significantly adversely affected a historic property to which the grant would relate, or having the legal power to prevent it, allowed such significant adverse effect to occur, unless the agency, after consultation with the Council, determines that circumstances justify granting such assistance despite the adverse effect created or permitted by the applicant [Standard 4].

(l) With respect to any undertaking subject to section 106 which adversely affects any property included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register, and for which a Federal agency has not entered into an agreement with the Council, the head of such agency shall document any decision made pursuant to section 106. The head of such agency may not delegate his or her responsibilities pursuant to such section. Where a section 106 memorandum of agreement has been executed with respect to an undertaking, such memorandum shall govern the undertaking and all of its parts [Standard 4].

Appendix B

Purposes of the National Historic Preservation Act

Section 110(d) of the National Historic Preservation Act (the Act) calls on all Federal agencies, consistent with their mission and mandates, to carry out their activities in accordance with the purposes of the Act and to consider programs and projects that will further the purposes of the Act. The purposes of the Act are set forth in sections 1 and 2 of the Act. These sections are directly germane to all Federal preservation programs:

1(b)(2): The historical and cultural foundations of the Nation should be preserved as a living part of our community life and development in order to give a sense of orientation to the American people;

1(b)(4): The preservation of this irreplaceable heritage is in the public interest so that its vital legacy of cultural, educational, aesthetic, inspirational, economic, and energy benefits will be maintained and enriched for future generations of Americans;

1(b)(6): The increased knowledge of our historic resources, the establishment of better means of identifying and administering them, and the encouragement of their preservation will improve the planning and execution of federal and federally assisted projects and will assist economic growth and development, and

1(b)(7): Although the major burdens of historic preservation have been borne

and major efforts initiated by private agencies and individuals, and both should continue to play a vital role, it is nevertheless necessary and appropriate for the Federal Government to accelerate its historic preservation programs and activities, to give maximum encouragement to agencies and individuals undertaking preservation by private means, and to assist State and local governments and the National Trust for Historic Preservation in the United States to expand and accelerate their historic preservation programs and activities.

Section 2: It shall be the policy of the Federal Government, in cooperation with other nations and in partnership with the States, local governments, Indian tribes, and private organizations and individuals to—

- (1) Use measures, including financial and technical assistance, to foster conditions under which our modern society and our prehistoric and historic resources can exist in productive harmony and fulfill the social, economic, and other requirements of present and future generations;
- (2) Provide leadership in the preservation of the prehistoric and historic resources of the United States and of the international community of nations and in the administration of the national preservation program in partnership with the States, Indian tribes, Native Hawaiians, and local governments;
- (3) Administer federally owned, administered, or controlled prehistoric and historic resources in a spirit of stewardship for the inspiration and benefit of present and future generations;
- (4) Contribute to the preservation of nonfederally owned prehistoric and historic resources and give maximum encouragement to organizations and individuals undertaking preservation by private means;
- (5) Encourage the public and private preservation and utilization of all usable elements of the Nation's historic built environment; and
- (6) Assist State and local governments, Indian tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations and the National Trust for Historic Preservation in the United States to expand and accelerate their historic preservation programs and activities.

[FR Doc. 97–15939 Filed 6–17–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–70–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 731-TA-748 (Final)]

Engineered Process Gas Turbo- Compressor Systems From Japan

Determination

On the basis of the record 1 developed in the subject investigation, the United States International Trade Commission determines,² pursuant to section 735(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1673d(b)) (the Act), that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports from Japan of engineered process gas turbocompressor systems, whether assembled or unassembled, and whether complete or incomplete, that have been found by the Department of Commerce to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV). The subject imports are provided for in subheadings 8414.80.20, 8414.90.40, 8419.60.50, 8406.81.10, 8406.82.10, 8406.90.20 through 8406.90.45, 8483.40.50, 8501.53.40, 8501.53.60, 8501.53.80, and 9032.89.60 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States.

Background

The Commission instituted this investigation effective May 8, 1996, following receipt of a petition filed with the Commission and the Department of Commerce by Dresser-Rand Company, Corning, NY. The final phase of the investigation was scheduled by the Commission following notification of a preliminary determination by the Department of Commerce that imports of engineered process gas turbocompressor systems, whether assembled or unassembled, and whether complete or incomplete, from Japan were being sold at LTFV within the meaning of section 733(b) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1673b(b)). Notice of the scheduling of the Commission's investigation and of a public hearing to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the **Federal** Register of December 26, 1996 (61 FR 68053). The hearing was held in Washington, DC, on April 24, 1997, and all persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to appear in person or by counsel. The Commission transmitted its determination in this investigation to the Secretary of

¹ The record is defined in sec. 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.2(f)).

² Commissioner Crawford dissenting.

Commerce on June 9, 1997. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 3042 (June 1997), entitled "Engineered Process Gas Turbo-Compressors From Japan: Investigation No. 731–TA–748 (Final)."

Issued: June 9, 1997.

By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 97–15998 Filed 6–17–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

United States Parole Commission

Sunshine Act Meeting

Public Announcement

Pursuant to the Government in the Sunshine Act (Public Law 94–409) (15 U.S.C. Section 552b)

AGENCY HOLDING MEETING: Department of Justice; United States Parole Commission.

TIME AND DATE: 1:30 p.m., Tuesday, June 17, 1997.

PLACE: 5550 Friendship Boulevard, Suite 400, Chevy Chase, Maryland 20815.

STATUS: Open.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED: The following matters have been placed on the agenda for the open Parole Commission meeting:

- 1. Approval of minutes of previous Commission meeting.
- 2. Reports from the Chairman, Commissioners, Legal, Chief of Staff, Case Operations, and Administrative Sections.
- 3. Approval of Revised Rules and Procedures Manual.
- 4. Approval of Changes to the Rules and Procedures Manual.
- 5. Approval of Proposed Revisions to Regulations regarding the Freedom of Information Act.

AGENCY CONTACT: Tom Kowalski, Case Operations, United States Parole Commission, (301) 492–5962.

Dated: June 13, 1997.

Michael A. Stover,

General Counsel, U.S. Parole Commission. [FR Doc. 97–16068 Filed 6–16–97; 11:03 am] BILLING CODE 4410–01–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of the Secretary

Submission for OMB Review; Comment request

June 12, 1997.

The Department of Labor (DOL) has submitted the following public information collection requests (ICRs) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). A copy of each individual ICR, with applicable supporting documentation may be obtained by calling the Department of Labor, Departmental Clearance Officer, Theresa M. O'Malley ((202) 219–5096 ext. 143) or by E-Mail to TOMalley@dol. gov. Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TTY/TDD) may call (202) 219-4720) between 1:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m. Eastern time, Monday through Friday.

Comments should be sent to Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attn: OMB Desk Officer for BLS, DM, ESA, ETA, MSHA, OSHA, PWBA, or VETS, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503 (202) 395–7316, within 30 days from the date of this publication in the **Federal Register.**

The OMB is particularly interested in comments which:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected: and
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Âgency: Employment and Training Administration.

Title: Worker Adjustment Annual Substate Area Report.

OMB Number: 1205–0346 (reinstatement, without change). Frequency: Annually.

Affected Public: State, Local or Tribal Government.

Number of Respondents: 52. Estimated Time Per Respondent: 1 hour.

Total Burden Hours: 52.

Total Annualized capital/startup costs: 0.

Total annual costs (operating/maintaining systems or purchasing services): 0.

Description: This information will be used to assess formula programs under Title III of the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA), as amended. Participant and financial data will be used to monitor program performance, and to prepare reports and budget requests.

Agency: Employment and Training Administration.

Title: Weekly Claims and Extended Benefits Data; Weekly Initial and Continued Claims Report.

OMB Number: 1205–0028 (revision). *Frequency:* Weekly.

Affected Public: States. Number of Respondents: 53.

Estimated Time Per Respondent: ETA 538=30 minutes, ETA 529=50 minutes.

Total Burden Hours: 3,675. Total Annualized capital/startup

Total annual costs (operating/maintaining systems or purchasing services): 0.

Description: The Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 and amendments provide for extended benefits to be paid to claimants exhausting regulator benefits in a State if that State has certain levels of insured unemployment as measured by a thirteen week moving average of the insured unemployment rate. the ETA 538 and 539 reports are the vehicles States use to report weekly insured unemployment and other information necessary to calculate the trigger rate.

Theresa M. O'Malley,

Departmental Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 97–15941 Filed 6–17–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

Availability of 1998 Competitive Grant Funds

AGENCY: Legal Services Corporation. **ACTION:** Correction.

SUMMARY: In notices published on April 24, 1997 (62 FR 20038) and May 16, 1997 (62 FR 27071), the Legal Services Corporation announced the availability of competitive grant funds to solicit grant proposals from interested parties who are qualified to provide effective, efficient and high quality civil legal