Item No.	Bureau	Subject
5	Wireless telecommunications	Summary: The Commission will consider action concerning geographic area licensing of common carrier paging and 929 MHz private carrier paging, and competitive bidding procedures for auctioning geographic area paging licenses. Title: Amendment of Part 90 of the Commission's Rules to Provide for the Use of the 220–222 MHz Band by the Private Land Mobile Radio Service (PR Docket No. 89–552, RM–8506); Implementation of Sections 3(n) and 332 of the Communications Act—Regulatory Treatment of Mobile Services (GN Docket No. 93–252) and Implementation of Section 309(j) of the Communications Act—Competitive Bidding, 220–222 MHz (PP Docket No. 93–253). Summary: The Commission will consider action concerning the future operation and licensing of the 220–222 MHz band.

Federal Communications Commission. William F. Caton, Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 97–4574 Filed 2–20–97; 10:43 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

# FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

[FEMA-1158-DR]

# Minnesota; Amendment to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

**AGENCY:** Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice amends the notice of a major disaster for the State of Minnesota (FEMA–1158–DR), dated January 16, 1997, and related determinations.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Magda Ruiz, Response and Recovery Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Washington, DC

20472, (202) 646–3260.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Notice is hereby given that the incident period for this disaster is closed effective February 3, 1997.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 83.516, Disaster Assistance.)

Lacy E. Suiter,

Executive Associate Director, Response and Recovery Directorate.

[FR Doc. 97–4460 Filed 2–21–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6718–02–P

### [FEMA-1159-DR]

# Washington; Amendment to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice amends the notice of a major disaster for the State of Washington, (FEMA–1159–DR), dated

January 17, 1997, and related determinations.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** February 6, 1997. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Magda Ruiz, Response and Recovery

Directorate, Federal Emergency
Management Agency, Washington, DC
20472, (202) 646–3260.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The notice of a major disaster for the State of Washington, is hereby amended to include the following areas among those areas determined to have been adversely affected by the catastrophe declared a major disaster by the President in his declaration of January 17, 1997:

The counties of Asotin, Jefferson, Pend Oreille and Whatcom for Individual Assistance (already designated for Public Assistance and Hazard Mitigation). (Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 83.516, Disaster Assistance.)

Lacy E. Suiter,

Executive Associate Director, Response and Recovery Directorate.

[FR Doc. 97–4461 Filed 2–21–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6718–02–P

### FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

### Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of Banks or Bank Holding Companies

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the notices have been accepted for processing, they will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of

Governors. Comments must be received not later than March 10, 1997.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis (Karen L. Grandstrand, Vice President) 250 Marquette Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55480-2171:

1. The Winton Jones Revocable Trust of 1997, Carl Jones, Christopher Jones, and Richard McMahon, as trustees, Wayzata, Minnesota; to acquire 100 percent of the voting shares of Anchor Bancorp, Inc., Wayzata, Minnesota, and thereby indirectly acquire Anchor Bank, N.A., Wayzata, Minnesota; Anchor Bank, West St. Paul, N.A., West St. Paul, Minnesota; The Bank of Saint Paul, St. Paul, Minnesota; Heritage National Bank, North St. Paul, Minnesota; and The First National Bank of Farmington, Farmington, Minnesota.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City (John E. Yorke, Senior Vice President) 925 Grand Avenue, Kansas City, Missouri 64198-0001:

1. Robert S. Appel, Englewood, Colorado, and William P. Johnson, Boulder, Colorado, Co-trustees of FirstBank Holding Company of Colorado Employee Stock Ownership Plan, Lakewood, Colorado, and its subsidiary, FirstBank Holding Company of Colorado, Lakewood, Colorado; to vote as trustee, 26.8 percent of the voting shares of FirstBank of Arvada, N.A., Arvada, Colorado, and thereby indirectly acquire FirstBank of Aurora, N.A., Aurora, Colorado; FirstBank of Avon, Avon, Colorado; FirstBank of Boulder, N.A., Boulder, Colorado; FirstBank of Breckenridge, N.A., Breckenridge, Colorado; FirstBank of Douglas County, N.A., Castle Rock, Colorado; FirstBank of Colorado Springs, Colorado Springs, Colorado; FirstBank of Cherry Creek, N.A., Denver, Colorado; FirstBank of Denver, N.A., Denver, Colorado; FirstBank of Longmont, Longmont, Colorado; FirstBank of Northern Colorado, Fort Collins, Colorado; FirstBank of Greeley, Greeley, Colorado; FirstBank of Tech Center, N.A., Englewood, Colorado; FirstBank of Colorado, N.A., Lakewood, Colorado; FirstBank of South Jeffco,

Littleton, Colorado; FirstBank of Lakewood, N.A., Lakewood, Colorado; FirstBank of Littleton, N.A., Littleton, Colorado; FirstBank of Arapahoe County, N.A., Littleton, Colorado; FirstBank of Silverthorne, N.A., Silverthorne, Colorado; FirstBank of Vail, Vail, Colorado; FirstBank North, N.A., Westminster, Colorado; FirstBank of Wheat Ridge, N.A., Wheat Ridge, Colorado; and FirstBank, N.A., Palm Desert, California.

2. Benedict Enslinger, Trustee, Benedict Enslinger Revocable Trust, both of La Crosse, Kansas; to acquire an additional 1.30 percent, for a total of 11.96 percent, of the voting shares of NSB Bancshares, Inc., La Crosse, Kansas, and thereby indirectly acquire Nekoma State Bank, La Crosse, Kansas.

3. Matthew T. Ley, as Trustee,
Portland, Oregon; to acquire an
additional 38.2 percent, for a total of
40.9 percent, of the voting shares of
State National Bancshares, Inc., Wayne,
Nebraska, and thereby indirectly acquire
State National Bank and Trust
Company, Wayne, Nebraska.

C. Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas (Genie D. Short, Vice President) 2200 North Pearl Street, Dallas, Texas 75201-2272:

1. Cecil R. Simmons, San Benito, Texas; to acquire an additional 2.1 percent, for a total of 14.8 percent, and Cecil R. Simmons, as Trustee for the First National Bank Employee Stock Ownership Plan, San Benito, Texas, to acquire an additional 11.4 percent, for a total of 17.3 percent, of the voting shares of First San Benito Bancshares, Inc., San Benito, Texas, and thereby indirectly acquire First National Bank of San Benito, San Benito, Texas.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, February 18, 1997. Jennifer J. Johnson, *Deputy Secretary of the Board.* [FR Doc. 97–4372 Filed 2-21-97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210-01-F

#### Notice of Proposals to Engage in Permissible Nonbanking Activities or to Acquire Companies that are Engaged in Permissible Nonbanking Activities

The companies listed in this notice have given notice under section 4 of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1843) (BHC Act) and Regulation Y, (12 CFR Part 225) to engage *de novo*, or to acquire or control voting securities or assets of a company that engages either directly or through a subsidiary or other company, in a nonbanking activity that is listed in § 225.25 of Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.25) or that the Board has

determined by Order to be closely related to banking and permissible for bank holding companies. Unless otherwise noted, these activities will be conducted throughout the United States.

Each notice is available for inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the notice has been accepted for processing, it will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the question whether the proposal complies with the standards of section 4 of the BHC Act.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding the applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than March 10, 1997.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis (Karen L. Grandstrand, Vice President) 250 Marquette Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55480-2171:

1. Community First Bankshares, Inc., Fargo, North Dakota; to engage de novo through its subsidiary, Community First Financial, Inc., Fargo, North Dakota, in leasing personal property or acting as agent, broker, or adviser in leasing personal property, pursuant to § 225.25(b)(5) of the Board's Regulation Y.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, February 18, 1997. Jennifer J. Johnson, *Deputy Secretary of the Board.* [FR Doc. 97–4373 Filed 2-21-97; 8:45 am]

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration [Docket No. 96D-0513]

Guidance on Labeling of Foods That Need Refrigeration by Consumers

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug
Administration (FDA) is providing
guidance on labeling of foods that need
refrigeration by consumers to maintain
safety or quality. This guidance, which
represents FDA's policy on adequate
safe handling instructions for food,
should reduce the likelihood of
temperature abuse of certain foods by
consumers, and it is intended to reduce
the potential for foodborne illness and
death. The guidance also responds to
the recommendations of the National
Advisory Committee on Microbiological
Criteria for Foods (NACMCF), the

National Food Processors Association (NFPA), the Association of Food and Drug Officials (AFDO), and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) for labeling foods needing refrigeration. FDA is soliciting comments on this guidance.

**DATES:** Written comments may be submitted at any time.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments on this guidance to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 12420 Parklawn Dr., rm. 1–23, Rockville, MD 20857.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Geraldine A. June, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS–158), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202–205–5099.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### I. Background

Refrigeration has long been used to retard deterioration of the flavor, color, and texture of foods. More importantly, refrigeration helps maintain the microbiological safety of potentially hazardous foods. Temperature abuse, i.e., failure to maintain foods at appropriate temperatures, may result in the outgrowth of microorganisms that may have contaminated the foods before, or at the time of, harvest or during processing, handling, or storage. The rate of growth of these microorganisms is reduced as the storage temperature is lowered. Proper refrigeration, therefore, prevents or slows the growth of human pathogens and spoilage microorganisms and reduces the likelihood of foodborne illness.

Refrigeration is only one of many individual factors, called barriers, that can be used to control microbiological risks. It is, for many foods, the only practicable barrier to reduce or prevent pathogen growth. Examples of other types of barriers include acidification (pH  $\leq 4.6$ ), use of preservatives, such as salt, and low water activity (a\_w  $\leq 0.85$ ). Barriers used individually, or in combination with each other, may reduce or retard pathogenic microbial growth.

In the past, consumers could generally tell if a product were perishable by its packaging or lack of packaging. Products in a can or a jar were generally considered to be shelf-stable (i.e., products that can be stored on the shelf without spoilage), at least until opened. However, today's new packaging technologies have changed this situation. Many liquids or semiliquids in flexible packages have airtight