

**DEPARTMENT OF LABOR****Employment and Training  
Administration**

[TA-W-33,643]

**Wyeth-Ayerst Laboratories, Inc.,  
Mason, Michigan; Notice of  
Termination of Investigation**

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on July 7, 1997 in response to a worker petition which was filed on behalf of workers at Wyeth-Ayerst Laboratories, Inc., Mason, Michigan.

A negative determination applicable to the petitioning group of workers was issued on August 26, 1996 (TA-W-32,484). No new information is evident which would result in a reversal of the Department's previous determination. Consequently further investigation in this case would serve no purpose; and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC this 7th day of July, 1997.

**Curtis K. Kooser,**

*Acting Program Manager, Policy and  
Reemployment Services, Office of Trade  
Adjustment Assistance.*

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Henrietta, North Carolina. Workers of the Florence Plant, Forest City, North Carolina facility were inadvertently omitted from the certification. Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to correctly identify the plants and cites to read Haynes Plant, Henrietta, North Carolina and Florence Plant, Forest City, North Carolina.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Cone Mills Corporation adversely affected by imports from Mexico.

The amended notice applicable to NAFTA-01631 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Cone Mills Corporation, Haynes Plant, Henrietta, North Carolina (NAFTA-01631) and Florence Plant, Forest City, North Carolina (NAFTA-01631A) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after April 8, 1996 are eligible to apply for NAFTA-TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 27th day of June 1997.

**Russell T. Kile,**

*Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment  
Services, Office of Trade Adjustment  
Assistance.*

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articles produced by the firm or appropriate subdivision have contributed importantly to the separations, or threat thereof, and to the absolute decline in sales or production.

**Negative Determinations for Worker  
Adjustment Assistance**

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criterion (3) has not been met. A survey of customers indicated that increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separation at the firm.

TA-W-33,421; *Exide Corp., Frankfort,  
IN*

TA-W-33,570; *Butterick Co., Altoona,  
PA*

TA-W-33,497; *Big River Luggage Co.,  
Inc., Corpus Christi, TX*

TA-W-33,516; *Brown & Bigelow, Inc.,  
Hoyle Products, East Saint Paul,  
MN*

TA-E-33,423; *Mid-Coast Marine, Coos  
Bay, OR*

TA-W-33,515; *ICI Explosives,  
Aerospace and Automotive  
Products, Tamaqua, PA*

TA-W-33,535; *General Pneumatics  
Corp, Orange, NJ*

TA-W-33,117; *Halliburton Energy  
Service, Logging & Perforating  
Product Service Line, Homer, PA*

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility have not been met for the reasons specified.

TA-W-33,563; *Corona USA Corp., Fort  
Lee, NJ*

TA-W-33,180; *N.L.C., Inc., Trout Creek,  
MT*

The workers firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

TA-W-33,456; *DMC Apparel, Knoxville,  
TN*

TA-W-33,444; *The Genlyte Group, Inc.,  
E-Lite Div., Cameron, WV*

Separations at the subject firm were due to a corporate decision to consolidate operations and move production to another domestic facility.

TA-W-33,416; *Shape, Inc., Kennebunk,  
ME*

TA-W-33,289; *CDR Ridgway, Ridgway,  
PA*

The investigation revealed that criteria (2) has not been met. Sales or production did not decline during the relevant period as required for certification.

TA-W-33,422; *Rema Bakeware, Salena,  
KA*

TA-W-33,384; *LFI North America, A/K/  
A Language for Industry, Inc.,  
Beachwood, OH*

TA-W-33,585; *Utica Corp. Whitesboro,  
NY*

**DEPARTMENT OF LABOR****Employment and Training  
Administration**

[NAFTA-01631, NAFTA-01631A]

**Cone Mills Corp., Haynes Plant,  
Henrietta, North Carolina and Cone  
Mills Corp., Florence Plant, Forest City,  
North Carolina; Amended Certification  
Regarding Eligibility To Apply for  
NAFTA Transitional Adjustment  
Assistance**

In accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2273), the Department of Labor issued a Certification for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance on June 17, 1997, applicable to all workers of Cone Mills Corporation, Haynes Florence Plant, Henrietta, North Carolina. The notice will soon be published in the **Federal Register**.

At the request of the State Agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New findings show that the Department incorrectly identified the subject firm plants and locations. The investigation conducted for the subject firm was conducted on behalf of the workers and the Haynes Florence Plant located in

**DEPARTMENT OF LABOR****Employment and Training  
Administration****Notice of Determination Regarding  
Eligibility to Apply for Worker  
Adjustment Assistance and NAFTA  
Transitional Adjustment Assistance**

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for workers (TA-W) issued during the period of June and July, 1997.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance to be issued, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222 of the Act must be met.

(1) That a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or in appropriate subdivision thereof, have become totally or partially separated,

(2) That sales or production, or both, of the firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely, and

(3) That increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with

TA-W-33,529; Norton McNaughton, Inc., New York, NY  
 TA-W-33,538; American Magnetics Corp., Carson, CA

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA-W-33,553; Thomas & Betts, LRC Electronics, Horseheads, NY

The investigation revealed that criteria (1) has not been met. A significant number or proportion of the workers did not become totally or partially separated as required for certification.

TA-W-33,430; Bijur Lubricating Corp., A subsidiary of Visper Corp., Bennington, VT

The investigation revealed that criteria (2) and criteria (3) have not been met. Sales or production did not decline during the relevant period as required for certification. Increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by the firm or appropriate subdivision have not contributed importantly to the separations or threat thereof, and the absolute decline in sales or production.

#### Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued; the date following the company name & location for each determination references the impact date for all workers for such determination.

TA-W-33,467; International Wire Group, Rolling Prairie, IN: April 15, 1996.

TA-W-33,502; Power Guard, A Division of Antec, Opelika, AL: April 27, 1996.

TA-W-33,540; Medarville Garment Factory, Div. of Universall Overall Co., Medarville, IN: May 8, 1996.

TA-W-33,509; Church Dwight Co., Inc., Syracuse, NY: May 15, 1996.

TA-W-33,560; Zenith Goldline Pharmaceuticals, Ft. Lauderdale, FL: May 27, 1996.

TA-W-33,544; Trinity Industries, Inc., Plant #102—Railcar Div., Greenville, PA: May 20, 1996.

TA-W-33,466; C-Cor Electronics, Inc., Reedsville, PA: April 15, 1996.

TA-W-33,489; Frigidaire Co., Athens, TN: May 6, 1996.

TA-W-33,507; Guardian Industries Corp., Falconer, NY: May 6, 1996.

TA-W-33,486; Item Limited A.K.A. Melanzona & Impasse Limited, New York, NY: May 7, 1996.

TA-W-33,543; Greater Texas Finishing Corp., El Paso, TX: May 20, 1996.

TA-W-33,334; LAN Technologies, Inc., Pueblo CO: March 5, 1996.

TA-W-33,559; Dunbrooke, Div. of American Marketing Industries, Inc., Mt. Vernon, MO: May 22, 1996.

TA-W-33,521; Boise Cascade Corp., Timber and Wood Products Div., Yakima, WA: May 14, 1996.

TA-W-33,557 & A; Knapp Shoes, Brockton, MA and Holbrook, MA: May 14, 1996.

TA-W-33,524; Standard Industries, Inc., San Antonio, TX: May 12, 1996.

TA-W-33,411; J.R. Simplot Co., Food Group, Caldwell, ID: March 24, 1996.

TA-W-33,425; Anchor Bay Corp., Denver, CO: April 17, 1996.

TA-W-33,477; Cone Mills Corp., Haynes Florence Plant, Henrietta, NC: April 8, 1996.

TA-W-33,534; Milaca Mills, Inc., Milaca, MN: May 17, 1996.

TA-W-33,396; Alofs Manufacturing Co., Grand Rapids, MI: March 25, 1996.

TA-W-33,399; Tri-Con Industries, Ltd., Columbia, MO: March 27, 1996.

TA-W-33,492; K-D Industries, Inc., Div. of Lees Manufacturing Co., Inc., Blountsville, AL: May 2, 1996.

TA-W-33,366; Lacy Diversified Industries, Jessup Door Co. Div., Dowagiac, MI: February 22, 1996.

TA-W-33,579; AMP, Inc., Advanced Cable Systems Div., Middletown, PA: June 6, 1996.

TA-W-33,545; CNI, Inc., Port Huron, MI: May 21, 1996.

TA-W-33,564; Hudson Valley Tree A/K/A Noma International of Canada, Newburg, NY: May 5, 1996.

Also, pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (Pub. L. 103-182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance hereinafter called (NAFTA-TAA) and in accordance with Section 250(a) Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act as amended, the Department of Labor presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for NAFTA-TAA issued during the month of June and July, 1997.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for NAFTA-TAA the following group eligibility requirements of Section 250 of the Trade Act must be met:

(1) That a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, (including workers in any agricultural firm or appropriate subdivision thereof) have become totally or partially separated from employment and either—

(2) That sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely,

(3) That imports from Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such firm or subdivision have increased, and that the increases in imports contributed importantly to such workers' separations or threat of separation and to the decline in sales or production of such firm or subdivision; or

(4) That there has been a shift in production by such workers' firm or subdivision to Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced by the firm or subdivision.

#### Negative Determinations NAFTA-TAA

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criteria (3) and (4) were not met. Imports from Canada or Mexico did not contribute importantly to workers' separations. There was no shift in production from the subject firm to Canada or Mexico during the relevant period.

NAFTA-TAA-01670; Anvil Knitwear, Inc., Aynor, SC

NAFTA-TAA-01545; Owens-Illinois Closure, Inc., Erie, PA

NAFTA-TAA-01619; Alofs Manufacturing Co., Grand Rapids, MI

NAFTA-TAA-01642; The Genlyte Group, Inc., E-Lite Div., Cameron, WV

NAFTA-TAA-01647; Big River Luggage Co., Inc., Corpus Christi, TX

NAFTA-TAA-01728; Flowers Industries, Inc., Aunt Fannys Bakery of PA., Inc., North East, PA

NAFTA-TAA-01694; ICI Explosives, Aerospace and Automotive Products, Tamaqua, PA

NAFTA-TAA-01682; Butterick Co., Altoona, PA

NAFTA-TAA-01657; Johnstown America Corp., Johnstown, PA

NAFTA-TAA-01677; Suckle Corp., Scranton, PA

NAFTA-TAA-01636; Unocal Corp., 76 Products Co. Headquartered in Costa Mesa, CA and Operating at Various Locations in the State of CA

NAFTA-TAA-01430; Halliburton Energy Services, Logging and Perforating Product Service Line, Homer City, PA

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility have not been met for the reasons specified.

NAFTA-TAA-01613; Rip Curl, d/b/a Lowers, Inc., Oceanside, CA

Worker separations at the subject firm occurred prior to March 25, 1996, the date of earliest certification under legislation.

NAFTA-TAA-01672; *Thomas & Betts, LRC Electronics, Horseheads, NY*

A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm or an appropriate subdivision have not become totally or partially separated from employment.

#### **Affirmative Determinations NAFTA-TAA**

The following certifications have been issued; the date following the company name and location for each determination references the impact date for all workers for such determination.

NAFTA-TAA-01603; *J.R. Simplot Co., Food Group, Caldwell, ID: March 24, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01662; *Springlift Corp., Div. of Attwood Corp., Monticello, AR: May 12, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01680; *Holland Atlantic Hitch Co., Denmark, SC: May 28, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01652; *Guardian Industries Corp., Falconer, NY: May 2, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01598; *Tri-Con Industries, Ltd, Columbia, MO: March 27, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01631; *Cone Mills Corp., Haynes Florence Plant, Henrietta, NC: April 8, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01665; *American Magnetics Corp., Carson, CA: May 16, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01666; *Frigidaire Co., Athens, TN: May 6, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01650; *C-Cor Electronics, Inc., Reedsville, PA: April 30, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01691; *AMP, Inc., Advanced Cable Systems Div., Middletown, PA: June 6, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01654; *Standard Industries, Inc., San Antonio, TX: May 12, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01658; *Sandvik Rock Tools, Inc., Houston, TX: May 15, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01668; *Greater Texas Finishing Corp., El Paso, TX: May 20, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01608; *United Technologies Automotive, Inc., Zanesville, OH: March 25, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01681; *Medarville Garment Factory, Div. of Universal Overall Co., Medarville, IN: May 8, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01700; *International Wire Group, Rolling Prairie, IN: June 4, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01671; *Trinity Industries, Inc., Plant #102—Railcar Div., Greenville, PA: May 20, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01739; *ABL Engineering, Inc., Mentor, OH: May 9, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01776; *Littlestown Mfg Co., Strouse-Baer Div., Littlestown, PA: June 16, 1996.*

NAFTA-TAA-01701; *C and H Apparel, Milan, TN: June 10, 1996.*

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the month of June and July, 1997. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C-4318, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons who write to the above address.

Dated: July 10, 1997.

**Curtis K. Kooser,**

*Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.*

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## **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

### **Employment Standards Administration**

#### **Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions**

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR Part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in

accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedes decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the **Federal Register**, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR Part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits, notice of which is published herein, and which are contained in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts," shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

Any person, organization, or governmental agency having an interest in the rates determined as prevailing is encouraged to submit wage rate and fringe benefit information for consideration by the department. Further information and self-explanatory forms for the purpose of submitting this data may be obtained by writing to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division, Division of Wage Determinations, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room S-3014, Washington, D.C. 20210.

#### **Modifications to General Wage Determination Decisions**

The number of decisions listed in the Government Printing Office document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts" being modified are listed