

### G. Application Submission and Review Process

Applications should be signed by both a labor and management representative and be postmarked no later than May 2, 1998. No applications or supplementary materials can be accepted after the deadline. It is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure that the application is correctly postmarked by the U.S. Postal Service or other carrier. An original application containing numbered pages, plus three copies, should be addressed to the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, Labor-Management Grants Program, 2100 K Street, NW., Washington, DC 20427. FMCS will not consider videotaped submissions or video attachments to submissions.

After the deadline has passed, all eligible applications will be reviewed and scored initially by one or more Customer Grant Review Boards. The Board(s) will recommend selected applications for further funding consideration. The Director, Labor-Management Grants Program, will finalize the scoring and selection process. The individual listed as contact person in Item 6 on the application form will generally be the only person with whom FMCS will communicate during the application review process.

All FY98 grant applicants will be notified of results and all grant awards will be made before September 15, 1998. Applications submitted after the May 2 deadline date or that fail to adhere to eligibility or other major requirements will be administratively rejected by the Director, Labor-Management Grants Program.

### H. Contact

Individuals wishing to apply for funding under this program should contact the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service as soon as possible to obtain an application kit. These kits and additional information or clarification can be obtained free of charge by contacting the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, Labor-Management Grants Program, 2100 K Street, NW., Washington, DC 20427; or by calling 202-606-8181.

**John Calhoun Wells,**

*Director, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service.*

[FR Doc. 98-913 Filed 1-13-98; 8:45 am]

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### FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

#### Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 *et seq.*) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR Part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The application also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act. Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than February 6, 1998.

**A. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis**  
(Randall C. Sumner, Vice President) 411 Locust Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63102-2034:

1. *First Commercial Corporation*, Little Rock, Arkansas; to acquire KW Bancshares, Inc., Little Rock, Arkansas, and thereby indirectly acquire Federal Savings Bank, Rogers, Arkansas and thereby engage in operating a savings institution, pursuant to § 225.28(b)(4)(ii) of the Board's Regulation Y. Following consummation of the acquisition, Federal Savings Bank will convert to a nationally chartered commercial bank that will operate as First Commercial Bank, N.A. of West Memphis, West Memphis, Arkansas.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, January 8, 1998.

**Jennifer J. Johnson,**

*Deputy Secretary of the Board.*

[FR Doc. 98-820 Filed 1-13-98; 8:45 am]

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### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30DAY-06-98]

#### Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Office on (404) 639-7090. Send written comments to CDC, Desk Officer; Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235; Washington, DC 20503. Written comments should be received on or before February 13, 1998.

#### Proposed Projects

1. The National Home and Hospice Care Survey (NHHCS)—(0920-0298)—Revision—The National Home and Hospice Care Survey (NHHCS) was conducted in 1992, 1993, 1994, 1996, and 1997. It is part of the Long-Term Care component of the National Health Care Survey. Section 306 of the Public Health Service Act states that the National Center for Health Statistics "shall collect statistics on health resources \* \* \* [and] utilization of health care, including utilization of \* \* \* services of hospitals, extended care facilities, home health agencies, and other institutions." NHHCS data are used to examine this most rapidly expanding sector of the health care industry. Data from the NHHCS are used widely by the health care industry and policy makers for such diverse analyses as the need for various medical supplies; minority access to health care; and planning for the health care needs of the elderly. The NHHCS also reveals detailed information on utilization patterns, as needed to make accurate assessments of the need for and costs associated with such care. Data from earlier NHHCS collections have been used by the Congressional Budget Office, the Bureau of Health Professionals, the Maryland Health Resources Planning Commission, the National Association for Home Care, and by several newspapers and journals. Additional uses are expected to be similar to the uses of the National Nursing Home Survey. NHHCS data cover: baseline data on the characteristics of hospices and home health agencies in relation to their

patients and staff, Medicare and Medicaid certification, costs to patients, sources of payment, patients' functional status and diagnoses. Data collection is

planned for the period July-November, 1998. Survey design is in process now. Sample selection and preparation of layout forms will precede the data

collection by several months. The total annual burden hours are 5,625.

Respondents	Number of respondents	Number of Responses/ Respondents	Average burden/response (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
Agency Questionnaire .....	1350	1	0.333	450
Current Patient Sampling List .....	1350	1	0.333	450
Current Patient Questionnaire .....	1350	6	0.25	2025
Discharged Patient Sampling List .....	1350	1	0.50	675
Discharged Patient Questionnaire .....	1350	6	0.25	2025

2. (NIOSH) Occupational Asthma Identification Methods -0920-0350—Reinstatement—Over the last decade, Occupational Asthma (OA) has emerged as the most prevalent occupational respiratory disease, resulting in morbidity, disability, diminished productivity, and rarely, death. Prevention of OA has become one of the most important goals for NIOSH. This project addresses these issues by examining the potential of different asthma screening approaches as surveillance tools when employed serially over time among workers at risk, and also characterizes the occurrence of and risk factors for occupational asthma in various high risk industries.

The primary objective of the study is to examine the potential of different asthma screening approaches as

surveillance tools when employed serially over time among workers at risk. A second major objective is to characterize the occurrence of and risk factors for occupational asthma in several industries, specifically workers rearing insects for agricultural pest control, wood product workers using isocyanates, and other occupational groups with different exposure profiles. A series of four groups of screening measures are applied to examine the potential of each measure in different situations. This includes a questionnaire (including an occupational history), lung function tests (shift spirometry, serial peak flow tests, airway responsiveness), inflammation and immunology tests (specific and nonspecific serum immunoglobulins, skin prick tests, nasal lavage for cellular

and biochemical factors), and environmental measurements (gravimetric dusts, antigens, chemical vapors, viable organisms, endotoxins). Workers exposed to 1) high molecular weight sensitizing dusts, (insect particulate), 2) low molecular weight sensitizers, (methylene biphenyldiisocyanate, MDI), and 3) irritant but not sensitizing exposures, as well as a control group of unexposed workers, are followed for two years. The results should be useful in improving tools for recognition, monitoring, and surveillance of OA. In addition, risk factors for OA will be further delineated, which will assist in targeting OA prevention strategies for agricultural and other workers. Total annual burden hours are 2,251.

Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses/ respondent	Average burden/response (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
Initial questionnaire .....	250	1	0.333	83
Follow-up questionnaire .....	250	4	0.166	167
Occupational questionnaire/Skin Test .....	250	1	0.75	188
Spirometry .....	250	20	0.083	417
Peak flow tests .....	250	300	0.016	1,250
Blood test .....	250	3	0.083	63
Nasal Lavage .....	250	1	0.333	83

Dated: January 8, 1998.

**Wilma G. Johnson,**

*Acting Associate Director for Policy Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).*

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## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 94N-0335]

### Medical Devices; Mammography Quality Standards Act of 1992; Inspection Fees

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing the new fees the agency will assess for inspections of mammography facilities starting on February 13, 1998. The

Mammography Quality Standards Act of 1992 (the MQSA) requires FDA to assess and collect fees from mammography facilities to cover the costs of annual inspections required by the MQSA. Because these costs have increased since inspections began in 1995, FDA is raising the fees accordingly. This notice explains which facilities are subject to payment of inspection fees, provides information on the costs included in developing inspection fees, and provides information on the inspection, billing, and collection processes. This is the first increase in inspection fees under the MQSA since the initial fee was established in 1995.