

Estimated annual reporting burden: 1750.

Diane Cooke,

*Information Collection Clearance Officer,
WASO Administrative Program Center,
National Park Service.*

[FR Doc. 98-20753 Filed 8-3-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Correction; Bighorn Canyon National Recreation Area; Concession Permit for Operation of the Ok-A-Beh Marina at Bighorn Canyon National Recreation Area (North Unit)

CORRECTION: In notice document 98-15129, appearing on page 31228, in the issue of June 8, 1998 (Volume 63, Number 109), the **EFFECTIVE DATE** and **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** is corrected to read as follows:

EFFECTIVE DATE: The application period is extended thirty (30) days. Offers will be accepted for ninety (90) days under the terms described in the Prospectus. Any offer, including that of the existing concessioner, must be received by the Superintendent, Bighorn Canyon National Recreation Area, P.O. Box 485, Fort Smith, Montana 59035, by September 17, 1998, to be considered and evaluated.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This permit renewal has been determined to be categorically excluded from the procedural provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act and no environmental document will be prepared.

The existing concessioner, LuCon Corporation, has performed their obligations to the satisfaction of the Secretary under the existing permit which expires by limitation of time on December 31, 1998. Therefore, pursuant to the provisions of the Concessions Policy Act (79 Stat. 969; 16 U.S.C. 20d), the concessioner is entitled to be given preference in the renewal of the permit and in the award of a new permit, providing that the existing concessioner submits a responsive offer (a timely offer which meets the terms and conditions of the Prospectus). This means that the permit will be awarded to the party submitting the best offer, provided that if the best offer was not submitted by the existing concessioner, then the existing concessioner will be afforded the opportunity to match the best offer. If the existing concessioner agrees to match the best offer, then the permit will be awarded to the existing concessioner.

If the existing concessioner does not submit a responsive offer, the right of preference in renewal shall be considered to have been waived, and the permit will then be awarded to the party that has submitted the best responsive offer.

The Secretary will consider and evaluate all offers received as a result of this notice. Any offer, including that of the existing concessioner, must be received by the Superintendent, Bighorn Canyon National Recreation Area, P.O. Box 485, Fort Smith, Montana 59035, not later than ninety (90) days following release of the Prospectus to be considered and evaluated.

Dated: July 24, 1998.

John H. King,

Acting Director, Intermountain Region.

[FR Doc. 98-20751 Filed 8-3-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Concession Contract Negotiations; Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area, Bushkill, PA; Campground

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Public notice.

SUMMARY: Public notice is hereby given that the National Park Service proposes to award a concession contract authorizing the operation of a 125-site campground for the public within Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area, Bushkill, PA for a period of ten (10) years from date of contract execution.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 12, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties should contact National Park Service, Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area, Bushkill, PA 18324, or phone (717) 588-2440, to obtain a copy of the prospectus describing the requirements of the proposed contract.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This contract has been determined to be categorically excluded from the procedural provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act and no environmental document will be prepared.

The existing concessioner has performed its obligations to the satisfaction of the Secretary under an existing concession permit which expired on December 31, 1991, and therefore pursuant to the provisions of Section 5 of the Act of October 9, 1965 (79 Stat. 969; 16 U.S.C. § 20), is entitled

to be given preference in the renewal of the contract and in the negotiation of a new contract, providing that the existing concessioner submits a responsive offer (a timely offer which meets the terms and conditions of the Prospectus). This means that the contract will be awarded to the party submitting the best offer, provided that if the best offer was not submitted by the existing concessioner, then the existing concessioner will be afforded the opportunity to match the best offer. If the existing concessioner agrees to match the best offer, then the contract will be awarded to the existing concessioner.

If the existing concessioner does not submit a responsive offer, the right of preference in renewal shall be considered to have been waived, and the contract will then be awarded to the party that has submitted the best responsive offer.

The Secretary will consider and evaluate all proposals received as a result of this notice. Any proposal, including that of the existing concessioner, must be received by the Superintendent, Delaware National Recreation Area, not later than the one hundred (100) days following publication of this notice to be considered and evaluated.

Dated: July 28, 1998.

William G. Laitner,

Superintendent, Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area.

[FR Doc. 98-20752 Filed 8-3-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Availability of Amendment to the Environmental Assessment for the Southside Barrier Replacement Project

AGENCY: National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior.

SUMMARY: The National Park Service, at the request of the U.S. Department of the Treasury, has prepared an Amendment to the Environmental Assessment for the Southside Barrier Replacement Project. The Amendment includes the construction of four (4) gatehouses and the realignment of the small curved roadway connecting E Street with west South Executive Avenue. The document is available for review and public comment through September 15, 1998.

Copies may be requested by calling the National Park Service, White House Liaison, at (202) 619-6344 weekdays from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. Written requests may be sent to 1100 Ohio

Drive, SW., Room 344, Washington, DC 20242.

Dated: July 28, 1998.

James I. McDaniel,

Director, White House Liaison.

[FR Doc. 98-20803 Filed 8-3-98; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects from Saguache County, CO in the Possession of the Anasazi Heritage Center, Bureau of Land Management, Dolores, CO

AGENCY: National Park Service, DOI.

ACTION: Notice.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.9, of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects in the possession of the Anasazi Heritage Center, Bureau of Land Management, Dolores, CO.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Bureau of Land Management professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Southern Ute Indian Tribe of the Southern Ute Reservation, the Ute Mountain Tribe of the Ute Mountain Reservation, and the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah & Ouray Reservation.

In 1982, human remains representing one individual were recovered from Site 5SH99, Saguache County, CO during legally authorized excavations conducted by the Bureau of Land Management personnel. No known individual was identified. The three associated funerary objects include saddle fragments, one button, and one shell.

Based on dental morphology, this individual has been identified as Native American. Based on associated funerary objects and burial type, Site 5SH99 has been identified as a burial site from the mid- to late-nineteenth century. Based on manner of interment, location of the burial, and associated funerary objects, archeological and ethnohistorical evidence indicate this individual is affiliated with the Ute culture. Consultation with representative of the Southern Ute Indian Tribe of the Southern Ute Reservation, the Ute Mountain Tribe of the Ute Mountain Reservation, and the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah & Ouray Reservation

indicates this is a Ute burial based on historic band locations and traditional burial practices.

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the Bureau of Land Management have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of one individual of Native American ancestry. Officials of the Bureau of Land Management have also determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(2), the three objects listed above are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony. Lastly, officials of the Bureau of Land Management have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah & Ouray Reservation.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Southern Ute Indian Tribe of the Southern Ute Reservation, the Ute Mountain Tribe of the Ute Mountain Reservation, and the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah & Ouray Reservation. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains and associated funerary objects should contact LouAnn Jacobson, Director, Anasazi Heritage Center, 27501 Highway 184, Dolores, CO 81323; telephone: (970) 882-4811, before September 3, 1998. Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah & Ouray Reservation may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: July 24, 1998.

Francis P. McManamon,

*Departmental Consulting Archeologist,
Manager, Archeology and Ethnography
Program.*

[FR Doc. 98-20712 Filed 8-3-98 ; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-F

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects from New Mexico and Texas in the Possession of the Carlsbad Museum and Art Center, Carlsbad, NM

AGENCY: National Park Service, DOI.

ACTION: Notice.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.9, of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects from New Mexico and Texas in the possession of the Carlsbad Museum and Art Center, Carlsbad, NM.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Carlsbad Museum and Art Center and University of New Mexico Archaeology/Osteology Lab professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Fort Sill Apache Tribe, the Mescalero Apache Tribe, and the Jicarilla Apache Tribe.

In 1934 or 1935, human remains representing a minimum of two individuals were recovered from Williams Cave, Culberson County, TX during excavations conducted by the University of Pennsylvania. No known individuals were identified. The five associated funerary objects include an antelope hide bag and pieces of cord and twine.

In 1934 or 1935, human remains representing two individuals were recovered from the Guadalupe Mountains, TX during excavations conducted by the University of Pennsylvania. No known individuals were identified. The one associated funerary object consists of a large basket with the bottom and sides broken.

In 1934 or 1935, human remains representing one individual were recovered from the Guadalupe Mountains, TX during excavations conducted by the University of Pennsylvania. No known individual was identified. The one associated funerary object consists of a burial basket with the bottom broken, small round woven object, straw or grass in bottom of the basket.

In 1934 or 1935, human remains representing one individual were recovered from the Guadalupe Mountains, TX during excavations conducted by the University of Pennsylvania. No known individual was identified. The ten associated funerary objects include a cradleboard made of long reeds bound with larger twigs and fastened with twine or rope, multiple strands of cotton-like yarn woven together, and a hide infant bonnet.

Based on the associated funerary objects, these human remains have been identified as Native American. Based on the form and styles of the basketry, cradleboard, and manner of interments, these individuals have been identified as Apache. Consultation with representatives of the Fort Sill Apache Tribe, the Mescalero Apache Tribe, and the Jicarilla Apache Tribe indicates that