

cables, copper wire, power cords, optical fiber, casters, cases, labels, and packaging materials (1997 duty range: Free—9.2%). Some 30 percent of the finished products are exported.

Zone procedures would exempt ZSL from Customs duty payments on foreign components used in export production. On its domestic sales, ZSL would be able to choose the lower duty rate that applies to the finished products (free—6.6%) for the foreign components noted above. The application indicates that the savings from zone procedures would help improve the facility's international competitiveness.

In accordance with the Board's regulations, a member of the FTZ Staff has been designated examiner to investigate the application and report to the Board.

Public comment on the application is invited from interested parties. Submissions (original and three copies) shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary at the address below. The closing period for their receipt is October 27, 1997. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period (to November 10, 1997).

A copy of the application and the accompanying exhibits will be available for public inspection at the following location: Office of the Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board, U.S. Department of Commerce, Room 3716, 14th & Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230.

Dated: August 20, 1997.

John J. Da Ponte, Jr.,
Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 97-22821 Filed 8-26-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Docket 73-96]

Withdrawal of Application; Foreign-Trade Zone 198—Volusia County, Florida; Request for Manufacturing Authority, Capo, Inc. (Sunglasses/Reading Glasses)

Notice is hereby given of the withdrawal of the application submitted by the County of Volusia, Florida, grantee of FTZ 198, requesting authority on behalf of Capo, Inc., to manufacture sunglasses/reading glasses (HTS #9004.10) under FTZ procedures. The application was formally filed on October 9, 1996 (61 FR 54765, 10/22/96).

The withdrawal was requested by the applicant because of changed circumstances, and the case has been closed without prejudice.

Dated: August 20, 1997.

John J. Da Ponte, Jr.,
Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 97-22820 Filed 8-26-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 915]

Grant of Authority for Subzone Status; Fujitsu Ten Corp. of America; (Automotive Audio Products, Electronic Components) Rushville, Indiana

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, by an Act of Congress approved June 18, 1934, an Act "To provide for the establishment * * * of foreign-trade zones in ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and encourage foreign commerce, and for other purposes," as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u) (the FTZ Act), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) is authorized to grant to qualified corporations the privilege of establishing foreign-trade zones in or adjacent to U.S. Customs ports of entry;

Whereas, the Board's regulations (15 CFR Part 400) provide for the establishment of special-purpose subzones when existing zone facilities cannot serve the specific use involved;

Whereas, an application from the Indianapolis Airport Authority, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 72, for authority to establish special-purpose subzone status for the automotive audio products and electronic components manufacturing plant of Fujitsu Ten Corp. of America, in Rushville, Indiana, was filed by the Board on August 19, 1996, and notice inviting public comment was given in the **Federal Register** (FTZ Docket 64-96, 61 FR 45399, 8-29-96); and,

Whereas, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and Board's regulations are satisfied, and that approval of the application is in the public interest;

Now, therefore, the Board hereby grants authority for subzone status at the Fujitsu Ten Corp. of America plant in

Rushville, Indiana (Subzone 72M), at the location described in the application, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including \$400.28.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 20th day of August 1997.

Robert S. LaRussa,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

[FR Doc. 97-22819 Filed 8-26-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-506]

Porcelain-on-Steel Cooking Ware From the People's Republic of China: Initiation of Changed Circumstances Antidumping Duty Administrative Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of initiation of changed circumstances Antidumping Duty Administrative Review.

SUMMARY: In response to a request from Clover Enamelware Enterprises Ltd. (Clover) and Lucky Enamelware Factory Ltd. (Lucky), the Department of Commerce (the Department) is initiating a changed circumstances administrative review of the antidumping duty order on porcelain-on-steel (POS) cooking ware from the People's Republic of China (PRC) to determine whether to revoke the order, in part, with respect to tea kettles. Clover and Lucky (Clover/Lucky) assert that the sole U.S. producer of POS cooking ware, General Housewares Corporation (GHC), affirmatively stated in its request for a changed circumstances review of the antidumping order on POS cooking ware from Taiwan that it no longer manufactures POS tea kettles and thus has no interest in the importation or sale of POS tea kettles. See Porcelain-on-Steel Cooking Ware from Taiwan: Final Results of Changed Circumstances Antidumping Administrative Review, and Revocation in Part of Antidumping Duty Order 62 FR 10024 (March 5, 1997) (Taiwan: Final Results of Changed Circumstances Review). According to Clover/Lucky, GHC's statements in the Taiwan case should be the basis for revoking, in part, the PRC order on POS cooking ware, with respect to tea kettles.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 27, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Suzanne King or Lorenza Olivas, Office

of CVD/AD Enforcement VI, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482-2786.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

The Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (the Act). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the regulations as set forth at 19 CFR 353.1, *et seq.*, as amended by the interim regulations published in the **Federal Register** on May 11, 1995 (60 FR 25130), which were applicable on May 30, 1997, the date of Clover/Lucky's request for a changed circumstances administrative review of the antidumping duty order on POS cooking ware from the PRC.

Background

On May 30, 1997, Clover/Lucky requested that the Department conduct a changed circumstances administrative review to determine pursuant to 19 CFR 353.25(d) whether to revoke, in part, the antidumping duty order on POS cooking ware from the PRC with regard to tea kettles. The basis for this request is that GHC, the sole U.S. producer of POS cooking ware, affirmatively stated in its request for a changed circumstances review of the antidumping order on POS cooking ware from Taiwan that it no longer manufactures POS tea kettles and thus has no interest in the importation or sale of POS tea kettles. Based on GHC's affirmative statement of no interest, with respect to tea kettles, submitted in the proceeding on the antidumping duty order on POS cooking ware from Taiwan, the Department revoked the antidumping order on POS cooking ware from Taiwan, in part, with respect to tea kettles. See Taiwan: Final Results of Changed Circumstances Review. Clover/Lucky assert that GHC's broad statements in the Taiwan case should be the basis for revoking, in part, the order with respect to tea kettles in the PRC case.

On May 30, 1997, Clover/Lucky also requested that the Department publish concurrently its notice of initiation and preliminary results of changed circumstances review, pursuant to 19 CFR 353.25(d)(2). Clover/Lucky assert that GHC's affirmative statement of no interest in the importation or sale of

POS tea kettles submitted by it in the Taiwan case should be considered a statement of no interest in the importation or sale of POS cooking ware from the PRC. Thus, Clover/Lucky argue that expedited treatment of their request for a changed circumstances review of the PRC antidumping duty order is warranted.

Scope of Review

The products covered by this antidumping order are POS cooking ware, including tea kettles, which do not have self-contained electric heating elements. All of the foregoing are constructed of steel and are enameled or glazed with vitreous glasses. Kitchenware is not subject to this order. See Antidumping Duty Order: Porcelain-on-Steel Cooking Ware from the People's Republic of China, 51 FR 43414 (December 2, 1986).

The products covered by this changed circumstances review are tea kettles from the PRC. Imports of tea kettles are currently classifiable under the harmonized tariff schedule (HTS) subheading 7323.94.00.10. The HTS subheading is provided for convenience and U.S. Customs purposes. Our written description of the scope of this proceeding is dispositive. The order with regard to imports of other POS cooking ware is not affected by this request.

Initiation of Changed Circumstances Antidumping Duty Administrative Review

Pursuant to section 751(d) of the Act, the Department may partially revoke an antidumping duty order based on a review under section 751(b) of the Act. Pursuant to section 751(b) of the Act, the Department will conduct a changed circumstances administrative review upon receipt of information concerning, or a request from an interested party for a review of, an antidumping duty order which shows changed circumstances sufficient to warrant a review of the order. See section 751(b)(1) of the Act.

The Department's regulations at 19 CFR 353.25(d)(2) permit the Department to conduct a changed circumstances administrative review under section 353.22(f) based upon the existence of changed circumstances sufficient to warrant a review. Section 782(h) of the Act and 19 CFR 353.25(d)(1) further provide that the Department may revoke an order, or revoke an order, in part, if it determines that changed circumstances sufficient to warrant revocation of the order, or part of the order, exist. In addition, in the event the Department determines expedited action is warranted, section 353.22(f)(4)

of the regulations permits the Department to combine the notices of initiation and preliminary results.

Therefore, in accordance with section 751(b)(1) and 751(d) of the Act and 19 CFR 353.25(d) and 353.22(f)(1)(i), we are initiating a changed circumstances administrative review based upon the information contained in Clover/Lucky's May 30, 1997 request for this review. The Department concludes that it would be inappropriate to expedite this action pursuant to 19 CFR 353.25(f)(4) by issuing a preliminary determination prior to conducting an investigation in the instant case because the orders on POS cooking ware from Taiwan and the PRC are separate and distinct. As such, a decision on one order cannot automatically be assumed to be applicable to another order involving a different country. Therefore, the Department is not issuing preliminary results of its changed circumstances antidumping duty administrative review at this time.

The Department will publish in the **Federal Register** a notice of preliminary results of changed circumstances antidumping duty administrative review, in accordance with 19 CFR 353.22(f)(1)(v), which will set forth the factual and legal conclusions upon which our preliminary results are based. The Department will also issue final results of review, and will publish these results in the **Federal Register**. All written comments must be submitted in accordance with 19 CFR 353.31(e) and must be served on all interested parties on the Department's service list in accordance with 19 CFR 353.31(g).

If final revocation, in part, occurs, we will instruct the U.S. Customs Service to end the suspension of liquidation and to refund, with interest, any estimated antidumping duties collected for all unliquidated entries of tea kettles that are not subject to a final results of administrative review. The current requirement for a cash deposit of estimated antidumping duties on all subject merchandise, including tea kettles, will continue unless and until it is modified pursuant to the final results of this changed circumstances review.

This notice is in accordance with sections 751(b)(1) and (d) of the Act and section 353.22(f)(1)(i) of the Department's regulations.

Dated: August 20, 1997.

Jeffrey P. Bialos,

Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 97-22817 Filed 8-26-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P