annual Burden to Respondents: 46,114 hours, calculated as follows: This collection (3060-0692) accounts for all information collection requirements that may come into play during the disposition of cable home wiring in single dwelling units, as well as the disposition of home run wiring and cable home wiring in MDUs. All multichannel video programming distributors ("MVPDs"), both cable and non-cable alike, are now subject to these disposition rules. Pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act, when modifying only portions of an information collection, agencies are still obligated to put forth the entire collection for public comment.

This information collection now accounts for the information collection requirement stated in 47 CFR 76.613,

where MVPDs causing harmful signal interference may be required by the Commission's engineer in charge (EIC) to prepare and submit a report regarding the cause(s) of the interference, corrective measures planned or taken, and the efficacy of the remedial measures. Through the course of this rulemaking proceeding, the Commission identified this collection as not having previously been reported to OMB for approval. We estimate that no more than 10 interference reports will be submitted annually to the Commission's EIC, each having an average burden of 2 hours to prepare. (10 reports×2 hours = 20 hours). 47 CFR 76.620 applies the Commission's signal leakage rules to all non-cable MVPDs. Our rules require that each cable system perform an independent signal leakage test annually, therefore, non-cable MVPDs will now be subject to the same requirement. We recognize, however, that immediate compliance with these requirements may present hardships to existing non-cable MVPDs not previously subject to such rules. We will allow a five-year transition period from the effective date of these rules to afford non-cable MVPDs time to comply with our signal leakage rules other than § 76.613. The transition period will apply only to systems of those non-cable MVPDs that have been substantially built as of January 1, 1998. Considering non-cable MVPD systems that will be built as of January 1, 1998, we estimate that 500 new entities will be subject to signal leakage filing requirements, with an estimated burden of 20 hours per entity. (500 systems $\times$ 20 hours = 10,000 hours). 47 CFR 76.802, Disposition of Cable Home Wiring, gives individual video service subscribers in single unit dwellings and MDUs the opportunity to purchase their cable home wiring at replacement cost upon voluntary termination of service. In calculating hour burdens for notifying individual subscribers of their purchase rights, we make the following assumptions: There are approximately 20,000 MVPDs serving approximately 72 million subscribers in the United States. The average rate of churn (subscriber termination) for all MVPDs is estimated to be 1% per month, or 12% per year. MVPDs own the home wiring in 50% of the occurrences of voluntary subscriber termination and subscribers or property owners already have gained ownership of the wiring in the other 50% of occurrences (e.g., where the MVPD has charged the subscriber for the wiring upon installation, has treated the wiring as belonging to the subscriber for tax purposes, or where state and/or local

law treats cable home wiring as a fixture). Where MVPDs own the wiring, we estimate that they intend to actually remove the wiring 5% of the time, thus initiating the disclosure requirement. We believe in most cases that MVPDs will choose to abandon the home wiring because the cost and effort required to remove the wiring generally outweigh its value. The burden to disclose the information at the time of termination will vary depending on the manner of disclosure, e.g., by telephone, customer visit or registered mail. Virtually all voluntary service terminations are done by telephone. The estimated average time consumed in the process of the MVPD's disclosure and subscriber's election is 5 minutes (.083 hours). Estimated annual number of occurrences is  $72,000,000 \times 12\% \times 50\% \times 5\% = 216,000.$  $(216,000 \times .083 \text{ hours} = 17,928 \text{ hours})$ 

In addition, 47 CFR 76.802 states that if a subscriber in an MDU declines to purchase the wiring, the MDU owner or alternative provider (where permitted by the MDU owner) may purchase the home wiring where reasonable advance notice has been provided to the incumbent. According to the Statistical Abstracts of the United States, 1995 at 733 Table No. 1224, over 28 million people resided in MDUs with three or more units in 1993. We therefore estimate that there are currently 30 million MDU residents and that MDUs house an average of 50 residents, and so we estimate that there are approximately 600,000 MDUs in the United States. We estimate that 2,000 MDU owners will provide advance notice to the incumbent that the MDU owner or alternative provider (where permitted by the MDU owner) will purchase the home wiring where a terminating individual subscriber declines. The estimated average time for MDU owners to provide such notice is estimated to be 15 minutes (.25 hours). The estimated average time consumed in the process of the MVPD's subsequent disclosure and the MDU owner or alternative provider's election is 5 minutes (.083 hours). Estimated annual time consumed is 2,000 notifications×.333 hours=666 hours. 47 CFR 76.802 also states that, to inform subscribers of per-foot replacement costs, MVPDs may develop replacement cost schedules based on readily available information; if the MVPD chooses to develop such schedules, it must place them in a public file available for public inspection during regular business hours. We estimate that 50% of MVPDs will develop such cost schedules to place in their public files.

Virtually all individual subscribers terminate service via telephone, and few subscribers are anticipated to review cost schedules on public file. The annual recordkeeping burden for these cost schedules is estimated to be 0.5 hours per MVPD. (20,000 MVPDs $\times$ 50% $\times$ 0.5 hours=5,000 hours). 47 CFR 76.804 Disposition of Home Run Wiring. We estimate the burden for notification and election requirements for building-by-building and unit-byunit disposition of home run wiring as described below. Note that these requirements apply only when an MVPD owns the home run wiring in an MDU and does not (or will not at the conclusion of the notice period) have a legally enforceable right to remain on the premises against the wishes of the entity that owns or controls the common areas of the MDU or have a legally enforceable right to maintain any particular home run wire dedicated to a particular unit on the premises against the MDU owner's wishes. We use the term "MDU owner" to include whatever entity owns or controls the common areas of an apartment building, condominium or cooperative. For building-by-building disposition of home run wiring, the MDU owner gives the incumbent service provider a minimum of 90 days' written notice that its access to the entire building will be terminated. The incumbent then has 30 days to elect what it will do with the home run wiring. Where parties negotiate a price for the wiring and are unable to agree on a price, the incumbent service provider must elect among abandonment, removal of the wiring, or arbitration for a price determination. Also, regarding cable home wiring, when the MDU owner notifies the incumbent service provider that its access to the building will be terminated, the incumbent provider must, within 30 days of the initial notice and in accordance with our home wiring rules, (1) offer to sell to the MDU owner any home wiring within the individual dwelling units which the incumbent provider owns and intends to remove, and (2) provide the MDU owner with the total per-foot replacement cost of such home wiring. The MDU owner must then notify the incumbent provider as to whether the MDU owner or an alternative provider intends to purchase the home wiring not later than 30 days before the incumbent's access to the building will be terminated. For unit-by-unit disposition of home run wiring, an MDU owner must provide at least 60 days' written notice to the incumbent MVPD that it intends to permit multiple

MVPDs to compete for the right to use the individual home run wires dedicated to each unit. The incumbent service provider then has 30 days to provide the MDU owner with a written election as to whether, for all of the incumbent's home run wires dedicated to individual subscribers who may later choose the alternative provider's service, it will remove the wiring, abandon the wiring, or sell the wiring to the MDU owner. In other words, the incumbent service provider will be required to make a single election for how it will handle the disposition of individual home run wires whenever a subscriber wishes to switch service providers; that election will then be implemented each time an individual subscriber switches service providers. Where parties negotiate a price for the wiring and are unable to agree on a price, the incumbent service provider must elect among abandonment, removal of the wiring, or arbitration for a price determination. The MDU owner also must provide reasonable advance notice to the incumbent provider that it will purchase, or that it will allow an alternative provider to purchase, the cable home wiring when a terminating individual subscriber declines. If the alternative provider is permitted to purchase the wiring, it will be required to make a similar election during the initial 30-day notice period for each subscriber who switches back from the alternative provider to the incumbent MVPD. According to the Statistical Abstracts of the United States, 1995 at 733 Table No. 1224, over 28 million people resided in MDUs with three or more units in 1993. We therefore estimate that there are currently 30 million MDU residents and that MDUs house an average of 50 residents, and so we estimate that there are approximately 600,000 MDUs in the United States. In many instances, incumbent service providers may no longer own the home run wiring or may continue to have a legally enforceable right to remain on the premises. Also, MDU owners may forego the notice and election processes for various other reasons, e.g., they have no interest in purchasing the home run or cable home wiring. We estimate that there will be approximately 12,500 notices and 12,500 elections made on an annual basis. The number of notices accounts for the occasions when the MDU owner simultaneously notifies the incumbent provider that: (1) It is invoking the home run wiring disposition procedures, and (2) whether the MDU owner or alternative provider intends to purchase the cable home wiring. It also accounts

for those occasions when the MDU owner makes a separate notification regarding the purchase of cable home wiring. The number of elections accounts for instances when the incumbent elects to sell the wiring but the parties are unable to agree on a price, therefore necessitating a second election. We assume all notifications and elections (except when an individual subscriber is terminating service) will be in writing and take an average burden of 30 minutes (0.5 hours) to prepare. (25,000 notifications and elections×0.5 hours=12,500 hours).

Total Cost to Respondents: Total Annual Cost to Respondents: \$37,510, estimated as follows: Under the annual operation and maintenance costs category, we estimate that stationery and postage costs for interference reports submitted to the Commission pursuant to § 76.613 to be \$1 per report. (10 reports×\$1=\$10). We estimate stationery and postage costs for signal leakage filings to be \$1 per filing. (500 filings×\$1=\$500). We estimate that 50% of the 20,000 MVPDs will annually develop cost schedules. We estimate recordkeeping expenses for these schedules to be \$1 per MVPD.  $(20,000\times50\%\times\$1=\$10,000)$ . We estimate stationery and postage costs for the various disposition notifications and elections to be \$1 per occurrence. (27,000 advance notices and notifications and elections×\$1=\$27,000). There are no estimated capital and startup costs.

Needs and Uses: The various notification and election requirements in this collection (3060–0692) are set forth in order to promote competition and consumer choice by minimizing any potential disruption in service to a subscriber switching video providers.

Federal Communications Commission.

### Magalie Roman Salas,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 98–2031 Filed 1–27–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–10–P

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meeting; Additional Item To Be Considered at Open Meeting Thursday, January 29, 1998

January 23, 1998.

The Federal Communications Commission will consider an additional item on the subject listed below at the Open Meeting scheduled for 9:30 a.m., Thursday, January 29, 1998, at 1919 M Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. See meeting notice published on January 27, 1998. Item No., Bureau and Subject

4—Office of Engineering and Technology—Title: Advanced Television Systems and Their Impact upon the Existing Television Broadcast Service (MM Docket No. 87–268). Summary: The Commission will consider petitions for reconsideration filed in response to the Commission's Sixth Report and Order regarding allotment of channels for digital television.

The prompt and orderly conduct of the Commission business requires that less than 7-days notice be given consideration of this additional item.

Action by the Commission January 23, 1998, Chairman Kennard and Commissioners Ness, Furchtgott-Roth, Powell and Tristani voting to consider this item.

Additional information concerning this meeting may be obtained from Maureen Peratino or David Fiske, Office of Public Affairs, telephone number (202) 418–0500.

Copies of materials adopted at this meeting can be purchased from the FCC's duplicating contractor, International Transcription Services, Inc. (ITS, Inc.) at (202) 857–3800 or fax (202) 857–3805 and 857–3184. These copies are available in paper format and alternative media which includes, large print/type; digital disk; and audio tape. ITS may be reached by e-mail: its\_inc@ix.netcom.com. Their Internet address is http://www.itsi.com.

This meeting can be viewed over George Mason University's Capitol Connection. For information on this service call (703) 993-3100. The audio portion of the meeting will be broadcast live on the Internet via the FCC's Internet audio broadcast page at <a href="http://">http:// /www.fcc.gov/realaudio/>. The meeting can also be heard via telephone, for a fee, from National Narrowcast Network, telephone (202) 966-2211 or fax (202) 966–1770; and from Conference Call USA (available only outside the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area), telephone 1-800-962-0044. Audio and video tapes of this meeting can be purchased from Infocus, 341 Victory Drive, Herndon, VA 20170, telephone (703) 834-0100; fax number (703) 834-

Federal Communications Commission.

#### Magalie Roman Salas,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 98–2275 Filed 1–26–98; 3:55 pm] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P