- (iii) If NASA program constraints or developments within the research project dictate a reduction in the funding level specified under a multiple year grant period, research may continue at the reduced level under the terms of the special condition; however, the recipient may rebudget under the grant provisions to keep the project within the funding actually provided.
- (3) Supplements. A supplement to a grant may be issued at any time when work is introduced which is outside the scope of the approved proposal; or when there is a need for substantial unanticipated funding. Supplements require the submission of revised budget proposals and technical evaluations. Since Supplements will be performed within the existing period of performance, certifications will not normally be required.
- (4) Extensions. Grant may be extended beyond the expiration date in accordance with § 1260.22,
- "Extensions", if additional time beyond the established period of performance is required to assure adequate completion of the original scope of work within the available funding.
- (5) Renewals. Ğrant renewals provide for continuation of research beyond the original scope, period of performance and funding levels; therefore, new proposals, certifications and technical evaluations are required prior to the execution of a grant renewal. Continued performance within a period specified under the Multiple Year Grants special condition does not constitute a renewal. Peer review of the continuing research should be accomplished prior to selecting a research grant for renewal. The Multiple Year Grant special condition may be incorporated into renewals.
- (b) Funding arrangements. While NASA normally provides full funding support for research grants, alternate methods of grant funding are as follows:
- (1) Cost sharing. Since NASA grant recipients usually gain no measurable benefit from grants other than conducting research, cost sharing for research grants is not generally required. NASA may, however, accept cost sharing when voluntarily offered. Additionally, in instances when the Grant Officer determines that the recipient will benefit from research results through sales to non-Federal entities, cost sharing based upon this mutuality of interest will apply (see § 1260.123). When cost sharing is used, the Grant Officer shall insert a special condition substantially as shown in § 1260.54, "Cost Sharing.
- (2) Partial support. NASA may provide partial support for a research

project or conference where additional funding is being provided by other Federal agencies. If the grant also involves cost sharing by the recipient, the Grant Officer will ensure that the recipient's share does not include any Federal funds.

5. In § 1260.32 the clause heading and paragraphs (a) and (c) are revised and a bracket line is added at the end of the section to read as follows:

§1260.32 Subcontracts.

Subcontracts (November 1997)

- (a) For all subcontracts over \$100,000, the recipient shall provide the following to the NASA grant officer for approval:
 - (1) A copy of the proposed subcontract.
- (2) The basis for subcontractor selection.
- (3) Justification for lack of competition when competitive bids or offers are not obtained.
- (4) The subcontract budget and basis for subcontract cost or price.

* * * * *

(c) All contracts awarded by a recipient, including small purchases, shall contain the provisions in appendix A of subpart B of this part.

[End of provision]

[FR Doc. 97–30972 Filed 11–28–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7510–01–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of the Attorney General

28 CFR Part 0

[A.G. Order No. 2130-97]

Organization; Approval of Charges Under the Economic Espionage Act of 1996

AGENCY: Office of the Attorney General, Department of Justice.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This order amends Part 0 of Title 28, Code of Federal Regulations, to require that the United States may not file charges under the Economic Espionage Act of 1996 (EEA), or use a violation of the EEA as a predicate offense under any other law, without the personal approval of the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General, or the Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division (or the Acting Official in each of these positions if a position is filled by an Acting official).

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 20, 1997. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Bert Brandenberg, Director, Office of Public Affairs, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20530, (202) 616–2777.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This order pertains to a matter of internal Department management. It does not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. 5 U.S.C. 605(b). This rule is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; accordingly, it has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget. It is not a major rule as defined by Section 804 of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Act of 1996. Finally, this rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment pursuant to Executive Order 12612.

List of Subjects in 28 CFR Part 0

Authority delegations (government agencies), Government employees, Organizations and functions (government agencies), Whistleblowing.

Accordingly, by virtue of the authority vested in me as Attorney General, including 5 U.S.C. 301 and 28 U.S.C. 509 and 510, Part 0 of Title 28 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 0—ORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

1. The authority citation for Part 0 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301; 28 U.S.C. 509, 510, 515–519.

2. Section 0.64–5 is added to read as follows:

§ 0.64–5 Policy with regard to bringing charges under the Economic Espionage Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104–294, effective October 11, 1996.

The United States may not file a charge under the Economic Espionage Act of 1996 (EEA), Pub. L. 104-294, 110 Stat. 3488, 18 U.S.C. 1831 et seq., effective October 11, 1996, or use a violation of the EEA as a predicate offense under any other law, without the personal approval of the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General, or the Assistant Attorney General of the Criminal Division (or the Acting official in each of these positions if a position is filled by an Acting Official). Violations of this regulation are appropriately sanctionable and will be reported by the Attorney General to the Senate and House Judiciary Committees. Responsibility for reviewing proposed charges under the EEA rests with the Computer Crime and Intellectual Property Section, Criminal Division, which will consult with the Internal Security Section, Criminal Division, in cases involving charges under 18 U.S.C.

1831. This regulation shall remain in effect until October 11, 2001.

Dated: November 20, 1997.

Janet Reno.

Attorney General.

[FR Doc. 97-31192 Filed 11-28-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-14-M

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

38 CFR Part 36

RIN 2900-AI92

Loan Guaranty: Requirements for Interest Rate Reduction Refinancing Loans

AGENCY: Department of Veterans Affairs.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document amends the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) loan guaranty regulations concerning the requirements for Interest Rate Reduction Refinancing Loans (IRRRLs). In a document published in the Federal Register on October 8, 1997 (62 FR 52503), VA issued an interim final rule which generally limited these loans to instances where the veteran's monthly mortgage payment will decrease, and generally required that the loans being refinanced be current in their payments. The interim final rule stated that it was effective on the date of publication. A subsequent administrative issuance delayed the effective date of the changes made by the interim final rule until December 1, 1997. This administrative issuance has caused uncertainty concerning the implementation of the interim final rule. Under these circumstances, this document rescinds the interim final rule and VA is rescinding the administrative issuance. We intend in the near future to publish a proposed rule to address the same issues that were addressed in the interim final rule. Further, the comments received in response to the interim final rule will be considered in the new rulemaking proceeding.

DATES: Effective Date: December 1, 1997.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Judith Caden, Assistant Director for Loan Policy (264), Loan Guaranty Service, Veterans Benefits Administration, Department of Veterans Affairs, 810 Vermont Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20420, (202) 273–7368.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Administrative Procedure Act

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553, we have found good cause to dispense with

notice and comment on this final rule and to dispense with a 30-day delay of its effective date. Such actions are impracticable, unnecessary, and contrary to the public interest. The issues raised by the interim final rule will be subjected to notice and comment in a future rulemaking proceeding. Further, the final rule is necessary to avoid uncertainty regarding the implementation of the interim final rule.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

Because no notice of proposed rule making was required in connection with the adoption of this final rule, no regulatory flexibility analysis is required under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*).

The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program number is 64.114.

List of Subjects in 38 CFR Part 36

Condominiums, Handicapped, Housing, Indians, Individuals with disabilities, Loan programs—housing and community development, Loan programs—Indians, Loan programs veterans, Manufactured homes, Mortgage insurance, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Veterans.

Approved: November 25, 1997.

Hershel W. Gober,

Acting Secretary of Veterans Affairs.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, 38 CFR part 36 is amended as set forth below:

1. The authority citation for part 36 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 38 U.S.C. 501, 3701–3704, 3707, 3710–3714, 3719, 3720, 3729, 3762, unless otherwise noted.

2. In § 36.4306a, paragraphs (a)(6) and (a)(7) are removed and paragraphs (a)(3) through (a)(5) are revised, to read as follows:

§ 36.4306a Interest rate reduction refinancing loan.

- (a) * * *
- (3) The amount of the refinancing loan may not exceed:
- (i) An amount equal to the balance of the loan being refinanced and such closing costs as authorized by § 36.4312(d) and a discount not to exceed 2 percent of the loan amount; or
- (ii) In the case of a loan to refinance an existing VA guaranteed or direct loan and to improve the dwelling securing such loan through energy efficient improvements, an amount equal to the sum of the amount referred to with respect to the loan under paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section and the amount authorized by § 36.4336(a)(4);

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3710(a))

- (4) The dollar amount of the guaranty of the 38 U.S.C. 3710(a)(8) or (9)(B)(i) loan may not exceed the original dollar amount of guaranty applicable to the loan being refinanced, less any dollar amount of guaranty previously paid as a claim on the loan being refinanced; and
- (5) The term of the refinancing loan (38 U.S.C. 3710(a)(8)) may not exceed the original term of the loan being financed plus ten years or the maximum loan term allowed under 38 U.S.C. 3703(d)(1), whichever is less. For manufactured home loans that were previously guaranteed under 38 U.S.C. 3712 the loan term, if being refinanced under 38 U.S.C. 3710(a)(9)(B)(i), may exceed the original term of the loan but may not exceed the maximum loan term allowed under 38 U.S.C. 3703(d)(1).

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3710(e)(1))

3. In § 36.4337, paragraph (a) is revised, to read as follows:

§ 36.4337 Underwriting standards, processing procedures, lender responsibility, and lender certification.

(a) Use of standards. Except for refinancing loans guaranteed pursuant to 38 U.S.C. 3710(a)(8), the standards contained in paragraphs (c) through (j) of this section will be used to determine that the veteran's present and anticipated income and expenses, and credit history are satisfactory.

[FR Doc. 97–31369 Filed 11–28–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8320–01–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

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40 CFR Part 52

[IA 036-1036; FRL-5929-3]

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Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; State of Iowa

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The EPA is taking final action to approve an Iowa State Implementation Plan (SIP) revision pertaining to the Muscatine, Iowa, sulfur dioxide (SO₂) nonattainment area. This action will make federally enforceable state permits and related source specific emission limits and other conditions which will ensure attainment and maintenance of the SO₂ National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS).

DATES: This rule is effective on December 31, 1997.