e. By adding new paragraphs (e)(2)(ix) and (e)(2)(x) to read as follows:

## § 319.37-8 Growing media.

(e) \* \* \* (2) \* \* \*

(ix) If Rhododendron species, propagated from mother plants that have been visually inspected by an APHIS inspector or an inspector of the plant protection service of the exporting country, and found free of evidence of diseases caused by the following pathogens: Chrysomyxa ledi var. rhododendri, Erysiphe cruciferarum, Erysiphe rhododendri, Exobasidium vaccinum and vaccinum var. japonicum, and Phomopsis theae; and

(x) If Rhododendron species, introduced into the greenhouse as tissue cultures or as rootless stem cuttings from mother plants that:

(A) Have received a pesticide dip prescribed by the plant protection service of the exporting country for mites, scale insects, and whitefly; and

(B) Have been grown for at least the previous 6 months in a greenhouse that meets the requirements of § 319.37-8(e)(2)(ii).

Done in Washington, DC, this 23rd day of April 1998.

## Charles P. Schwalbe,

Acting Administrator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.

[FR Doc. 98-11497 Filed 4-29-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410-34-P

# **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 98-CE-27-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Aeromot-Industria Mecanico Metalurgica Ltda. Model AMT-200 Powered Gliders

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

**SUMMARY:** This document proposes to adopt a new airworthiness directive (AD) that would apply to certain Aeromot-Industria Mecanico Metalurgica Ltda. (Aeromot) Model AMT-200 powered gliders. The proposed AD would require replacing certain flexible hoses in the engine oil system with flexible hoses with a larger internal diameter. The proposed AD is

the result of mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) issued by the airworthiness authority for Brazil. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to prevent inefficiency of the engine lubricating system because of ineffective flexible hoses, which could result in an in-flight engine shutdown with consequent loss of powered glider controllability. DATES: Comments must be received on

or before June 9, 1998.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 98-CE-27-AD, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106. Comments may be inspected at this location between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, holidays excepted.

Service information that applies to the proposed AD may be obtained from Grupo Aeromot, Aeromot-Industria Mecanico Metalurgica Ltda., Av. das Industries-1210, Bairro Anchieta, Caixa Postal 8031, 90200-Porto Alegre-RS, Brazil. This information also may be examined at the Rules Docket at the address above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Curtis Jackson, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Atlanta Aircraft Certification Office, One Crown Center, 1895 Phoenix Blvd., suite 450, Atlanta, Georgia 30349; telephone: (770) 703-6083; facsimile: (770) 703-6097.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire.

Communications should identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report that summarizes each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this notice must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket No. 98-CE-27-AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

## **Availability of NPRMs**

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 98-CE-27-AD, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

## **Discussion**

The Centro Tecnico Aeroespacial (CTA), which is the airworthiness authority for Brazil, notified the FAA that an unsafe condition may exist on certain Aeromot Model AMT-200 powered gliders. The CTA reports that the steel piping in the engine oil system on the above-referenced powered gliders was replaced with flexible hoses that have a smaller internal diameter. These smaller diameter hoses lead to inefficiency of the engine lubricating system.

This condition, if not corrected in a timely manner, could result in an inflight engine shutdown with consequent loss of powered glider controllability.

## **Relevant Service Information**

Aeromot has issued Service Bulletin (SB) B.S. No. 200-79-036, Issue Date: January 30, 1997, which specifies procedures for replacing any engine oil system hose, part number 10702, 10703, or 10704; with a hose with a larger internal diameter, part number 10706, 10707, or 10708.

The CTA classified this service bulletin as mandatory and issued Brazilian AD 97-04-02, dated April 8, 1997, in order to assure the continued airworthiness of these gliders in Brazil.

## The FAA's Determination

This powered glider model is manufactured in Brazil and is type certificated for operation in the United States under the provisions of section 21.29 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.29) and the applicable bilateral airworthiness agreement. Pursuant to this bilateral airworthiness agreement, the CTA has kept the FAA informed of the situation described above.

The FAA has examined the findings of the CTA; reviewed all available information, including the service information referenced above; and

determined that AD action is necessary for products of this type design that are certificated for operation in the United States

# Explanation of the Provisions of the Proposed AD

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop in other Aeromot Model AMT–200 powered gliders of the same type design registered in the United States, the FAA is proposing AD action. The proposed AD would require replacing any engine oil system hose, part number 10702, 10703, or 10704; with a hose with a larger internal diameter, part number 10706, 10707, or 10708. Accomplishment of the proposed installation would be in accordance with Aeromot SB B.S. No. 200–79–036, Issue Date: January 30, 1997.

## **Cost Impact**

The FAA estimates that 18 powered gliders in the U.S. registry would be affected by the proposed AD, that it would take approximately 7 workhours per powered glider to accomplish the proposed replacements, and that the average labor rate is approximately \$60 an hour. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$7,560, or \$420 per powered glider.

## **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations proposed herein would not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this proposal would not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action has been placed in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

## **List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39**

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

### **The Proposed Amendment**

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

## § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding a new airworthiness directive (AD) to read as follows:

## Aeromot-Industria Mecanico Metalurgica Ltda.: Docket No. 98-CE-27-AD.

Applicability: Model AMT–200 powered gliders, serial numbers 200.046 through 200.066, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each powered glider identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For powered gliders that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (d) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required within the next 50 hours time-in-service (TIS) after the effective date of this AD, unless already accomplished.

To prevent inefficiency of the engine lubricating system because of ineffective flexible hoses, which could result in an inflight engine shutdown with consequent loss of powered glider controllability, accomplish the following:

(a) For powered gliders with a serial number in the range of 200.046 through 200.058: Replace any engine oil system hose, part number 10702; with a hose with a larger internal diameter, part number 10706. Accomplish the replacement in accordance with Aeromot Service Bulletin B.S. No. 200–79–036, Issue Date: January 30, 1997.

(b) For powered gliders with a serial number in the range of 200.059 through 200.066: Replace any engine oil system hose, part number 10702, 10703, or 10704; with a hose with a larger diameter, part number 10706, 10707, or 10708. Accomplish the replacement in accordance with Aeromot Service Bulletin B.S. No. 200–79–036, Issue Date: January 30, 1997.

(c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199

of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the glider to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(d) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance times that provides an equivalent level of safety may be approved by the Manager, Atlanta Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), One Crown Center, 1895 Phoenix Blvd., suite 450, Atlanta, Georgia 30349. The request shall be forwarded through an appropriate FAA Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Atlanta ACO.

**Note 2:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Atlanta ACO.

(e) Questions or technical information related to Aeromot Service Bulletin B.S. No. 200–79–036, Issue Date: January 30, 1997, Grupo Aeromot, Aeromot-Industria Mecanico Metalurgica Ltda., Av. das Industries-1210, Bairro Anchieta, Caixa Postal 8031, 90200-Porto Alegre-RS, Brazil. This service information may be examined at the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

**Note 3:** The subject of this AD is addressed in Brazilian AD 97–04–02, dated April 8, 1997.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on April 23, 1998.

#### Marvin R. Nuss,

Acting Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 98–11439 Filed 4–29–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 98-CE-28-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

## Airworthiness Directives; British Aerospace Jetstream Models 3101 and 3201 Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes to adopt a new airworthiness directive (AD) that would apply to certain British Aerospace Jetstream Models 3101 and 3201 airplanes that are equipped with the ground inhibit function (Modification JM7813A (SB 27–JM7813A) or JM7813B). The proposed AD would require removing the ground inhibit time delay and the ground test relay from the stall warning and protection system. This proposed AD