operator has yet accomplished any of the proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

Regulatory Impact

The regulations proposed herein would not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this proposal would not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

Boeing: Docket 98-NM-150-AD.

Applicability: Model 737–100, –200, –300, –400, and –500 series airplanes; line numbers 1 through 3002 inclusive; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been

modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (d) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent fuel suction feed operation on both engines without flight crew indication, and possible consequent multiple engine power loss, accomplish the following:

(a) For airplanes equipped with one or more main tank fuel boost pumps manufactured by the General Electric Company (GEC), of the United Kingdom: Accomplish paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3), and (a)(4) of this AD.

(1) As of the effective date of this AD, no airplane shall be dispatched with any main tank fuel boost pump inoperative unless the initial testing required by paragraph (a)(2) of this AD has been accomplished.

(2) Test each GEC-manufactured main tank fuel boost pump to determine the output pressure, in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 737–28A1114, Revision 1, dated April 2, 1998, at the later of the times specified in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) and (a)(2)(ii) of this AD. If the fuel boost pump output pressure measured during the testing required by this paragraph is less than 23 pounds per square inch gauge (psig), as measured at the input to the engine fuel pump; or less than 36 psig, as measured at the fuel boost pump low pressure switch; prior to further flight, replace the fuel boost pump with a new or serviceable fuel pump, in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 737-28A1114, Revision 1, dated April 2, 1998.

(i) Prior to the accumulation of 3,000 total flight hours, or within 1 year since date of manufacture of the airplane, whichever occurs first; or

(ii) Within 90 days after the effective date of this AD.

(3) Repeat the testing required by paragraph (a)(2) of this AD thereafter at intervals not to exceed 6 months, until accomplishment of the requirements of paragraph (a)(4) of this AD.

(4) Within 2 years after the effective date of this AD, replace all four low pressure switches installed downstream of the main tank fuel boost pumps with higher threshold low pressure switches, in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 737–28A1114, Revision 1, dated April 2, 1998. Accomplishment of this replacement constitutes terminating action for the requirements of paragraph (a) of this AD.

(b) For airplanes equipped with one or more main tank fuel boost pumps manufactured by Argo-Tech: Within 2 years after the effective date of this AD, replace all four low pressure switches installed downstream of the main tank fuel boost pumps with higher threshold low pressure switches, in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 737–28A1114, Revision 1, dated April 2, 1998.

(c) For airplanes equipped with all four main tank fuel boost pumps manufactured by Thompson Rand Wooldridge (TRW): Within 3 years after the effective date of this AD, replace all four low pressure switches installed downstream of the main tank fuel boost pumps with higher threshold low pressure switches, in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 737–28A1114, Revision 1, dated April 2, 1998.

(d) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Seattle ACO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Seattle ACO.

(e) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 3, 1998.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 98–21262 Filed 8–7–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 98-NM-190-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Saab Model SAAB 2000 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking

(NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes the supersedure of an existing airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Saab Model SAAB 2000 series airplanes, that currently requires deactivation of certain floormat heaters in the cabin area. In addition, that AD provides for optional terminating action for that deactivation. This action would remove the optional terminating action of the existing AD and would add airplanes to the applicability of the existing AD.

This proposal is prompted by issuance of mandatory continuing airworthiness information by a foreign civil airworthiness authority. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to prevent short circuiting between the flight attendant's floormat heater and the floor panel, which could cause overheating of the floormat heater and lead to smoke or fire in the airplane cabin.

DATES: Comments must be received by September 9, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 98–NM–190–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from SAAB Aircraft AB, SAAB Aircraft Product Support, S–581.88, Linköping, Sweden. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Norman B. Martenson, Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone (425) 227–2110; fax (425) 227–1149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this notice must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 98–NM–190–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 98-NM-190-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056.

Discussion

On September 17, 1997, the FAA issued AD 97-20-06, amendment 39-10144 (62 FR 50250, September 25, 1997), applicable to certain Saab Model SAAB 2000 series airplanes, to require deactivation of certain floormat heaters in the cabin area. In addition, that AD provides for optional terminating action for that deactivation. That action was prompted by a report indicating that a flight attendant's floormat heater became overheated as a result of a short circuit between a floormat heater and a floor panel that was made of conductive material; this condition resulted in smoke in the cabin area. The requirements of that AD are intended to prevent such short circuiting, which could cause overheating of the floormat heater and lead to smoke or fire in the airplane cabin.

Actions Since Issuance of Previous Rule

Since the issuance of that AD, the manufacturer has advised that the optional terminating action provided by AD 97–20–06 (reference Saab Service Bulletin 2000–53–020, Revision 02, dated October 18, 1996) does not eliminate the potential for a short circuit between the floormat heater and the floor panel. That optional terminating action involves the installation of a floor panel made of nonconductive material.

Explanation of Relevant Service Information

Saab has issued Alert Service Bulletin 2000–A25–080, Revision 01, dated April 3, 1998, which describes procedures for deactivation of certain floormat heaters in the cabin area. In addition, Revision 01 of the alert service bulletin revises the effectivity of the original issue to increase the number of airplanes affected by the identified unsafe condition. Accomplishment of the action specified in the alert service bulletin is intended to adequately address the identified unsafe condition.

The Luftfartsverket (LFV), which is the airworthiness authority for Sweden, classified this alert service bulletin as mandatory and issued Swedish airworthiness directive 1–124, dated March 30, 1998, in order to assure the continued airworthiness of these airplanes in Sweden.

FAA's Conclusions

This airplane model is manufactured in Sweden and is type certificated for operation in the United States under the provisions of section 21.29 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.29) and the applicable bilateral airworthiness agreement. Pursuant to this bilateral airworthiness agreement, the LFV has kept the FAA informed of the situation described above. The FAA has examined the findings of the LFV. reviewed all available information, and determined that AD action is necessary for products of this type design that are certificated for operation in the United States.

Explanation of Requirements of Proposed Rule

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same type design registered in the United States, the proposed AD would supersede AD 97-20-06 to continue to require deactivation of certain floormat heaters in the cabin area. This action would remove the optional terminating action of the existing AD and would add airplanes to the applicability of the existing AD. The actions would be required to be accomplished in accordance with the alert service bulletin described previously in this proposed AD, or in accordance with Saab Service Bulletin 2000-A25-022, Revision 01, dated January 23, 1996, as specified in AD 97-20-06.

Cost Impact

There are approximately 3 airplanes of U.S. registry that would be affected by this proposed AD.

The deactivation that is currently required by AD 97–20–06 takes approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the deactivation currently required by AD 97–20–06 on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$180, or \$60 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the current or proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

Regulatory Impact

The regulations proposed herein would not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this proposal would not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by removing amendment 39–10144 (62 FR 50250, September 25, 1997), and by adding a new airworthiness directive (AD), to read as follows:

SAAB Aircraft AB: Docket 98–NM–190–AD. Supersedes AD 97–20–06, Amendment 39–10144.

Applicability: Model SAAB 2000 series airplanes, serial numbers –004 through –064 inclusive, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or

repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent short circuiting between the flight attendant's floormat heater and the floor panel, which could cause overheating of the floormat heater and lead to smoke or fire in the airplane cabin, accomplish the following:

Restatement of the Requirements of AD 97–20–06:

(a) For airplanes having serial numbers -004 through -039 inclusive, on which Saab Modification No. 5780, as specified in Saab Service Bulletin 2000-53-020, Revision 02, dated October 18, 1996, has not been accomplished: Within 14 days after October 30, 1997 (the effective date of AD 97-20-06, amendment 39-10144), deactivate the flight attendant's floormat heater by either disconnecting electrical cable HW71-20 between the floormat heater and the floor panel, or by removing fuse 17HW (1) on panel 306VU, in accordance with Saab Service Bulletin 2000-A25-022, Revision 01, dated January 23, 1996, or Saab Alert Service Bulletin 2000-A25-080, Revision 01, dated April 3, 1998.

New Requirements of This AD:

(b) For airplanes other than those identified in paragraph (a) of this AD: Within 14 days after the effective date of this AD, deactivate the flight attendant's floormat heater by either disconnecting electrical cable HW71–20 between the floormat heater and the floor panel, or by removing fuse 17HW (1) on panel 306VU, in accordance with Saab Service Bulletin 2000–A25–022, Revision 01, dated January 23, 1996, or Saab Alert Service Bulletin 2000–A25–080, Revision 01, dated April 3, 1998.

(c)(1) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116.

(2) Alternative methods of compliance relating to the deactivation, approved previously in accordance with AD 97–20–06, amendment 39–10144, are approved as alternative methods of compliance with paragraph (a) of this AD.

(3) Alternative methods of compliance relating to the optional terminating action of AD 97–20–06, amendment 39–10144, approved previously in accordance with that AD, are not considered to be approved as alternative methods of compliance with this AD.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of

compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116.

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Note 3: The subject of this AD is addressed in Swedish airworthiness directive 1–124, dated March 30, 1998.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 3, 1998.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 98–21261 Filed 8–7–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

17 CFR Part 1

Recordkeeping

AGENCY: Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

ACTION: Extension of comment period on proposed rules.

SUMMARY: The Commodity Futures Trading Commission published a notice of proposed rulemaking concerning amendments to the recordkeeping requirements of Commission Regulation 1.31 on June 5, 1998 (63 FR 30668). The notice provided that comments should be received on or before August 4, 1998. In response to a request from the Futures Industry Association, the Commission has determined to extend the comment period for an additional 14 days, until August 18, 1998. As indicated in the notice, comments should be submitted by the specified date to Jean A. Webb, Secretary, **Commodity Futures Trading** Commission, Three Lafayette Centre, 1155 21st Street, NW, Washington, DC 20581. In addition, comments may be sent by facsimile transmission to facsimile number (202) 418-5521, or by electronic mail to secretary@cftc.gov. Reference should be made to "Recordkeeping".

DATES: Comments must be received on or before August 18, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Edson G. Case, Counsel, (202) 418–5430, electronic mail: "ecase@cftc.gov;" or Robert B. Wasserman, Special Counsel, (202) 418–5092, electronic mail: "rwasserman@cftc.gov," Division of Trading and Markets, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, Three Lafayette Centre, 1155 21st Street, NW, Washington, DC 20581.