

enjoyment of present and future generations.

Dated: May 15, 1997.

Judy L. Jones,

Acting Regional Director.

[FR Doc. 97-13555 Filed 5-21-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-55-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[(NM-930-1310-01); (NMNM 13277)]

New Mexico: Proposed Reinstatement of Terminated Oil and Gas Lease

Under the provisions of Public Law 97-451, a petition for reinstatement of oil and gas lease NMNM 13277 for lands in Lea County, New Mexico, was timely filed and was accompanied by all required rentals and royalties accruing from March 1, 1996, the date of termination.

No valid lease has been issued affecting the lands. The lessee has agreed to new lease terms for rentals and royalties at rates of \$20.00 per acre or fraction thereof and 22 $\frac{2}{3}$ percent, respectively. The lessee has paid the required \$500 administrative fee and has reimbursed the Bureau of Land Management for the cost of this **Federal Register** notice.

The Lessee has met all the requirements for reinstatement of the lease as set out in sections 31 (d) and (e) of the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 (30 U.S.C. 188), and the Bureau of Land Management is proposing to reinstate the lease effective March 1, 1996, subject to the original terms and conditions of the lease and the increased rental and royalty rates cited above.

For further information contact:
 Lourdes B. Ortiz, BLM, New Mexico State Office, (505) 438-7586.

Dated: May 15, 1997.

Lourdes B. Ortiz,

Land Law Examiner.

[FR Doc. 97-13488 Filed 5-21-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-FB-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[NM-932-1310-01; OKNM 89758]

Notice of Proposed Reinstatement of Terminated Oil and Gas Lease; New Mexico

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Under the provisions of Public Law 97-451, a petition for reinstatement of Oil and Gas Lease OKNM 89758, Roger Mills County, Oklahoma, was timely filed and was accompanied by all required rentals and royalties accruing from November 1, 1996, the date of termination. No valid lease has been issued affecting the land. The lessee has agreed to new lease terms for rentals and royalties at rates of \$10.00 per acre, or fraction thereof, and 16 $\frac{2}{3}$ percent, respectively. The lessee has paid the required \$500.00 administrative fee and has reimbursed the Bureau of Land Management for the cost of this **Federal Register** notice.

The lessee has met all the requirements for reinstatement of the lease as set in Section 31 (d) and (e) of the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920, as amended (30 U.S.C. 188), and the Bureau of Land Management is proposing to reinstate the lease effective November 1, 1996, subject to the original terms and conditions of the lease and the increased rental and royalty rates cited above.

For further information contact:
 Angela Trujillo, BLM, New Mexico State Office, (505) 438-7592.

Dated: May 14, 1997.

Angela Trujillo,

Land Law Examiner, Fluids Adjudication Team.

[FR Doc. 97-13495 Filed 5-21-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-FB-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[ID-957-1150-00]

Idaho: Filing of Plats of Survey; Idaho

The plat of the following described land was officially filed in the Idaho State Office, Bureau of Land Management, Boise, Idaho, effective 9:00 a.m. May 12, 1997.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey of a portion of the South boundary, T. 7 N., R. 3 W. and of portions of the West boundary, of the subdivisional lines, and the subdivision of certain sections, and the survey of lot 10 in section 5, T. 6 N., R. 3 W., Boise Meridian, Idaho, Group 938, was accepted, May 12, 1997.

This survey was executed to meet certain administrative needs of the Bureau of Land Management. All inquiries concerning the survey of the above described land must be sent to the Chief, Cadastral Survey, Idaho State Office, Bureau of Land Management, 1387 South Vinnell Way, Boise, Idaho, 83709-1657.

Dated: May 12, 1997.

Duane E. Olsen,

Chief Cadastral Surveyor for Idaho.

[FR Doc. 97-13388 Filed 5-21-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-GG-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[ES-020-1430-01; FL-ES-048122]

Notice of Proposed Withdrawal and Opportunity for Public Meeting; Florida

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Land Management proposes to withdraw 54.33 acres of public land in Palm Beach County to protect special status species, including endangered species, as well as sensitive habitats on the Jupiter Inlet tract. This notice closes the land for up to 2 years from surface entry and mining. The land is within an incorporated city and remains closed to mineral leasing.

DATES: Comments and requests for a public meeting must be received by August 20, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Comments and meeting requests should be sent to the Jackson District Office, BLM, 411 Briarwood Drive, Suite 404, Jackson, Mississippi 39206.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
 Mary Weaver, Jackson District Office, 601-977-5400.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On February 7, 1997, a petition was approved allowing the Bureau of Land Management to file an application to withdraw the following described public land from settlement, sale, location, or entry under the general land laws, including the mining laws, subject to valid existing rights:

Tallahassee Meridian

*T. 40 S., R. 43 E.,
 Sec. 31, lot 15.*

The area described contains 54.33 acres in Palm Beach County.

The purpose of the proposed withdrawal is to protect special status species including endangered species, as well as sensitive habitats within the Jupiter Inlet Area of Critical Environmental Concern. For a period of 90 days from the date of publication of this notice, all persons who wish to submit comments, suggestions, or objections in connection with the proposed withdrawal may present their views in writing to the District Manager

of the Bureau of Land Management, Jackson District Office.

Notice is hereby given that an opportunity for a public meeting is afforded in connection with the proposed withdrawal. All interested persons who desire a public meeting for the purpose of being heard on the proposed withdrawal must submit a written request to the Jackson District Manager within 90 days from the date of publication of this notice. Upon determination by the authorized officer that a public meeting will be held, a notice of the time and place will be published in the **Federal Register** at least 30 days before the scheduled date of the meeting. The application will be processed in accordance with the regulations set forth in 43 CFR 2300. For a period of 2 years from the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, the land will be segregated as specified above unless the application is denied or canceled or the withdrawal is approved prior to that date. The temporary uses which may be permitted during this segregative period will include leases, rights-of-way, permits.

Carson W. Culp, Jr.,

State Director.

[FR Doc. 97-13496 Filed 5-21-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-GJ-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects From Wisconsin in the Possession of the Neville Public Museum of Brown County, Green Bay, WI

AGENCY: National Park Service

ACTION: Notice

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003 (d), of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects from Wisconsin in the possession of the Neville Public Museum of Brown County, Green Bay, WI.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Neville Public Museum professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Ho-Chunk Nation of Wisconsin, the Iowa Tribe of Kansas, the Iowa Tribe of Oklahoma, and the Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska.

In 1940, human remains representing seven individuals were recovered from Point Sable, Brown County, WI during

a utility work project. These human remains and associated funerary objects were donated to the Neville Public Museum by H.L. Ward, Payson Williams, and Mrs. E.O. Paulson the same year. No known individuals were identified. The 487 associated funerary objects include ceramics, bark and wood fragments, turtle carapace fragments, mammal, fish, and bird bones, a turtle net-spreader, shell, brass and/or copper beads, a gun flint, brass or copper bracelets, shell gorget fragment, and an antler flaker.

These individuals have been identified as Native American based on the associated funerary objects and apparent age of the burials. The presence of Oneota-style vessels and Allamakee Trained sherds, as well as a gun flint indicate a late precontact to early historic period date of internment for these individuals. The Ioway peoples have been culturally affiliated with the Oneota based on continuities of material culture, and historical documents. Historical documents, archeological evidence, and ethnohistoric evidence indicate a continual Ho-Chunk (Winnebago) presence on the east side of Green Bay from precontact period into the historic period. Oral history evidence presented by representatives of the Ho-Chunk Nation of Wisconsin, the Iowa Tribe of Kansas, the Iowa Tribe of Oklahoma, and the Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska further indicate Oneota affiliation in this area of Brown County with these present day tribes.

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the Neville Public Museum have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of seven individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of the Neville Public Museum have also determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (3)(A), the 487 objects listed above are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony. Lastly, officials of the Neville Public Museum have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (2), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Ho-Chunk Nation of Wisconsin, the Iowa Tribe of Kansas, the Iowa Tribe of Oklahoma, and the Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Ho-Chunk Nation of Wisconsin, the Iowa Tribe of Kansas, the Iowa Tribe of Oklahoma, and the Winnebago Tribe

of Nebraska. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains and associated funerary objects should contact Ann Koski, Director, Neville Public Museum of Brown County, 210 Museum Place, Green Bay, WI 54303; telephone: (414) 448-4460, before June 23, 1997.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Iowa Tribe of Oklahoma may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: May 16, 1997.

Francis P. McManamon,

*Departmental Consulting Archeologist,
Manager, Archeology and Ethnography
Program.*

[FR Doc. 97-13462 Filed 5-21-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-F

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains From Lamoine, ME, in the Possession of Robert S. Peabody Museum of Archaeology, Andover, ME

AGENCY: National Park Service

ACTION: Notice

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003(d), of the completion of an inventory of human remains from Lamoine, ME, in the possession of Robert S. Peabody Museum of Archaeology, Andover, ME.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Robert S. Peabody Museum of Archaeology professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Aroostook Band of Micmac Indians, the Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians, the Passamaquoddy Indian Tribe, and the Penobscot Indian Nation.

In 1913, human remains representing two individuals were recovered from the Hodgkins' Point Shellheap in Lamoine, ME by Warren King Moorehead during excavations by the Robert S. Peabody Museum. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

Morphological evidence indicates these individuals are Native American based on dentition. Hodgkins' Point site has been identified as an Etchemin occupation site used between 900—1500 AD based on material culture present at the site. Based on archeological and historical evidence