cooperative agreements to state and local governments.

Affected Public: State, Local or Tribal Government.

Number of Respondents: 16. Responses Per Respondent: 6. Annual Responses: 95. Hours Per Request: 5 hrs. Annual Burden Hours: 485. Frequency of Report: On occasion.

Donald J. Andreotta,

Deputy Chief Information Officer (Operations), Office of the Administrator. [FR Doc. 98–20529 Filed 7–31–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7510–01–P

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION AGENCY

[Notice 98-101]

Information Collection: Submission for OMB Review, Comment Request

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

ACTION: Notice of agency report forms under OMB Review.

SUMMARY: The National Aeronautics and Space Administration has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) the following proposal for the collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35).

DATES: Comments on this proposal should be received on or before September 2, 1998.

ADDRESSES: All comments should be addressed to Mr. Richard Kall, Office of Aeronautics & Space Transportation Technology, Code HK, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC 20546–0001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Carmela Simonson, Office of the Chief Information Officer, (202) 358–1223.

Reports: None.

Title: Cooperative Agreements with Commercial Firms.

OMB Number: 2700–0092. *Type of Review:* Extension.

Need and Uses: Recordkeeping and reporting is required to ensure proper accounting of Federal funds and property provided under cooperative agreements with commercial firms.

Affected Public: Business or other for-profit.

Number of Respondents: 107. Responses Per Respondent: 6. Annual Responses: 658. Hours Per Request: 7. Annual Burden Hours: 4,592. Frequency of Report: On occasion. **Donald J. Andreotta**,

Deputy Chief Information Officer

(Operations), Office of the Administrator. [FR Doc. 98–20530 Filed 7–31–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7510–01–P

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

Records Schedules; Availability and Request for Comments

AGENCY: National Archives and Records Administration, Office of Records Services—Washington, DC.

ACTION: Notice of availability of proposed records schedules; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) publishes notice at least once monthly of certain Federal agency requests for records disposition authority (records schedules). Once approved by NARA, records schedules provide mandatory instructions on what happens to records when no longer needed for current Government business. They authorize the preservation of records of continuing value in the National Archives of the United States and the destruction, after a specified period, of records lacking administrative, legal, research, or other value. Notice is published for records schedules in which agencies propose to destroy records not previously authorized for disposal or reduce the retention period of records already authorized for disposal. NARA invites public comments on such records schedules, as required by 44 U.S.C. 3303a(a).

DATES: Requests for copies must be received in writing on or before September 17, 1998. Once the appraisal of the records is completed, NARA will send a copy of the schedule. NARA staff usually prepare appraisal memorandums that contain additional information con-cerning the records covered by a proposed schedule. These, too, may be requested and will be provided once the appraisal is completed. Requesters will be given 30 days to submit comments.

ADDRESSES: To request a copy of any records schedule identified in this notice, write to the Life Cycle Management Division (NWML), National Archives and Records Administration (NARA), 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740–6001. Requests also may be transmitted by FAX to 301–713–6852 or by e-mail to records.mgt@arch2. nara.gov.

Requesters must cite the control number, which appears in parentheses after the name of the agency which submitted the schedule, and must provide a mailing address. Those who desire appraisal reports should so indicate in their request.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael L. Miller, Director, Modern Records Programs (NWM), National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740–6001. Telephone: (301)713–7110.

E-mail: records.mgt@arch2.nara.gov. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Each year Federal agencies create billions of records on paper, film, magnetic tape, and other media. To control this accumulation, agency records managers prepare schedules proposing retention periods for records and submit these schedules for NARA approval, using the Standard Form (SF) 115, Request for Records Disposition Authority. These schedules provide for the timely transfer into the National Archives of historically valuable records and authorize the disposal of all other records after the agency no longer needs the records to conduct its business. Some schedules are comprehensive and cover all the records of an agency or one of its major subdivisions. Most schedules, however, cover records of only one office or program or a few series of records. Many of these update previously approved schedules, and some include records proposed as permanent.

No Federal records are authorized for destruction without the approval of the Archivist of the United States. This approval is granted only after a thorough consideration of their administrative use by the agency of origin, the rights of the Government and of private persons directly affected by the Government's activities, and whether or not they have historical or other value.

Besides identifying the Federal agencies and any subdivisions requesting disposition authority, this public notice lists the organizational unit(s) accumulating the records or indicates agency-wide applicability in the case of schedules that cover records that may be accumulated throughout an agency. This notice provides the control number assigned to each schedule, the total number of schedule items, and the number of temporary items (the records proposed for destruction). It also includes a brief description of the temporary records. The records schedule itself contains a full description of the records at the file unit level as well as their disposition. If NARA staff has prepared an appraisal

memorandum for the schedule, it too includes information about the records. Further information about the disposition process is available on request.

Schedules Pending

- 1. Department of Energy, Agency-wide (N1-434-98-21, 59 items, 53 temporary items). Routine security, emergency planning, and safety records. Files proposed for disposal relate to such matters as classified document control, declassification operations, security alarms and access control systems, safeguards and security agreements and plans, surveys and inspections, security training, visitor access approval, security clearances, nondisclosure agreements, and emergency planning. Policy documents for the Declassification Program, Operations Security Program, and Access Authorization Program are proposed for permanent retention. Records that document exposure to ionizing radiation or other hazardous materials as well as training in the safe handling of these materials will be retained for 75
- 2. Department of Energy, Agency-wide (N1-434-98-19, 16 items, 14 temporary items). Routine administrative management records. Files relate to such matters as management improvement programs, performance indicators, baseline management, and management control. Issuances documenting substantive functions and correspondence files documenting the development of plans and policies are proposed for permanent retention.
- 3. Department of Energy, Agency-wide (N1-434-98-4, 29 items, 29 temporary items). Routine personnel records. Files relate to such matters as position classification, employee health, employee training, treatment and investigation of on-the-job injuries, implementation of the Americans with Disabilities Act, educational outreach activities, apprenticeship programs, tuition reimbursement for agency employees, postings of vacancies, promotional materials used for recruitment, the testing of job applicants, and labor-management relations. Records that document exposure to ionizing radiation or other hazardous materials as well as training in the safe handling of these materials will be retained for 75 years.
- 4. Department of the Interior, Minerals Management Service (N1–473– 98–2, 11 items, 11 temporary items). Records created by several offices within the Minerals Management Service, including Environmental Analysis Files, Financial Responsibility

- Files, Gas Meter Reports, Applications for Deepwater Royalty Relief Files, and End-of-Life Royalty Relief Applications.
- 5. Department of the Interior,
 Minerals Management Service (N1-47398-1, 1 item, 1 temporary item).
 Reduction in retention period for Lease
 Sale Activity History Files, which were
 previously approved for disposal. These
 records provide general information
 regarding each lease sale from block
 selection phase through the acceptance
 or rejection phase of bids.
- 6. Department of the Navy, Marine Corps, Agency-wide (N1-NU-98-6, 3 items, 3 temporary items). Leave records accumulated by members of the Marine Corps while awaiting punitive separation through dismissal, dishonorable discharge, or bad-conduct discharge.
- 7. Department of State, Bureau of Consular Affairs, Office of Passport Policy and Advisory Services (N1-59-98-3, 1 item, 1 temporary item). E-mail messages regarding the status of passport applications and requests for expedited service.
- 8. Department of the Treasury, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms (N1–436–97–4, 4 items, 2 temporary items). Hard copy inputs and outputs for an electronic system relating to explosives incidents. System master file and system documentation are proposed for permanent retention.
- 9. Civil Liberties Public Education Fund (N1–220–98–8, 11 items, 5 temporary items). News clippings of Fund-related activities, proof sets and negatives for conferences and panel discussions, routine correspondence, electronic version of records created by electronic mail and word processing applications, and nonfunded grant applications are proposed for disposal. Substantive program records, including meeting transcripts and correspondence, are proposed for permanent retention.
- 10. Federal Communications
 Commission, Mass Media Bureau (N1–
 173–98–3, 1 item, 1 temporary item).
 Reduction in retention period for
 Dismissed Broadcast Applications,
 which were previously approved for
 disposal. The files consist of the original
 application, official correspondence,
 and supporting information.

Dated: July 22, 1998.

Michael J. Kurtz,

Assistant Archivist for Record Services—Washington, DC.
[FR Doc. 98–20525 Filed 7–31–98; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7515–01–P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-445]

TU Electric; Comanche Peak; Confirmatory Order Modifying License, Effective Immediately

I

TU Electric, (the Licensee) is the holder of Facility Operating License No. NPF–87, which authorizes operation of Comanche Peak, Unit 1 located in, Somervell County, TX.

II

The staff of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has been concerned that Thermo-Lag 330-1 fire barrier systems installed by licensees may not provide the level of fire endurance intended and that licensees that use Thermo-Lag 330-1 fire barriers may not be meeting regulatory requirements. During the 1992 to 1994 timeframe, the NRC staff issued Generic Letter (GL) 92-08, "Thermo-Lag 330-1 Fire Barriers" and subsequent requests for additional information that requested licensees to submit plans and schedules for resolving the Thermo-Lag issue. The NRC staff has obtained and reviewed all licensees' corrective plans and schedules. The staff is concerned that some licensees may not be making adequate progress toward resolving the plant-specific issues, and that some implementation schedules may be either too tenuous or too protracted. For example, several licensees informed the NRC staff that their completion dates had slipped by 6 months to as much as 3 years. For plants that have completion action scheduled beyond 1997, the NRC staff has met with these licensees to discuss the progress of the licensees' corrective actions and the extent of licensee management attention regarding completion of Thermo-Lag corrective actions. The discussions with TU Electric, to resolve Thermo-Lag corrective actions have been numerous. In addition to telephone conversations and letter responses, two public meetings were held, the first on December 5, 1996, at the Region IV Office in Arlington, Texas and the second on November 12, 1997, at the NRC Headquarters Office in Rockville, Maryland.

Based on the information submitted by TU Electric, the NRC staff has concluded that the schedules presented by TU Electric are reasonable. This conclusion is based on (1) the amount of installed Thermo-Lag, (2) the complexity of the plant-specific fire barrier configurations and issues, (3) the