investors and the purposes fairly intended by the policies of the Act.

- 3. Section 17(b) permits the Commission to grant an order permitting a transaction otherwise prohibited by section 17(a) if it finds that the terms of the proposed transaction are fair and reasonable and do not involve overreaching on the part of any person concerned. Section 17(b) could be interpreted to exempt only a single transaction. However, the Commission, under section 6(c) of the Act, may exempt a series of transactions that otherwise would be prohibited by section 17(a).
- 4. Applicants state that the terms of the proposed transactions are fair because the consideration paid and received for the sale and redemption of shares of the Money Market Funds will be based on the net asset value per share of the Money Market Funds. In addition, the purchase of shares of the Money Funds by the Investing Funds will be effected in accordance with each Investing Fund's investment restrictions and policies as set forth in its registration statement. For these reasons, applicants believe that the terms of the transactions meet the standards of sections 6(c) and 17(b).

C. Section 17(d) and Rule 17d-1

- 1. Section 17(d) and rule 17d-1 prohibit affiliated persons from participating in joint arrangements with a registered investment company unless authorized by the Commission. In passing on applications for such orders, rule 17d-1 provides that the Commission will consider whether the participation of the investment company on the basis proposed is consistent with the provisions, policies, and purposes of the Act, and the extent to which the participation is on a basis different from or less advantageous than that of the other participants. Applicants state that the Investing Funds, the Investment Advisers, and the Money Market Funds participating in the proposed transactions could be deemed to be participants in a joint enterprise or other joint arrangement.
- 2. Applicants state that the investment by the Investing Funds in shares of the Money Market Funds would be on the same basis as an investment by any other person. Applicants also state that the proposed transactions would be beneficial to each of the participants and that there is no basis on which to believe that any participants would benefit to a greater extent than any other. In addition, applicants state that the Investment Advisers will not receive any increased investment advisory fee under the

proposed transactions, although the Investment Advisers may enjoy certain reduced clerical costs. Further, applicants state that the proposed transactions should provide increased returns and reduced costs for the Investing Funds and their shareholders. Applicants believe that the relative advantages or disadvantages to the Money Market Funds from the proposed transactions will vary over time and are not expected to be material. Accordingly, applicants believe that the proposed transactions meet the standards for relief under section 17(d) and rule 17d-1.

Applicants' Conditions

Applicants agree that any order of the SEC granting the requested relief will be subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Shares of the Money Market Funds sold to and redeemed from the Investing Funds will not be subject to a sales load, redemption fee, distribution fee under a plan adopted in accordance with rule 12b–1 under the Act, or service fee (as defined in rule 2803(b)(9) of the National Association of Securities Dealers' Conduct Rules).
- 2. FRIMCo will waive its advisory fees for each Investing Fund in an amount that offsets the amount of the advisory fees of a Money Market Fund incurred by the Investing Fund.
- 3. Each Investing Fund will invest Uninvested Cash in, and hold shares of, the Money Market Funds only to the extent that the Investing Fund's aggregate investment in such Money Market Funds does not exceed 25% of the Investing Fund's total net assets. For purposes of this limitation, each Investing Fund or series thereof will be treated as a separate investment company.
- 4. Investment in shares of the Money Market Funds will be in accordance with each Investing Fund's respective investment restrictions, if any, and will be consistent with each Investing Fund's policies as set forth in its prospectuses and statements of additional information.
- 5. Each Investing Fund, each Money Market Fund, and any future fund that may rely on the order shall be advised by the Investment Advisers, or a person controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the Investment Advisers.
- 6. No Money Market Fund shall acquire securities of any other investment company in excess of the limits contained in section 12(d)(1)(A) of the Act.

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, pursuant to delegated authority.

Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.
[FR Doc. 97–24759 Filed 9–17–97; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 8010–01–M

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection Requests and Comment Requests

This notice lists information collection packages that will require submission to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), as well as information collection packages submitted to OMB for clearance, in compliance with Public Law 104–13 effective October 1, 1995, The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

I. The information collection(s) listed below require(s) extension(s) of the current OMB approval(s) or are proposed new collection(s):

1. Blood Donor Locator Service—0960-0501

Regulation 20 CFR 401.200 requires that requesting State agencies provide to the Social Security Administration (SSA) Blood Donor Location Service (BDLS) specific information on blood donors who have tested positive for Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). The information is used to identify the donor, locate the donor's address in SSA records and assure that States meet regulatory requirements to qualify for using the BDLS. SSA will retain no record of the request or the information after processing has been completed. The respondents are requesting State agencies acting on behalf of authorized blood facilities.

Number of Respondents: 10. Frequency of Response: 5. Average Burden Per Response: 15 minutes.

Estimated Average Burden: 13 hours.

2. Child Relationship Statement—0960-0116

The information collected on Form SSA–2519 is used to help determine children's entitlement to Social Security benefits under Section 216(h)(3) of the Social Security Act (deemed child provision). The respondents are persons providing information about the relationship between the worker and his/her alleged biological child, in connection with a child's application for benefits.

Number of Respondents: 50,000. Frequency of Response: 1.

Average Burden Per Response: 15 minutes.

Estimated Average Burden: 12,500 hours.

Written comments and recommendations regarding the information collection(s) should be sent within 60 days from the date of this publication, directly to the SSA Reports Clearance Officer at the following address: Social Security Administration, DCFAM, Attn: Nicholas E. Tagliareni, 6401 Security Blvd., 1–A–21 Operations Bldg., Baltimore, MD 21235.

In addition to your comments on the accuracy of the agency's burden estimate, we are soliciting comments on the need for the information; its practical utility; ways to enhance its quality, utility and clarity; and on ways to minimize burden on respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

II. The information collection(s) listed below have been submitted to OMB:

Waiver of Benefit Payment—0960-0533

Form SSA-149 is required to document the fact that benefits due are not being paid, because the beneficiary, (for personal reasons) has requested nonreceipt. Personal reasons can range from religious, patriotic, or political beliefs to situations where continued receipt of payment causes some adverse effect. The respondents are beneficiaries who wish to waive entitlement to benefit payments.

Number of Respondents: 100. Frequency of Response: 1. Average Burden Per Response: 2 minutes.

Estimated Annual Burden: 3 hours. Written comments and recommendations regarding the information collection(s) should be directed within 30 days to the OMB Desk Officer and SSA Reports Clearance Officer at the following addresses:

(OMB)

Office of Management and Budget, OIRA, Attn: Laura Oliven, New Executive Office Building, Room 10230, 725 17th St., NW., Washington, D.C. 20503

(SSA)

Social Security Administration, DCFAM, Attn: Nicholas E. Tagliareni, 1–A–21 Operations Bldg., 6401 Security Blvd., Baltimore, MD 21235

To receive a copy of any of the forms or clearance packages, call the SSA Reports Clearance Officer on (410) 965–4125 or write to him at the address listed above.

Date: September 11, 1997.

Nicholas E. Tagliareni,

Reports Clearance Officer, Social Security Administration.

[FR Doc. 97–24775 Filed 9–17–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4190–29–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Railroad Administration

Notice of Safety Advisory

AGENCY: Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Notice of safety advisory.

SUMMARY: FRA is issuing Safety Advisory 97–2 addressing safety practices to reduce the risk of casualties from runaway locomotives, cars, and trains caused by a failure to properly secure unattended rolling equipment left on sidings or other tracks.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dennis Yachechak, Operating Practices Specialist, Office of Safety Assurance and Compliance, FRA, 400 Seventh Street, S.W., RRS–11, Mail Stop 25, Washington, D.C. 20590 (telephone 202–632–3370), or Nancy L. Goldman, Trial Attorney, FRA, Office of Chief Counsel, FRA, 400 Seventh Street, S.W., RCC–12, Mail Stop 10, Washington, D.C. 20590 (telephone 202–632–3167).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A fatal head-on collision between a Union Pacific Railroad Company (UP) freight train and an unattended, runaway UP locomotive consist near Fort Worth, Texas, on August 20, 1997, has caused FRA to focus on the effectiveness of certain railroad procedures for protection of people and property from hazards caused by failure to properly secure locomotives, cars, and other rolling equipment left unattended on sidings or other tracks.

FRÅ and the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) are investigating the accident. In addition, FRA inspection teams are on UP's property to conduct safety assurance reviews on all aspects of the issue. The facts and findings developed in the investigations will be published when the individual investigations are complete.

In the meantime, FRA's preliminary findings indicate that the UP crew applied the hand brake on the lead locomotive of the locomotive consist and then applied the independent air brake. The crew then released the independent brake to verify that the hand brake would hold, which it appeared to do. The crew then reapplied the independent brake. Three of the four

locomotives in the locomotive consist were already shut down. The remaining locomotive was then shut down and the crew left the locomotive consist unattended. Sometime later, however, it is believed that the air brakes eventually leaked off and that the single hand brake did not, by itself, sufficiently secure the locomotive consist, enabling it to roll out of the siding eastward and onto the main track where it collided head-on with a UP freight train.

Securement Procedures

The Federal power brake regulations at 49 CFR 232.13(f) require that, "The automatic air brake must not be depended upon to hold a locomotive, cars or train, when standing on a grade, whether locomotive is attached or detached from cars or train. When required, a sufficient number of hand brakes must be applied to hold train, before air brakes are released. When ready to start, hand brakes must not be released until it is known that the air brake system is properly charged."

Based upon FRA's review of the Fort Worth incident, and its awareness of other incidents involving improper securement of rolling equipment, it appears evident that further guidance regarding securement procedures may be of assistance to our nation's railroads. This advisory may be especially beneficial to those railroads that may not be aware of current practices in the industry regarding securement of rolling equipment. Accordingly, FRA believes that the following recommended procedures for the proper securement of unattended rolling equipment can be taken to reduce the likelihood of future accidents, which each railroad can then adapt to meet its own individual circumstances.

Recommended Action

FRA believes that the likelihood of further accidents, such as the one that occurred on the UP on August 20, 1997, would be greatly reduced by the inclusion of certain additional measures into railroads' procedures for securement of unattended locomotives, cars, and trains left on sidings or other tracks. Therefore, FRA recommends that each railroad adopt and implement its own procedures incorporating the following actions, or equally effective measures, with respect to a locomotive, car, or train that is left unattended:

1. Consistent with the railroad's rules and procedures, place each locomotive, car, or train on a track that is protected by a permanent derail or apply a portable derail, if available.

2. On cars: (a) Apply the appropriate number of handbrakes; to assist