

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John D. Lipnicki, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (HFD-560), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301-827-2222.

In FR Doc. 96-23547, appearing on page 48645 in the Federal Register of Monday, September 16, 1996, the following correction is made:

§ 352.20 [Corrected]

1. On page 48654, in the third column, in § 352.20 *Permitted combination of active ingredients*, in paragraph (a)(2), beginning in the second line, “§ 352.10(b), (c), (f), (i), (k), (l), (m), (n), (o), (s), and (u)” is corrected to read “§ 352.10(b), (c), (d), (f), (i), (l), (m), (n), (o), (s), and (u)”.

Dated: February 19, 1997.

William K. Hubbard,

Associate Commissioner for Policy Coordination.

[FR Doc. 97-4730 Filed 2-25-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-F

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

24 CFR Part 3282

[Docket No. FR-4201-N-01]

National Manufactured Home Advisory Council; Notice Seeking Nominations for Membership

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant Secretary for Housing-Federal Housing Commissioner, HUD.

ACTION: Request for nominations of advisory committee members.

SUMMARY: This notice gives the public an opportunity to nominate persons for appointment to the National Manufactured Home Advisory Council. The 24-member Council, consisting of representatives from consumer, government, and industry organizations or agencies, is consulted before the Department establishes, amends, or revokes manufactured home construction and safety standards.

DATES: Nominations must be received by March 28, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Nominations should be submitted in writing to: Assistant Secretary for Housing-Federal Housing Commissioner, (Attention: Office of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs), Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW, Room 9156, Washington, DC 20410-8000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David R. Williamson, Director, Office of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs,

Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW, Room 9152, Washington, DC 20410-8000; telephone number (202) 708-6409 (this is not a toll-free number). For hearing- and speech-impaired persons, this number may be accessed via TTY by calling the Federal Information Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that members of the public wishing to nominate persons for appointment to the National Manufactured Home Advisory Council should submit such nominations in writing to the address listed above.

Background:

The National Manufactured Home Advisory Council (Council) was mandated by the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974 (title VI of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. 5401 *et seq.*) (the Act), which authorized the Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards program. Section 605 of the Act (42 U.S.C. 5404) requires the Secretary to appoint a Council that is composed of 24 members.

Eight members are selected from each of the following groups:

- Consumer organizations, community organizations, and recognized consumer leaders;
- The manufactured home industry and related groups, including at least one representative of small business; and
- Government agencies, including Federal, State, and local governments.

The Department consults with the Council to the extent feasible before any changes are made to the manufactured home design and construction standards. This process gives industry, State and local governments, consumers, and community groups an opportunity to consider proposed manufactured housing construction and safety standards and to make recommendations to the Department.

Term of Office and Nominee Information

The appointees to the Council will serve 1-or 2-year terms. The Charter for the Council has been submitted to the Committee Management Secretariat of the General Services Administration (Secretariat) for review, in accordance with 41 CFR 101-6.1007. Nominations of members to be appointed to the Council must be sent to the address indicated above, in the “Addresses” section of this notice. Self-nominations to the Council are permitted. When

submitting nominations, please include the following information:

1. Name of nominee.
2. Home address and telephone number of nominee.
3. Business address and telephone number of nominee.
4. Group (i.e., consumer, industry, or government) the nominee represents.
5. A copy of a résumé and a statement of pertinent experience and background of the nominee which demonstrates that the nominee is qualified to serve as a member of the Council.
6. Name of group or person(s) making nomination.
7. The following data should be furnished for those nominated as official representatives of organized consumer or industrial groups or associations:
 - (a) Name and address of organization.
 - (b) Number of official members in organization.
 - (c) Nominee's position in organization.
8. For those nominated to represent government agencies, the name of the government agency, its location, and the nominee's position or title should be provided.
9. A written commitment that the applicant or nominee shall actively participate in good faith in the activities of the Council.
10. Any other pertinent comments or remarks.

Future Actions

After receiving notification from the Secretariat of the completed review of the charter, the Department expects to publish notice in the Federal Register that the Council is being renewed. In addition, the Department will comply with the public notice requirements in 41 CFR 101-6.1015(b) before any Council meetings.

Dated: February 13, 1997.

Nicolas P. Retsinas,

Assistant Secretary for Housing-Federal Housing Commissioner.

[FR Doc. 97-4683 Filed 2-25-97; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs

25 CFR Part 11

RIN 1076-AD76

Law and Order on Indian Reservations; Correction.

AGENCY: Bureau of Indian Affairs.

ACTION: Correction to proposed regulations; reopening of comment period.

SUMMARY: This document contains corrections to the proposed regulations which were published Friday, July 5, 1996 (61 FR 35158). The proposed rule amends regulations governing Courts of Indian Offenses.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before March 28, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Comments are to be mailed to Bettie Rushing, Office of Tribal Services, Bureau of Indian Affairs, 1849 C Street, NW, MS 4641-MIB, Washington, DC 20240; or, hand delivered to Room 4641 at the same address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bettie Rushing, Bureau of Indian Affairs (202) 208-4400.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The proposed rule that is the subject of these corrections supersedes 25 CFR 11.100(a) and affects those tribes that have exercised their inherent sovereignty by removing the names of those tribes from the list of Courts of Indian Offenses.

The Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs, or her designee, has received law and order codes adopted by the Lovelock Paiute Tribe of Nevada, the Absentee Shawnee Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma, the Cheyenne-Arapaho Tribes of Oklahoma, the Citizen Potawatomi Nation, the Iowa Tribe of Oklahoma, the Kaw Nation, the Kickapoo Tribe of Oklahoma, the Otoe-Missouria Tribe of Indians, the Pawnee Indian Tribe of Oklahoma, and the Osage Indian Nation (except those matters involving the Osage mineral estate) in accordance with their constitutions and by-laws and approved by the appropriate bureau official. The Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs recognizes that these courts were established in accordance with the tribes' constitutions and by-laws.

Inclusion in § 11.100, Where are Courts of Indian Offenses established?, does not defeat the inherent sovereignty of a tribe to establish tribal courts and exercise jurisdiction under tribal law. *Tillett v. Lujan*, 931 F.2d 636, 640 (10th Cir. 1991) (CFR courts "retain some characteristics of an agency of the federal government" but they "also function as tribal courts"); *Combrink v. Allen*, 20 Indian L. Rep. 6029, 6030 (Ct. Ind. App., Tonkawa, Mar. 5, 1993) (CFR court is a "federally administered tribal court"); *Ponca Tribal Election Board v. Snake*, 17 Indian L. Rep. 6085, 6088 (Ct. Ind. App., Ponca, Nov. 10, 1988) ("The Courts of Indian Offenses act as tribal courts since they are exercising the sovereign authority of the tribe for

which the court sits."). Such exercise of inherent sovereignty and the establishment of tribal courts shall comply with the requirements in 25 CFR 11.100(c).

Need for Correction

As published, the proposed rule contains errors which may prove to be misleading and are in need of clarification.

Correction of Publication

Accordingly, the publication on July 5, 1996 of the proposed regulations, which were the subject of FR Doc. 96-16039, is corrected as follows:

§ 11.100 [Corrected]

1. On page 35159 in the third column and on page 35160 in the first column paragraph (a) is corrected to read as follows:

§ 11.100 Where are Courts of Indian Offenses established?

(a) Unless indicated otherwise in this title, the regulations in this part apply to the Indian country (as defined in 18 U.S.C. 1151) occupied by the following tribes:

- (1) Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians (Minnesota).
- (2) Confederated Tribes of the Goshute Reservation (Nevada).
- (3) Te-Moak Band of Western Shoshone Indians (Nevada).
- (4) Yomba Shoshone Tribe (Nevada).
- (5) Kootenai Tribe (Idaho).
- (6) Shoalwater Bay Tribe (Washington).
- (7) Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians (North Carolina).
- (8) Ute Mountain Ute Tribe (Colorado).
- (9) Quechan Indian Tribe (Arizona) (Except resident members).
- (10) Valley Tribe, Yurok Tribe, and Coast Indian Community of California (California Jurisdiction limited to special fishing regulations).
- (11) Louisiana Area (includes Coshatta and other tribes located in the State of Louisiana which occupy Indian and which accept the application of this part); Provided that this part shall not apply to any Louisiana tribe other than the Coshatta Tribe until notice of such application has been published in the Federal Register.
- (12) For the following tribes located in the former Indian Territory (Oklahoma):
 - (i) Chickasaw Nation.
 - (ii) Choctaw Nation.
 - (iii) Thlopthlocco Tribal Town.
 - (iv) Seminole Nation.
 - (v) Eastern Shawnee Tribe.
 - (vi) Miami Tribe.
 - (vii) Modoc Tribe.

- (viii) Ottawa Tribe.
- (ix) Peoria Tribe.
- (x) Quapaw Tribe.
- (xi) Wyandotte Tribe.
- (xii) Seneca-Cayuga Tribe.
- (xiii) Osage Tribe (Limited to mineral estate matters).

* * * * *

Dated: February 14, 1997.

Ada E. Deer,

Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.

[FR Doc. 97-4686 Filed 2-25-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-22-P

Minerals Management Service

30 CFR Part 250

RIN 1010-AB97

Oil and Gas Production Measurement, Surface Commingling, and Security

AGENCY: Minerals Management Service (MMS), Interior.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: This proposed rule would amend MMS regulations governing oil and gas operations in the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) to update production measurement and surface commingling requirements. The MMS needs this rule to help ensure that gas produced in the OCS is accurately measured and reported.

DATES: MMS will consider all comments received by May 27, 1997. We will begin reviewing comments at that time and may not fully consider comments we receive after May 27, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Mail or hand-carry comments to the Department of the Interior; Minerals Management Service; Mail Stop 4700; 381 Elden Street; Herndon, Virginia 20170-4817; Attention: Rules Processing Team.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sharon Buffington, Engineering and Research Branch, at (703) 787-1147.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pipeline and price deregulation and open access to pipelines that occurred in the late 1980's spawned a restructuring of OCS pipeline system operations. Pipeline companies traditionally were merchants buying and selling gas under long-term contracts to only a few well established customers. Under the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Order 636, pipeline companies operate as common carriers involved in transportation services to a broad spectrum of gas producers, end users, and transportation brokers. Also, the OCS pipeline systems have hundreds of short-term, limited volume contracts, many of which require daily accounting and balance controls.