

FCMP remains valid for the FCMP as modified.

Dated: December 20, 1996.

Rick Gale,

*Deputy Chief, Ranger Activities Division,
National Park Service.*

[FR Doc. 96-32862 Filed 12-26-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-P

National Register of Historic Places; Notification of Pending Nominations

Nominations for the following properties being considered for listing in the National Register were received by the National Park Service before December 21, 1996. Pursuant to section 60.13 of 36 CFR Part 60 written comments concerning the significance of these properties under the National Register criteria for evaluation may be forwarded to the National Register, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, D.C. 20013-7127. Written comments should be submitted by January 13, 1997.

Beth Savage,

Acting Keeper of the National Register.

IDAHO

Ada County

Idaho State Forester's Building, 801 S.

Capitol Blvd., Boise, 96001591

Sensenig, Emerson and Lucretia, House, 1519 W. Jefferson St., Boise, 96001590

Twin Falls County

Twin Falls Warehouse Historic District,

Roughly bounded by 2nd Ave., 4th St. S and W, and Minidoka Ave., Twin Falls, 96001592

IOWA

Buchanan County

Shellito, Dr. Judd C. and Margaret S. Clarke, House, 310 5th Ave., SE, Independence, 96001588

Weins Commercial Building, 129-131 2nd Ave., NE, Independence, 96001585

Lee County

Joy, C. R., House, 816 Grand Ave., Keokuk, 96001587

Linn County

Damour, William and Sue, House, 1844 2nd Ave., SE, Cedar Rapids, 96001586

Shelby County

Christiansen, Jens Otto, House (Ethnic Historic Settlement of Shelby and Audobon Counties MPS), 2105 College Ave., Elk Horn, 96001584

MINNESOTA

Pine County

St. Croix Recreational Demonstration Area (Minnesota State Park CCC/WPA/Rustic Style MPS) off MN 48, along the St. Croix National Scenic Riverway, Clover, Ogema,

Crosby, Munch, and Chengwatana Townships, Hinckley vicinity, 96001594

St. Louis County

Hearding, John Harris, Grammar and High School and John A. Johnson Grammar School, Jct. of 4th Ave. N and First St. W, Aurora, 96001593

MISSOURI

Chariton County

Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence, 305 S. Cherry St., Keytesville, 96001597

Henry County

Clark, C. M. and Vina, House, 704 California Ave., Montrose, 96001598

St. Louis County

Kraus, Russell and Ruth Goetz, House, 120 N. Ballas Rd., Kirkwood, 96001595

St. Louis Independent City

Centenary Methodist Episcopal Church, South, 55 Plaza Sq., St. Louis, 96001596

MONTANA

Mineral County

Alberton School (Alberton MPS) 216

Railroad St., Alberton, 96001599

Bestwick's Market (Alberton MPS) Railroad St., E of jct. with I-90, Alberton, 96001600

Brinks House (Alberton MPS) 416 Railroad St., Alberton, 96001601

Chadwick House (Alberton MPS) 320

Railroad St., Alberton, 96001602

Methodist Church of Alberton (Alberton

MPS) 802 Railroad St., Alberton, 96001604

Railroad Depot (Alberton MPS) 701 Railroad St., Alberton, 96001603

Thorn House (Alberton MPS) 140 2nd St., Alberton, 96001605

Wilson House (Alberton MPS) 114 Adams St., Alberton, 96001606

NEW MEXICO

Bernalillo County

San Antonio Church and Cemetery (Religious Properties of New Mexico MPS) Jct. of NM 14 and NM 536, NW corner, San Antonito, 96001607

VIRGINIA

Pulaski County

Turner, Francis A. and Rose M., House, 1004 Cherry St., Avoca, 96001583

[FR Doc. 96-32996 Filed 12-26-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigations Nos. 731-TA-753-756
(Preliminary)]

Cut-to-Length Carbon Steel Plate From China, Russia, South Africa, and Ukraine

Determinations

On the basis of the record¹ developed in the subject investigations, the Commission determines, pursuant to section 733(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1673b(a)), that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is threatened with material injury² by reason of imports from China, Russia, South Africa, and Ukraine of cut-to-length carbon steel plate,³ provided for in provisions of headings 7208 through 7212 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS),⁴ that are alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV).

Commencement of Final Phase Investigations

Pursuant to section 207.18 of the Commission's rules, as amended in 61 FR 37818 (July 22, 1996), the Commission also gives notice of the commencement of the final phase of its

¹ The record is defined in sec. 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.2(f)).

² Commissioner Crawford determines that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of the subject imports.

³ For the purposes of these investigations, cut-to-length carbon steel plate is hot-rolled iron and nonalloy steel universal mill plates (i.e., flat-rolled products rolled on four faces or in a closed box pass, of a width exceeding 150 mm but not exceeding 1,250 mm and of a thickness of not less than 4 mm, not in coils and without patterns in relief), of rectangular shape, neither clad, plated, nor coated with metal, and whether or not painted, varnished, or coated with plastics or other nonmetallic substances; and certain iron and nonalloy steel flat-rolled products not in coils, of rectangular shape, hot-rolled, neither clad, plated, nor coated with metal, and whether or not painted, varnished, or coated with plastics or other nonmetallic substances, 4.75 mm or more in thickness and of a width which exceeds 150 mm and measures at least twice the thickness. Included in this definition are flat-rolled products of nonrectangular cross-section where such cross-section is achieved subsequent to the rolling process (i.e., products which have been "worked after rolling")—for example, products which have been bevelled or rounded at the edges. Excluded from this definition are plates that are characterized as grade X-70 plates.

⁴ Cut-to-length carbon steel plate is currently covered by the following statistical reporting numbers of the HTS: 7208.40.3030; 7208.40.3060; 7208.51.0030; 7208.51.0045; 7208.51.0060; 7208.52.0000; 7208.53.0000; 7208.90.0000; 7210.70.3000; 7210.90.9000; 7211.13.0000; 7211.14.0030; 7211.14.0045; 7211.90.0000; 7212.40.1000; 7212.40.5000; and 7212.50.0000.

investigations. The Commission will issue a final phase notice of scheduling which will be published in the Federal Register as provided in section 207.21 of the Commission's rules upon notice from the Department of Commerce (Commerce) of an affirmative preliminary determination in an investigation under section 733(b) of the Act, or, if the preliminary determinations are negative, upon notice of an affirmative final determination in an investigation under section 735(a) of the Act. Parties that filed entries of appearance in the preliminary phase of the investigations need not enter a separate appearance for the final phase of the investigations. Industrial users, and, if the merchandise under investigation is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations have the right to appear as parties in Commission antidumping and countervailing duty investigations. The Secretary will prepare a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the investigations.

Background

On November 5, 1996, a petition was filed with the Commission and the Department of Commerce by Geneva Steel Co., Provo, UT, and Gulf States Steel, Inc., Gadsden, AL, alleging that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury by reason of LTFV imports of cut-to-length carbon steel plate from China, Russia, South Africa, and Ukraine. Accordingly, effective November 5, 1996, the Commission instituted antidumping investigations Nos. 731-TA-753-756 (Preliminary).

Notice of the institution of the Commission's investigations and of a public conference to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the Federal Register of November 13, 1996 (61 FR 58216). The conference was held in Washington, DC, on November 26, 1996, and all persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to appear in person or by counsel.

The Commission transmitted its determinations in these investigations to the Secretary of Commerce on December 20, 1996. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 3009 (December 1996), entitled *Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from China, Russia, South Africa, and Ukraine: Investigations Nos. 731-TA-753-756 (Preliminary)*.

Issued: December 20, 1996.

By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96-33013 Filed 12-26-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

[Investigation 332-376]

Advice Concerning the Addition of Certain Pharmaceutical Products and Chemical Intermediates to the Pharmaceutical Appendix to the HTS

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Institution of investigation.

EFFECTIVE DATE: December 20, 1996.

SUMMARY: Following receipt on December 18, 1996, of a request from the United States Trade Representative, the Commission instituted investigation No. 332-376, Advice Concerning the Addition of Certain Pharmaceutical Products and Chemical Intermediates to the Pharmaceutical Appendix to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, under section 115 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3524) and section 332(g) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1332(g)).

As requested by the USTR, the Commission will provide: (1) A summary description of the products contained in the existing Pharmaceutical Appendix and the modifications to be made to that Appendix; (2) an explanation of the relationship of the "zero-for-zero" initiative, including the Pharmaceutical Appendix, to the HTS; and (3) estimates of current U.S. imports and, where possible, U.S. exports, of the products included in the existing Pharmaceutical Appendix and the proposed additions to the Appendix, based on product groupings as necessary. The Commission will submit its report to the USTR by January 17, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Information on general aspects of the study may be obtained from Elizabeth Nesbitt, Office of Industries (202-205-3355) or, on legal aspects, from William Gearhart, Office of the General Counsel (202-205-3091). The media should contact Margaret O'Laughlin, Office of Public Affairs (202-205-1819). Hearing impaired individuals are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the TDD terminal on (202-205-1810). A copy of the Federal Register notice announcing the institution of this investigation and the annex listing the products under consideration can be downloaded from the Commission's Internet server (<http://www.usitc.gov> or <ftp://ftp.usitc.gov>) or may be obtained by contacting the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW, Washington, DC 20436, or at 202-205-1802.

BACKGROUND: During the Uruguay Round, the United States and 16 other major trading countries agreed to the reciprocal elimination of duties on approximately 7,000 pharmaceutical products and chemical intermediates (the latter are to be used primarily for the production of pharmaceuticals), and their derivatives, resulting in the "zero-for-zero" initiative in pharmaceuticals. Effective January 1, 1995, U.S. imports of these products, as enumerated in the Pharmaceutical Appendix to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS), now enter free of duty under general note 13 to the tariff schedule. The 17 countries also agreed to conduct a review, at least once every 3 years, to identify products to be added to the Pharmaceutical Appendix. Negotiators from several countries, including the United States, have recently been engaged in the first review and have reached agreement on the addition of 496 pharmaceutical products and chemical intermediates. Addition to the list would provide duty-free treatment to these products and their derivatives.

According to the request letter from the USTR, a coalition of pharmaceutical companies from several WTO members (which the Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers of America (PhRMA) coordinated) submitted the initial list of candidates for addition to the existing Appendix to the pharmaceutical agreement. Moreover, the letter states that USTR consulted with the Administration's Industry Sector Advisory Committee-3 (ISAC-3; chemicals) throughout the negotiations and that this ISAC has endorsed the final list of items under consideration.

Section 111(b) of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (the Act) authorizes the President, subject to the consultation and layover requirements of section 115 of the Act, to proclaim duty-free treatment under the "zero-for-zero" initiative for additional pharmaceutical products to be added, such as those now under consideration. One of the requirements set out in section 115 is that the President obtain advice regarding the proposed action from the United States International Trade Commission.

Issued: December 20, 1996.