timely received, the direct final rule will be withdrawn and all public comments received will be addressed in a subsequent final rule. Since the EPA will not institute a second comment period on these proposed amendments, any parties interested in commenting should do so during this comment period.

For further supplemental information, the detailed rationale, and the rule amendments, see the notice containing the direct final rule in the final rules section of this Federal Register.

Administrative Requirements

A. Paperwork Reduction Act

The information collection requirements of the previously promulgated NESHAP were submitted to and approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). A copy of this Information Collection Request (ICR) document (OMB control number 2060-0325) may be obtained from Ms. Sandy Farmer, Information Policy Branch, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, S.W. (mail code 2136), Washington, D.C. 20460, or by calling (202) 260-2740.

Today's proposed amendments to the Gasoline Distribution NESHAP have no impact on the information collection burden estimates made previously. No additional certifications or filings are being proposed. Therefore, the ICR has not been revised.

B. Executive Order 12866

Under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993), the EPA must determine whether a regulation is "significant" and therefore subject to OMB review and the requirements of the Executive Order. The criteria set forth in section 1 of the Order for determining whether a regulation is a significant rule are as follows:

(1) Is likely to have an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more, or adversely and materially affect a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local, or tribal government communities;

(2) Is likely to create a serious inconsistency or otherwise interfere with an action taken or planned by another agency;

(3) Is likely to materially alter the budgetary impact of entitlements, grants, user fees, or loan programs or the rights and obligations of recipients thereof; or

(4) Is likely to raise novel or policy issues arising out of legal mandates, the President's priorities, or the principles set forth in the Executive Order.

The Gasoline Distribution NESHAP promulgated on December 14, 1994 was treated as a "significant regulatory action" within the meaning of the Executive Order. An estimate of the cost and benefits of the NESHAP was prepared at proposal as part of the background information document (BID). This estimate was updated in the BID for the final rule to reflect comments and changes made in developing the final rule. The amendments being proposed today have no impact on the estimates in the final BID. Pursuant to the terms of Executive Order 12866, it has been determined that this action is a "non-significant regulatory action" within the meaning of the Executive Order. As such, this action was not submitted to OMB for review.

C. Regulatory Flexibility

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) generally requires an agency to conduct a regulatory flexibility analysis of any rule subject to notice and comment rulemaking requirements unless the agency certifies that the rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Small entities include small businesses, small not-for-profit enterprises, and small governmental jurisdictions. When the Agency promulgated the Gasoline Distribution NESHAP, it analyzed the potential impacts on small businesses, discussed the results of this analysis in the Federal Register, and concluded that the promulgated regulation would not result in financial impacts that significantly or differentially stress affected small companies. This proposed rule would not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities because it would impose no additional impacts on small businesses beyond those analyzed in the original rulemaking and would simplify the administration of the rule for all governmental jurisdictions. Therefore, I certify that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

D. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

Under section 202 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act, signed into law on March 22, 1995, the EPA must prepare a budgetary impact statement to accompany any proposed or final rule that includes a Federal mandate that may result in estimated costs to State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate, or to the private sector, of \$100 million or more. Under section 205, the EPA must select the most cost effective and least burdensome

alternative that achieves the objectives of the rule and is consistent with statutory requirements. Section 203 requires the EPA to establish a plan for informing and advising any small governments that may be significantly or uniquely impacted by the rule.

The EPA has determined that today's action does not include a Federal mandate that may result in estimated costs of \$100 million or more to either State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate, or to the private sector. Therefore, the requirements of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act do not apply to this action.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 63

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Hazardous substances, Incorporation by reference, Petroleum bulk stations and terminals, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: February 21, 1997.

Carol M. Browner,

Administrator.

[FR Doc. 97-4886 Filed 2-27-97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

[OPPTS-42187E; FRL-5592-1]

40 CFR Part 799

RIN 2070-AC76

Proposed Test Rule for Hazardous Air Pollutants; Extension of Comment Period on Proposed Rule

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Extension of comment period on proposed test rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is extending the public comment period from March 31, 1997 to April 30, 1997 on the proposed rule to require manufacturers and processors of 21 hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) to test these substances for certain health effects. This proposed rule was published in the Federal Register on June 26, 1996 (61 FR 33178)(FRL-4869-1). On December 23, 1996, EPA extended the public comment period on the proposed rule from January 31, 1997 to March 31, 1997 (61 FR 67516)(FRL-5580-6).

DATES: Written comments on the proposed rule must be received by EPA on or before April 30, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Submit three copies of written comments on the proposed HAPs test rule, identified by document control number (OPPTS-42187A; FRL 4869-1) to: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Pollution

Prevention and Toxics (OPPT), Document Control Office (7407), Rm. G– 099, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460.

A public version of the official rulemaking record supporting this action, excluding confidential business information (CBI), is available for inspection at the TSCA Nonconfidential Information Center, Rm. NE–B607, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, from 12 noon to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except on legal holidays.

All comments that contain information claimed as CBI must be clearly marked as such. Three sanitized copies of any comments containing information claimed as CBI must also be submitted and will be placed in the public record for this rulemaking. Persons submitting information that they believe is entitled to treatment as CBI must assert a business confidentiality claim in accordance with 40 CFR part 2. This claim must be made at the time that the information is submitted to EPA. If a submitter does not assert a confidentiality claim at the time of submission, EPA will treat the information as non-confidential and may make it available to the public without further notice to the submitter.

Comments and data may also be submitted in electronic form by sending electronic mail (e-mail) to: opptncic@epamail.epa.gov. Such comments and data must be submitted in an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption. Comments and data will also be accepted on disks in WordPerfect 5.1 file format or ASCII file format. All comments and data in electronic form must be identified by (OPPTS-42187A)(FRL-4869-1). No information claimed as CBI should be submitted through e-mail. Comments in electronic form may be filed online at many federal depository libraries.

The official record of this action, as well as the public version, will be maintained in paper form. EPA will transfer all comments received electronically into paper form and will place the paper copies in the official record. The official record is the paper record maintained at the address listed at the beginning of the "ADDRESSES" section of this notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Susan B. Hazen, Director, Environmental Assistance Division (7408), Rm. ET–543B, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone: (202) 554–1404; TDD: (202) 554–0551; e-mail: TSCA-Hotline@epamail.epa.gov.

For technical information contact: Richard Leukroth, Project Manager, Chemical Control Division (7405), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW, Washington, DC, 20460; telephone: (202) 260-0321; fax: (202) 260-8850; e-mail: leukroth.rich@epamail.epa.gov.; or Gary Timm, Senior Technical Advisor, Chemical Control Division (7405) Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone: (202) 260-1859; fax: (202) 260-8168; e-mail: timm.gary@epamail.epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The HAPs rule proposed testing, under section 4(a) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), of: 1,1'-biphenyl, carbonyl sulfide, chlorine, chlorobenzene, chloroprene, cresols [3 isomers], diethanolamine, ethylbenzene, ethylene dichloride, ethylene glycol, hydrochloric acid, hydrogen fluoride, maleic anhydride, methyl isobutyl ketone, methyl methacrylate, naphthalene, phenol, phthalic anhydride, 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene, 1,1,2-trichloroethane, and vinylidene chloride. EPA would use the data generated under the rule to implement several provisions of section 112 of the Clean Air Act and to meet other EPA data needs and those of other Federal agencies. In the HAPs proposal, EPA solicited proposals for enforceable consent agreements (ECAs) regarding the performance of pharmacokinetics (PK) studies which would permit extrapolation from data developed from oral exposure studies to predict effects from inhalation exposure.

On October 18, 1996, EPA extended the public comment period on the proposed rule from December 23, 1996 to January 31, 1997 (61 FR 54383)(FRL-5571–3). This extension was to allow more time for the submission of proposals for ECAs on PK and adequate time for comments on the proposed rule to be submitted after the Agency has considered the ECA proposals. EPA has received several proposals for ECAs on PK. Due to the complexity of the issues raised by these proposals, the Agency extended the public comment period to March 31, 1997 (61 FR 67516, December 23, 1996) to allow more time to consider the ECAs and to finalize the test guidelines to be referenced in the proposed HAPs test rule.

In the HAPs proposed rule published on June 26, 1996 (61 FR 33178), testing would be conducted using the OPPTS harmonized guidelines that were proposed on June 20, 1996 (61 FR 31522)(FRL-5367-7). The process of developing these guidelines is proceeding at the same time as the development of the HAPs test rule. As stated in the original proposal, the OPPTS harmonization process may result in the finalization of the guidelines prior to the end of the comment period for the proposed rule. If so, EPA will publish the final guidelines used in the HAPs rule in order to allow for public comment on the applicability of the finalized guidelines to the HAPs rule.

There has been an additional delay in finalizing the guidelines. The Agency has decided to extend the comment period on the HAPs test rule to allow for the publication of the final guidelines.

In addition, the Agency anticipates responding to the submitters of proposals for ECAs on PK by no later than March 31, 1997.

Accordingly, EPA is extending the comment period on the proposed rule to April 30, 1997.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 799

Environmental protection, Chemicals, Hazardous substances, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: February 25, 1997.

Charles M. Auer,

Director, Chemical Control Division, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

[FR Doc. 97–5193 Filed 2–27–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Maritime Administration

46 CFR Part 382

[Docket No. R-158]

RIN 2133-AB19

Determination of Fair and Reasonable Guideline Rates for the Carriage of Bulk and Packaged Preference Cargoes on U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels

AGENCY: Maritime Administration, Department of Transportation.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The regulations at 46 CFR part 382 prescribe the administrative procedures and methodology for determining fair and reasonable rates for the carriage of dry and liquid bulk and packaged preference cargoes on United States commercial cargo vessels. MARAD proposes to amend those regulations to prescribe cost averaging as the methodology used for